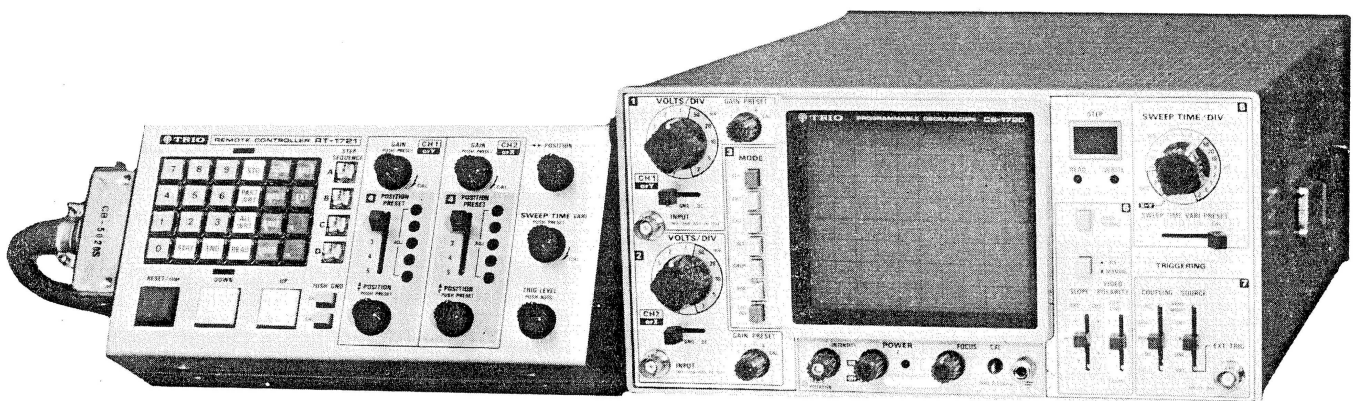


CS-1720

20 MHz DUAL TRACE
PROGRAMMABLE OSCILLOSCOPE

OPTION

RT-1721 MT-1725



 **TRIO**

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GENERAL INTRODUCTION

The CS-1720 is a dual-trace programmable oscilloscope, with up to 62 main programme functions settings programmable beforehand. With such prior programming, great energy savings are possible in the manufacturing process, as the oscilloscope can be operated with simple key controls. In addition to the programmed operation, it is possible to use the CS-1720 as a normal manually controlled scope

by switching it over to the FREE position. The function of the oscilloscope is further increased with optional accessory units: the probe selector, which gives 20 possible signal channels; the memory pack, which can transfer and retain the programme contents; and the printer which can produce a hard copy of the programme data. Remote control test fixture of the production line, and computer control are also possible.

FEATURES

- The microprocessor: programmes with a maximum of 62 steps can be stored in the oscilloscope memory.
- Programming and waveform measuring conditions are easily programmed by panel control with one-touch key operations.
- Parts of the programme can be easily corrected using the clearly laid out function control panel.
- A maximum of 62 steps (00-61) can be directly set with the key board, and sequentially set with the UP/DOWN keys.
- The programme contents have a battery powered back-up system, and are able to be retained in the memory for a long time, even though the POWER switch is off.
- One-touch operation converts the oscilloscope to manual control, when it functions as a normal oscilloscope.
- Presetting of four start (A, B, C, D) and stop steps is possible, so only one-touch operation is necessary to change steps.
- 2 mV/div and 20 MHz gives an oscilloscope of high sensitivity, with a wide bandwidth, and at the same time light and compact.
- The 140 mm rectangular CRT has internal graticule with 8 x 10 divisions, post deflection acceleration, and high trace intensity.
- Vertical and horizontal positioning, variable gain and trig level by remote operation are possible
- As push GND remote operation is possible on CH1 and CH2, the reference level can be easily and accurately calibrated at hand.
- VIDEO FRAME/LINE sync circuit permits to observe both easy and stable VIDEO signal.
- Observation of VIDEO signal in different fields can be carried out simultaneously using the one input signal, dual trace by SEP function.
- CH1/CH2 independent TRIG SLOPE system is provided.
- As CH1 monitor output can be achieved, a frequency counter or similar instrument can be easily connected.
- Memory back-up, down-warning system is provided.

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

- By using the probe selector, either 5 types of input signal change-over (RU-1722) per channel, or 10 types (RU-1723) can be programmed.
- By using the thermal printer (TP-1724), a hard copy of the programme contents can be made.
- By using the memory pack (MT-1725), the programme contents for up to 62 steps can be transferred from the oscilloscope to the memory pack or vice versa, and the data can be retained for a long period of time.
- SWEET OUT and SWEEP GATE output terminals are optional.
- The interface unit of the external control unit can be matched.

SPECIFICATIONS

CS-1720 PROGRAMMABLE OSCILLOSCOPE CATHODE RAY TUBE (CRT)

Model	140CGB31
Type	Rectangular with internal graticule.
Acceleration voltage	6 kV
Display area	8 × 10 divisions (1 div = 9.5 mm)

VERTICAL AXIS (CH1, CH2,)

Sensitivity	2 mV/div — 5 V/div
Accuracy	± 5%
Attenuator	2 mV/div — 5 V/div 1-2-5 sequence. Fine adjustment possible between all ranges; remote controller (RT-1721), CAL and 4 range presets with vernier adjustment are possible.
Input resistance	1 MΩ ± 5%
Input capacity	37 pF ± 3 pF
Input coupling	AC-GND-DC
Frequency response	
DC	DC — 20 MHz (— 3 dB)
AC	DC — 30 MHz (— 6 dB) 5 Hz — 20 MHz (— 3 dB) 5 Hz — 30 MHz (— 6 dB)
Risetime	Better than 17.5 ns
Signal delay time	More than 10 ns on the screen.
Crosstalk	— 40 dB or better, at 1 kHz
Operating modes	
CH1	CH1 only, single trace
CH2	CH2 only, single trace
ALT	CH1, CH2 dual trace, alternate mode
CHOP	CH1, CH2 dual trace, chop mode
ADD	Single trace algebraic sum of CH1 and CH2
CH2 INV	CH2 inverted polarity, CH1 minus CH2, single trace
SEP	CH1 or CH2, one input signal, dual trace, alternate
Chop frequency	Approx 200 kHz
Maximum input voltages	200 V p-p or 100 V (DC + AC peak)
Maximum undistorted amplitude	8 div. minimum from DC — 20 MHz

HORIZONTAL AXIS (CH2 INPUT)

Operating modes	SWEEP TIME/DIV range can be selected to X — Y mode. CH1 — Y axis: CH2 — X axis
Sensitivity	Same as CH2 vertical axis

Accuracy	Same as CH2 vertical axis
Attenuation	Same as CH2 vertical axis
Input resistance	Same as CH2 vertical axis
Input capacity	Same as CH2 vertical axis
Input coupling	Same as CH2 vertical axis
Frequency response	
DC:	DC — 2 MHz (— 3 dB)
AC:	5 Hz — 2 MHz (— 3 dB)
X — Y phase difference	Within 3° at 100 kHz

SWEEP CIRCUITS

Sweep system	
NORM	Triggering sweep (remote controller RT-1721)
AUTO	Triggering sweep and auto free run sweep in absence of trigger signal (with RT-1721)
Sweep time	0.2 μs/div — 0.5s/div 1-2-5 sequence, with vernier control fine adjustment between all 20 ranges (with remote controller RT-1721); CAL and 3 range presets with vernier adjustment are possible.
Accuracy	± 5%
Sweep magnification	X5 (five times) ± 5%
Linearity	3% or better at normal, 5% or better at X5 magnification

TRIGGERING

Source	VERT MODE, CH1, CH2, LINE, EXT.
Coupling mode	AC, LFREJ, HFREJ, DC, VIDEO.
Video polarity	VIDEO (+/—); FRAME (+/—)
Triggering mode	MANUAL, FIX (automatically fixes level at center of trigger source).
Sync polarity	CH1/CH2 (+ / +, + / —, — / +, — / —)
External sync	EXT
Input resistance	1 MΩ ± 5%
Input capacity	40 pF ± 5 pF
Maximum input voltage	100 Vp-p, or 50 V (DC + AC peak)

SPECIFICATIONS

Trigger sensitivity

Coupling	Frequency range (Hz)	Minimum Sync Voltage	
		INT	EXT
AC	10 ~ 20 MHz 20 ~ 15 MHz	1 div. 0.5 div.	1.0 V 0.5 V
AC (LFREJ)	Below 30 kHz the minimum sync amplitude (voltage) will increase.		
AC (HFREJ)	The range below 20 Hz and above 30 kHz the minimum sync amplitude (voltage) will increase.		
DC	DC — 20 MHz DC — 15 MHz	1 div. 0.5 div.	1.0 V 0.5 V
VIDEO	VIDEO SYNC LEVEL	0.5 div.	0.5 V

AUTO: Same as above specifications for above 20 Hz

FIX: 20 Hz — 20 MHz, 1 div. (1.0 V)

Calibration voltage Square wave, positive polarity
0.1 V ± 2%
1 kHz ± 5%

INTENSITY MODULATION

Input voltage In TTL level intensity modulation is possible. (More positive levels increase the intensity).

Input impedance Approx. 10 kΩ
Usable frequency range DC — 5 MHz
Maximum input voltage ± 50 V (DC + AC peak)

VERTICAL AXIS SIGNAL OUTPUT (Signal Output of CH1)

Output voltage 100 mV p-p/div minimum, at 1 kHz
Output impedance Approx 50 Ω
Frequency response 10 Hz — 20 MHz (— 3 dB) (50 Ω load)

SWEEP OUTPUT (Optional)

Output voltage More than 1 V p-p (50 Ω load)
Output impedance Approx 50 Ω

GATE OUTPUT (Optional)

Output voltage TTL output, series resistance 220 Ω negative logic (during sweep operation, low level)

TRACE ROTATION Trace angle is possible by trace rotation control on the front panel.

PROGRAMME STATES

Programme items 8 blocks, 24 items

1 block (CH1)
Input coupling AC/DC
Vertical sensitivity 2 mV/div — 5 V/div (11 ranges) CAL and 4 presets with vernier adjustment are provided.

2 block (CH2)

Input coupling AC/DC
Vertical sensitivity 2 mV/div — 5 V/div (11 ranges) CAL and 4 presets with vernier adjustment are provided.

3 block

Separate SEP (CH1/CH2)
Operating mode CH1, CH2, ALT, CHOP, ADD
Polarity inversion CH2 INV

4 block

Vertical position CH1: 5 point presets (more than ± 4 div adjustable).
CH2: 5 point presets (more than ± 4 div adjustable).

Vertical position

5 block

Sweep time 0.2 μs/div — 0.5 s/div (20 ranges)
CAL and 3 range presets with vernier fine adjustment.
X-Y, 1 range.

X-Y operation

6 block

Sweep magnification X5 (five times) MAG
Triggering mode MANUAL/FIX
Sync polarity CH1/CH2 (+/+, +/-, -/+, -/-)
VIDEO polarity VIDEO (+/-); FRAME (+/-)

7 block

SOURCE V MODE, CH1, CH2, LINE, EXT
Coupling AC, LFREJ, HFREJ, DC, VIDEO
EXT trigger input OFF, 1 2 3 (RU-17 22, RU-1723)

8 block

Input signal changeover (CH1) 1 — 5 (RU-1722)
1 — 10 (RU-1723)
Input signal changeover (CH2) 1 — 5 (RU-1722)
1 — 10 (RU-1723)
Remote Step sequence: A, B, C, D. Start step, end step, 4 kinds of each.

PROGRAMME CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Control method Microprocessor control
Memory CMOS, RAM, with battery
Steps 62 steps (00 — 61)
Operation Key operation (remote controller RT-1721)
Indication STEP NO., 2 figures, 7 segments
READ: green LED
WRITE: red LED
PART WRT: green & red LEDs

SPECIFICATIONS

Protective circuitry

Low battery level indication is provided. (7 segments flash on)

Memory pack: misconnection avoidance function is provided (no operation).

Printer: misconnection avoidance function is provided: warning alarm will sound.

Thermal printer; TP-1724
Memory pack: MT-1725

OPTIONAL EXTERNAL ACCESSORIES

Probe selector, RU-1722 (CH1 × 5 & CH2 × 5, EXT × 3)

Probe selector, RU-1723 (CH1 × 10 or CH2 × 10, EXT × 3)

Thermal printer TP-1724
Memory pack MT-1725

It is possible to expand the function of the oscilloscope with external control.

POWER SUPPLY

Voltage Low: 90 V — 132 V
 High: 180 V — 264 V

Frequency 50/60 Hz

Power consumption Approx 43 W

DIMENSIONS

Width 284 (312) mm

Height 138 (150) mm

Length 400 (450) mm

The dimensions in brackets are including fittings.

WEIGHT

7.1 kg

ACCESSORIES

Probes; 2 pieces (PC-29)
Instruction manual; 1 copy.
AC power cable: 1 piece

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Optimum temperature and humidity: 10°C — 35°C 85% RH or less

Operating temperature and humidity: 0°C — 50°C, 90% RH or less

Storage temperature and humidity: -20°C — 55°C, 80% RH or less

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

Remote controller; RT-1721
Probe selector, (5 inputs × 2 channel); RU-1722
Probe selector, (10 inputs × 1 channel); RU-1723

RT-1721 REMOTE CONTROLLER (OPTION) REMOTE OPERATION SECTION

VERTICAL AXIS (CH1, CH2)

Variable attenuation	Vernier fine adjustment between all ranges of VOLTS/DIV control on CS-1720 is possible, in addition to preset change-over.
Position adjustment	5 Presets, more than ± 4 div. adjustable. Vernier fine adjustment: more than ± 2 div adjustable. Push GND, CH1/CH2
Input coupling	More than ± 5 div adjustable.
Horizontal position adjustment	
Sweep time variable	Vernier fine adjustment between all ranges of SWEEP TIME/DIV control on CS-1720 is possible, in addition to preset change-over.
	NORM/AUTO
Sweep mode	More than ± 4 div
Trigger level	

PROGRAMME OPERATION SECTION

Programme console keys 29 types.

DIMENSIONS

Width 230 (290) mm

Height 55 (69) mm

Length 115 (120) mm

Dimensions in brackets are with fittings.

WEIGHT

1.2 kg

ACCESSORY

Connecting cable CB-5020S

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Same as oscilloscope CS-1720

MT-1725 MEMORY PACK (OPTION)

MemoryCMOS RAM 1K × 4 BIT with backup with a lithium battery.

Battery low level

level indicationWhen the MT-1725 is connected to the CS-1720, the voltage level of the battery is automatically checked. If it is too low the 7 segment LEDs of the STEP indicator will flash on and off.

Detector voltageApprox. 2.5 V

PRECAUTIONS

Battery replacement

Remove 2 screws holding the case at the connector side and slide the case forward. Check the level of disc type lithium battery in the printed circuit board. If the level is below 2.5 V, replace the battery. In this case, observe the polarity.

NOTE

In order to avoid damage of the stored data, make sure the power switch of the CS-1720 is set to OFF when connecting the MT-1725 memory pack, or disconnecting it. As the memory pack contains its own backup battery, avoid any sudden shocks or high temperature and humidity.

Operating environment	Temp: 5°C — 40°C, Hum: Less than 80% RH
Storing environment	Temp: -20°C — 55°C, Hum: Less than 85% RH (Avoid excess condensation)
Dimensions	Width 57 mm Height 26 mm Length 92 mm (104 mm*) *The dimensions in brackets are with fittings.
Weight	110 g

■ Circuit and rating are subject to change without notice due to developments in technology.

PRECAUTIONS

NOTE

Before using the oscilloscope CS-1720, check the power supply voltage, and make sure that the voltage selector switch is correctly set to the corresponding voltage. If the control is incorrectly set, damage to the electric circuits will occur, so check carefully. After checking that the power supply voltage and the voltage selector switch correspond, connect the CS-1720 oscilloscope to a suitable socket using the AC power cord.

- 1) Do not switch the power switch on and off rapidly in succession, as this may cause it to malfunction. Allow at least 3 seconds between switching on and switching off.
- 2) When connecting or disconnecting any of the optional accessories, the power must be OFF.
- 3) Avoid using the CS-1720 under the following conditions:
 - a) In direct sunlight.
 - b) In a room with high temperature and humidity.
 - c) In a room affected by vibration from nearby machinery.

- d) Near any high voltage instrument, or one with a strong magnetic field.
- 4) Ensure that the voltage at each input terminal does not exceed the maximum rating.

CH1, CH2 input: Refer to specifications

EXT TRIG input: Refer to specifications

Z AXIS input: Refer to specifications

Do not connect any of the output terminals to an external signal source.

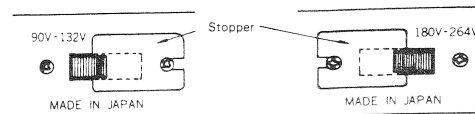


Fig. 3-1

- 5) Keep the brightness control to the necessary minimum.
- 6) Do not leave the CS-1720 for any length of time with a stationary spot displayed on the screen.
- 7) The CS-1720 uses a backup battery system for the programme data. When the battery level is getting low, the STEP LED will flash when the power is switched on. In this event, replace the batteries, referring to the appropriate section in the maintenance instructions.
- 8) To avoid possible electric shocks, ensure the earth terminal is properly connected. (See front panel \equiv (16) for explanation and instructions)
- 9) Be sure that no objects are allowed to rest on the top of the unit or that cooling vents are not blocked, since this will cause an undue temperature rise.
- 10) Before removing the case, be sure to turn off the power. Since the CS-1720 makes use of high voltage circuitry, if removing the case, refer to the "MAINTENANCE" for removing the case.
- 11) Setting the AC voltage selector.
 - 1) Loosen the screw and remove the stopper plate.
 - 2) Switch the lever to the opposite side.
 - 3) Lock the lever by attaching the stopper plate to the opposite side and tight the two screws.
- 12) Cascade connection must not be made. Never make cascade connection with CH1 output to the CH2 input or EXT input.
- 13) Never connect CH1 or CH2 input in parallel with EXT input.
- 14) In order to obtain accurate measurements, it is most important to calibrate the probe correctly before using the oscilloscope. First, connect the probe to the channel to be used, and connect the tip of the probe to the CAL terminal on the front panel. Adjust the probe trimmer pot to get the proper square waveform on the CRT screen. When connecting the probe to the CAL terminal, be sure always to connect it together with the GND terminal. When the GND terminal is in an open condition, signal noise will accompany the waveform.

CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

PROGRAMMABLE OSCILLOSCOPE CS-1720

< FRONT PANEL >

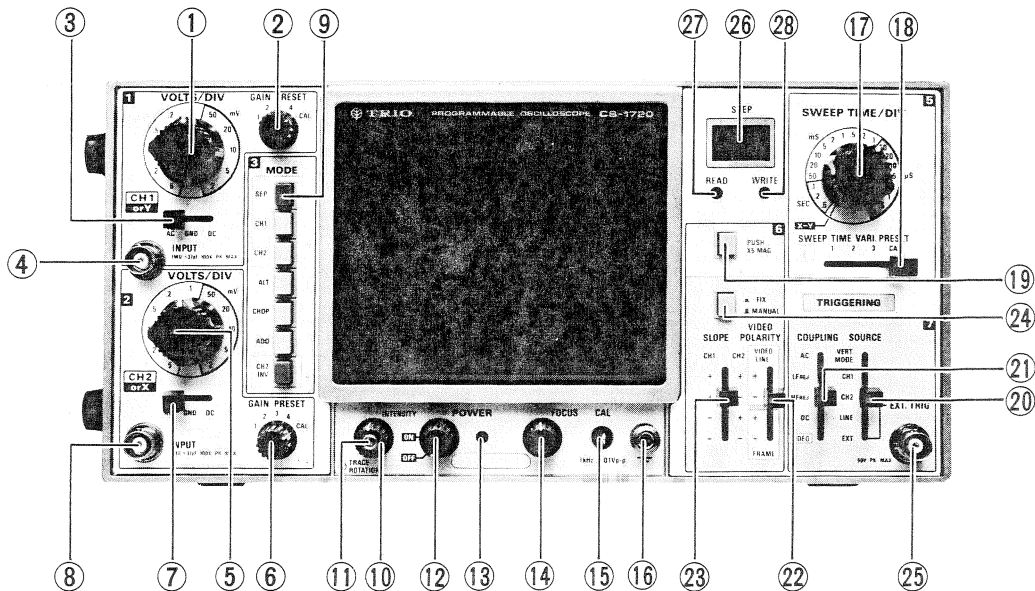


Fig. 4-1

(1) VOLTS/DIV

Vertical attenuator calibrated in voltage per division, in 1-2-5 sequence, and adjustment will give the optimum waveform. The vertical sensitivity is calibrated at GAIN CAL position. When the oscilloscope is being used as an X-Y scope, this control serves as the Y-axis control.

(2) GAIN PRESET

Vertical attenuation adjuster and preset selector; change-over of 4 preset ranges and CAL, set by the vertical attenuation adjustment control (29). This selector is calibrated in the CAL position. In X-Y scope this control is the Y-axis preset selector.

(3) AC-GND-DC

Vertical input selector switch for CH1. In X-Y operation, the Y axis-input selector switch.

AC: The DC component of the input signal is blocked.

GND: Opens signal path and ground input to vertical amplifier. This provides a zero signal base line.

DC: Direct input of both AC and DC components of input signal.

(4) INPUT

Vertical input terminal for CH1. During X-Y operation, the Y-axis input.

(5) VOLTS/DIV

Vertical attenuator for CH2, having the same function as CH1 VOLTS/DIV (1). During X-Y operation, the X-axis attenuator.

(6) GAIN PRESET

CH2 vertical attenuator adjuster and preset selector. Has the same function as CH1 GAIN PRESET (2). In X-Y operation, the X-axis preset attenuation selector.

(7) AC-GND-DC

CH2 vertical input selector. In X-Y operation, the X-axis input selector switch. It has the same function as CH1 AC-GND-DC (3).

(8) INPUT

CH2 vertical input. In X-Y operation, the X-axis input terminal.

(9) MODE

Selects the operating mode of the vertical axis.

CH1: CH1 input signal is displayed on the CRT screen.

CH2: CH2 input signal is displayed on the CRT screen.

ALT: CH1 and CH2 signals are displayed alternately.

CHOP: CH1 and CH2 signals are displayed in chopping mode.

ADD: The algebraic sum of CH1 and CH2 is

CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

displayed, in single trace. When CH2 INV is set, the difference is displayed in single trace.

CH2 INV: The polarity of CH2 signal is reversed.

SEP: CH1 input signal is alternately displayed in both "main" and "sub". Refer to SEPARATE PRESET (30) instructions. In CH2, CH2 input signal is displayed as same function as CH1 SEP operation.

NOTE

The various vertical mode are related to trigger source. Refer to SOURCE (20) instructions.

(10) INTENSITY

Adjusts the brightness of the trace, with outside axis control. Clockwise rotation increases brightness.

(11) TRACE ROTATION

Adjusts the angle of the horizontal trace.

(12) POWER

Switches on or off the power to the CS-1720. When connecting or disconnecting any of the optional accessories be sure the power switch is in the OFF position.

(13) PILOT LAMP

When lit, indicates power is ON.

(14) FOCUS

Adjusts the focus of the trace. As the CS-1720 uses an auto focus circuit, once this control is adjusted, it need not frequently to be readjusted.

(15) CAL

Provides 0.1 V peak to peak square wave input signal at 1 kHz.

(16) GND

The ground terminal used to earth the oscilloscope chassis and body as an aid against electrical shocks.



(17) SWEEP TIME/DIV

Horizontal sweep time control. It selects sweep times from 0.2 μ s/div — 0.5 s/div in 20 ranges in 1-2-5 sequence. In addition, full counter-clockwise rotation energises X-Y scope operation.

(18) SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET

This control is a fine adjuster and preset for sweep time. It can select three range presets and CAL set by SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET (36). Sweep time is calibrated in CAL position.

(19) PUSH X5 MAG

When this control is pushed in () position, the sweep time is made 5 times faster per division. With the button in () position, normal sweep time is resumed.

(20) SOURCE

Selects sweep trigger source.

VERT MODE: Trigger signal is selected by setting vertical mode.

CH1	CH1 signal becomes trigger source
CH2	CH2 signal becomes trigger source
ALT	For CH1, CH1 signal becomes trigger source For CH2, CH2 signal becomes trigger source.
CHOP	CHOP change-over signal becomes trigger source
ADD	Algebraic sum of CH1 & CH2 signals becomes trigger source

CH1: CH1 signal becomes trigger source.

CH2: CH2 signal becomes trigger source.

LINE: The power source frequency signal becomes trigger source.

EXT: The signal applied to EXT TRIG (25) becomes trigger source.

NOTE

1) When the vertical axis mode is set in ALT, in VIDEO FRAME (22) CH1 signal will be fixed to trigger source.

2) When the vertical axis mode is set in CHOP, as the CHOP change-over signal becomes the trigger source, stable display cannot be observed. Therefore in this instance, select proper trigger signal, excluding VERT MODE.

(21) COUPLING

Controls the coupled trigger signal

AC: Trigger signal is AC coupled, excluding DC components.

LFREJ: Trigger signal is coupled to sync circuit through high pass filter. All low frequency components are attenuated.

HFREJ: Trigger signal is coupled to sync circuit through low pass filter. All high frequency components are attenuated.

DC: Trigger signal is DC coupled, and is coupled to sync circuit, including DC components.

VIDEO: For video sync signal. In this case if VIDEO POLARITY switch (22) is set to VIDEO LINE or FRAME, horizontal sync (TV. H) or vertical sync (TV. V) can be selected for synchronization.

(22) VIDEO POLARITY

Select polarity of video sync signal.

VIDEO LINE: Sweep is triggered on horizontal sync signal in video signal. At this time, + or - polarity should be selected.

+: For positive polarity sync signal (sync signal is up side of the VIDEO signal)

-: For negative polarity sync signal (sync signal is down side of the VIDEO signal)

VIDEO FRAME: Sweep is triggered on vertical sync signal in VIDEO signal.

CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

- +: For positive polarity sync signal (Sync signal is up side of the VIDEO signal)
- : For negative polarity sync signal (Sync signal is down side of the VIDEO signal)

NOTE

As the 1/2 divider circuit is provided in the VIDEO FRAME synchronizing circuit, odd or even field can be selected by the SLOPE (23) selector switch; refer to VIDEO SYNC in OPERATION instruction.

(23) SLOPE

Sync polarity selector switch. Also odd or even field selector when VIDEO FRAME is set.

- CH1:** CH1 sync polarity change-over.
- +: Sweep is triggered on rising slope of waveform.
 - : Sweep is triggered on falling slope of waveform.

- CH2:** CH2 sync polarity change-over.
- +: Sweep is triggered on rising slope of waveform.
 - : Sweep is triggered on falling slope of waveform.

NOTE

For SLOPE the polarity of CH1 +/- and CH2 +/- is changed over according to the sync signal selected on SOURCE (20). However, since some connections exist with MODE and VIDEO FRAME, refer to the OPERATION instructions.

(24) FIX/MANUAL

FIX (■): Automatic triggering level control. Sync is obtained without connection with TRIG LEVEL (60).

< LEFT SIDE >

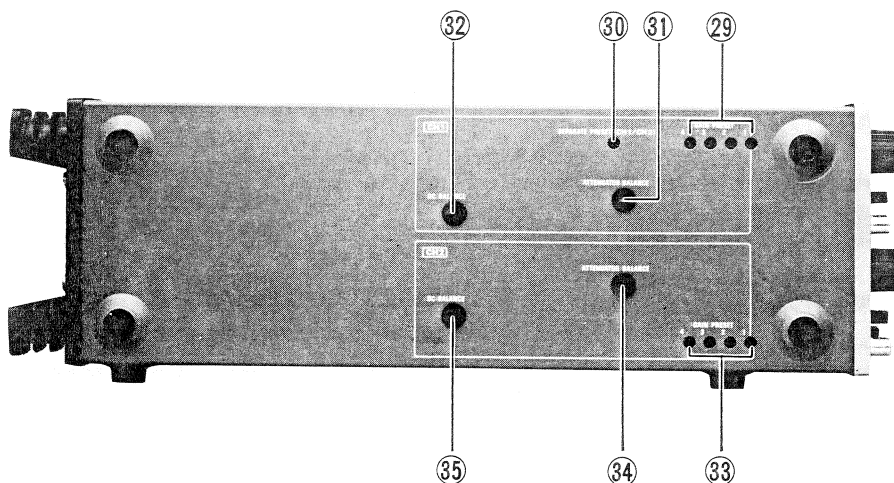


Fig. 4-2

(29) GAIN PRESET

Fine adjustment control CH1 vertical attenuation for preset. 4 preset gains can be set and selected by GAIN PRESET (2).

MANUAL (■): Triggering level can be adjusted by TRIG LEVEL (60).

NOTE

When TRIG LEVEL (60) is pulled out (PULL NORM), FIX operation is automatically cancelled, and manual operation is selected.

(25) EXT TRIG

External trigger input terminal. If SOURCE (20) switch has been set to EXT, the signal at this input becomes the trigger source.

(26) STEP

Programme step number indicator. Step number can be indicated from 00 to 61 as 2 figures of seven segments. When PART WRT is selected numbers from 1 to 8 can be indicated in single figures. This is also used as the battery low level warning indicator which will flash when the internal memory back-up battery is below its operational level.

NOTE

Step numbers from 00 to 99 can be indicated. However, if 62 or over is indicated, the indicator will flash once, and the step will have no effect.

(27) READ

Green LED indicates programme data are being read out. At the time of PART WRT it will light up together with the WRITE LED (28).

(28) WRITE

Red LED indicates input signal is being written in the memory. When PART WRT is set, it will light up together with the READ LED (27).

(30) SEPARATE PRESET (CH1/CH2)

Vertical position adjustment for sub-sweep preset when SEP (9) in vertical axis mode is selected. Preset adjustment is possible within ± 4 div from the main

CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

vertical sweep position. The preset distance will not change despite changing \blacktriangle POSITION controls (52/53, 55/56).

(31) ATTENUATOR BALANCE

Vertical DC balance control for CH1 or Y. When turning VOLTS/DIV (1) adjust this control so the trace does not shift vertically.

(32) DC BALANCE

Vertical DC balance control for CH1 or Y. When the GAIN (51) control of the vertical amplifier is being turned, DC balance should also be adjusted to fix the trace position. This adjustment should be carried out after having set ATTENUATOR BALANCE (31) correctly.

(33) GAIN PRESET

Fine adjustment control for preset of CH2 vertical attenuation. Four preset gains can be set and selected by GAIN PRESET (6).

(34) ATTENUATOR BALANCE

Vertical DC balance control for CH2 or X. When being turned the VOLTS/DIV (5), adjust so the trace does not shift vertically.

(35) DC BALANCE

Vertical DC balance control for CH2 or X. When the GAIN (54) control of the vertical amplifier is being turned, DC balance should be adjusted to fix the trace position. This adjustment should be carried out after having set ATTENUATOR BALANCE (34) correctly.

< RIGHT SIDE >

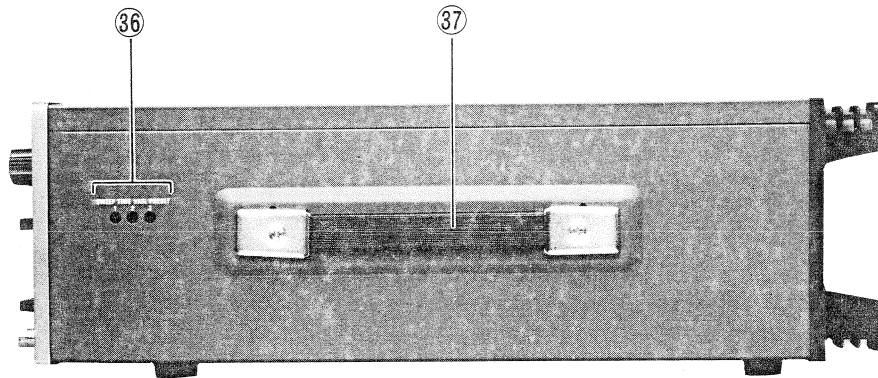


Fig. 4-3

(36) SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET

Control for fine adjustment of preset time base. Changes between ranges of SWEEP TIME/DIV continuously. Ranges can be set and selected by SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET (18).

(37) CARRYING HANDLE

The oscilloscope should be carried using this handle.

< REAR PANEL >

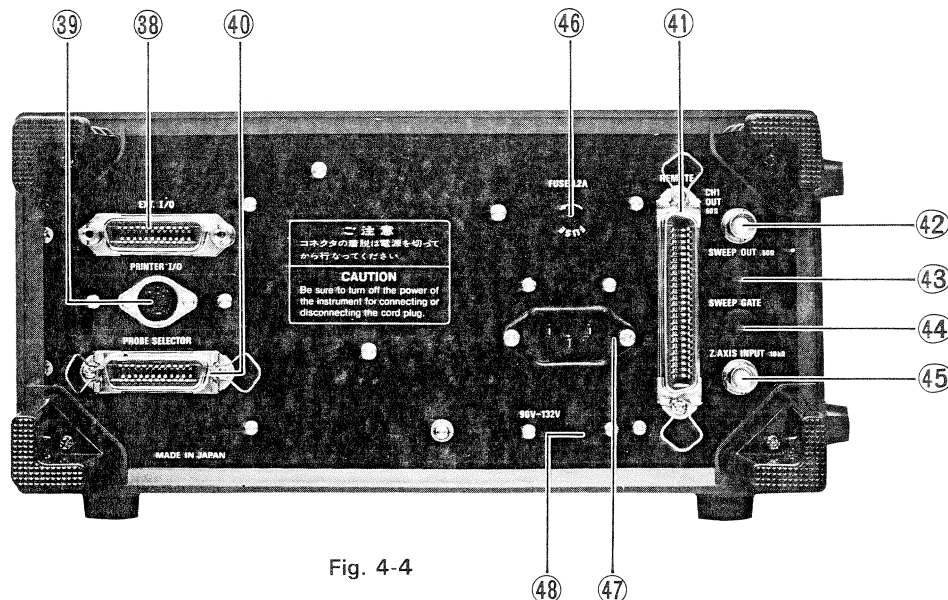


Fig. 4-4

CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

(38) EXT I/O

Connecting socket for optional memory pack (MT-1725) and the other external unit.

(39) PRINTER I/O

Connecting socket for optional printer (TP-1724).

(40) PROBE SELECTOR

Connector for optional probe selector (RU-1722, RU-1723).

(41) REMOTE

Connector for optional remote controller (RT-1721).

NOTE

When connecting or disconnecting any of the above accessories (38), (39), (40), (41), ensure the power switch is in the OFF position.

(42) CH1 OUT

Vertical signal output terminal of CH1.

(43) SWEEP OUT (OPTIONAL)

Mounting point for output terminal of sweep signal.

(44) SWEEP GATE (OPTIONAL)

Mounting point for output terminal of sweep gate signal.

(45) Z-AXIS INPUT

Intensity modulation terminal. Intensity is modulated at TTL level.

(46) FUSE HOLDER

Carries 1.2 A fuse.

(47) POWER SOURCE CONNECTOR

Connector for AC power input cable. Center pin of three-wire cord is ground terminal.

(48) POWER SUPPLY SELECTOR SWITCH

This switch must be adjusted according to the available AC power.

LOW: 90 V – 132 V; **HIGH:** 180 V – 264 V.

< BOTTOM >

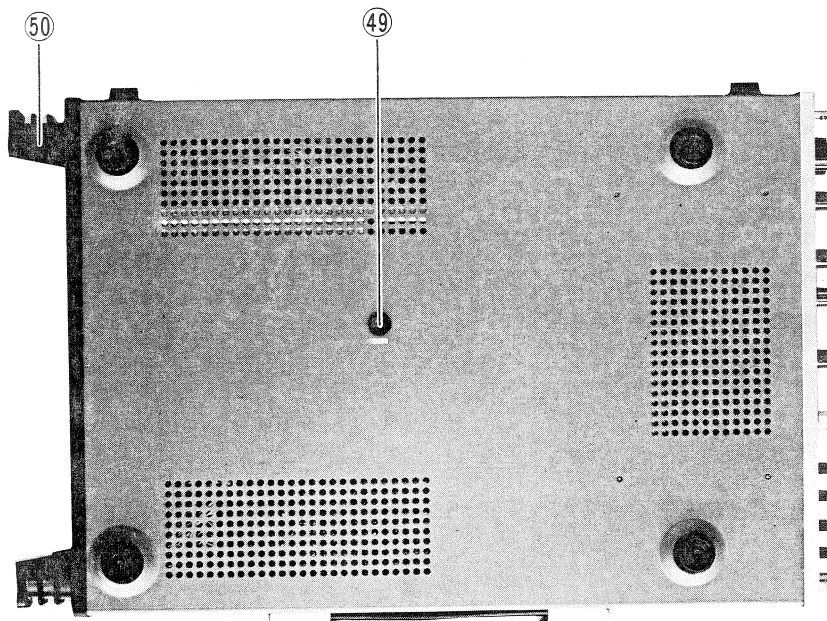


Fig. 4-5

(49) ASTIG

Trace or spot astigmatism compensation control. Once adjusted, this control does not need frequent readjustment.

(50) FEET/CABLE WRAP

When the CS-1720 is used upright (vertically), these mouldings act as feet. The AC power cable can also be wrapped around them when the CS-1720 is not in use.

CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

REMOTE CONTROLLER: RT-1721 (OPTION)

< REMOTE OPERATION SECTION >

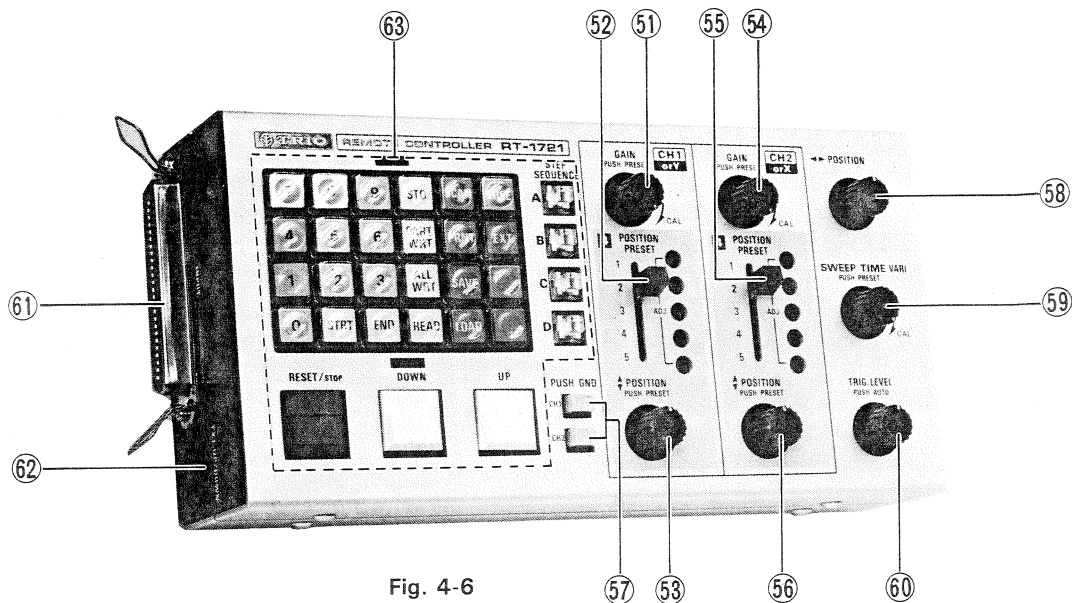


Fig. 4-6

(51) GAIN PUSH PRESET

CH1 vertical attenuation fine adjustment control. Continuously variable between the ranges of VOLTS/DIV (1). At CAL position, (fully clockwise), vertical attenuator can be calibrated. For X-Y operation, it becomes the Y-axis attenuation fine adjustment control. When this control is pushed in (PUSH PRESET), the former function is cancelled, and the gain can be set by GAIN PRESET (2) or (29), and the gain is that value which is programmed or selected.

(52) POSITION PRESET

CH1 vertical position, preset and preset change-over control. Continuously variable within ± 4 div on the screen. 5 point presets are set and selected.

(53) POSITION PUSH PRESET

CH1 vertical position control. POSITION PRESET (52) can be adjusted approximately of ± 2 div. In X-Y operation, Y-axis position control, in addition to POSITION PRESET (52). When this control is pushed in (PUSH PRESET) the former function is cancelled, and the position can be set by POSITION PRESET (52) and the trace is positioned at the programmed or selected position.

(54) GAIN PUSH PRESET

CH2 vertical attenuation fine adjustment control. Continuously variable between the range of VOLTS/DIV (5). At CAL position (fully clockwise), vertical attenuator can be calibrated. In X-Y operation

it becomes the X-axis attenuation fine adjustment control. When the control is pushed in (PUSH PRESET), the former function is cancelled, and the GAIN PRESET (6) and (33) sets or selects the gain. The gain is then that value selected or programmed.

(55) POSITION PRESET

CH2 vertical position preset and preset change-over control. Continuously variable within ± 4 div on the screen. 5 point presets are programmed and selected.

(56) POSITION PUSH PRESET

CH2 vertical position control. POSITION PRESET (55) can be adjusted approx ± 2 div. During X-Y operation it serves the dual function of X-axis position control as well as POSITION PRESET (55). When this control is pushed in (PUSH PRESET), the former function is cancelled, and the position can be preset by POSITION PRESET (55), and the trace is positioned at where it was selected or programmed.

(57) PUSH GND

CH1: When the knob is depressed, input of the vertical amplifier is disconnected from the CH1 input and connected to ground. Therefore the reference level can be easily ascertained.

CH2: When the knob is depressed, input of the vertical amplifier is disconnected from the CH2 input and connected to ground. Therefore the reference level can be easily ascertained.

CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

(58) ◀▶ POSITION

Horizontal position control. Cannot be used during X-Y operation.

(59) SWEEP TIME VARI PUSH PRESET

Sweep time fine adjustment control. Continuously variable between SWEEP TIME/DIV ranges. At fully clockwise CAL setting, sweep time is calibrated. When this control is pushed in (PUSH PRESET) the former function is cancelled, and the sweep rate can be set by SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET (18) and (36) and the sweep rate is that value set or programmed.

(60) TRIG LEVEL PUSH AUTO

Adjust starting point for displayed waveform.

PUSH AUTO: Sweep will be initiated by trigger signal. Even when there is no trigger signal, free run sweep is possible, and the trace will appear.

PULL NORM: Sweep is initiated with trigger signal. Where there is no trigger signal, the sweep will not appear.

NOTE

When this control is pulled out (PULL NORM) FIX operation is cancelled, and manual operation is selected.

(61) INPUT

Connector for oscilloscope CS-1720 and remote controller. Connecting cable provided must be used.

(62) EXT UP/DOWN (OPTIONAL)

Mounting point for external UP/DOWN control signal connector.

< PROGRAMME OPERATION SECTION >

(63) PROGRAMME CONSOLE KEYS

0 - 9: Number key. Step numbers and/or block numbers can be set up directly.

STO: The memory key. The programme which has been set up can be written into the RAM.

PART WRT: The part writing key. Part writing state is actuated by 0-8 block units. READ and WRITE LEDs will light up.

ALL WRT: The writing key. All blocks are written into the memory. WRITE LED will light up.

READ: The read out key. Programmed data are read from the memory. The READ LED will light up, and the CS-1720 will operate according to the pro-

gramme contents.

STRT: Start step setup key. Used for setting up and reading out start step numbers in STEP SEQUENCE.

END: End step point key. Used for setting up and reading out end steps from STEP SEQUENCE.

SCAN: Automatic step transfer key; It automatically advances the steps one by one with about a one second interval between steps.

PRNT: The printer key. Programme contents are printed out.

SAVE: Key for data transfer to memory pack, transferring contents of internal RAM. RAM contents are not altered in any way.

LOAD: Data transfer key from memory pack to RAM. Contents of memory pack remain unaltered.

NOTE

When memory pack is not connected, in order to protect the data, LOAD does not operate.

FREE: Programmed function removal key; all programmed function is cancelled, and ordinary oscilloscope operation is resumed with manual operation. All LEDs will be out except POWER warning lamp. The console keys cannot be operated except RESET/STOP (cancelling key).

EXT: External signal control key. Step control of signal read out unit can be carried out with external signal. At this time, only STEP will be indicated, and only RESET/STOP key on the console can be operated.

STEP SEQUENCE: Programme step (start step to end step) selection key; in steps 00 - 61,4 cases where start or end step has been set can be selected at random.

RESET/STOP: Key for resetting and temporary stopping operation;

- It can be used to read out the preset start step number.
- When SCAN and PRNT are selected, it becomes a temporary stopping and resetting key.
- It can cancel FREE and EXT keys.

DOWN: Step down key. Brings steps down one by one, stopping at the preset start step, or after reading 00 step.

UP: Step up key; goes up through the steps one by one. It returns to the start step after reaching the preset end step, or after reading 61 step.

OPERATIONS

INITIAL STARTING PROCEDURE

This procedure is used to standardise the initial setting of controls as a reference point and to obtain a trace on the

CRT in preparation for waveform observation. Set the controls as in the diagramme, referring to the section on panel controls and indicators for necessary explanations.

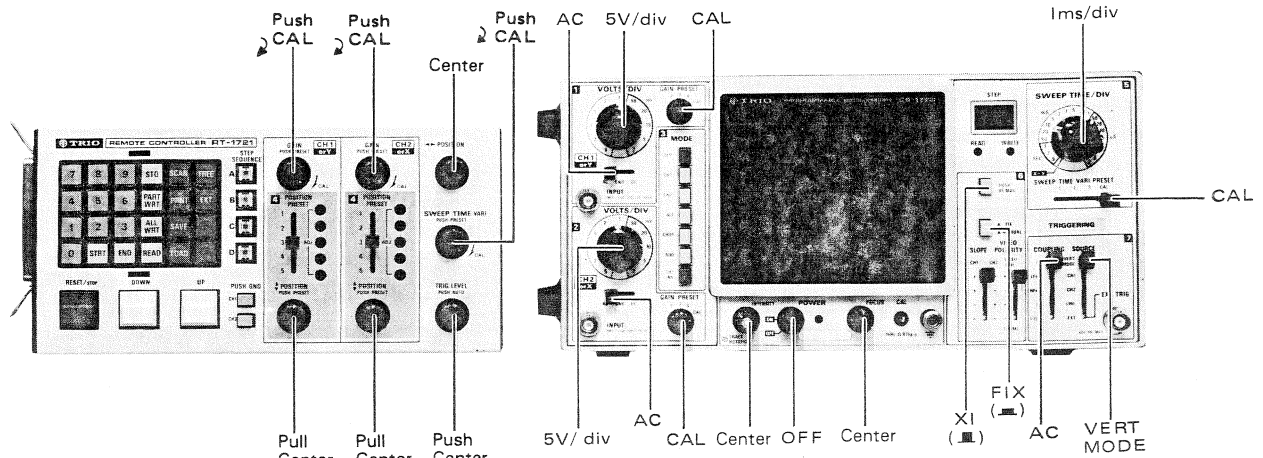


Fig. 5-1

ORDINARY OSCILLOSCOPE MANUAL OPERATION

1) Turn the POWER switch (12) clockwise, and the power will come on, indicated by the power pilot light. Check if any of the following LED indicators light up: STEP (26), READ (27) and STEP SEQUENCE (63). If all of them are lit, push console key FREE (63) and the LEDs will go out, indicating that the oscilloscope is now ready for ordinary manual operation.

Set up each mode as follows:

- MODE (9): CH1
- SOURCE (20): VERT MODE
- TRIG LEVEL (60): AUTO

2) After a short time the CRT will warm up, and the trace will appear. Position the trace in the center of the screen using POSITION PRESET (52), POSITION (53) (pulled out), and POSITION (58). Next adjust the INTENSITY (10) and FOCUS (14) controls as necessary to obtain a clear, sharp trace.

3) Set the vertical axis MODE (9) to CH1, and apply a signal to CH1 INPUT (4) in order for the waveform to reach normal operational size by rotating VOLTS/DIV (1). Vertical attenuation fine adjustment can be carried out with GAIN (51) switch, pulled into PULL position. By setting vertical MODE to CH2, and applying a signal to CH2 INPUT (8), by following the same procedures as above, CH2 waveform can be observed. By setting vertical mode to ALT, the input signal waveforms of both CH1 and CH2 will be displayed alternately every other sweep, the trigger signal also alternating between CH1 and CH2. Therefore, there will be a momentary pause between the two waveforms.

When CHOP is selected on vertical MODE, CH1 and CH2 will be indicated by chopping, each sweep. As the

trigger signal becomes the CHOP change-over signal in this mode, select an appropriate setting for SOURCE (20), except VERT MODE. These two waveforms have the same time base. When ADD is selected on the vertical MODE, the waveform on the screen becomes a composite algebraic sum of CH1 and CH2 in single trace. If CH2 INV is then selected in this condition, the waveform is the algebraic difference between CH1 and CH2 ($CH1 - CH2$). When VOLTS/DIV is set the same for both channels, the sensitivity has that value.

< SEP OPERATION >

Select SEP of the vertical MODE, and set CH1 or CH2. In this setting, the input signals will be indicated by alternate sweeping in main and sub mode with dual trace function. In the case of CH1 being selected, the CH1 signal is the main sweep, the position being adjusted with CH1 POSITION. The sub trace can be adjusted to within ± 4 div of the CH1 trace by means of SEPARATE PRESET (30) on the left hand side of the CS-1720. It is then controlled by CH1 POSITION. The sync polarity of both main and sub traces correspond to CH1 +/- and CH2 +/- of SLOPE (23). (Refer to table 3.) If CH2 is selected, then CH2 becomes the main trace, and CH1 the sub. The same operating instructions apply as for CH1 operation.

NOTE

Do not set the sub trace exceed the ± 4 div setting, distortion may appear on the waveform.

OPERATIONS

< TRIGGERING OPERATION >

In order to observe the input signal waveform, a correct trigger signal is necessary. There are two possible types of trigger; one is the internal trigger, where the signal is internal, and the other is an external trigger, where the trigger signal is applied to the external trigger input terminal; This signal must have a time or frequency relationship to the signal being observed to synchronize the display.

1) A combination of SOURCE and vertical MODE settings decides which signal is the trigger signal, as shown in Table 5-1.

VERT. MODE	SOURCE		CH1	CH2	LINE	EXT
	EXCLUDING VERT MODE	VIDEO				
CH1	CH1	CH1	CH1	CH2	LINE	EXT
CH2	CH2	CH2				
ALT	CH1: CH1 CH2: CH2	CH1 see note (1)				
CHOP	see note (2)					
ADD	(CH1 + CH2)	(CH1 + CH2)				

Table 5-1 Relation between Vertical MODE and SOURCE

- Note 1) In the case of VIDEO FRAME, the alternate traces of CH1 and CH2 appear on the screen, but both CH1 and CH2 displays are triggered with CH1 signal only.
- Note 2) As the CHOP change-over signal becomes the trigger signal, triggering is not properly carried out. In this case, set SOURCE excluding VERT MODE.
- 2) After setting SOURCE, select MANUAL (MAN) of FIX/MANUAL (24) and turn TRIG LEVEL (60) to select the trigger point. Alternately, by selecting FIX (FIX), triggering is automatically fixed in the center of the waveform.
- 3) By pulling the TRIG LEVEL control to outward, NORMAL operation is selected, under which triggering is not automatic, so that in the case of no trigger signal or the trigger level is too low, no trace will appear. Table 5-2 shows the relation between FIX/MANUAL and AUTO/NORMAL.

FIX/MANUAL	TRIG LEVEL	
	AUTO (PUSH)	NORMAL (PULL)
FIX	Auto sweep Level fix	Triggered sweep Level adjustable
MANUAL	Auto sweep Level adjustable	Triggered sweep Level adjustable

Table 5-2 The Relation between FIX/MANUAL and AUTO/NORMAL

< SYNC POLARITY >

SLOPE (23) sets the sync polarity of CH1 +/−, CH2 +/−. In the case of VIDEO FRAME, odd and even fields can be selected.

SEPA-RATE	SOURCE		CH1	CH2	LINE, EXT
	VERTI-CAL MODE	VERT MODE			
ON	CH1	Main: CH1 +/− Sub: CH2 +/−	CH1 +/−	CH2 +/−	Main: CH1 +/− Sub: CH2 +/−
	CH2	Main: CH2 +/− Sub: CH1 +/−			Main: CH2 +/− Sub: CH1 +/−
OFF	CH1	CH1 +/−	CH1 +/−	CH2 +/−	CH1 +/−
	CH2	CH2 +/−			CH2 +/−
	ALT	CH1: CH1 +/− CH2: CH2 +/−			CH1: CH1 +/− CH2: CH2 +/−
	CHOP				
	ADD	CH1 +/−			CH1 +/−

Table 5-3 Sync Polarity

< VIDEO SYNC >

When COUPLING (21) switch is in the VIDEO, the sync is on the VIDEO signal.

- 1) When VIDEO POLARITY (22) switch is in the VIDEO LINE, the trigger signal is the horizontal sync signal (TV. H) on the VIDEO signal. When VIDEO POLARITY switch is in the FRAME, triggering is carried out by vertical sync signal (TV. V) on the VIDEO signal.
- 2) According to the waveform of the VIDEO input signal select VIDEO POLARITY LINE (+/−) or FRAME (+/−) depending on the polarity of the sync signal. When VIDEO FRAME is selected, odd and even fields can be set by SLOPE (23) CH1 +/− or CH2 +/−. The polarity of the observed waveform may be reversed when moving from one monitoring point to another; Therefore, it may be necessary to switch from VIDEO POLARITY + to − (or − to +) or vice versa.
- 3) Field selection in single trace observation. Set SOURCE in CH1 or VERT MODE, and synchronize the input VIDEO signal for CH1. Now odd and even fields can be selected using SLOPE CH1 +/−. For CH2, SLOPE CH2 +/− changes the field.
- 4) Field selection in dual trace operation.
- When SOURCE is set to VERT MODE, vertical MODE to ALT, and the same signal is applied to CH1 and CH2, the input signal of CH1 will be the trigger signal. Now odd or even field can be selected using SLOPE CH1 +/− or CH2 +/− respectively. When CH1 +/CH2 − or CH1 −/CH2 + is set, it is possible to view odd and even fields simultaneously.
 - When SOURCE is set to VERT MODE and CH1 SEP mode is selected, SLOPE is CH1 +/− on the main and CH2 +/− on sub. Odd or even field can be selected respectively. In the case of CH2 SEP mode, SLOPE is CH2 +/− on main and CH1 +/− on sub. When CH1 +/CH2 − or CH1 −/CH2 + is set, it is possible to view odd and even fields simultaneously.

OPERATIONS

< SWEEP MAGNIFICATION >

If a part of the trace were enlarged on the screen, that part which is selected for close observation might be off the screen, when the sweep rate is shorted. In such a case, the following procedure should be carried out. First, using the ◀ ▶ POSITION adjust the desired portion of waveform to center of the CRT. Secondly, depress X5 MAG (19) knob (■) and the trace will be enlarged five times. The sweep rate in this case becomes one-fifth of the set value of SWEEP TIME/DIV.

< X-Y OPERATION >

By using the oscilloscope CS-1720 for X-Y operation, frequency response, frequency measurements, phase shift measurement and other similar measuring functions can be carried out. Turn the SWEEP TIME/DIV control fully counterclockwise to the X-Y position. The CH1 (or Y) signal indicates the vertical axis Y, and the CH2 (or X) signal indicates the horizontal axis X. Adjustment of the X-Y position is carried out using CH1 ⬆ POSITION for the Y-axis and the CH2 ⬆ POSITION for the X-axis. The sensitivity of both X and Y components during X-Y operation is controlled by VOLTS/DIV, VARIABLE in CH1 and CH2 respectively.

PROGRAMMING

Programming for the CS-1720 oscilloscope is carried out completely by console key operation. The keys are classified under three types according to the function.

1) Number keys

0 – 9

2) One-key operation

RESET, UP, DOWN, SCAN, PRNT, FREE, EXT, SAVE, LOAD, A, B, C, D:

3) Multi-key operation

ALL WRT, PART WRT, STO, READ, STRT, END.
The operating contents of these keys will be changed at any time by pre-keying or further keying.

1. EXPLANATION OF CONSOLE FUNCTIONS

1) 0 – 9

These keys set up the step numbers and/or the block number for part writing. The keyed step number will be indicated on the seven-segment STEP LEDs. Two numbers will be indicated for steps 00 – 61, but only one figure will be indicated for block numbers 1 – 8.

2) RESET/STOP

Basically this key returns the programme to the START STEP of the sequence regardless of the set condition. The CS-1720 will then remain in the READ condition. In the case of SCAN or PRINT operation, this key serves as a pause or reset key. If the key is pressed once, in SCAN or PRINT operation, the CS-1720 will pause in the middle of the operation. If the SCAN or PRNT key is then pressed, operation will resume. If the RESET key is pressed twice in succession, the programme will return to the START position, PRINT or SCAN will stop, and the CS-1720 will remain in a READ condition.

3) UP

This control advances the step numbers one by one from the STEP number indicated. When END STEP is reached, it returns to START STEP of the step sequence. If no END STEP is set, or if the UP key is pushed beyond the END STEP key setting, steps will proceed to the last step 61, and will then return to the START STEP of the step sequence, and stop.

4) DOWN

Reduces STEP numbers one by one from indicated STEP number until START STEP of step sequence is reached, and it will stop. If there is no set START STEP, or if the DOWN key is pressed before the START STEP setting it will return to step 00, and then go on to the START STEP, and stop.

5) STEP SEQUENCE (A, B, C, D)

The combination between programme start and step can be set in up to 4 settings (A, B, C, D). Following the programmed STEP number, steps can then be set up at random continuously between 00 – 61. This combination is set from the A to D keys, and once selected, the oscilloscope will be in the READ condition at the start step. The A, B, C, D programme is preset, and remains set when the power is OFF, being indicated by the appropriate LEDs when power is once again switched on.

6) SCAN

In READ condition, SCAN operation advances the steps one by one with a one-second interval between steps until the END STEP is reached, when it will return to the START STEP and stop in READ. However if no END STEP is set or if the SCAN key is pushed beyond the END STEP setting, the steps will be advanced until 61, after which it will return to the START STEP and stop.

Pause action: Pause in SCAN action is achieved by pressing the RESET key. If the SCAN key is again pressed, scanning will resume.

Cancellation: If the RESET key is pressed twice in succession, the SCAN action will be cancelled, and the CS-1720 will return to the START STEP, in read condition.

OPERATIONS

7) PRNT

Operates the printer, TP-1724, and the programme data are printed out. Printing is done from the step indicated and continues until step 61, when printing will stop and the CS-1720 will return to the START STEP in the step sequence.

Pause action: Pause of printing action is achieved by pressing the RESET key once. The printer will print up to the 8 block of that step, and stop. Pressing again the PRNT key will resume printing from the following step.

Cancellation: Cancelling printing is done by pressing RESET key twice in succession, when the CS-1720 will return to the START STEP of the step sequence, and printing will stop.

8) FREE

All programmed functions are cancelled, and the CS-1720 becomes a normal oscilloscope with manual control. At this time, FREE can be cancelled by pressing RESET.

9) EXT

The STEP number can be controlled by the external BCD signal, connected to EXT I/O. EXT action is only possible under READ condition, when the STEP SEQUENCE LED is off. When the external signal is disconnected, step sequence 00 is indicated. To cancel EXT action press RESET.

NOTE

During SCAN, PRNT, FREE, and EXT action, all keys except RESET are cancelled and inoperable.

10) SAVE

Transfers the RAM programme data in the memory of the CS-1720 to the memory pack MT-1725. This transfer is effected without changing the RAM contents of the CS-1720 internal memory. When data transfer is finished, a buzzer will sound and the READ or WRITE LED will flash once.

11) LOAD

Transfers the contents of the memory pack MT-1725 to the internal RAM of the CS-1720, without altering the memory pack contents. When the transfer is finished, the buzzer sounds and the READ or WRITE LED will flash as in SAVE above.

When the memory pack is not connected, LOAD will not operate to protect the data in the memory.

NOTE

If SAVE is pushed by mistake instead of LOAD, or vice versa, all important data will be changed. Accordingly be sure to press the correct key.

12) STRT

Start step sequence key. Used for setting up START STEP numbers and/or read out the start step number of the sequence.

13) END

End step sequence key. Used for setting up END STEP numbers and/or read out the end step number of the sequence.

14) READ

The read out key. When pressed, the green READ LED will light and programme will be read out at the indicated step. It operates according to the programme contents.

15) ALL WRT

All blocks are set in WRITE state completely and total panel control operation is possible; and red WRITE LED will light. All panel controls can be set up for programming.

NOTE

The data of the panel set up is stored into RAM only when STO key is pressed.

16) PART WRT

Selects part writing function both READ and WRITE LEDs light up and STEP LED is off.

Set up one of the block number keys from 1 to 8, which necessary to change the mode. In this case, only block number which has been set in PART WRITE state, is indicated in one figure. Panel control operation is possible in the only block which has been set up and can be set up for programming. All other blocks are set in READ state, therefore panel control operation is impossible.

NOTE

When STO key is pressed, part writing of only the block preset will be done, without altering the rest of the blocks.

If it is necessary to change the block number to be part written, press the desired key before pressing the STO key. After part writing is completed, the step number is advanced by one, and is so indicated. The oscilloscope will be in ALL WRT state.

17) STO

The memory activation key. It is used for all writing actions, ALL WRT, PART WRT, START STEP, END STEP.

ALL WRT: The programme setting of each panel switch in all blocks is stored as data, advancing the step number by one.

PART-WRT: Each panel switch programme setting in designated block only, is stored as data, advancing step number by one.

STRT/END: Sets up start steps and end steps of the programme and writes them.

OPERATIONS

2. PROGRAMME OPERATION

Referring to the section on manual oscilloscope operation, switch on the power switch. Check if any of the STEP (26), READ (27) LEDs and one of the STEP SEQUENCE LEDs are lit or not. With the green READ LED lit, the oscilloscope is ready for operation.

NOTE

If at the beginning of operation the first stage programme setting has not been done, all A, B, C, D LEDs may be lit and the buzzer may be sounding. In this case, reset A, B, C, D or push the RESET key. If the buzzer continues to sound, turn power OFF and check each external cable connection before switching on again.

When the oscilloscope is ready for operation, press the RESET key.

I) UP/DOWN Operation for STEP

Continuous STEP UP

With each operation of the UP key, STEP is advanced one by one. When END STEP is reached, it returns to the START STEP. If the UP key is pushed after the END STEP setting, the steps will be advanced until step 61, after which it will return to START STEP. If the UP key is pressed from a number below START STEP, the steps will be advanced till END STEP, and will then return to START STEP.

Continuous STEP DOWN

Each operation of the DOWN key will reverse the step numbers indicated by one, until the START STEP is reached, and operation will stop. If the DOWN key is pressed at a number below the preset START STEP, the steps will go down to 00, then to START STEP and operation will stop. If DOWN is keyed beyond END STEP preset number, normal decrease of steps occurs till START STEP, then operation will stop.

II) START STEP, END STEP Setting

a) STEP SEQUENCE setting

Select one of the keys from A to D and push. The corresponding LED will light up.

b) START STEP setting

Using the number keys, indicate in the window the number of the required step. Push START and STO key in that order, then the START STEP is set up.

c) END STEP setting

Using the number keys, indicate in the window the required number. Push END and STO keys in that order, and the END STEP is set up. Now the programme extent has been set up and recorded in the memory. Using the same procedure as above, three other sequence can be set up.

III) START — END STEP Reading out

a) STEP SEQUENCE selection

From A to D keys select the key to be read, and push it. At this time the START STEP number is indicated in the STEP (26) window, and the oscilloscope will be in the READ state.

b) START STEP, END STEP reading

By pushing START and READ keys in that order, start step reading is possible; similarly, if END and READ keys are pushed in that order, end step reading can be carried out.

IV) PROGRAMME Writing Operation

(1) ALL WRITE

a) STEP Number setting

Set up STEP number for STEP (26) using number keys or UP/DOWN key.

b) ALL WRITE setting

When ALL-WRT key is pushed, the green READ LED will go out, and the red WRITE LED will light. In this setting, panel operation of the oscilloscope is possible.

c) Writing in

By pushing STO key, the setting of every control is stored into the memory. The STEP number is advanced by one to the next step, and the oscilloscope is still in the WRITE condition.

d) Continuous writing in

Under setting (c) above, if each switch is set up and the STO key operated in that order, the programme can be continuously written in.

(2) PART WRITING in

a) STEP number setting

Set up as for ALL WRT above.

b) PART WRITING in setting

By pushing PART WRT key, the STEP LED (26) will go out, and the green and red LEDs of READ and WRITE will light up; the oscilloscope is now in PART WRT condition. Set up the desired block number from 1 to 8, using the number keys. The number will be indicated in the STEP window of the front panel. Panel operation is only possible for the preset block, and the setting for each control will be written in. All other blocks are in READ condition, and panel operation with them is not possible.

c) Writing in

By pushing STO key only the memory of the contents of the set up block can be changed. The STEP number is advanced by one to the next step, and the CS-1 720 is in ALL WRITE condition.

OPERATIONS

V) Programme Reading Operation

(1) Setting up for READ condition

a) Reading of START STEP

By keying RESET or STEP SEQUENCE, START STEP reading condition is achieved. In this case reading from programme in the STEP SEQUENCE can be continuously carried out, using the UP key.

b) Reading of direct STEP

Set up the desired step numbers using the numbers key or UP/DOWN key. The numbers will be indicated in the STEP window (26) on the CS-1720 front panel. By pressing READ key any step can then be directly read.

VI) Manual Operation of CS-1720 Oscilloscope

When FREE key is pressed, all programmed functions are cancelled and manual operation of the CS-1720 is possible as for any normal oscilloscope. The LEDs for STEP, READ, WRITE, and STEP SEQUENCE are all off. All keys except RESET cannot be used. By pushing the RESET key, FREE action is cancelled.

VII) Automatic Step Transfer Operation

In READ condition, pushing the SCAN key automatically advances the STEP setting from the indicated step through to the end, with a period of about one second between steps. When the end step is reached, the CS-1720 automatically returns to the START STEP and stops. During SCAN operation, all keys except RESET are inoperable.

Pause action: During SCAN operation, pushing the RESET key will temporarily stop the action. To continue, press the RESET key once again.

Cancellation: The SCAN operation can be stopped if the RESET key is pressed twice in succession. In such a case, the CS-1720 will return to the START STEP and stops.

OPERATION OF OPTION

I) Probe Selector Control and Operating Instructions

The Probe Selector (RU-1722, RU-1723) control can be used in combination with CH1 input, CH2 input, and EXT input of the CS-1720. Also, manual operation of the oscilloscope with the probe selector is possible after pushing FREE key. In Programmed action, the selector becomes the programme section for one part of blocks 7 and 8.

a) Connections with RU-1722

In combination with RU-1722, inputs can be selected as follows:

- CH1; 5 inputs
- CH2; 5 inputs
- EXT; 3 inputs

b) Connections with RU-1723

The following inputs can be selected in combination;

- CH1; 10 inputs
- CH2; 10 inputs
- EXT; 3 inputs

NOTE

- (1) The probe selector (RU-1722, RU-1723) power is interconnected with the CS-1720 oscilloscope. For detailed connection and operation instructions, refer to the probe selector instruction manual.
- (2) When connecting and disconnecting the probe selectors, make sure power switch of the CS-1720 is in the OFF position.
- (3) Use CH1 and CH2 input coupling of oscilloscope in the AC position.

II) Operation of The Printer

Connect the Thermal printer TP-1724 to the PRINTER I/O connector on the rear panel of the CS-1720, referring to the printer TP-1724 instruction manual for detailed instructions. Pressing PRNT key activates the printer, and a hard copy of the programme data is printed out, from the step indicated at the time of pressing the PRNT key to step 61, whereafter it will return to START STEP and stop. During printing, the step number indicated on the CS-1720 STEP window will not alter, and all keys except RESET are inoperable.

Pause action: During PRINT action, press RESET key. Print-out will continue till the end of that step, and stop. When PRNT key is pushed again, print-out will continue from the next step.

Cancellation: Print operation can be fully stopped if the RESET key is pressed twice in succession. Print-out will stop, and the CS-1720 will return to START STEP.

NOTE

If PRNT key is pressed when the printer is not or improperly corrected, a warning buzzer will sound. The buzzer can be cancelled by pressing RESET key.

III) Programme Transfer

By connecting Memory Pack MT-1725 to the EXT I/O connector on the rear panel of the CS-1720, data of internal RAM can be transferred in or out.

a) From CS-1720 to Memory Pack MT-1725

By operating SAVE key, programme data contents of the RAM are transferred to the Memory Pack MT-1725.

b) From Memory Pack MT-1725 to CS-1720

By pressing LOAD key, contents of memory pack will be transferred to CS-1720 internal RAM.

OPERATIONS

In both transfer modes, the programme contents of the transferring unit remain unaltered. When transfer is complete, a buzzer will sound, and the READ or WRITE LED will flash once.

NOTE

When the memory pack is not connected, LOAD key is not effect to protect the data. When connecting or disconnecting the memory pack, be sure power is OFF in order to protect the data. In addition, do not subject the equipment to electrical shocks, due to the fact that the body contains the back-up battery for the memory. High temperature and humidity should also be avoided. When the Memory pack back-up battery is low, the STEP LEDs will flash on and off indicating a change of battery is necessary. If a mistake is made, and SAVE is pressed instead of LOAD, or vice versa, the data will be lost, therefore great care should be taken to push the correct button.

VI) Step Control Operation from External BCD Signal

Step numbers can be controlled from an external BCD unit connected to the EXT I/O socket on the rear of the CS-1720 body. EXT operation is only possible in READ operating condition, with STEP SEQUENCE LED off. If no external signal is connected, when this key is pushed, step 00 will be indicated. To cancel EXT operation, push RESET key.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

GENERAL

Refer to the block diagramme

The programmable part of oscilloscope CS-1720 is an all-logic control circuit. Logic control means that the oscilloscope is controlled by the logic signal only, without selector switches. Thus in the programmable computer CS-1720, there are many relay switches, analogue switches and transistor switches. This logic signal controls several circuits from CPU unit memory through the output port of I/O unit. The logic signals coming from the various switches on the front panel of the CS-1720, remote control unit, probe selector, etc. are connected to the input port of the I/O unit, and can be stored into the CPU unit memory using the STO key on the keyboard. The memory, switches, and circuits are related to each other as indicated in Fig. 6-1 (Input/Output Port is abbreviated).

SWITCH, ENCODE, DECODE CIRCUIT

The I/O unit is in the center of the connection diagrammes 7-1 and 7-2. In Fig. 6-1, the SWITCH is shown on the left side and the CIRCUIT is shown on the right side of the connection diagram 7-1, 7-2. FI17 and FO17 circuits as seen in the diagramme have the following meanings:

- F.....Function
- I.....Input port (switch side) signal
- O.....Output port signal (circuit side)
- 1.....1 is a sample number from number 1-8.

These numbers correspond to the block numbers located on the control panels of the CS-1720 oscilloscope, the remote control unit and the probe selector unit. 1 is the channel 1 VOLTS/DIV, AC/DC switch position.

- 7.....Each block is composed of 0-7 8 bits. The bit number is this number. No. 7 corresponds to the AC/DC switch of CH1.

For example, if the signal level of FI17 is high, the CH1 AC/DC switch is set to AC. When the level is low, DC is selected. When the signal level of FO17 is high, then CH1 AC/DC switch is set to AC coupling; when the level is low, DC coupling is selected. To know the switch position and the port bit pattern refer to troubleshooting section, Table 9-1 and 9-2. Since there are many contact points in the SWEEP TIME/DIV switch, use the encoder and convert to 6 bit (FI50-FI55).

R8-R36 and C8-C36 of the vertical logic unit act as a noise rejection filter.

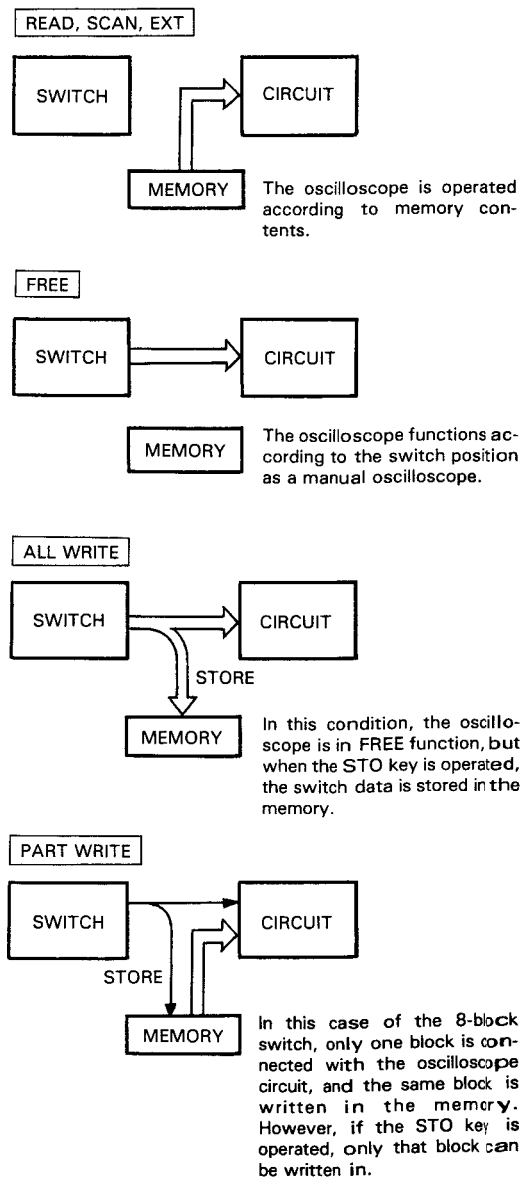


Fig. 6-1

ATTENUATION CIRCUIT

Refer to connection diagramme 7-3

Attenuation circuit selection is achieved using relays. By using the attenuation circuit, attenuation of 1/1, 1/10, 1/100 and 1/1000 can be achieved. The 1/1000 attenuation is achieved by using the 1/10 and 1/100 attenuation in series connection. An attenuation sequence of 1-2-5 selector is composed of the vertical amp unit RL1-RL4. These relays switch the amplifier load resistance and change the gain. The relationship between VOLTS/DIV and each control signal is shown in troubleshooting section, Table 9-4. When the AC-GND-DC switch is in the GND position, RL1 and RL5 are activated. RL2 is the relay for AC/DC selection. Q1-Q4 is a buffer amplifier which is an impedance converter.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

VERTICAL AMPLIFIER

The converted impedance signal in the attenuator unit is amplified in the vertical amplifier unit. This amplifier is composed of 5 steps involving CH1 and CH2 selector circuit and trace separation circuit, obtaining a gain of approximately 50 dB. These amp units are all composed of differential amplifiers with cascode series stages, except for the trace separation circuit. The first and second stage amps use a constant current source in order to obtain a high CMRR (COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO). (CH1, Q3, Q6 and Channel 2, Q37, Q40). The second stage amplifier operate GAIN VARIABLE PRESET. Refer to connection diagram 7-4.

FET's Q9 and Q10 in the vertical amplifier unit control CH1 GAIN VARIABLE resistor. When GAIN PRESET is set to CAL, the gate voltage of the FET circuits becomes lower than the pinch off voltage; the value of the resistance R_{DS} between drain and source becomes very high. When gate voltage is high, R_{DS} value is small, and when gate and drain voltages are same level, R_{DS} value is several tens ohm. In this case the second amp gain is at minimum. VR1-VR4 and VR6-VR9 of the attenuator unit act as preset for this gate voltage. IC1 and IC2 in the vertical logic unit act as the analogue switch, and select one of the preset voltage levels. CH1 and CH2 GAIN volume controls of the remote control unit are pull/push switches. When these switches are pulled, INH (INHIBIT) of IC1 and IC2 is at a high level; and the FET gate is separated from the preset volume, and connected to the GAIN volume control of the remote control unit.

The third amplifier effects preset of the vertical position. Vertical position is also controlled by DC, the same as GAIN PRESET. This DC voltage is supplied to the base of Q15 and Q16 of CH1 and Q51 and Q52 of channel 2. Fig. 7-5 is the circuit diagram of the POSITION PRESET function. The position control signal (CH1/CH2, POS1, POS2) is obtained by IC and transistor switch of the remote control unit. In the third amp on channel 2 side, INVERT operation is carried out in addition to vertical position. In the usual case Q47 and Q48 are operated as differential amplifiers, and Q49 is in cut off state. In the case of INV operation Q49 and Q50 are on; Q47 and Q48 are cut off, and as a result of this, phase is inverted. Q53-Q56 operate as the selector switches for the above operation.

The CH1 OUT amplifier consists of Q21, Q22 and Q31-Q34. Q31-Q34 act as the darlington connected complementary symmetry emitter follower with an output impedance of approximately 50 Ω .

Q63 and Q64 act as the amplifier in CH2 X-axis, during X-Y operation. Q23 and Q24 act as the trigger amplifier for channel 1, and for CH2, Q61 and Q62.

Q25-Q30, Q65-Q70, Q75, and Q76 also act as amplifiers by means of selector circuits CH1 and CH2. When Q of P13 is at a high level, and \bar{Q} is at a low level, Q68 and Q69 are OFF. In this case, CH1 is selected. If on the other hand Q is low and \bar{Q} is high and Q28, Q29 are OFF, CH2 is selected. In the ADD state, Q and \bar{Q} levels are both high. When ADD is selected, Q71 and Q72 are the transistor switches, whose function is to keep the operational level of the circuit constant.

Q73 and Q74 are the amplifiers to pick up the trigger source when VERTICAL MODE is selected. The output of CH1 and CH2 selector circuit goes into the trace separation circuit Q77-Q89 through the delay line. When SEP switch is OFF position, in P12 the TS is low, \bar{TS} is high, Q81 and Q82 are OFF, and Q79 is ON. When SEP switch is ON position, during sub sweep operation, TS is high, \bar{TH} is low, Q79 is OFF, and Q80 is ON. According to the voltage of SEP position of P14 the current from Q80 is supplied to Q77 and Q78 and position is moved. Q84 and Q85 make up the amplitude limiter system so as not to saturate the vertical output amplifier. Q86-Q89 are buffer amplifiers and have a low output impedance.

Q90-Q95 are the transistor switches in order to select the trigger signal for CH1, CH2, V. MODE. According to the $\overline{CH1}$, $\overline{CH2}$ and $\overline{V. MODE}$ signal, of P10, the output is realised as the trigger source at P11.

SWEEP UNIT

The internal sync signal from the vertical amplifier unit goes into the trigger source selector circuit through Q1 and Q2 amplifier circuit. The relays RL1 and RL2 select the sync signals INT, EXT and LINE. RL3, RL4 and Q7 make up the trigger source coupling change-over circuit. When \overline{DC} , $\overline{LF_{REJ}}$ and $\overline{HF_{REJ}}$ are in high level, AC coupling comes into effect. Q5 and Q6 comprise the FIX SYNC circuit, and detect positive/negative peak-levels of the trigger source; the center value between positive and negative levels acts as the trigger level. Q8 ~ Q20 are trig amplifier. A Schmidt circuit restores the trigger amplifier output, and after various operations, the trigger amplifier output becomes the clock for flip-flop IC7a as a trigger pulse.

Fig. 6-2 is a detailed block diagram of the above circuit. When the trigger coupling is not set to VIDEO, the trigger amplifier output signal is fed to the Schmidt circuit. This output becomes the clock after selected by SLOPE of P39. When the trigger coupling is set to VIDEO, from the trigger amplifier output signal, the emitter of Q19, only the SYNC signal is picked up by the SYNC separation circuit (Q20). When VIDEO FRAME operation is selected, Q21 is the integral circuit switch to remove the LINE SYNC signal. The SYNC signal through the integral circuit appears in each field. This signal is divided by IC7b and is synchronized

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

with FRAME. The gate circuit of IC3 selects LINE and FRAME. The VIDEO SYNC signal polarity is selected by IC4c and IC4d.

The AUTO circuit is composed of IC4a and IC4b, and Q23, Q24 of the sweep unit. If there is no trigger signal when the AUTO/NOR switch is set to AUTO, the input signal of NAND GATE, IC6d, goes into high level, and sweep is started when the HOLDOFF circuit is in the positive timing. When there is a trigger signal, or when the NOR position of the AUTO/NOR switch is selected, the AUTO circuit output falls to the low level and sweep is synchronised with the negative timing of IC7a clock.

the timing condensers C30 and C31 are charged by the constant current circuit (Q35), decided by the timing resistors, (R91-R101), and sawtooth wave is obtained. When this sawtooth wave reaches a prescribed level, the Schmidt output of the HOLDOFF circuit is inverted, the sweep gate signal rises to high level, and Q25 is switched on. As a result of these processes, the timing condenser is discharged. The timing resistor R_T is selected by the selector switch composed of Q36 to Q51. In addition the timing condenser can be altered by the switch composed of Q28-Q33. The selector signal is controlled by $\overline{RT1-RT8}$ and $\overline{CT1-CT7}$ of P41. Refer to Table 9-3 indicated troubleshooting.

Fig. 6-3 shows the basic circuit of the sweep generator. When Q25 is OFF, according to the SWEEP GATE signal,

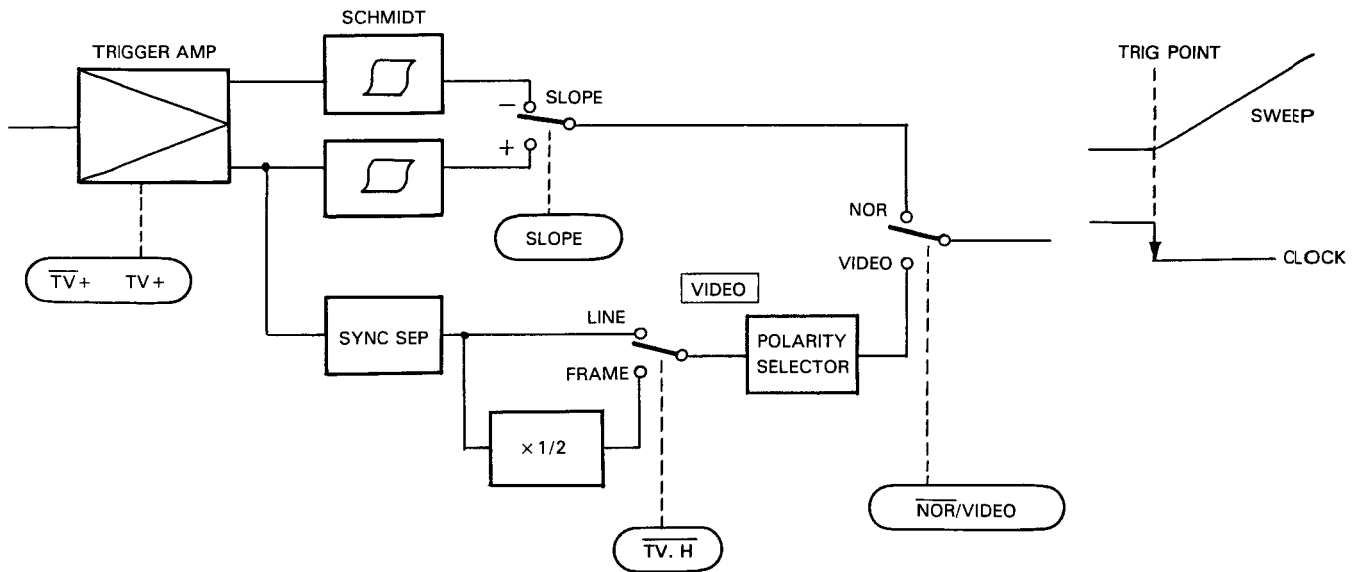


Fig. 6-2 Detail Block Diagram of Trigger Logic

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

DC voltage is added to the base of Q35 in order to carry out SWEEP VARI PRESET. This voltage controls the constant current source output. The SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET circuit can be seen in connection diagram 7-6. The preset voltage is set by VR1-VR4 of the horizontal switch unit, and is selected by the switch (Q1-Q4). If the SWEEP TIME VARI volume switch is pulled (on the remote controller), switch Q1-Q4 is OFF and depending on the position of VR15, the preset voltage is changed.

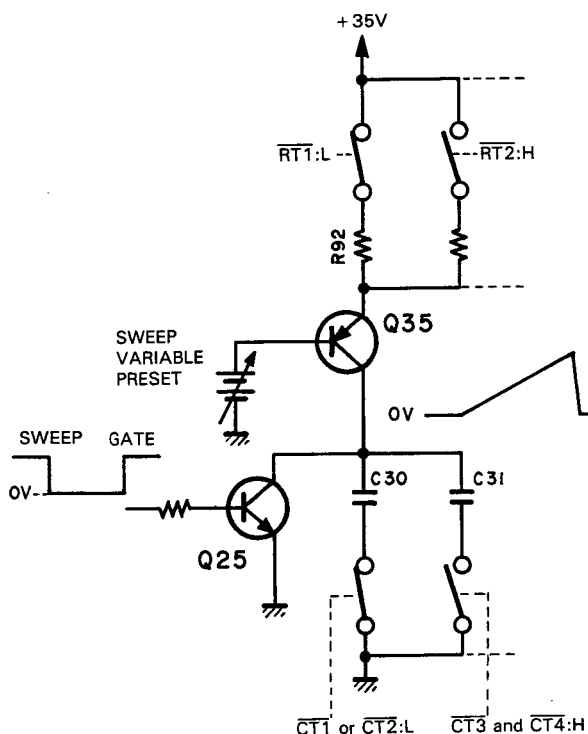


Fig. 6-3 Basic Circuit of Sweep Generator

IC8b, IC8c, IC10, Q27 and Q28 of the sweep unit comprise the HOLDOFF circuit. The sawtooth waveform signal, impedance is converted by Q54, is added to the Schmidt circuit composed of Q27, Q28, IC8b and IC8c. When the sawtooth waveform signal is above the prescribed level, the Schmidt circuit output is inverted, the sweep gate level is high and the timing condenser is discharged. At this time, D25 is OFF, so the input to the Schmidt circuit falls by a time constant, determined by hold-off condensers C24-C29 and R77. When the voltage drops below the hysteresis level of the Schmidt circuit, the Schmidt output level is high, and goes into trigger wait condition. IC10 is the HOLDOFF condenser selector switch. In the 0.5 μ s and 0.2 μ s ranges, all switches are OFF, and the HOLDOFF condenser becomes a stray capacitor for the switch. The waveform of each part is illustrated in Fig. 6-4

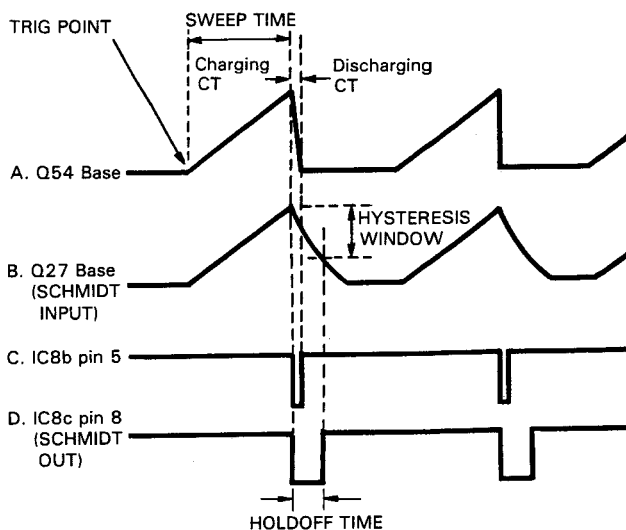


Fig. 6-4 Waveform of HOLDOFF Circuit

IC9a and IC9d form the CHOP selector oscillator circuit, with a frequency of approximately 400 kHz. IC9b and IC9c act as chop oscillator and as blanking signal from SWEEP GATE signal and have signal Q_o which select vertical axis CH1 and CH2. Q56 and Q57 form the selector switch in order to send the X-axis signal to the horizontal amplifier, in X-Y operation. Q60 and Q61 control the base bias of the transistor switches. The calibration voltage generator circuit is composed of Q63-Q65.

VERTICAL OUTPUT AMPLIFIER UNIT

The signal from the vertical amplifier is amplified by the vertical output amplifier unit with a gain of 20 dB. Q5 is the active load of the cascode amplifier Q1 and Q3; peaking is carried out by C11.

VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL LOGIC UNIT

Refer to the connection diagramme, 7-2. In the vertical and horizontal logic unit, encode/decode, vertical mode, trigger source, and coupling slope signals are converted to achieve perfect control of the vertical amplifier and sweep unit. IC9b acts as a flip-flop for CH1 and CH2 selection in the vertical amplifier. RS flip-flop operation is carried out by CH1 SET and CH2 SET in single trace operation. In dual trace operation, CH1 and CH2 selection are carried out by the negative edge of the clock input. In ALT mode the timing is effected by the end of the sweep, and in CHOP, the CHOP signal carries out the timing.

IC9a selects trace separation using the negative edge of the sweep gate signal. IC5-IC7, and IC8b, IC8c and IC8d produce the signal for selection of the trigger source; these

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

signals are $\overline{V.MODE}$, $\overline{CH1}$ and $\overline{CH2}$, from the vertical mode signal, trigger source and the vertical selector signal (Q). IC4 and IC8b are the switches for slope selection. Refer to Fig. 6-5 for the time chart.

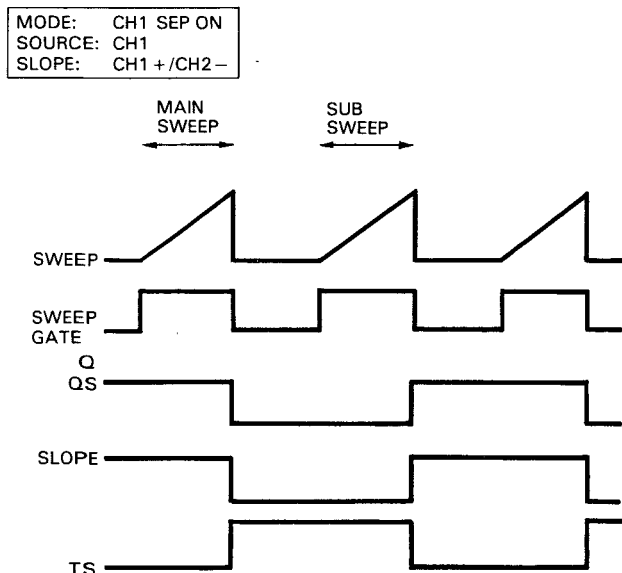
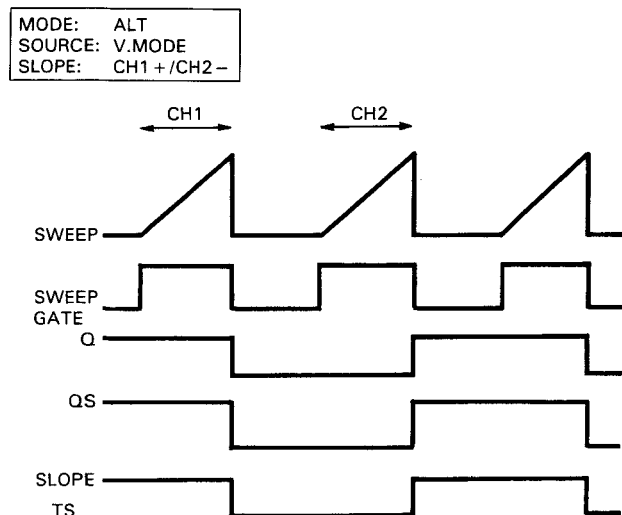


Fig. 6-5 Time Chart

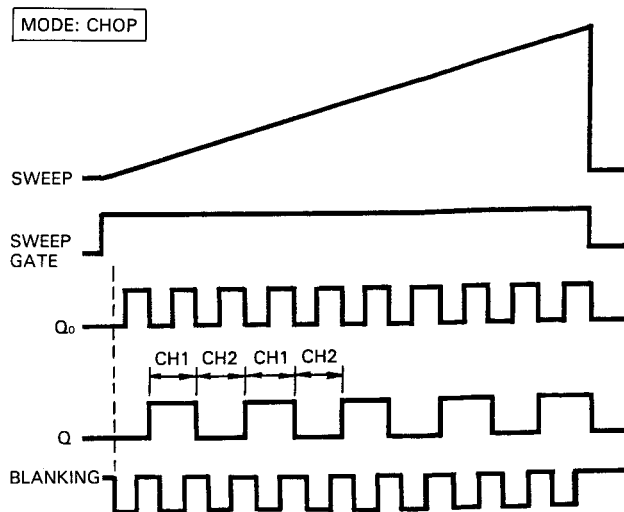


Fig. 6-6

HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER UNIT

The horizontal amplifier unit is composed of two stages. The front stage of the amplifier, Q5 and Q6 operates the X5 MAG function by selecting the gain. Q1 and Q3 are the switches for the above function. Q2 and Q4 act as the constant current regulator. D6 and D7 act as the clip diodes in order to avoid saturation of the following amplifier stage. The second stage amplifier is composed of Q9-Q12. C11 is the peaking condenser, to improve the high frequency response.

POWER BLANKING UNIT

Of the six voltage systems output from the switching power circuit, all but the +55 V are doubly stabilized by a series regulator. Q1-Q7 are its control transistors. IC1 and IC2 are the error amplifiers. The CRT high tension voltage is obtained from a DC-DC converter. Q21 is the blocking oscillator and is connected to the converter transformer in P61. 6.3 V, the negative line of -1500 V and the positive line of 4.5 kV are delivered already stabilised. Q17-Q19 act as the error amplifier. The blanking circuit is composed of Q12-Q14, Q23 and Q24. Q15 carries out the switching for these outputs. DC reproduction takes place on the first grid of the CRT. The autofocus circuit is controlled by Q10 and Q11. The blanking waveform and reverse phase signal are added to the focus electrode of the CRT. Q16 is the DC reproduction circuit. Q22 is the external brightness modulator circuit. When the TTL level is high, the brightness of the trace is increased. Q8 and Q9 are the transistors for trace rotation circuit.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

CPU CIRCUIT COMPONENTS

CPU: μ PD8085AC (IC11)

Central processing chip of the CPU Board.

ROM: MB8516ZC or MB2732A (IC6)

Programed Rom. This Rom is FAMOS Type, and 2 kilobytes or 4 kilobytes size.

RAM: MB8414 (IC2, 5)

For data storage and subroutine stack. The ram is synchronous type CMOS RAM and 1 k x 4 bits size.

ADDRESS LATCH: MB74LS373 (IC8)

The lower 8 bits of the CPU ADDRESS bus is multiplexed with DATA bus, ADDRESS bus is separated by ALE signal from CPU chip. The lower 8 bits of ADDRESS bus is latched by the IC with ALE signal.

LOW BATTERY LEVEL DETECT CIRCUIT (IC4)

The circuit detects Battery Level down to protect RAM's data. If Battery is down, the circuit send a signal to CPU's RST5.5 terminal, and external signal from Memory pack is same.

POWER SUPPLY LEVEL DETECTOR AND EXTERNAL BATTERY LEVEL DETECT CIRCUIT. (Q3 AND, PIN 11 AND 12 OF IC10)

To protect RAM's DATA, when power switch is operated the circuit disable to access the RAM from CPU. And when power level reach about 4.7 V, the circuit enable to access the RAM.

ADDRESS DECODER: M74LS138 (IC3), M74LS32 (IC1)

The circuit makes chip enable signals for many circuits, for example on CPU board's RAM ROM, memory pack etc. The circuit also makes signals ANDed \overline{WR} signal for I/O board using IC1.

PRINTER DRIVER: 2SC536 (Q4)

The circuit transfer signal from CPU's SOD terminal to printer's ports.

MEMORY DISABLE CIRCUIT: 2SC945 (Q1)

The circuit disable to access to the RAM, when power line level reaches about 4.7 V.

OTHER CIRCUITS

(1) IC 10 f:

Buffer for HOLD signal from CPU chip.

(2) IC 10 d:

When HOLD signal comes high level, IO/\overline{M} signal goes three state.

(3) IC10 b:

When HOLD signal comes high level, output \overline{WR} signal from the IC goes three state.

(4) IC10 a:

When HOLD signal comes high level, output \overline{RD} signal from the IC goes three state.

(5) IC 7 b:

Bus transceiver controll to access from CPU chip to external or internal circuit.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

CPU CHIP μ PD8085 PIN CONNECTION

Number	Sign	Function
1	X ₁	X Tal connection terminal
2	X ₂	X Tal connection terminal
3	RESET OUT	For RESET output signal
4	SOD	Serial data output port
5	SID	Serial data input port
6	TRAP	This input is not subject to any mask or interrupt enable/disable instruction. The receipt of a positive-going edge on the TRAP input triggers the processor's hardware interrupt sequence.
7	RST 7, 5	Negative edge of input interrupter
8	RST 6, 5	High level input interrupter
9	RST 5, 5	High level input interrupter
10	INTR	High level input interrupter
11	$\overline{\text{INTR}}$	INTR interrupter
12	AD ₀	Address data of least significant bit LSB
13-19	AD ₁ ~ AD ₇	Address data of numbered bits, 1 ~ 7
20	V _{SS}	GND terminal
21-27	A ₈ ~ A ₁₄	Bit address data, 8 ~ 14
28	A ₁₅	Address data of most significant bit MSB
29	S ₀	Status signal (refer to Table 6-2)
30	ALE	Address latch negative edge signal
31	$\overline{\text{WR}}$	Address latch positive edge signal
32	$\overline{\text{RD}}$	CPU-BUS read signal
33	S ₁	Status signal (refer to another fig)
34	IO/ $\overline{\text{M}}$	Memory I/O select signal memory (memory select in low level)
35	READY	Signal for temporary stop of CPU (stop in low level)
36	$\overline{\text{RESET IN}}$	RESET input signal (RESET in low level)
37	CLK	CPU CLK output terminal
38	HLDA	CPU HOLD acknowledge signal
39	HOLD	HOLD require signal from CPU
40	V _{CC}	+5V

Table 6-1

CPU STATUS

Terminal	IO/ $\overline{\text{M}}$	S ₁	S ₀	Status
	0	0	1	WRITE to MEMORY
	0	1	0	READ from MEMORY
	1	0	1	Write to I/O
	1	1	0	READ from I/O
	0	1	1	FETCH of OPE code
	1	1	1	Acknowledgement of INTERRUPT
		0	0	HALT

Table 6-2

M μ 8516 ZC PIN CONNECTION

Pin Number	Sign	Function
1-8	A ₇ -A ₀	Address bits, 7-0
9-11	D ₀ -D ₂	DATA bits 0-bits, 2
12	GND	GND terminal
13-17	D ₃ -D ₇	DATA bits, 3-7
18	$\overline{\text{CE}}$	Chip Select signal (in low level)
19	A ₁₀	Address bit, 10
20	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Signal to open output buffer of PROM
21	V _{pp}	Programme voltage terminal
22	A ₉	Address bit, 9
23	A ₈	Address bit, 8
24	V _{CC}	Power supply terminal

Table 6-3

Voltage value of each component

Power supply.....5 V \pm 5%
 Battery voltage2.7 V-3.4 V
 Zenner diodeD3, approx 2.8 V
CPU μ PD8085 Output frequency from P37
 1.793 MHz \pm 5%

CPU Terminal Levels in Normal Operation

TRAP terminalLOW
 RST 6.5LOW (High level when battery power is low)
 HLDA.....LOW
 RST 5.5LOW (HIGH with operation of key)

Other terminals are dynamic operation.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

I/O CIRCUIT COMPONENT

Oscilloscope control port: M74LS374
 Input port from panel switch: M74LS373
 7 segments LED indication port: TC4511
 Output port decoder: M74LS138
 Input port decoder: M74LS138
 Key board driver port: M74LS196
 Key board input port: M74LS126
 Buzzer step sequence LED port: M74LS374
 Auxiliary logic circuit: M74LS02

MEMORY MAP

	READ	WRITE
0 ~ 0FFF	PROM	
1000 ~ 13FF	RAM	RAM
3000		KEY DRIVE PORT
4000		7 SEGMENTS LED INDICATION PORT
5000		STEP SEQUENCE BUZER LED PORT
6000	KEY BOARD RETURN	MEMORY PACK RESET
7000	MEMORY PACK DATA	MEMORY PACK DATA
8000 ~ 800F	OSCILLOSCOPE CONTROL PORT	OSCILLOSCOPE CONTROL PORT

Note: Involves FF 16 expansion version

Table 6-4

KEYBOARD UNIT

Located in RT-1721 control unit
 Using IC units, SN74LS148
 To encode the signal from the keyboard.

OPERATION

The drive signal originates from the I/O board of the main body (refer to Fig. 6-7). This signal is the input from P03, and if the key is not pushed, then the output signal from P09 is in high level at KD0-KD2, and at KD3 it is in low level. When the key is operated, the level of KD3 is raised to high, and the code corresponding to the key is output at KDO-KD2. This P03 key drive signal is cancelled. (refer to Table 6-5)

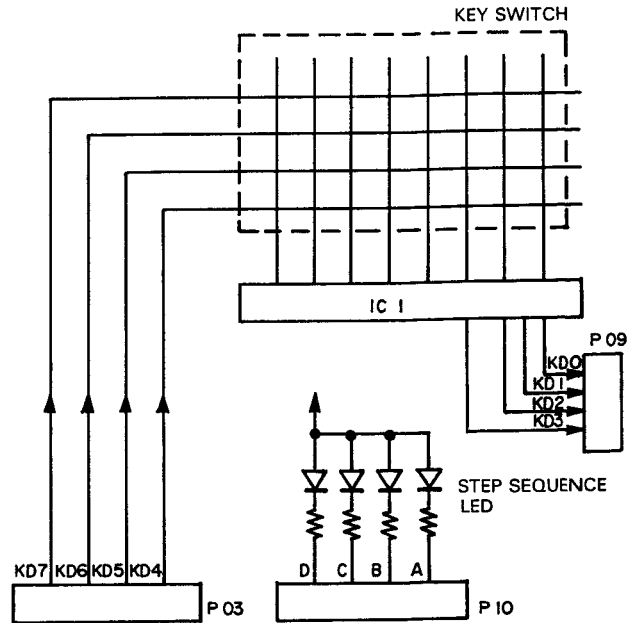
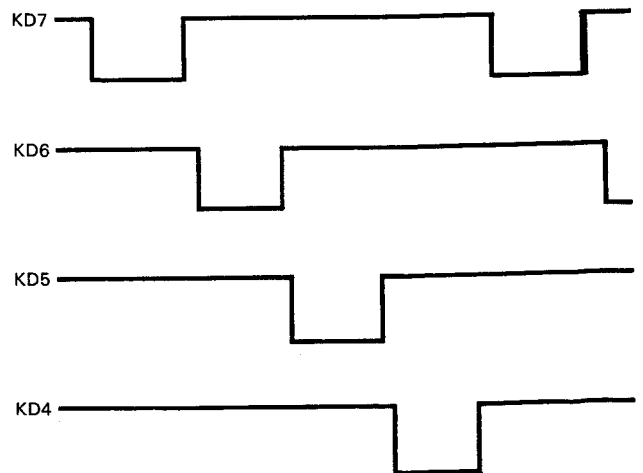


Fig. 6-7



Note: The software preset the timing, therefore timing is not constant as shown. When the key is depressed, the level of the key drive line is raised to high level.

Fig. 6-8

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

MEMORY PACK OPERATION

BUS TRANSCEIVER

Buffer between main body of CS-1720/and memory

MEMORY

COUNTER

Counter deciding memory address

OTHER CONTROL CIRCUITS

TC4001

Pins 9, 10, 11

Clock for address counter

Pins 1, 2, 3

Counter RESET signal

TL061

Backup battery monitor

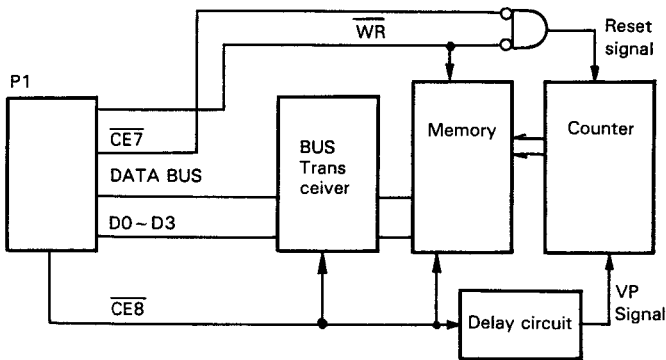
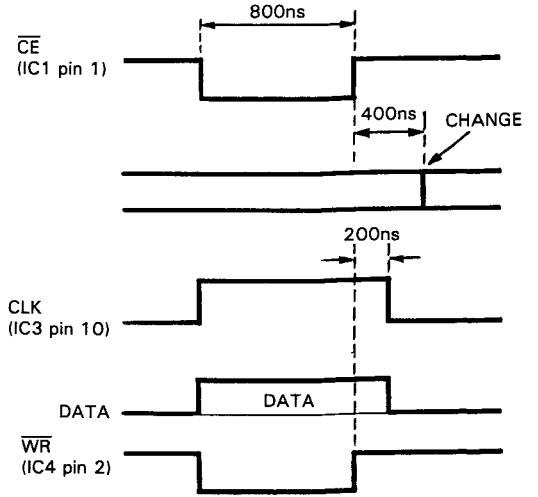


Fig. 6-9

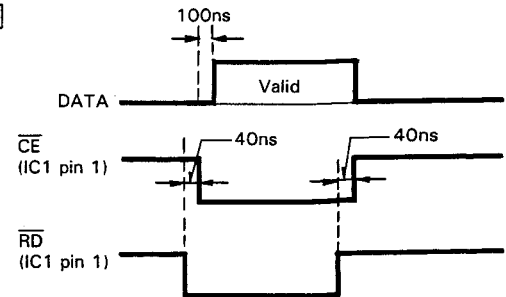
KD0	KD1	KD2	Corresponding key
0	0	0	A, STO, 7
1	0	0	S24, DOWN, READ, 6
0	1	0	S23, D, ALL WRT, 5
1	1	0	PRNT, SCAN, PART WRT, 4
0	0	1	SAVE, UP, END, 3
1	0	1	LOAD, RST, START, 2
0	1	1	EXT, C, 9, 1
1	1	1	FREE, B, 8, 0

Table 6-5

WRITE



READ



RESET

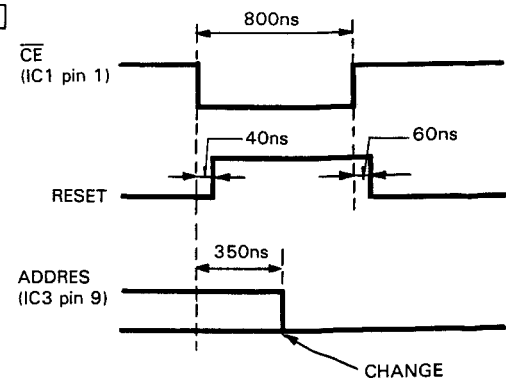
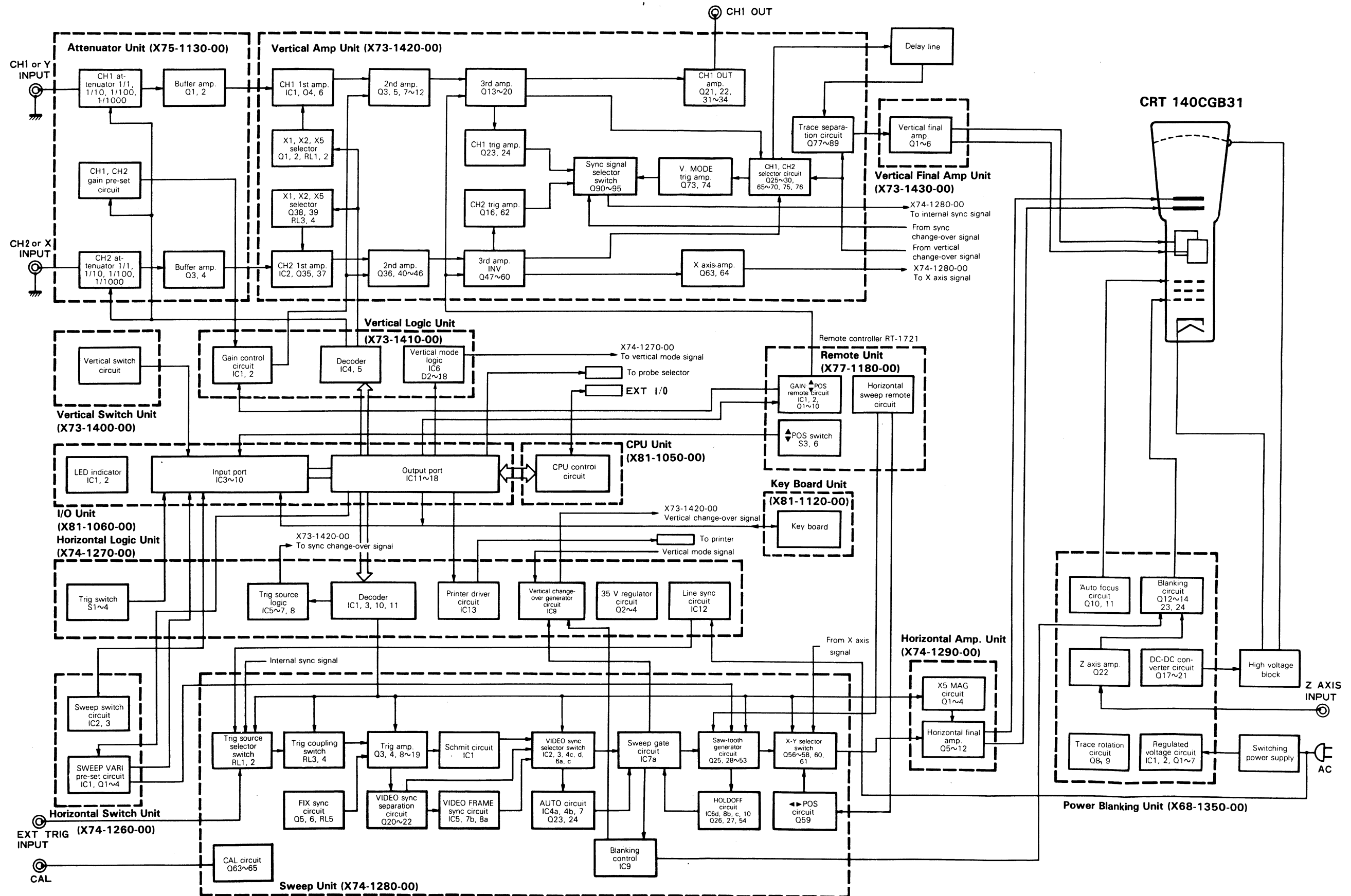


Fig. 6-10 Memory pack Timing

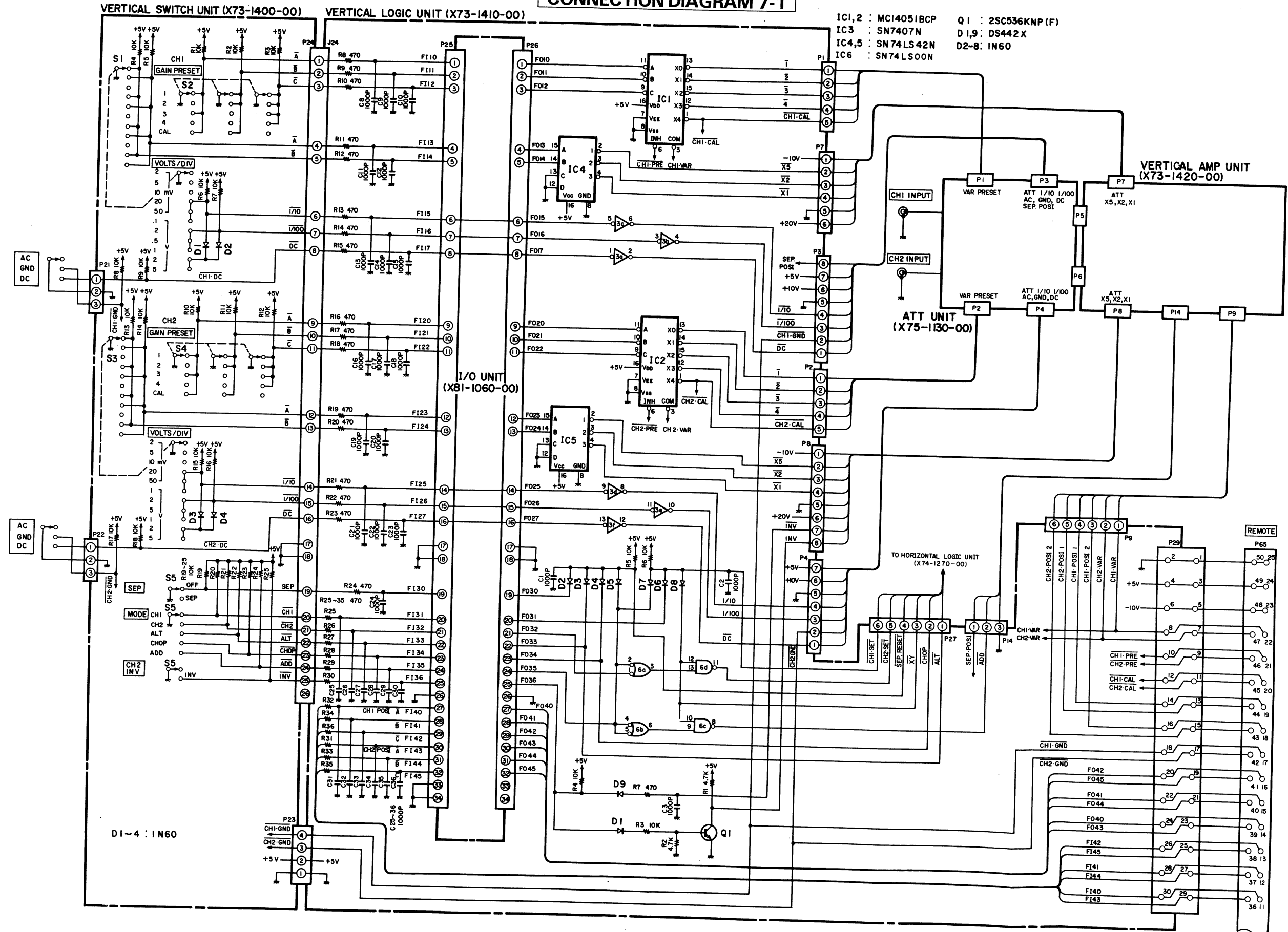
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

BLOCK DIAGRAM



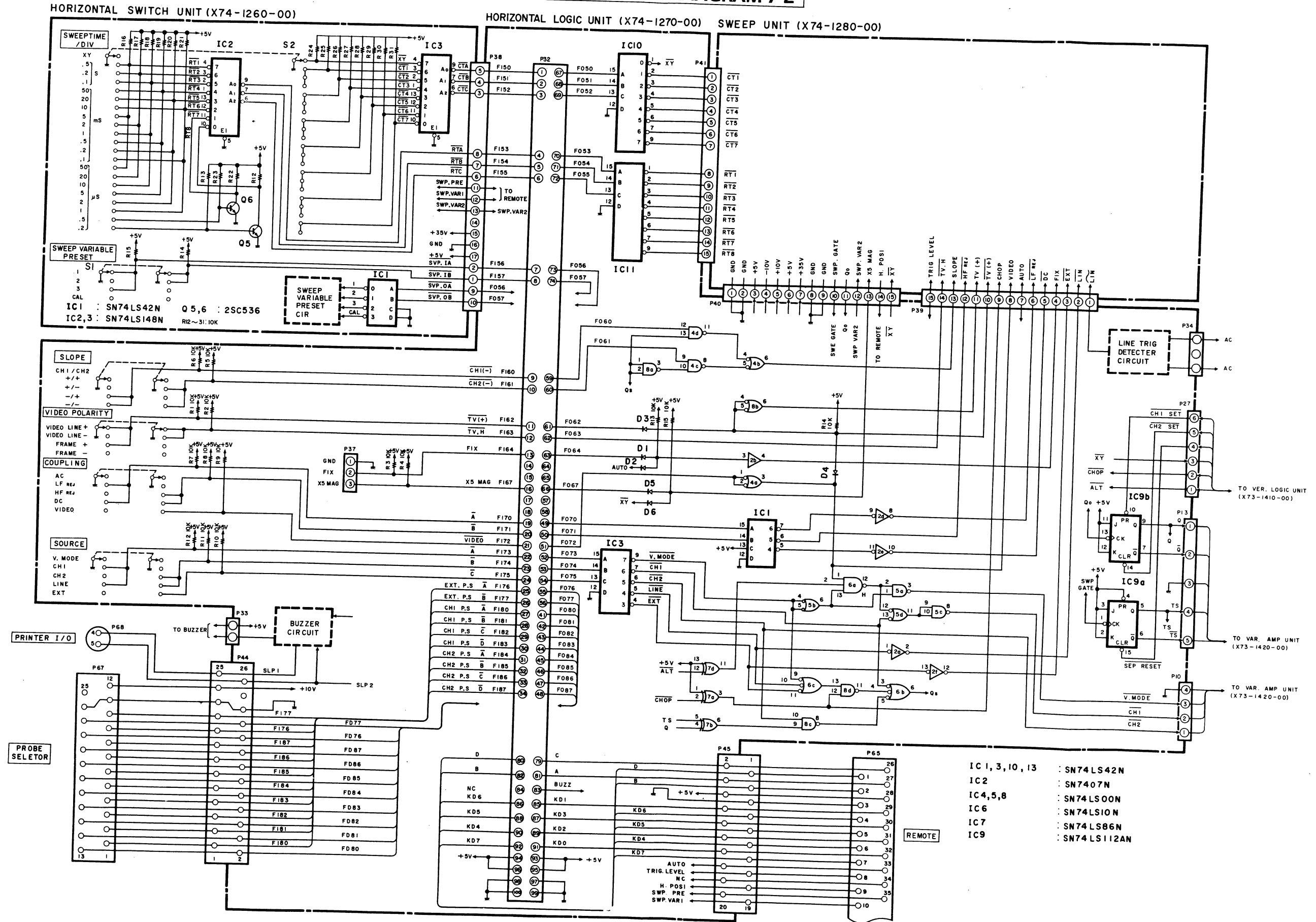
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

CONNECTION DIAGRAM 7-1



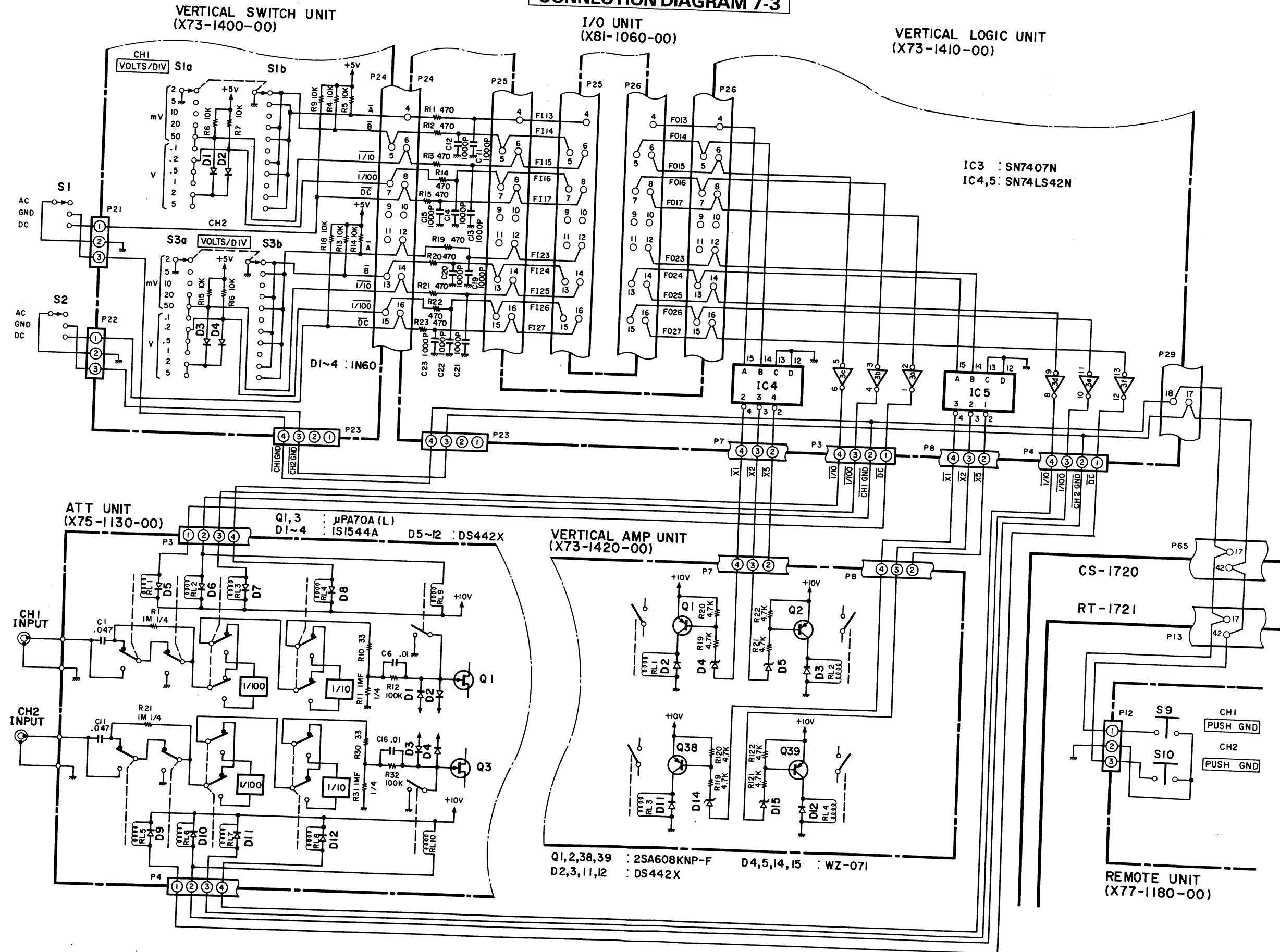
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

CONNECTION DIAGRAM 7-2



CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

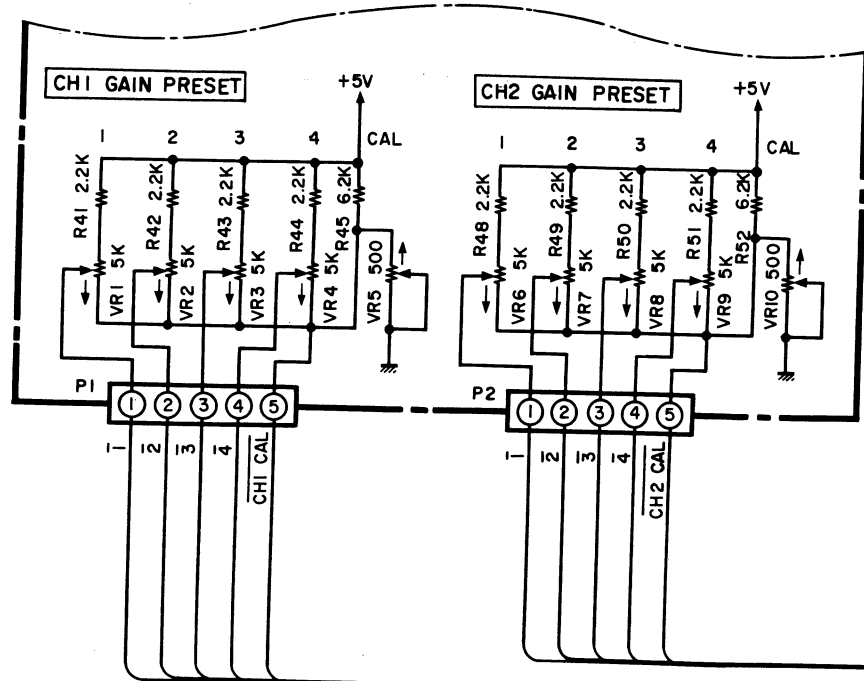
CONNECTION DIAGRAM 7-3



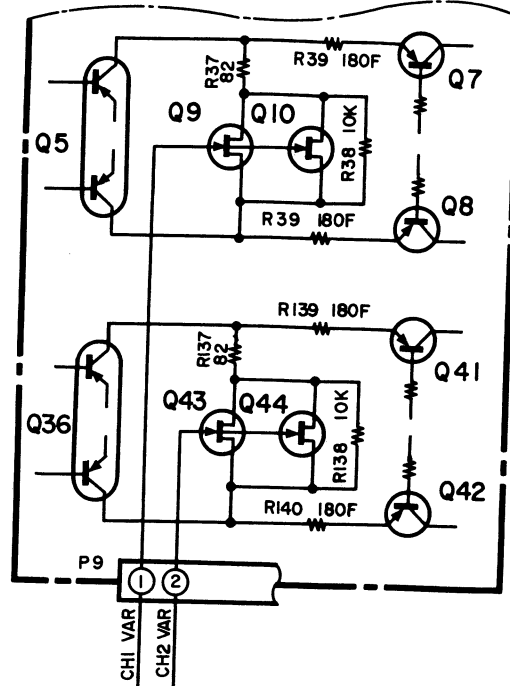
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

CONNECTION DIAGRAM 7-4

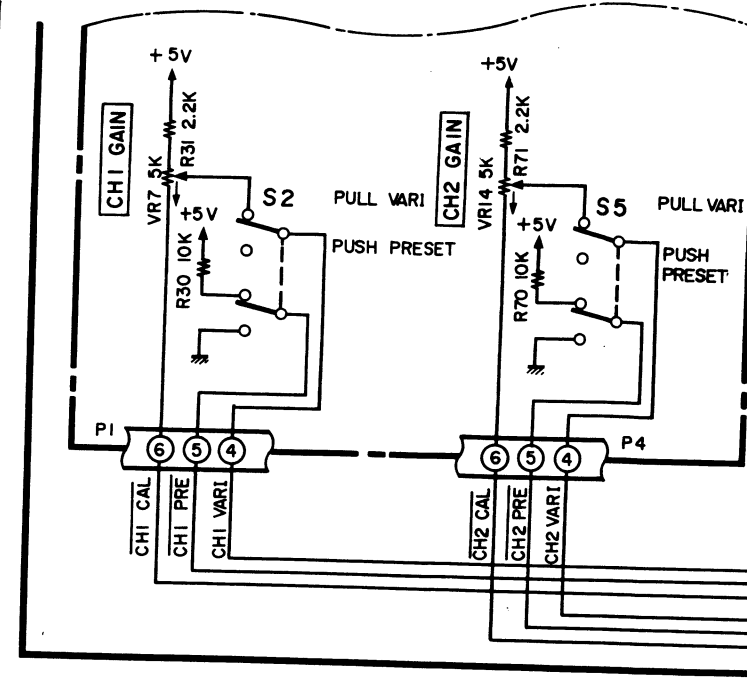
ATT UNIT (X75-1130-00)



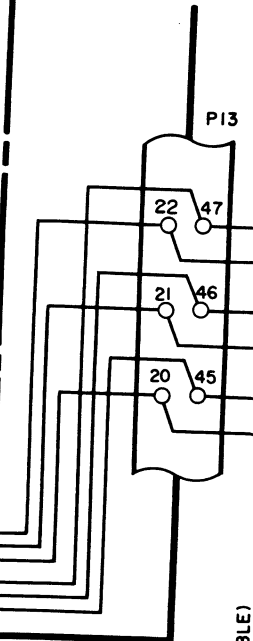
VERTICAL AMP UNIT (X73-1420-00)



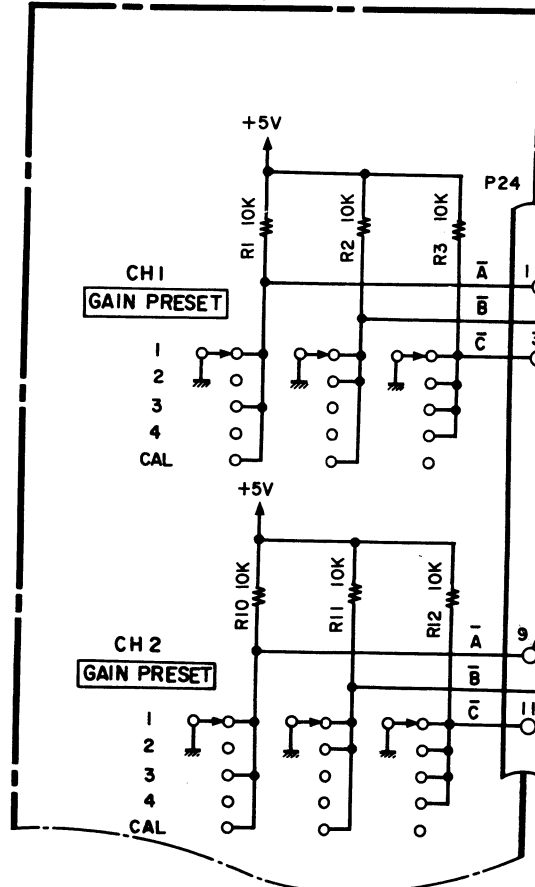
REMOTE UNIT (X77-1180-00)



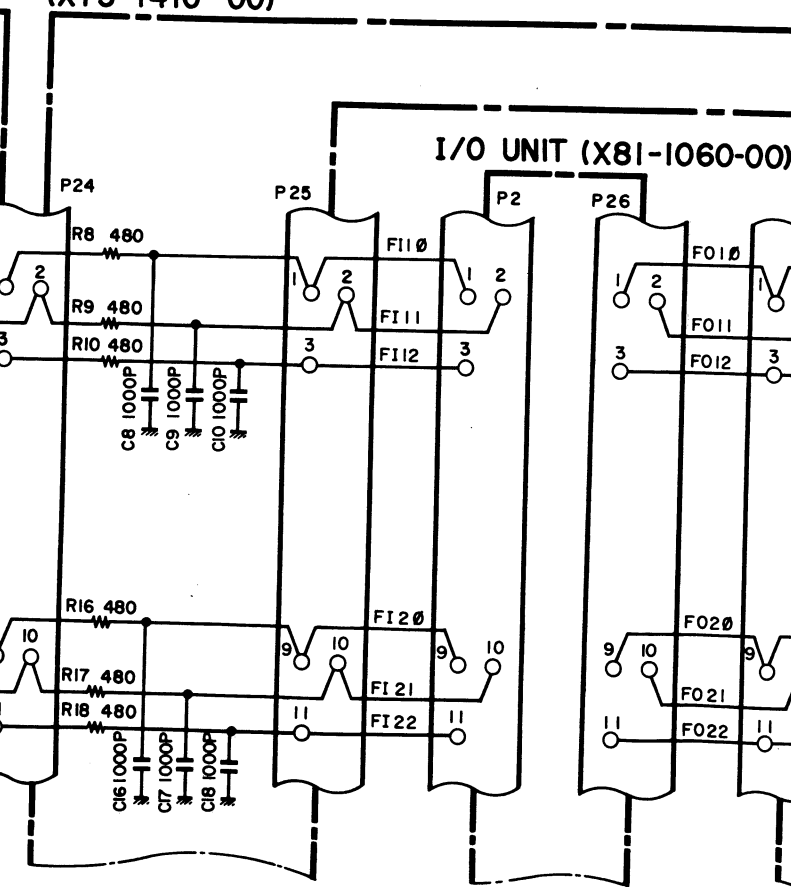
REMOTE CONTROLLER RT-1721



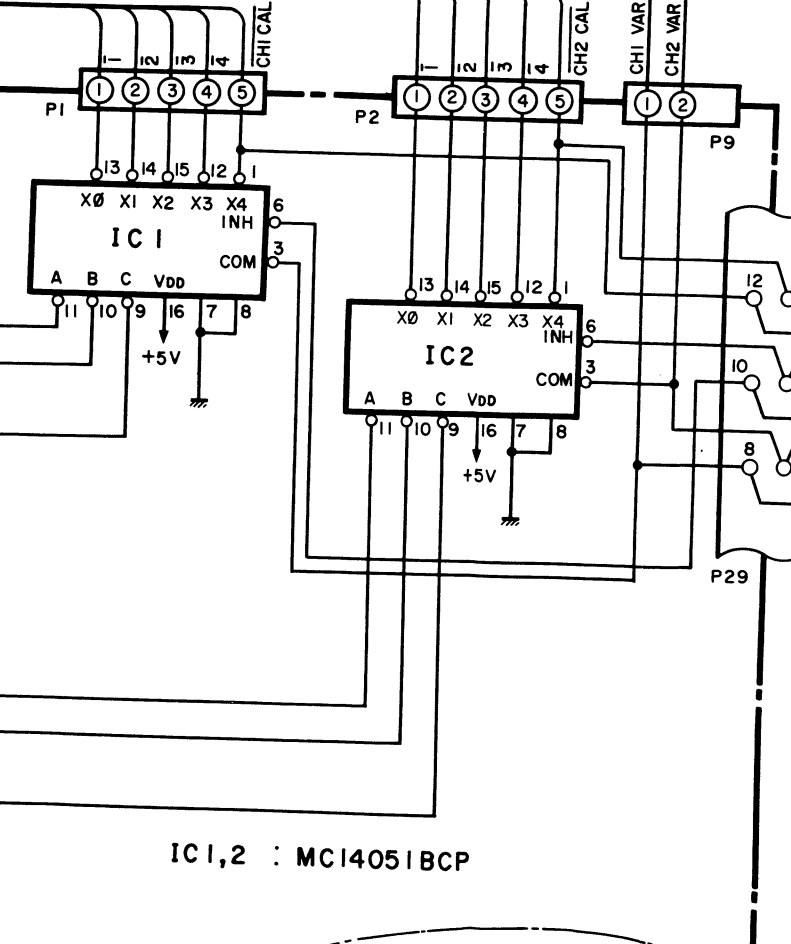
VERTICAL SWITCH UNIT (X73-1400-00)



VERTICAL LOGIC UNIT (X73-1410-00)



I/O UNIT (X81-1060-00)



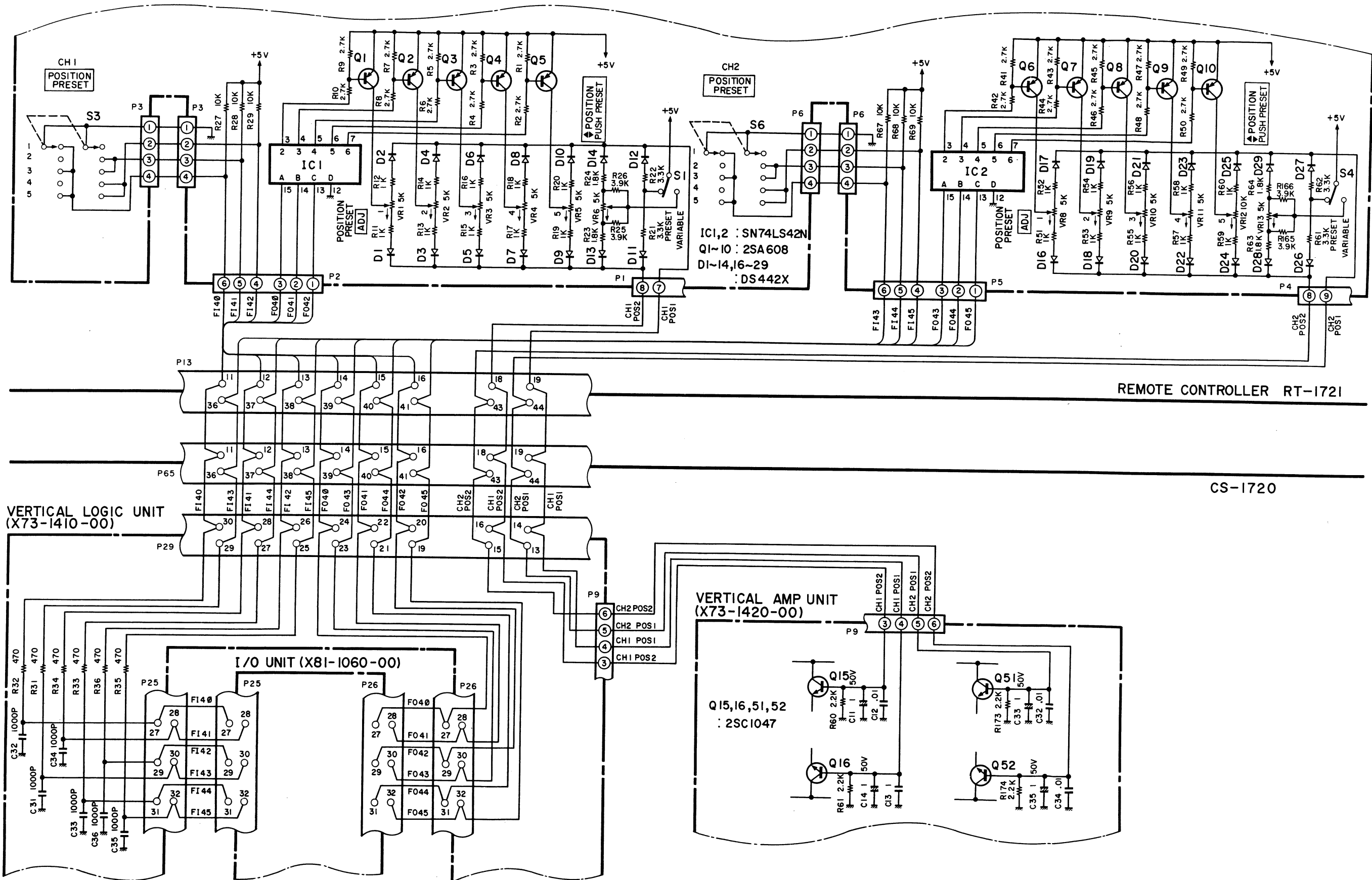
IC1,2 : MCI4051BCP

CB-5020S (50PIN CABLE)

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

CONNECTION DIAGRAM 7-5

REMOTE UNIT (X77-1180-00)

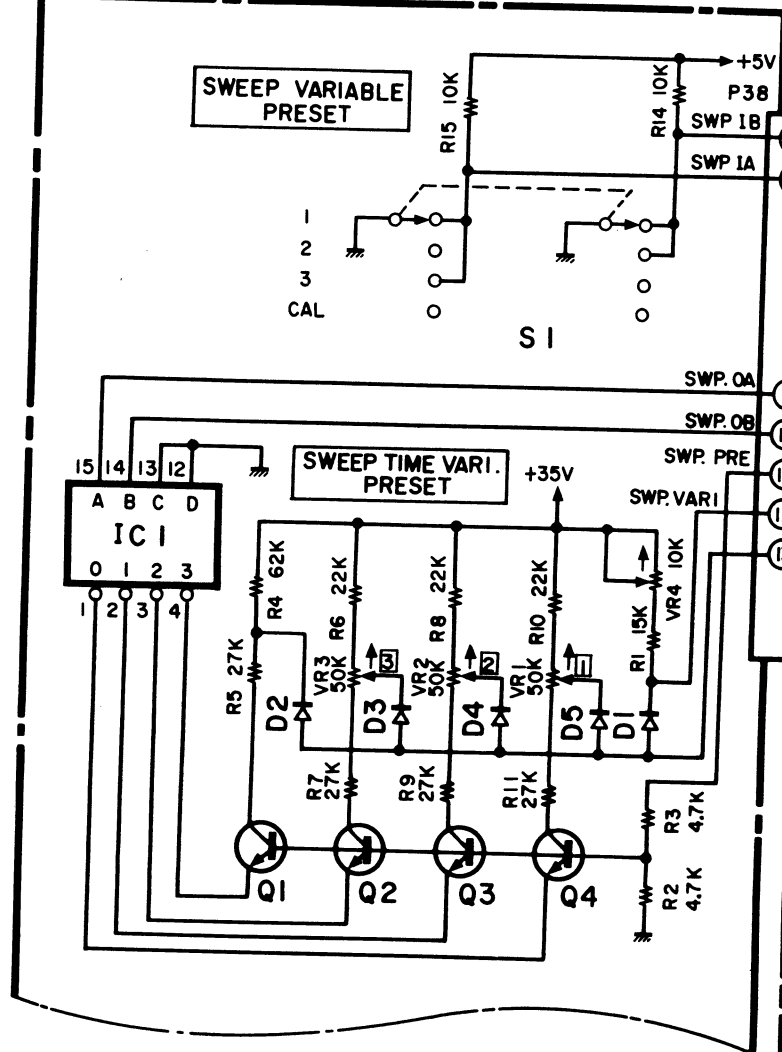


CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

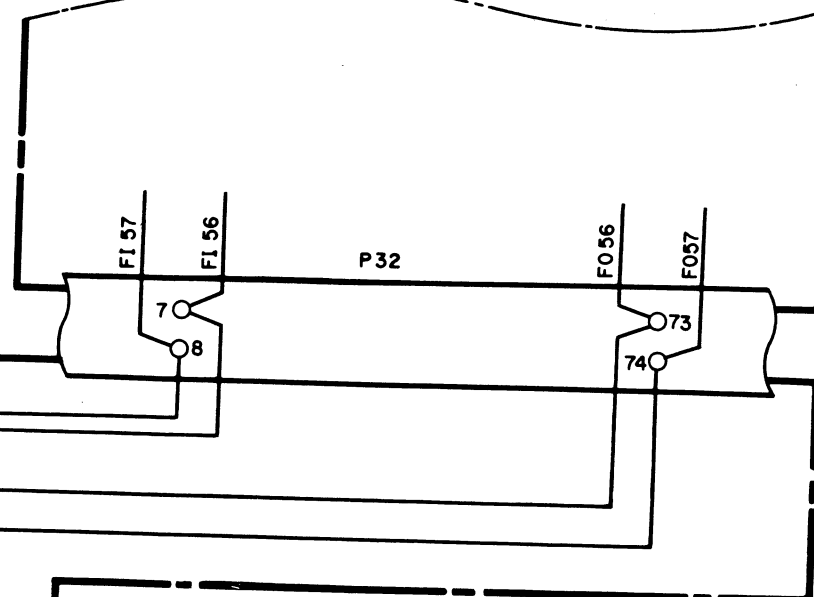
CONNECTION DIAGRAM 7-6

I/O UNIT (X81-1060-00)

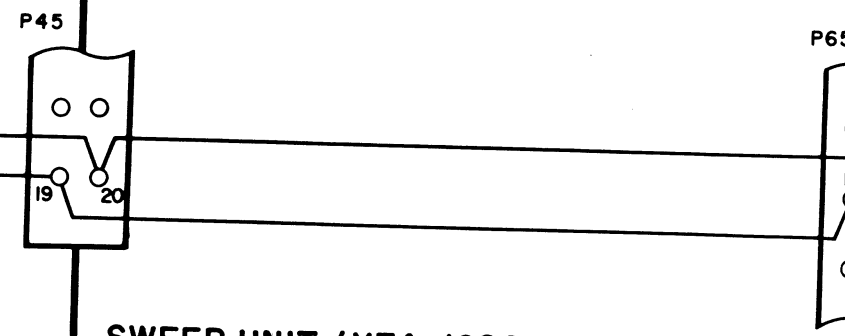
HORIZONTAL SWITCH UNIT
(X74-1260-00)



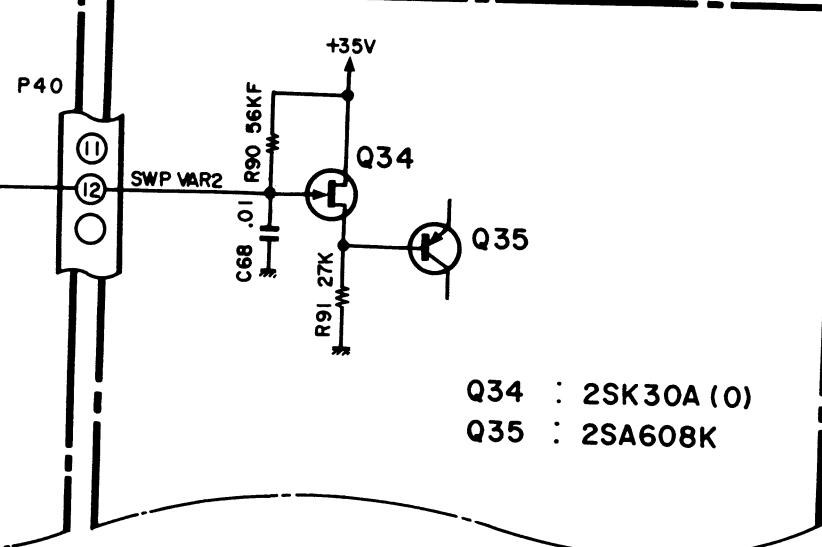
- IC 1 : SN74LS42L
- Q1~4 : 2SC536
- D1~5 : DS442X



CS-1720



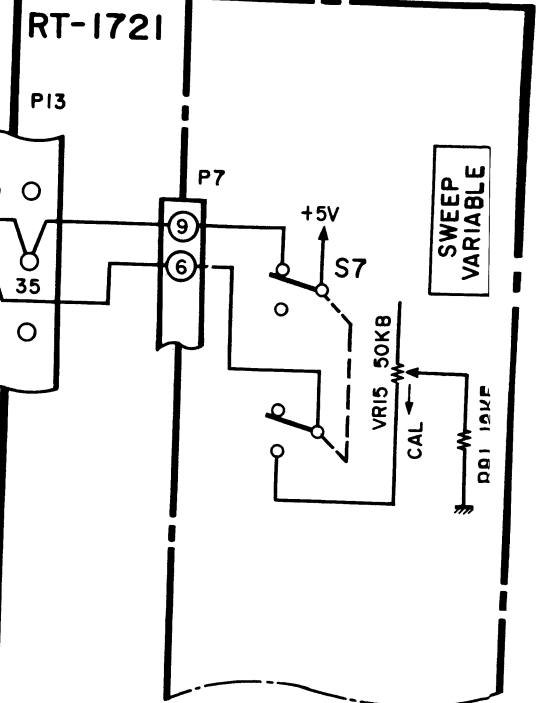
SWEEP UNIT (X74-1280-00)



- Q34 : 2SK30A (0)
- Q35 : 2SA608K

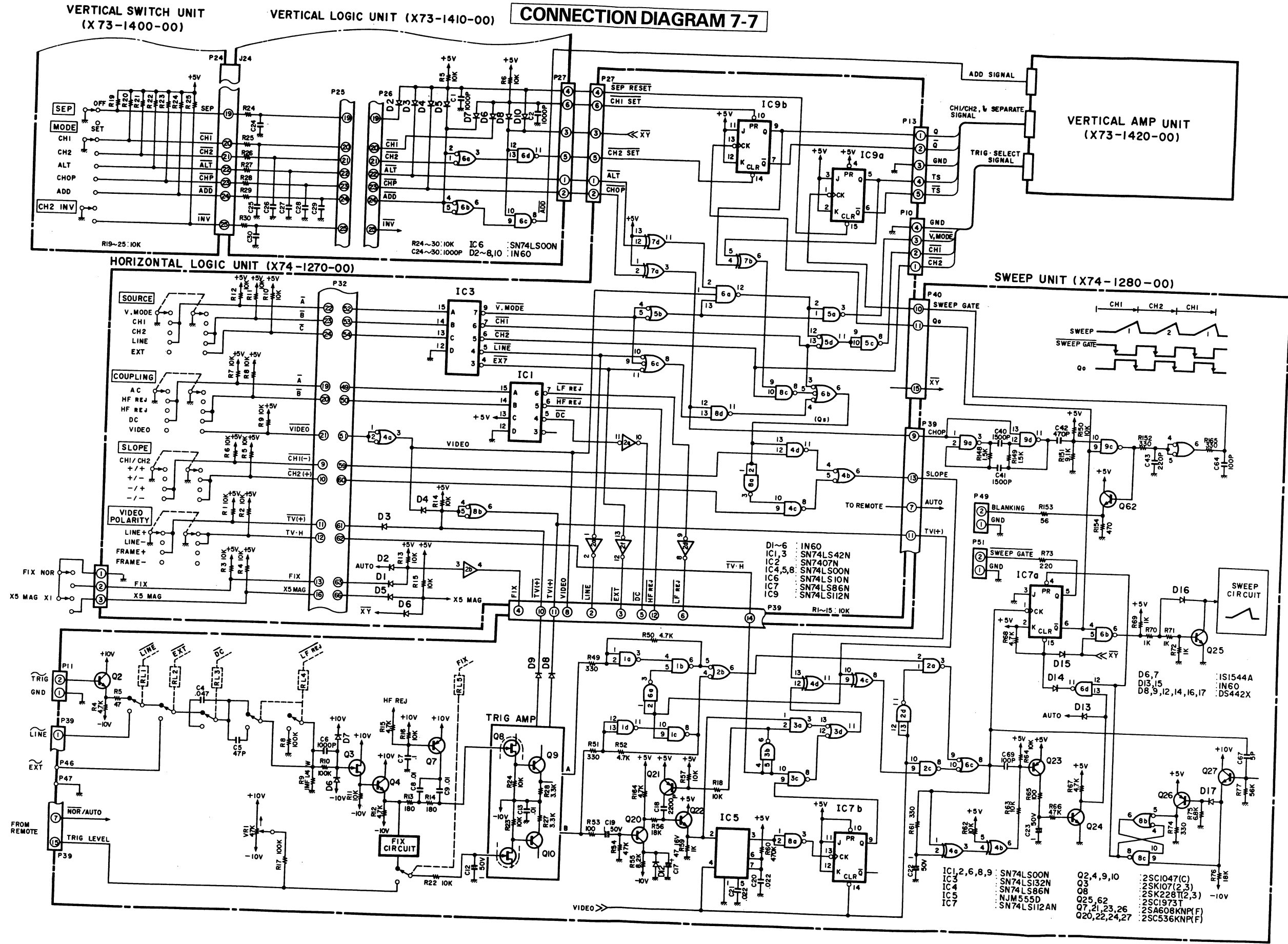
HORIZONTAL LOGIC UNIT
(X74-1270-00)

REMOTE UNIT
(X-77-1180-00)



CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

CONNECTION DIAGRAM 7-7



MAINTENANCE

REMOVAL OF THE CASE

1. Remove the four phillips screws holding the cable wraps on the rear panel of the CS-1720, using a \oplus screwdriver. Holding the front panel of the CS-1720, slide the case off backwards.
2. When replacing the unit in its case, slide it horizontally along the locating rails in the case base plate until the front panel is snug against the case.
3. Replace the cable wrap and screws, and tighten securely.

CAUTION

Potentially high voltage (6 kV) is applied to the CRT and anode cap. Before removing the case, ALWAYS switch off the power, and disconnect the power cable from the socket. If power is reconnected after removing the case BE EXTREMELY CAREFUL not to touch them with your hand or screwdriver.

REMOVAL OR REPLACEMENT OF THE CRT

1. When removing the CRT for repair or maintenance, NEVER remove the CRT band. Remove only the mounting screws, and gently slide the CRT backwards, raise the socket up. If the above procedure is followed, removal of the CRT is easily accomplished. Replacement can be done easily.
2. Insert the CRT carefully. After locating the CRT on the retaining rubbers, tighten the CRT retaining screws loosely. Fix the screws of CRT bands so the CRT is in parallel with the frame and then tighten the screws of CRT mounting hardware.
3. As slots are provided in the CRT bracket, the CRT can be moved right and left, and back and forth. As the bracket is inclined by 45° , the CRT can be positioned in an arbitrary position. To fix the CRT, tighten the CRT retaining screws loosely and fix the CRT to be in parallel with the frame. Then, finally, fix the CRT retaining screws tightly.

CAUTION:

A high tension voltage is remained at the anode of the CRT. Before removing the CRT, connect the anode to the ground via a $100\text{ k}\Omega$ load for 5 seconds to discharge the voltage.

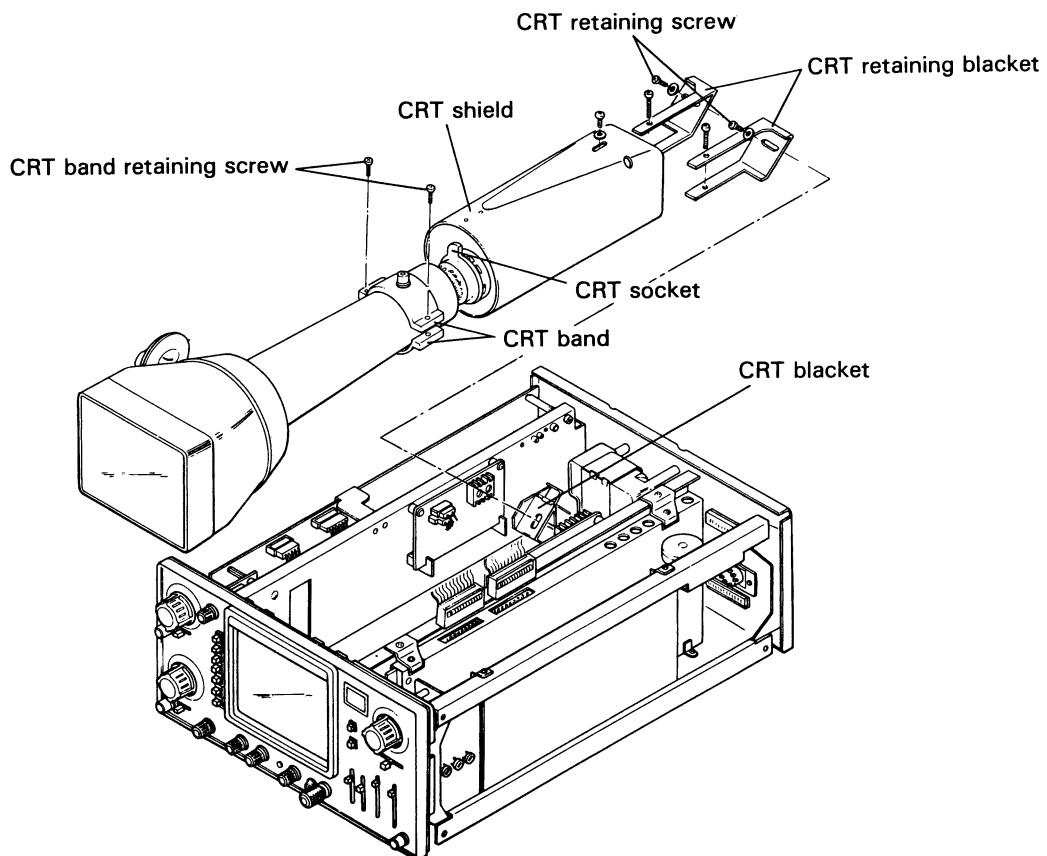


Fig. 8-1

MAINTENANCE

REPLACEMENT OF SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY

The switching power supply is in a shield case at the lower rear of the CS-1720. To remove the switching power supply, first remove the control and sweep units located on the right, and undo the screws holding the unit to the left/right frame.

REMOVING CONTROL UNIT

First take off the two flat cables on the top of the unit, the three screws and the retaining hex. nut for the seven segment STEP LEDs, thereafter remove the connector on the side of the unit. To replace the control unit, follow the reverse procedure.

NOTE

The control unit has CMOS and RAM backup, therefore be sure to avoid handling it, or any of the connected components, roughly.

REPLACING THE BATTERY

If the STEP LEDs flash on and off, it is an indication that the memory backup battery is low, and need replacing. In such a case, it must be changed in the control unit as soon as possible.

1. Remove the control unit from the body of the CS-1720 as previously described.
2. Remove the 8 screws on the shield case. The lithium battery is located on the right side of the P.C.B (X81-1050-00). If after checking the battery level it is less than 2 volts, replace with new battery, taking care to observe correct polarity, as shown on the component side of the printed circuit board.

NOTE

Note that if the backup battery of the Memory pack (MT-1725) is low, the STEP LEDs also flash, on and off.

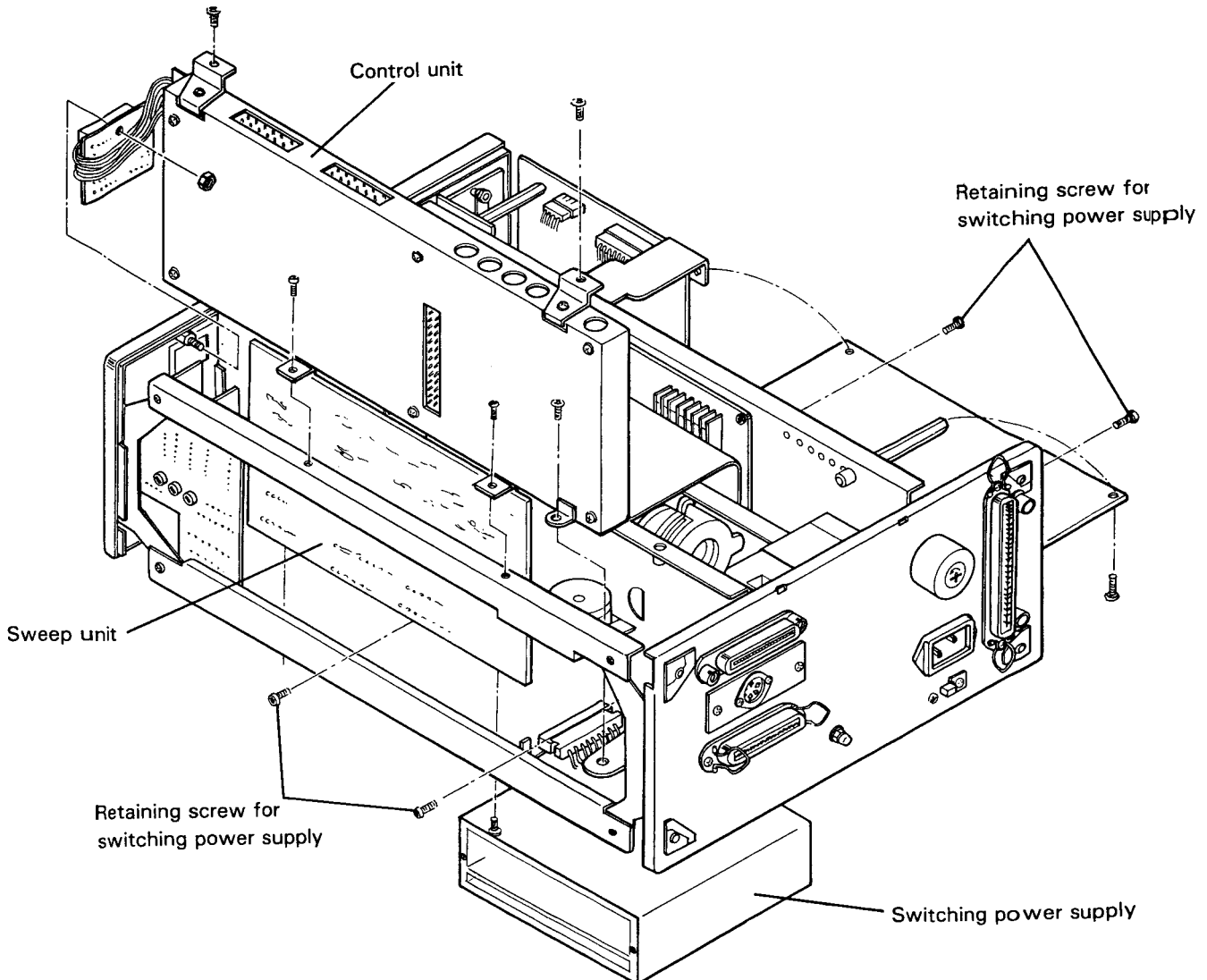


Fig. 8-2

ADJUSTMENT

To obtain the best performance, periodically accurately calibrate the unit.

Sometimes, only one mode need be calibrated, while at other times, all modes should be calibrated.

When one mode is calibrated, it must be noted that the other modes may be affected. When calibrating all modes, perform the calibration in the specified sequence.

The following calibration required an accurate measuring instrument and an insulated adjusting flat blade screwdriver. If they are not available, contact your dealer.

For optimum adjustment, turn the power on and warm up the CS-1720 sufficiently (more than 30 minutes) before starting.

CAUTION:

Calibrate the unit under the following condition.

Temperature: 10 – 35°C

Humidity: Less than 85%

POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE

Before calibrating the unit, check the power supply voltage.

Voltage selector: LOW; 90 – 132V

High; 180 – 264V

50/60 Hz

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The following instrument or their equivalent should be used for making adjustments.

Test Equipment	Model	Minimum Specification
Digital Multi-Meter	DL-720 (TRIO)	Impedance: More than 10 MΩ, Measuring range: 0.01V to 199V
Sine-Wave Generator	SG-502 (Tektronix)	Frequency: 10 Hz to 10 MHz, constant voltage over tuning range
Sine-Wave Generator	SG-503 (Tektronix)	Frequency: 50 kHz to 100 MHz, Output impedance: 50Ω, constant voltage over tuning range
Square-Wave Generator	PG-506 (Tektronix)	Output signal: 1 kHz, Amplitude: 10 mVp-p to 10 Vp-p, Accuracy: within ± 1%, Rise time: 35μs or less (1 MHz, 1μs or less)
Q Meter	4343B (YHP)	—
Color Pattern Generator	CG-911 (TRIO)	—
Oscilloscope	475A (Tektronix)	Sensitivity: More than 5 mV Frequency response: More than 250 MHz
Time-Marker Generator	TG-501 (Tektronix)	Time mark: 0.5s to 0.1μs repetitive waveform, Accuracy: within 0.1%
High-Voltage Probe	—	Input Impedance: 1000 MΩ

Test Equipment	Model	Minimum Specification
Termination	TA-57 (TRIO)	Impedance: 50 Ω
Attenuator	011-0059-02	– 20 dB attenuation (50Ω)
Power Meter	2041 (YEW)	—
Auto transformer (variable)	SD-265 (Tektronix)	—
Power Supply	PR-657 (TRIO)	Output voltage: 0 to 32 V Resolution: 1 mV
Digital Multimeter	8600A FLUKE	4-1/2 digit Resolution: 100 μV
Frequency Counter	FC-754A (TRIO)	—

PREPARATION FOR ADJUSTMENT

Control Setting

The control settings listed below must be used for each adjustment procedure. Exceptions to these settings will be noted as they occur. After completing a adjustment, return the controls to the following settings.

Power Section

POWER ON

CRT Control Section

INTENSITY Between 12 and 3 o'clock
FOCUS Optimum position

Vertical Section

AC-GND-DC (CH1 and CH2) AC
VOLTS/DIV (CH1 and CH2) 5V/div
GAIN PRESET (CH1 and CH2) CAL
MODE CH1
SEP OFF (■)
CH2 INV OFF (■)

Horizontal Sweep Section

SWEEP TIME/DIV 0.5ms/div
SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET CAL
PUSH × 5 MAG × 1 (■)

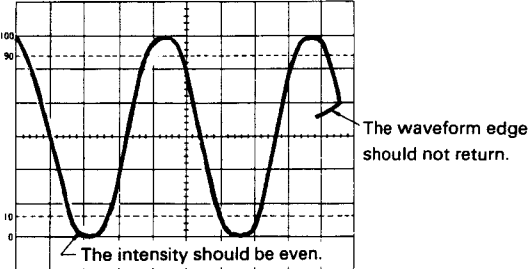
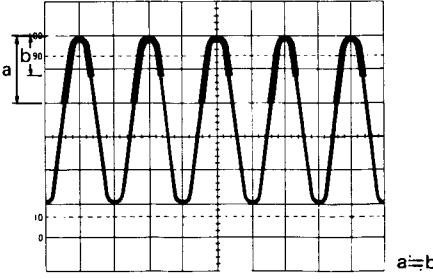
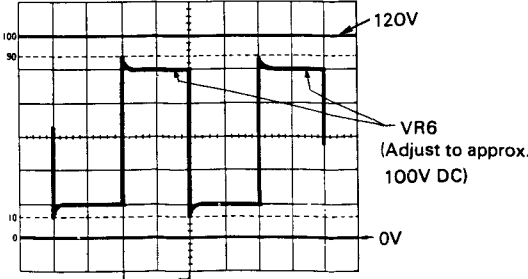
TRIG. Section

SOURCE VERT MODE
COUPLING AC
FIX/MANUAL MANUAL (■)
SLOPE CH1/CH2 +/+
VIDEO POLARITY LINE; +

REMOTE Section (RT-1721)

GAIN PUSH PRESET PUSH, CAL
(CH1 and CH2)
▲ POSITION PRESET 3 (trace centered)
(CH1 and CH2)
▲ POSITION (CH1 and CH2) PUSH, 12 o'clock position
◀▶ POSITION 12 o'clock position
SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET PUSH, CAL
TRIG. LEVEL PUSH, 12 o'clock position

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark																											
ADJUSTMENT OF POWER SUPPLY AND CRT																																		
Checking of Power Supply Voltage			DL-720		Measure and checking of voltage at P43 and P28 <table border="1" style="margin: 5px 0; width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>1P</th> <th>2P</th> <th>3P</th> <th>4P</th> <th>5P</th> <th>6P</th> <th>7P</th> <th>8P</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P28</td> <td>+55V</td> <td>+20V</td> <td>GND</td> <td>+5V</td> <td>+5V</td> <td>+10V</td> <td>-10V</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>P43</td> <td>+120V</td> <td>+55V</td> <td>+20V</td> <td>GND</td> <td>+5V</td> <td>+5V</td> <td>+10V</td> <td>-10V</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		1P	2P	3P	4P	5P	6P	7P	8P	P28	+55V	+20V	GND	+5V	+5V	+10V	-10V		P43	+120V	+55V	+20V	GND	+5V	+5V	+10V	-10V		
	1P	2P	3P	4P	5P	6P	7P	8P																										
P28	+55V	+20V	GND	+5V	+5V	+10V	-10V																											
P43	+120V	+55V	+20V	GND	+5V	+5V	+10V	-10V																										
Adjustment of -1.5kV	VR3	X68-1350	DL-720 High voltage probe		Measure the voltage on P60, 2P and adjust VR3 to obtain -1.5kV (1.500-1.505kV)																													
Coarse Adjustment of ASTIG and FOCUS	VR5	X68-1350		SWEEP TIME/DIV: X-Y CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: GND CH1, CH2, POSITION: Pulled out	1. Operate POSITION for CH1 and CH2 to position the spot in the center of the CRT screen. 2. Adjust VR5 to make the spot round and smaller with locating FOCUS knob on the center.																													
Adjustment of INTENSITY	VR1	X68-1350		SWEEP TIME/DIV: X-Y CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: GND CH1, CH2, POSITION: Pulled out	Adjust VR1 so that the spot on the CRT screen disappears when INTENSITY is set in the position of 9:30-10:00																													
Adjustment of Blanking	TC2	X68-1350	SG-503	SWEEP TIME/DIV: 0.2μs CH1, AC-GND-DC: DC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 1V INTENSITY: Fully CW	1. Apply a 1MHz sine wave signal to CH1 input and operate POSITION and CH1 VOLTS/DIV to display a waveform of 6 divisions vertical amplitude. 2. Adjust TC2 so that the start point of waveform has even brightness and there is no retrace.																													
Adjustment of Z-Axis Input Blanking	TC1	X68-1350	SG-503	SWEEP TIME/DIV: 5μs CH1, AC-GND-DC: DC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 1V	1. Apply a 100 kHz, 5Vp-p sine wave signal to CH1 input to display a waveform of 5 divisions vertical amplitude. 2. Apply the same signal above to Z-axis input and turn INTENSITY to CCW so that the dark and bright area of the waveform are distinct. 3. Adjust TC1 so that the bright area of sine waveform is symmetrical to the peak point.																													
Adjustment of Auto FOCUS Level	VR2	X68-1350	475A Probe (1/10)	INTENSITY: Fully CW SWEEP TIME/DIV: 20μs	1. Set the oscilloscope (475A) for the vertical axis sensitivity at 2V/div. 2. Observe the waveform of the auto focus display point on the AUTO FOCUS circuit (collector of Q10), and adjust VR2 so that the upper DC level of the square waveform is approx. 100V (more than 95V).		Be sure that the AC-GND-DC selector switch of the oscilloscope (475A) is at "DC" position.																											

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark
Adjustment of Auto FOCUS waveform Forming	TC3	X68-1350	475A Probe (1/10)	INTENSITY: Fully CW CH1 AC-GND-DC: GND	Vary SWEEP TIME/DIV from 0.1 ms to 0.2 μ s and adjust TC3 so that the start of trace become an ideal waveform.		
Adjustment of CRT Center	VR2	X73-1430		TRIG LEVEL: Pushed in	Short-circuit the test point (TP1) of X73-1420 and adjust VR2 so that the trace aligns with the horizontal center graticule line.		
Adjustment of Vertical Geometry	VR1	X73-1430	DL-720		Short the short-circuit the test point (TP1) of the X73-1420 and adjust VR1 for 28V \pm 0.5V reading on the voltmeter.		
Adjustment of ASTIG and FOCUS	VR5	X68-1350		SWEEP TIME/DIV: X-Y CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: GND	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Operate \blacklozenge POSITION for CH1 and CH2 so that the spot is brought into the center of the screen. Adjust VR5 to make the spot round and smaller. (Check) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Make sure that the spot grows larger when the FOCUS is turned CW or CCW. Make sure that the FOCUS is in a centered position when the spot is smallest. 		Be sure to bring the spot into the center of the screen. It may be difficult to obtain the correct adjusting position near the edge of the screen due to the CRT peripheral blur.
Adjustment of Trace Rotation	Trace rotation knob			MODE: CH1 TRIG LEVEL: AUTO CH1, AC-GND-DC: GND	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Operate \blacklozenge POSITION for CH1 to move the trace to the center of the screen. Make adjustment to align the trace with the horizontal center graticule line. 		
ADJUSTMENT OF VERTICAL AXIS							
Adjustment of CH1 ATT BAL	VR11	X75-1120		MODE: CH1 CH1, AC-GND-DC: DC TRIG LEVEL: AUTO	Adjust VR11 for minimum or zero movement to CH1 10mV reference line when set CH1 VOLTS/DIV to 2mV. (Check) Movement of trace in all ranges should be within \pm 0.1 div.		
Adjustment of CH2 ATT BAL	VR12	X75-1130		MODE: CH2 TRIG LEVEL: AUTO CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC	Adjustment is carried out as for CH1 ATT adjustment above.		
Adjustment of CH1 DC BAL	VR1	X73-1420		CH1, AC-GND-DC: GND CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH1, GAIN: Pulled out	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Turn CH1 GAIN to fully CCW. Operate \blacklozenge POSITION so that the trace aligns with the horizontal center graticule line on the screen. Pull CH1 GAIN and turn to fully CW (CAL). If the trace moves vertically, adjust VR1 for minimum or zero movement. Repeat above procedures. (Check) Movement of trace: within 0.2 div. 		
Adjustment of CH2 DC BAL	VR4	X73-1420		CH2, AC-GND-DC: GND CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH2, GAIN: Pulled out	Adjustment is carried out as for CH1 DC BAL adjustment above.		
Adjustment of CH1 GAIN VARI	VR5	X75-1130	PG-506 BNC-BNC cord	MODE: CH1 TRIG LEVEL: AUTO CH1, AC-GND-DC: DC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH1, GAIN: Pulled out, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a 1kHz, 10mVp-p square wave signal to CH1 input. Operate CH1 \blacklozenge POSITION to produce a waveform on the center of the screen. Adjust VR5 to become the waveform smaller in 12 o'clock position by pulling the CH1 GAIN and turning CCW. 		
Adjustment of CH2 GAIN VARI	VR10	X75-1130		MODE: CH2 TRIG LEVEL: AUTO CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH2, GAIN: Pulled out, CAL	Adjustment is carried out as for CH1 GAIN VARI adjustment above.		

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark												
Adjustment of CH1 GAIN	VR3	X74-1420	PG-506 BNC-BNC cord	MODE: CH1 CH1, AC-GND-DC: DC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH1, GAIN: Pulled out, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply a 10mVp-p, 1kHz square wave signal to CH1 input. 2. Operate CH1 \blacktriangledown POSITION to display a waveform on the center of the screen. 3. Adjust VR3 so that the amplitude of waveform becomes 5 divisions. (Check) Turn CH1 VOLTS/DIV and apply a reference signal to display a 4 to 6 div amplitude waveform when the MODE CH1 and CH1 SEP pushbuttons are depressed respectively in all ranges. Sensitivity error: within $\pm 5\%$		(Reference) Method of calculation of sensitivity error. $\text{Sensitivity error} = \frac{a-b}{b} \times 100\%$ a = CRT screen amplitude b = Input signal voltage/ VOLTS/DIV settings												
Adjustment of CH2 GAIN	VR9	X73-1420	PG-506 BNC-BNC cord	MODE: CH2 CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH2, GAIN: Pushed in, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. With MODE CH2, apply a 10mVp-p, 1kHz square wave signal to CH2 input. 2. Adjustment is carried out as for CH1 GAIN adjustment above. (Check) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn CH2 VOLTS/DIV and apply a reference signal to display a 4 to 6 div vertical amplitude waveform when the MODE CH2 and CH2 SEP pushbuttons are depressed respectively in all ranges. Check that the sensitivity error is within $\pm 5\%$. 2. Apply a 10mVp-p, 1kHz square wave signal to both CH1 and CH2 inputs. Depress ADD and CH2 INV of MODE and select SOURCE switch to CH1. By using both CH1 and CH2 \blacktriangledown POSITION, two traces should align on the center of the screen. Channel error between CH1 and CH2: 0.1 div at 1kHz. 														
Checking of CH1 and CH2 GAIN VARI			PG-506 BNC-BNC cord	CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC CH1, CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH1, CH2, GAIN: Pulled out, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. With MODE CH1, apply a 10mVp-p, 1kHz square wave signal to CH1 input. 2. When the GAIN control is turned to fully CCW, the sensitivity should be within 1/2.5 in comparison with CAL position. 3. Select MODE to CH2, and carry out the same procedure as for CH1 above. 														
Checking of CH1 GAIN PRESET and Setting	VR1 VR2 VR3 VR4	X75-1130	PG-506	MODE: CH1 CH1, AC-GND-DC: DC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH1, GAIN: Pushed in, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply a 10mVp-p, 1kHz square wave signal to CH1 input. 2. Set GAIN PRESET to position (1) and adjust VR1 so that its sensitivity becomes less than 1/2.5 when rotated GAIN PRESET adjustment control (1) on the left side panel to CCW. 3. Adjust VR2 to VR4 in the same procedure for step (1) and (2). 4. After checking the above procedure, adjust CH1 GAIN PRESET VR as in the table below. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>GAIN PRESET</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>CAL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Setting (div)</td> <td>MIN</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> </tr> </table>	GAIN PRESET	1	2	3	4	CAL	Setting (div)	MIN	3	4	5	6		
GAIN PRESET	1	2	3	4	CAL														
Setting (div)	MIN	3	4	5	6														
Checking of CH2 GAIN PRESET and Setting	VR6 VR7 VR8 VR9	X75-1130	PG-506	MODE: CH2 CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH2, GAIN: Pushed in, CAL	Carry out the same procedure as for CH1 above.														

ADJUSTMENT

Item#	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark												
Adjustment of CH1 \updownarrow POSITION	VR2	X73-1420		MODE: CH1 CH1, AC-GND-DC: GND CH1, \updownarrow POSITION: Pushed in, center CH1, POSITION PRESET: 3, mechanical center	<p>1. Adjust VR2 so that the trace aligns with the horizontal center graticule line on the screen. (Check)</p> <p>1. When CH1 POSITION PRESET through 1 to 5 is turned to fully CW, the trace must move upward more than 4 divisions and it must move downward more than 4 divisions when turned to fully CCW.</p> <p>2. When CH1 \updownarrow POSITION is pulled out and turned to CW and CCW, the trace should move at least ± 2 div from POSITION PRESET settings.</p> <p>3. By adjusting VR for 1 to 5, CH1 POSITION PRESET settings should be as in the table below.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>POSITION PRESET</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Trace position (div)</td> <td>+4</td> <td>+2</td> <td>center</td> <td>-2</td> <td>-4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	POSITION PRESET	1	2	3	4	5	Trace position (div)	+4	+2	center	-2	-4		
POSITION PRESET	1	2	3	4	5														
Trace position (div)	+4	+2	center	-2	-4														
Adjustment of CH2 \updownarrow POSITION	VR5	X73-1420		MODE: CH2 CH2, AC-GND-DC: GND CH2, \updownarrow POSITION: Pushed in, center CH2, POSITION PRESET: 3, mechanical center	For CH2 adjustment and checking, carry out same procedure as for CH1 above.														
Adjustment of CH2 INV Position	VR6	X73-1420		CH2, AC-GND-DC: GND CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV CH2, INV: Pushed in	Adjust VR6 to bring the trace to its position at CH2 NORM. (Check) 1. Vertical deviation between CH2 NORM and INV: within 1div 2. The trace should move more than 4 divisions upward when turned CH2 \updownarrow POSITION fully CW and it should move more than 4 divisions downward when turned fully CCW.														
Checking of trace movement in DISPLAY MODE				CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: GND CH1, CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV	1. When changing the MODE switch from CH1 to CH2, ALT, CHOP or ADD, the trace movement should be within 0.2div.														
Checking of SEPARATE PRESET and Setting	VR13	X75-1130	PG-506	CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC CH1, CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 5mV CH1, CH2, \updownarrow POSITION: center (main sweep)	<p>1. Depress both CH1 and SEP pushbuttons of MODE or both CH2 and SEP pushbuttons. When turned SEPARATE PRESET (VR13) to CW on the left side panel, the SEP trace should move more than 4 divisions upward from main trace and when turned to CCW, it should move more than 4 divisions downward.</p> <p>2. Set the SEP trace to -3div position to main trace using VR13.</p> <p>3. Check the SEP trace moves together if turned CH1 or CH2 \updownarrow POSITION.</p> <p>4. Select MODE to CH1 and apply a 10mV, 1kHz square wave signal to CH1 input. Check that in SLOPE CH1 side +/-, MAIN sweep, and in SLOPE CH2 side +/-, SUB sweep are both displayed.</p> <p>5. When selected MODE to CH2 if applied the same signal to CH2 input, the MAIN and SUB sweeps are reversed.</p>														
Checking of Trace Movement in AC-GND-DC					In both CH1 and CH2 position, by using AC-GND-DC switch, trace movement should not vary beyond 0.1 div.														

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark																													
Adjustment of CH1 ATT and CH2 ATT		X75-1130	434B PG-506	CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC	<p>1. Shaping of waveform Apply a 1kHz square wave signal to CH1 and CH2 inputs and adjust the oscillator output to display a waveform of 5 to 6 divisions vertical amplitude. Make adjustment so that the waveform quality of each range is equal to that of the 2mV range.</p> <p>2. Input capacitance Connect a Q-meter to CH1 and CH2 inputs and make adjustment so that the input capacitance of each range is equal to that to the 2mV range. (37 ± 3pF)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sequence</th> <th>Adjustment</th> <th>Adj control</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="4" style="text-align: center;">CH1</td> <td>1</td> <td>20 mV range Waveform shaping</td> <td>TC4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>20 mV range Input capacity</td> <td>TC3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0.2 V range Waveform shaping</td> <td>TC2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>0.2 V range Input capacity</td> <td>TC1</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="4" style="text-align: center;">CH2</td> <td>1</td> <td>20 mV range Waveform shaping</td> <td>TC8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>20 mV range Input capacity</td> <td>TC7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0.2 V range Waveform shaping</td> <td>TC6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>0.2 V range Input capacity</td> <td>TC5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Sequence	Adjustment	Adj control	CH1	1	20 mV range Waveform shaping	TC4	2	20 mV range Input capacity	TC3	3	0.2 V range Waveform shaping	TC2	4	0.2 V range Input capacity	TC1	CH2	1	20 mV range Waveform shaping	TC8	2	20 mV range Input capacity	TC7	3	0.2 V range Waveform shaping	TC6	4	0.2 V range Input capacity	TC5		
Sequence	Adjustment	Adj control																																		
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	4	0.2 V range Input capacity	TC1																																	
CH2	1	20 mV range Waveform shaping	TC8																																	
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	3	0.2 V range Waveform shaping	TC6																																	
	4	0.2 V range Input capacity	TC5																																	
Adjustment of CH1 Square Wave Characteristics	TC1 VR11 TC1	X73-1430 X73-1420 X73-1420	PG-506	CH1, AC-GND-DC: DC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV	<p>1. Apply a 100kHz short rise time square wave signal to CH1 input and adjust the oscillator output to display a waveform of 6 divisions vertical amplitude.</p> <p>2. The waveform is shaped by carrying out adjustment in following order. TC1.....low range adjustment VR11.....mid and high ranges adjustment TC1.....high range adjustment</p>																															
Adjustment of CH2 Square Waveform Characteristics	TC2 TC3	X73-1420 X73-1420	PG-506	MODE: CH2 CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV	<p>1. Apply the above same signal to CH2 input and adjust in the same way as for CH1 above. TC2.....mid range adjustment TC3.....high range adjustment</p> <p>(Check)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Overshoot :less than 5% 2. Undershoot :less than 3.5% 3. Carry out adjustment for all range. 																															
Checking of CH1 and CH2 Frequency Characteristics			SG-503 50Ω coaxial cable 50Ω, 20dB attenuator	CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn CH1 VOLTS/DIV to 2mV and apply a 50kHz sine wave signal to CH1 input. Adjust the oscillator output to display a waveform of 6 divisions vertical amplitude. 2. When the frequency is varied to 20MHz with the oscillator output remaining output, the amplitude on the screen must be over 4.25 divisions and there must be no sudden dips and peaks during attenuation. 3. Carry out the same way for CH2. 																															

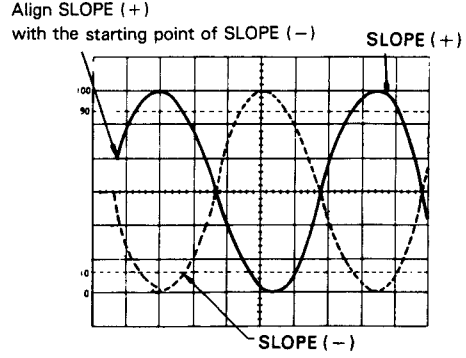
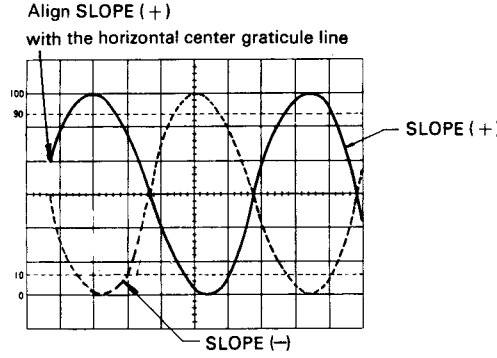
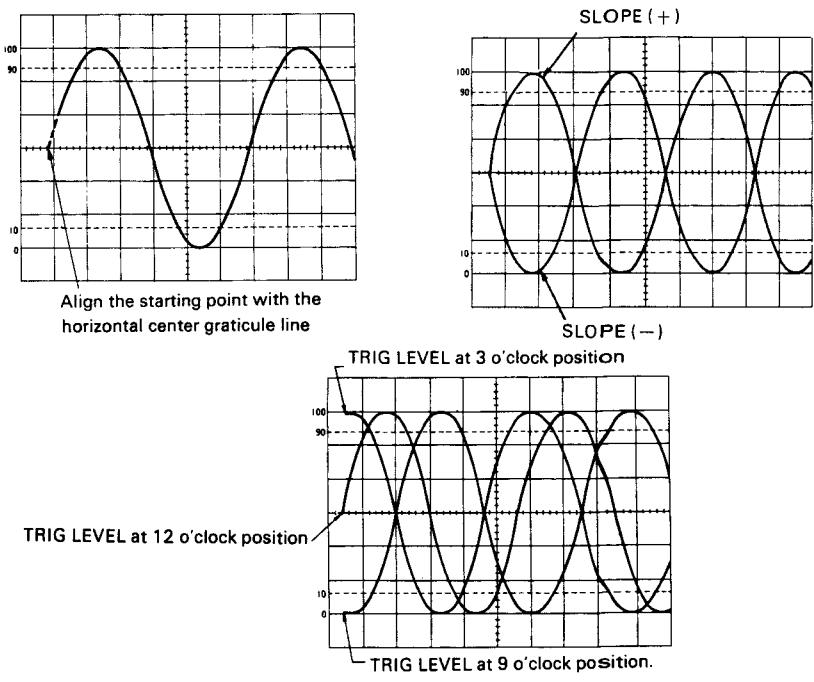
ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark
ADJUSTMENT OF HORIZONTAL SWEEP							
Adjustment of Sweep Time	VR4	X74-1280	TG-501	CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 0.5V SWEEP TIME/DIV: 1ms SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET: CAL SWEEP TIME VARI: Pushed in, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a 0.1ms marker signal to CH1 input. Operate ◀▶ POSITION to bring the first peak of the marker signal to left end of the graticule line and adjust VR4 for the 11th peak to the right end of the graticule line. 		
Adjustment of SWEEP TIME VARI	VR4	X74-1260	TG-501	CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 0.5V SWEEP TIME/DIV: 1ms SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET: CAL SWEEP TIME VARI: Pushed in, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> After carrying out the above adjustment, set SWEEP TIME VARI control to pulled out; CAL. Adjust as for pushed in above. 		
Adjustment of Sweep Length	VR5	X74-1280	TG-501	CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 0.5V SWEEP TIME/DIV: 1ms SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET: CAL SWEEP TIME VARI: Pushed in, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a 1ms marker signal to CH1 input. Adjust VR5 to display 11 peaks. (Check) Specification on all ranges: 10.5-13 div. 		(Note) The waveform moves 2 div leftward and by turning ◀▶ POSITION to CCW and is able to observe 11th peak at the right end of the graticule line.
Adjustment of Sweep Position	VR6	X74-1280		TRIG LEVEL: Pushed in	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set CH1 AC-GND-DC to GND to bring the trace to the center of the CRT screen. Turn ◀▶ POSITION to fully CW and measure the deviation between the start point of the trace and the center of the screen. Turn ◀▶ POSITION to fully CCW and measure the deviation between the ending point of the trace and the center of the screen. Make adjustment so that these deviations will have the same width. Width error: within ±0.5 div 		
Adjustment of ×5 MAG Gain	VR1	X74-1290	TG-501	CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 0.5V SWEEP TIME/DIV: 1ms SWEEP TIME VARI: CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a 1ms marker signal to CH1 input to display a waveform of about 2 divisions vertical amplitude. Align the first peak of the marker signal with the left end of the graticule line and 11th peak with the right end and depress ×5 MAG knob. Adjust VR1 so that the peak-to-peak distance is 5 divisions. (Check) Specification on all ranges: 5 times within ±5% 		

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark															
Adjustment of $\times 5$ MAG Center	VR2	X74-1290	TG-501	SWEEP TIME/DIV: 1ms CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 0.5V SWEEP TIME VARI: CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a 5ms marker signal to CH1 input to display 3 peaks waveform. Operate $\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright$ POSITION to bring the central peak to the vertical center graticule line. Adjust VR2 so that the waveform will be aligned with vertical center graticule line when the $\times 5$ MAG knob is depressed. (Check) When depressed and released alternately, check that the center of the waveform does not move. Center deviation of $\times 5$ MAG: within ± 1 div	<p style="text-align: center;">Align with center vertical graticule line.</p>																
Adjustment of Sweep Time, $0.2\mu s$	TC1	X74-1290	TG-501		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> With SWEEP TIME/DIV set to $0.2\mu s$, apply a $0.2\mu s$ marker signal to CH1 input. Adjust TC1 so that the each peak corresponds to each vertical graticule line. 																	
Checking of Sweep Time Error in All Ranges					<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a reference time marker signal for each range of SWEEP TIME/DIV. Measure the time error rate and make sure that it is within the specification limits. Specification: within $\pm 5\%$																	
Checking of SWEEP TIME VARI			TG-501	SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET: CAL SWEEP TIME VARI: Pushed in, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a reference time marker signal for each range of SWEEP TIME/DIV and align each peak with the vertical graticule line. When pulled out SWEEP TIME VARI and turned to fully CCW, sweep rate should be within $1/2.5$ in comparison with CAL position. 																	
Checking of SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET	VR1 VR2 VR3	X74-1260	TG-501	SWEEP TIME VARI PRESET: CAL SWEEP TIME VARI: Pushed in, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a reference time marker signal for each range of SWEEP TIME/DIV and align each peak with the vertical graticule line. Set SWEEP TIME PRESET to position (1) and adjust VR1 so that its sweep time rate becomes less than $1/2.5$ when rotated SWEEP TIME PRESET adjustment control (1) on the right side panel to CCW. Adjust VR2 and VR3 in the same procedure as the step for VR1. After checking the above procedure, check that the value for PRESET (3), (2) and (1) are one division less in that order, as shown in the table below. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>SWEEP TIME PRESET</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>CAL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Adj control</td> <td>VR1</td> <td>VR2</td> <td>VR3</td> <td>—</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Setting (div)</td> <td>7</td> <td>8</td> <td>9</td> <td>10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	SWEEP TIME PRESET	1	2	3	CAL	Adj control	VR1	VR2	VR3	—	Setting (div)	7	8	9	10		
SWEEP TIME PRESET	1	2	3	CAL																		
Adj control	VR1	VR2	VR3	—																		
Setting (div)	7	8	9	10																		

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark
ADJUSTMENT OF TRIGGERING							
Adjustment of FIX Trig Slope	VR3	X74-1280	SG-502	CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 5mV MODE: CH1 SWEEP TIME/DIV: 0.2ms MANUAL/FIX: FIX (■) SOURCE: VERT MODE COUPLING: AC SLOPE: CH1 + TRIG LEVEL: Pushed in, AUTO	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply a 1kHz sine wave signal to CH1 input and adjust the oscillator output to display a waveform of 4 to 6 divisions vertical amplitude. 2. Operate \blacktriangledown POSITION so that the waveform may have an amplitude equally above and below the horizontal center graticule line. 3. Adjust VR3 so that the start point of the waveform is the same for both when selected SLOPE CH1 (+) to (-) alternately. 	<p>Align SLOPE (+) with the starting point of SLOPE (-)</p> 	
Adjustment of FIX Trig Center	VR2	X74-1280	SG-502	CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 5mV MODE: CH1 SWEEP TIME/DIV: 0.2ms MANUAL/FIX: FIX (■) SOURCE: VERT MODE COUPLING: AC SLOPE: CH1 + TRIG LEVEL: Pushed in, CAL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After carrying out the above, adjust VR2 so that the start point of waveform is on the horizontal center graticule line. 2. Adjust the oscillator output to display a waveform of less than 1 division vertical amplitude. Adjust VR2 (VR3) to obtain the stable synchronization when selected (+) to (-) alternately. 	<p>Align SLOPE (+) with the horizontal center graticule line</p> 	
Adjustment of Trig Level (1)	VR1	X74-1280	SG-502	CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 5mV SWEEP TIME/DIV: 0.2ms MANUAL/FIX: MANUAL (■) SOURCE: VERT MODE COUPLING: AC SLOPE CH1/CH2: +/+ TRIG LEVEL: Pushed in, AUTO MODE: CH1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Set TRIG LEVEL to 12 o'clock position. 2. Apply a 1kHz sine wave signal to CH1 input to display a waveform of 4 to 6 divisions vertical amplitude. 3. Operate \blacktriangledown POSITION to move the waveform so that its amplitude is equally above and below the horizontal center graticule line. 4. Adjust VR1 so that the start point of waveform is on the horizontal center graticule line. <p>(Check)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When CH1 and CH2 SLOPE is alternately turned to (+) and (-), the start point must be always on the horizontal center graticule line. 2. With SLOPE remaining in the position of (+), when turned TRIG LEVEL to CW toward 3 o'clock from near 9 o'clock, the waveform is as shown at right. 3. Adjust the oscillator output so that the waveform amplitude becomes 0.5 division and make sure that synchronization can be obtained by TRIG LEVEL. 		

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark																																				
Adjustment of Trig Level (2)	VR10 VR12 VR13	X73-1420	SG-502	CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 5mV SWEEP TIME/DIV: 0.2ms MANUAL/FIX: MANUAL (■) SOURCE: VERT MODE COUPLING: AC SLOPE CH1/CH2: +/+ TRIG LEVEL: Pushed in, AUTO MODE: CH1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply a 1kHz sine wave signal to CH1 input to display a waveform of 4 to 6 divisions vertical amplitude. 2. Operate \updownarrow POSITION to move the waveform so that its amplitude is equally above and below the horizontal center graticule line. 3. Operate TRIG LEVEL knob so that the start point of the waveform is on the horizontal center graticule line. 4. When COUPLING is changed from AC to DC in each range of SOURCE in VERT MODE, CH1 and CH2, adjust VR10, VR12 and VR13 so that the start point of the waveform is located on the horizontal center graticule line. VERT MODE.....VR10 CH1.....VR12 CH2.....VR13 5. Adjust the oscillator output to display a sine waveform of less than 1 division amplitude and carry out step (4) above again in the center of the screen. 																																						
Checking of Trig Sensitivity			SG-502 SG-503 CG-911		<p>(I) INT</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply a sine wave signal to CH1 input, vary the oscillator output and operate TRIG LEVEL to measure the minimum synchronization amplitude on the screen. Confirm synchronization by each check frequency. 2. Check CH2 as for CH1 above. <p>(II) VIDEO</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply a VIDEO signal to CH1 input, vary the oscillator output and operate TRIG LEVEL to measure and check the minimum synchronization amplitude on the screen. Confirm synchronization by each check frequency. 2. Check CH2 as for CH1 above. <p>(III) EXT</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply a signal synchronized to CH1 input to EXT input and adjust the oscillator output to measure and check the minimum amplitude. 2. Check CH2 as for CH1 above. 																																						
Checking of Trig Source					<p>The selection of trigger signal should be carried out according to combination of vertical axis mode and source as follows.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2" style="font-size: small;">SOURCE VERT MODE</th> <th colspan="2" style="font-size: small;">VERT MODE</th> <th rowspan="2" style="font-size: small;">CH1</th> <th rowspan="2" style="font-size: small;">CH2</th> <th rowspan="2" style="font-size: small;">LINE</th> <th rowspan="2" style="font-size: small;">EXT</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="font-size: x-small;">EXCLUDING VERT MODE</th> <th style="font-size: x-small;">VIDEO</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="font-size: x-small;">CH1</td> <td style="font-size: x-small;">CH1</td> <td style="font-size: x-small;">CH1</td> <td rowspan="3" style="font-size: x-small;">CH1</td> <td rowspan="3" style="font-size: x-small;">CH2</td> <td rowspan="3" style="font-size: x-small;">LINE</td> <td rowspan="3" style="font-size: x-small;">EXT</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-size: x-small;">CH2</td> <td style="font-size: x-small;">CH2</td> <td style="font-size: x-small;">CH2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-size: x-small;">ALT</td> <td style="font-size: x-small;">CH1 : CH1 CH2 : CH2</td> <td style="font-size: x-small;">CH1 See note (1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-size: x-small;">CHOP</td> <td colspan="2" style="font-size: x-small;">See note (2)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-size: x-small;">ADD</td> <td style="font-size: x-small;">(CH1 + CH2)</td> <td style="font-size: x-small;">(CH1 + CH2)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(Note)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In the case of VIDEO FRAME, the alternate trace of CH1 and CH2 appear on the screen, but both CH1 and CH2 display are triggered with CH1 signal only. 2. As the CHOP change-over signal becomes the trigger signal, triggering is not properly carried out. In this case, set SOURCE excluding VERT MODE. 	SOURCE VERT MODE	VERT MODE		CH1	CH2	LINE	EXT	EXCLUDING VERT MODE	VIDEO	CH1	CH1	CH1	CH1	CH2	LINE	EXT	CH2	CH2	CH2	ALT	CH1 : CH1 CH2 : CH2	CH1 See note (1)	CHOP	See note (2)						ADD	(CH1 + CH2)	(CH1 + CH2)						
SOURCE VERT MODE	VERT MODE		CH1	CH2	LINE		EXT																																				
	EXCLUDING VERT MODE	VIDEO																																									
CH1	CH1	CH1	CH1	CH2	LINE	EXT																																					
CH2	CH2	CH2																																									
ALT	CH1 : CH1 CH2 : CH2	CH1 See note (1)																																									
CHOP	See note (2)																																										
ADD	(CH1 + CH2)	(CH1 + CH2)																																									

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark																																			
Checking of Trig Slope					<p>1. The setting of trig slope is described according to combination of vertical axis mode and source. Check that the trigger signal is operated in SLOPE CH1 +/- and CH2 +/- as follows.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">SEPA-RATE</th> <th colspan="2">SOURCE</th> <th rowspan="2">CH1</th> <th rowspan="2">CH2</th> <th rowspan="2">LINE, EXT</th> </tr> <tr> <th>VERT MODE</th> <th>VERT MODE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">ON</td> <td>CH1</td> <td>Main:CH1 +/- Sub:CH2 +/-</td> <td rowspan="2">CH1 +/-</td> <td rowspan="2">CH2 +/-</td> <td>Main:CH1 +/- Sub:CH2 +/-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CH2</td> <td>Main:CH2 +/- Sub:CH1 +/-</td> <td>Main:CH2 +/- Sub:CH1 +/-</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="5">OFF</td> <td>CH1</td> <td>CH1 +/-</td> <td rowspan="5">CH1 +/-</td> <td rowspan="5">CH2 +/-</td> <td>CH1 +/-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CH2</td> <td>CH2 +/-</td> <td>CH2 +/-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ALT</td> <td>CH1:CH1 +/- CH2:CH2 +/-</td> <td>CH1:CH1 +/- CH2:CH2 +/-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CHOP</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>ADD</td> <td>CH1 +/-</td> <td>CH1 +/-</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>2. In the case of VIDEO, FRAME, check that the odd and even fields can be selected.</p>	SEPA-RATE	SOURCE		CH1	CH2	LINE, EXT	VERT MODE	VERT MODE	ON	CH1	Main:CH1 +/- Sub:CH2 +/-	CH1 +/-	CH2 +/-	Main:CH1 +/- Sub:CH2 +/-	CH2	Main:CH2 +/- Sub:CH1 +/-	Main:CH2 +/- Sub:CH1 +/-	OFF	CH1	CH1 +/-	CH1 +/-	CH2 +/-	CH1 +/-	CH2	CH2 +/-	CH2 +/-	ALT	CH1:CH1 +/- CH2:CH2 +/-	CH1:CH1 +/- CH2:CH2 +/-	CHOP			ADD	CH1 +/-	CH1 +/-		
SEPA-RATE	SOURCE		CH1	CH2	LINE, EXT																																					
	VERT MODE	VERT MODE																																								
ON	CH1	Main:CH1 +/- Sub:CH2 +/-	CH1 +/-	CH2 +/-	Main:CH1 +/- Sub:CH2 +/-																																					
	CH2	Main:CH2 +/- Sub:CH1 +/-			Main:CH2 +/- Sub:CH1 +/-																																					
OFF	CH1	CH1 +/-	CH1 +/-	CH2 +/-	CH1 +/-																																					
	CH2	CH2 +/-			CH2 +/-																																					
	ALT	CH1:CH1 +/- CH2:CH2 +/-			CH1:CH1 +/- CH2:CH2 +/-																																					
	CHOP																																									
	ADD	CH1 +/-			CH1 +/-																																					
Checking of Trig Mode					<p>The trig mode is decided according to combination of FIX/MANUAL, TRIG LEVEL and AUTO/NORMAL as shown table below.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">FIX/MANUAL</th> <th colspan="2">TRIG LEVEL</th> </tr> <tr> <th>AUTO (PUSH)</th> <th>NORMAL (PULL)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>FIX</td> <td>Auto sweep Level fix</td> <td>Triggered sweep Level adjustable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MANUAL</td> <td>Auto sweep Level adjustable</td> <td>Triggered sweep Level adjustable</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	FIX/MANUAL	TRIG LEVEL		AUTO (PUSH)	NORMAL (PULL)	FIX	Auto sweep Level fix	Triggered sweep Level adjustable	MANUAL	Auto sweep Level adjustable	Triggered sweep Level adjustable																										
FIX/MANUAL	TRIG LEVEL																																									
	AUTO (PUSH)	NORMAL (PULL)																																								
FIX	Auto sweep Level fix	Triggered sweep Level adjustable																																								
MANUAL	Auto sweep Level adjustable	Triggered sweep Level adjustable																																								
Checking of Jitter			SG-503	CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 5mV SWEEP TIME/DIV: 0.2ms x5 MAG: Pushed in MANUAL/FIX: MANUAL (■) SOURCE: CH1 COUPLING: CH1	<p>1. Apply a 20MHz sine wave signal to CH1 input and adjust the oscillator output to display a waveform of 4 divisions vertical amplitude. 2. Operate TRIG LEVEL to find a point where the jitter is minimized. Jitter: within 0.25div</p>																																					
ADJUSTMENT OF X-Y OPERATION																																										
Adjustment of X axis Gain	VR7	X73-1420	PG-506	CH1, AC-GND-DC: GND CH2, AC-GND-DC: AC CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV SWEEP TIME/DIV: X-Y	Apply a 10mVp-p square wave signal to CH2 input and adjust VR7 to display a waveform of 5 divisions vertical amplitude. (Check) Specification: 5 div within ± 5%																																					

ADJUSTMENT

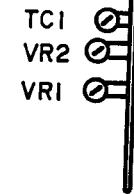
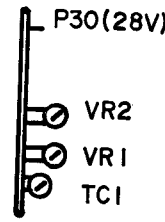
Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark
Adjustment of X axis Position Center	VR8	X73-1420		CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: GND CH1, CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV MODE: ALT SOURCE: CH1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Operate \blacktriangleleft POSITION to align the traces on the horizontal center graticule line. When selected SWEEP TIME/DIV to X-Y, adjust VR8 to bring the spot on the center of the CRT screen. (Check) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> When \blacktriangleleft POSITION is turned to CCW, the spot should move leftward more than 5 divisions and to CW, it should move rightward more than 5 divisions. Error between the spot and the center of the screen: within ± 1 div from the center of the screen. 		
Checking of X axis Frequency Characteristics			SG-502	CH2, AC-GND-DC: DC CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV SWEEP TIME/DIV: X-Y	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a 1kHz sine wave signal to CH2 input and adjust the oscillator output to display a waveform of 10 divisions vertical amplitude on the screen. When the frequency is varied to 2MHz without changing the oscillator output, the amplitude must be more than 7.1 divisions (-3dB). Frequency characteristic: DC-2MHz (-3dB) 		
Checking of X-Y Phase difference			SG-502	CH1, CH2, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, CH2, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Operate CH1 and CH2 to align the traces on the horizontal center graticule line. Apply a 100kHz sine wave signal to both CH1 and CH2 inputs to display a waveform of 6 divisions vertical amplitude on the screen. When selected SWEEP TIME/DIV to X-Y, check the value of (B) referring to Lissajous' waveform should be within 0.31. Specification: less than 3° at 100kHz 		$\sin \phi = \frac{B}{A}$ $\phi = \text{Phase angle}$
Adjustment of CAL Output	VR7 VR8		X74-1280	CH1, AC-GND-DC: DC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 0.2mV	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply the CAL terminal voltage to CH1 input and adjust VR7 so the value becomes $0.1V \pm 2\%$. Adjust VR8 so that the frequency becomes 1kHz. Specifications: frequency; $1\text{kHz} \pm 5\%$ output voltage; $0.1V_{p-p} \pm 2\%$ duty ratio; $(50 \pm 2)\%$ 		
Checking of CH1 OUT Frequency Characteristic			SG-503 475A 50 Ω termination	CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a 50kHz sine wave signal to CH1 input and adjust the oscillator output to display a waveform of 8 divisions vertical amplitude. Connect the CH1 OUT to CH1 input of oscilloscope (475A) through 50Ω termination to display a waveform of 5 to 6 divisions vertical amplitude on the screen. (475A vertical sensitivity; 0.2V/div, AC coupling) When the frequency is varied to 20MHz without changing the oscillator output, the amplitude of 475A must be within 5.6 divisions (-3dB). 		
Checking of CH1 OUT output voltage and output impedance			SG-503 475A 50 Ω termination	CH1, AC-GND-DC: AC CH1, VOLTS/DIV: 2mV	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> When applied a 50kHz sine wave signal to CH1 input, the amplitude of 475A must be more than 800mVp-p. When disconnected 50Ω termination from 475A input, the amplitude must be 2 times. Specifications: output voltage; more than 100mVp-p/div output impedance; $50\Omega \pm 20\%$ 		

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment Control	P.C.B. No.	Test Equipment	Control Setting	Adjustment and Check	Illustration	Remark
Checking of SWEEP OUT Operation	P50	X74-1280	475A 50Ω termination	SWEEP TIME/DIV: 1ms	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> When observed the waveform at P50, using 475A through 50Ω termination, the amplitude must be more than 1Vp-p. (475A vertical sensitivity; 1mV/div, AC coupling) When disconnected 50Ω termination from 475A input, the amplitude must be 2 times. Specifications: output voltage; more than 1Vp-p (50Ω terminate) output impedance; 50Ω ± 20%		
Checking of SWEEP GATE Operation	P51	X74-1280			Measure the waveform of P51 and check that the square waveform synchronized to SWEEP OUT is taken out. The output voltage is TTL level and in the case of sweep operation, is zero level.		
ADJUSTMENT OF CPU BOARD							
Battery Down Detection Circuit	VR1	X81-1050	PR-657 8600A 475A		The same with respect to memory pack <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connect the PR-657 in place of the battery and monitor its output with the 8600A. Also monitor the 9 pin of IC11 above the CPU board with the oscilloscope. Set the PR-657 at 2.5 V and turn VR1 so that the output of the 9 pin is at low level. Next turn VR1 until the 9 pin changes from low to high level, then stop VR1 at the high level point. Finally, slowly lower the PR-657 output from 5 V and confirm that the voltage is at 2.5 V ± 20 mV when the 9 pin changes from low to high level. 	<p style="text-align: center;">Adjustment wiring (Battery down detection circuit)</p>	
Power Supply Down Circuit	VR2	X81-1050	PR-657 DL-720 475A		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connect the PR-657 as the CPU board power supply, and monitor its voltage with DL-720. Set the PR-657 at 4.7 V and turn VR2 so that the IC11, 6 pin is at low level. Next, turn VR2 so that the 6 pin of IC11 changes from low to high level, then stop VR2 at the high level point. Finally, set the PR-657 at 5 V, slowly lower the voltage and confirm that the voltage reversing from low to high is at 4.7 V ± 50 mV. 	<p style="text-align: center;">Power Supply Down Circuit Adjustment</p>	

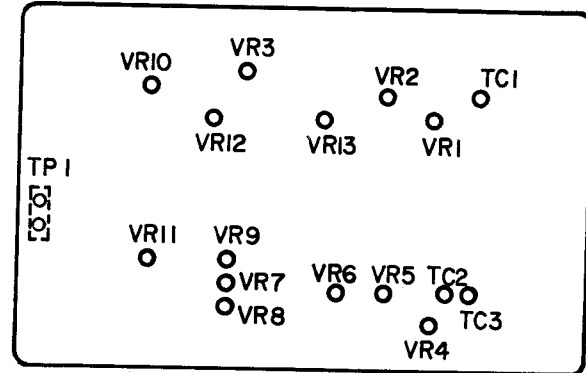
ADJUSTMENT

VERTICAL FINAL AMP UNIT
(X73-1430-00)



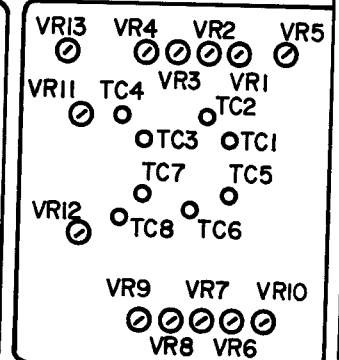
HORIZONTAL AMP UNIT
(X74-1290-00)

VERTICAL AMP UNIT

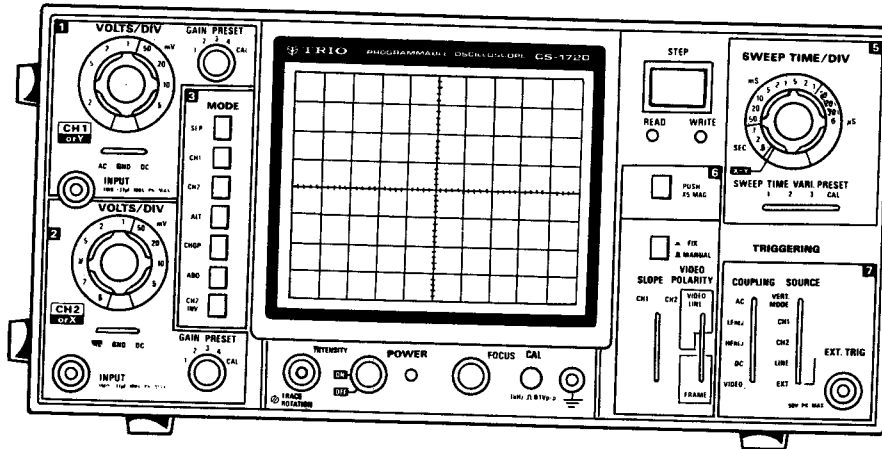


(X73-1420-00)

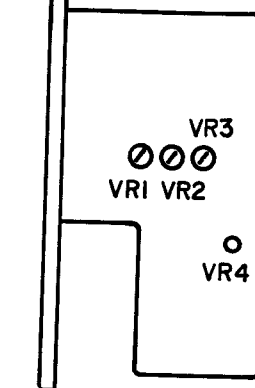
VERTICAL ATT UNIT



(X75-1130-00)

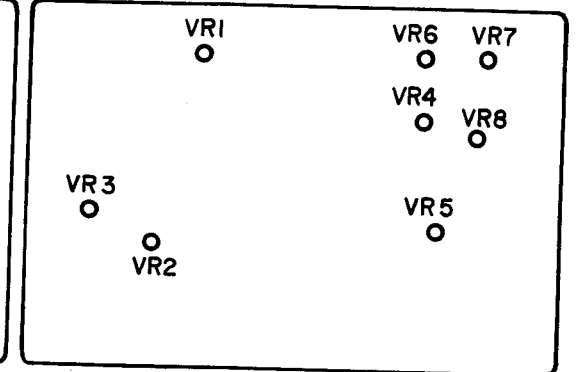


HORIZONTAL SWITCH UNIT

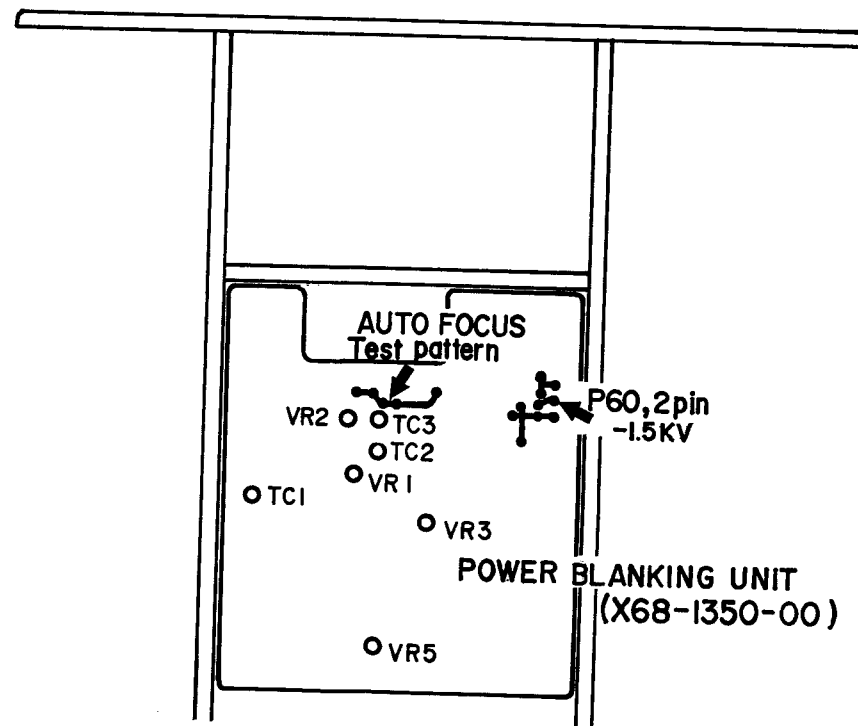


(X74-1260-00)

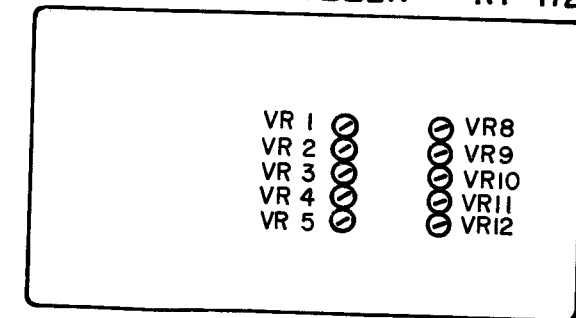
SWEEP UNIT



(X74-1280-00)

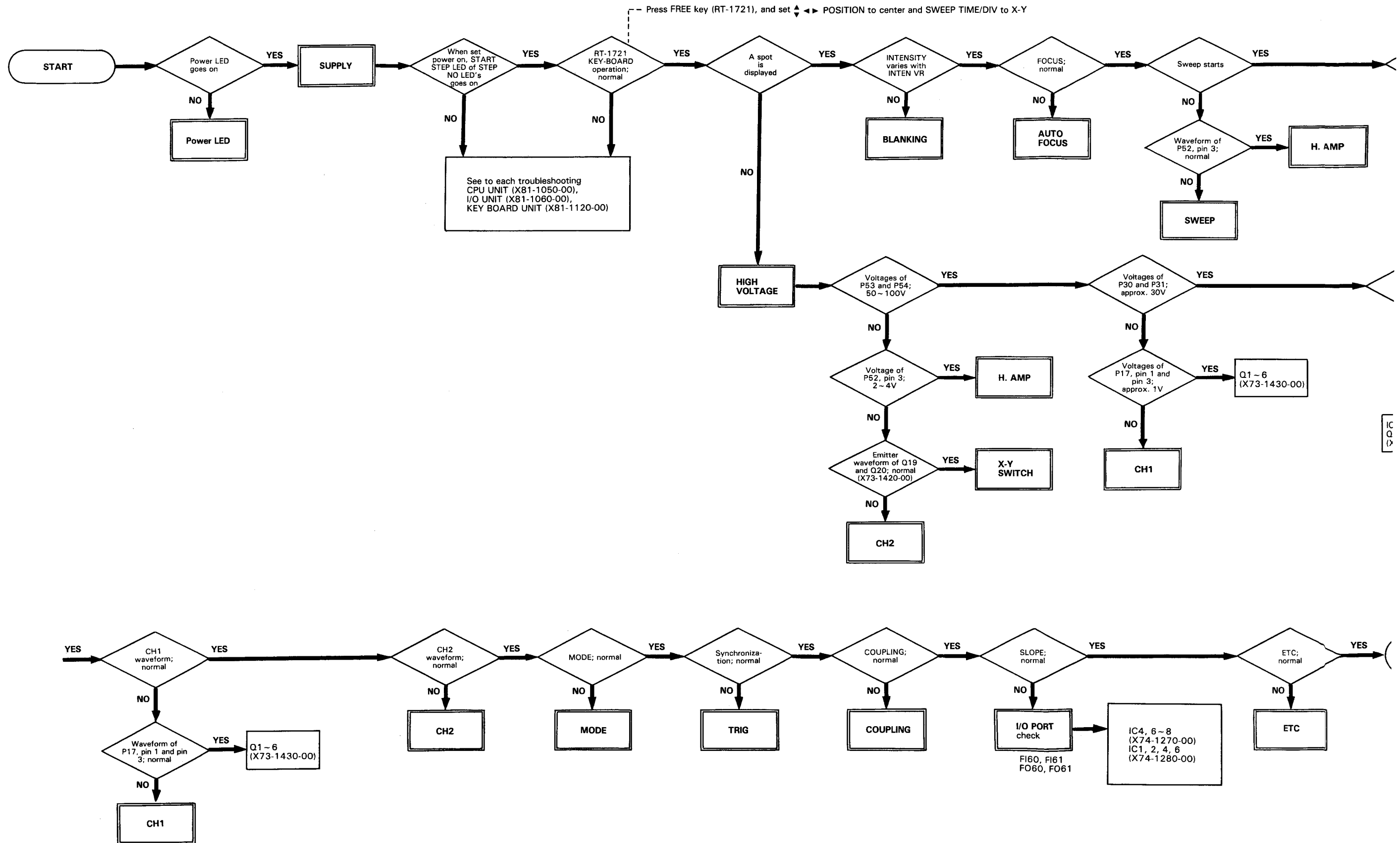


REMOTE CONTROLLER RT-1721

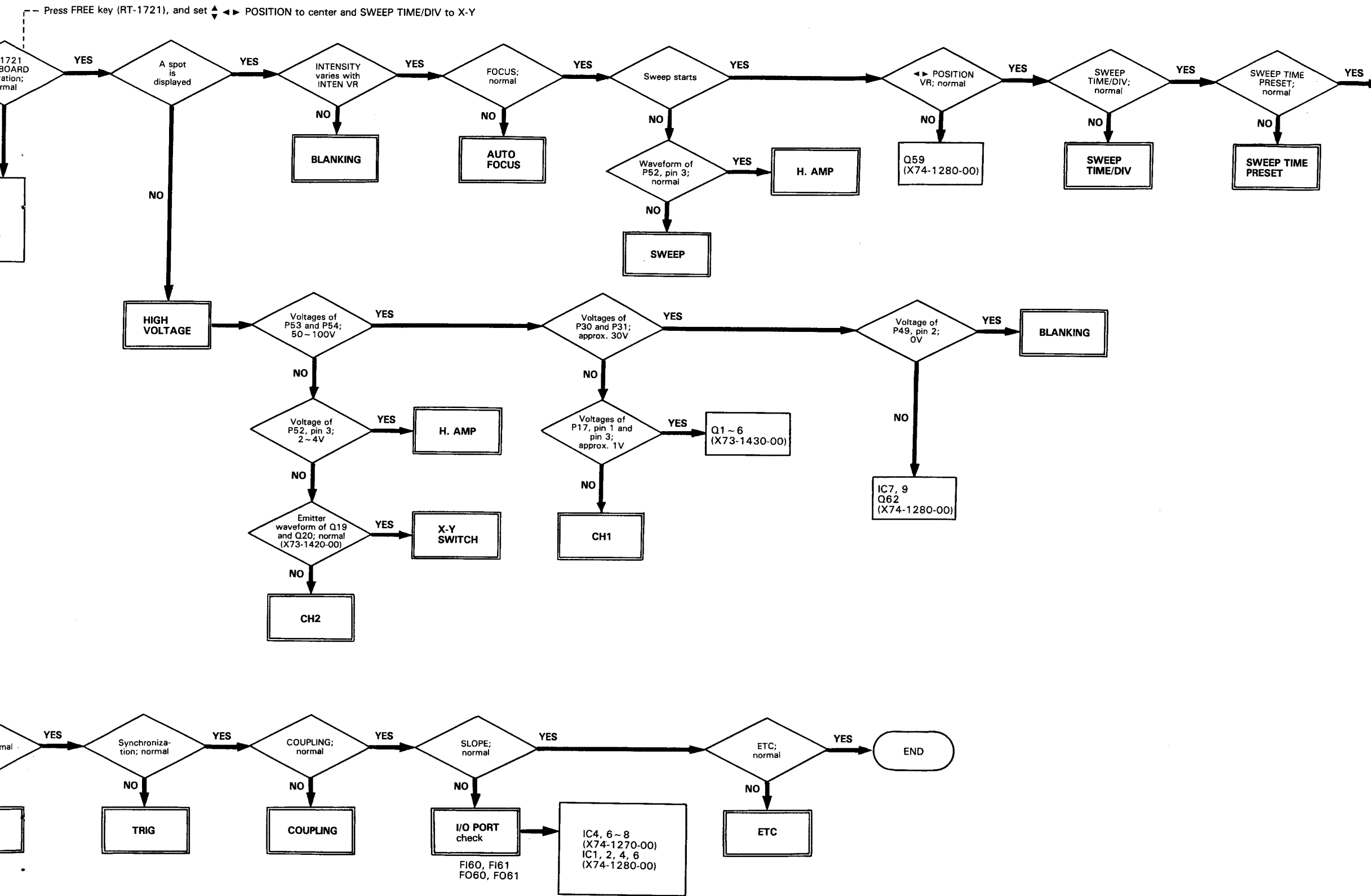


LOCATION OF ADJUSTMENT CONTROL

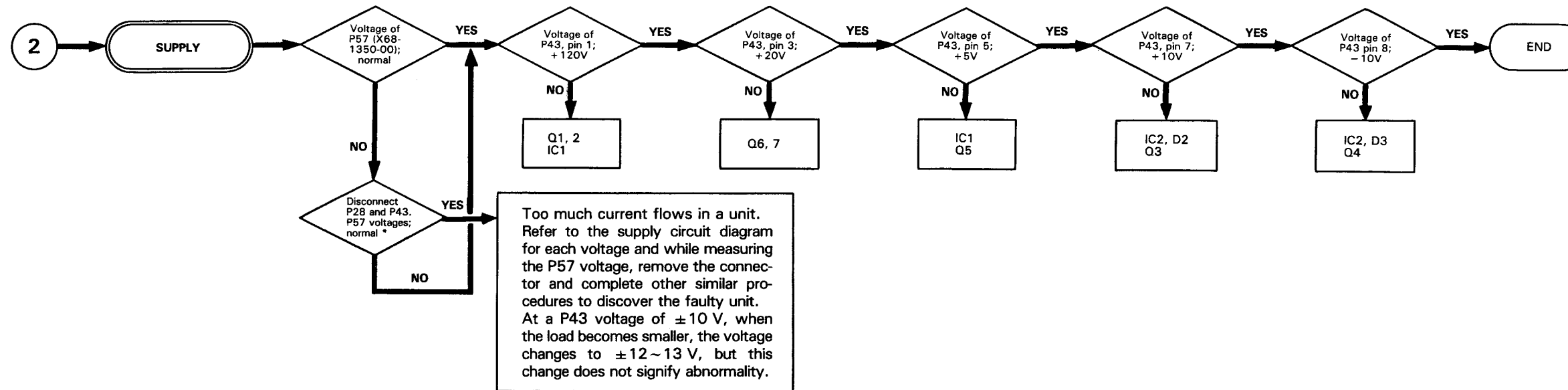
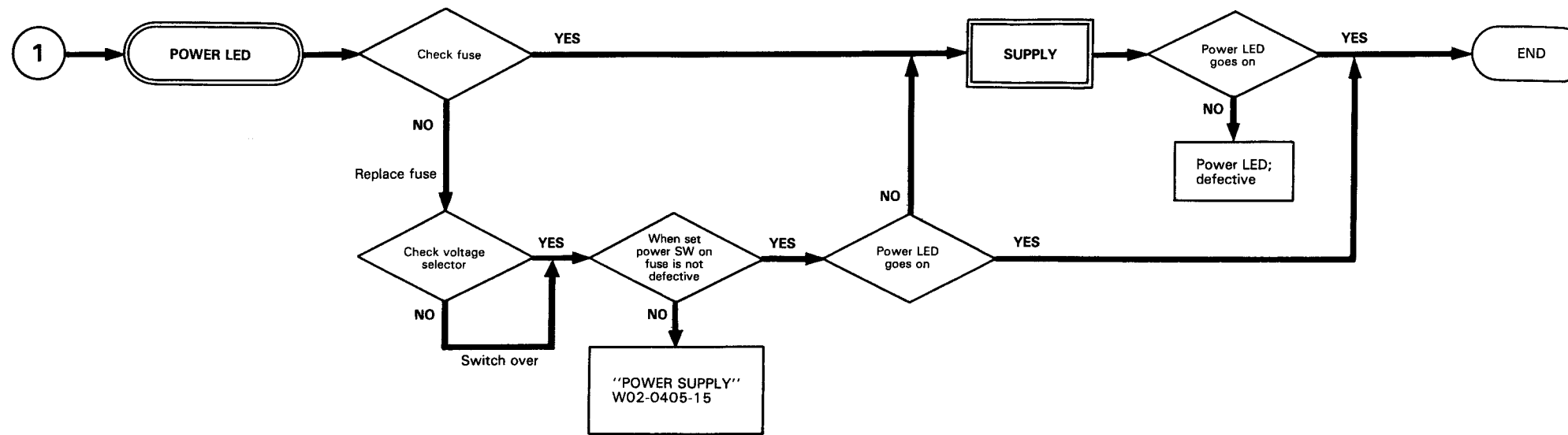
TROUBLESHOOTING



TROUBLESHOOTING



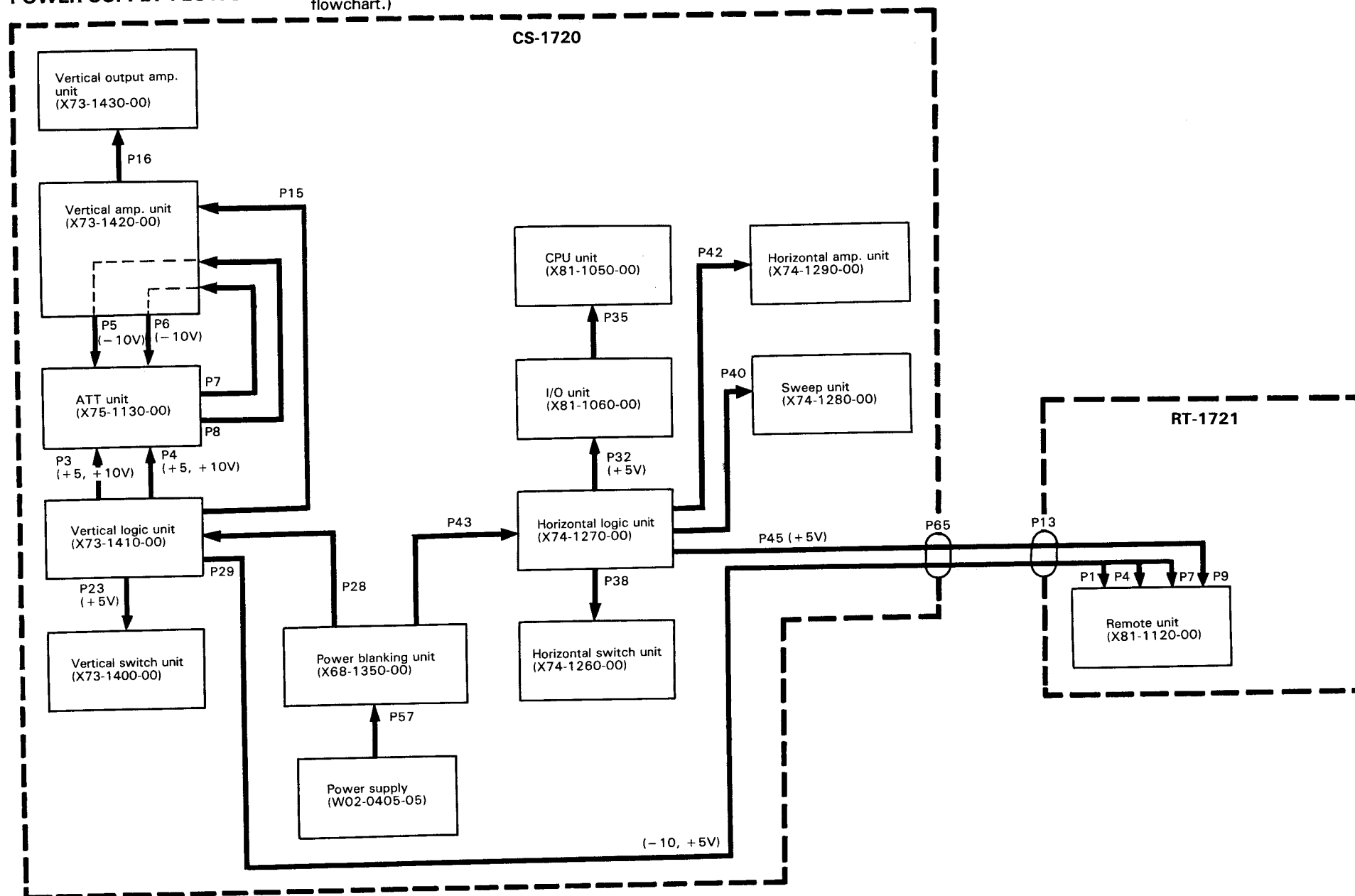
TROUBLESHOOTING



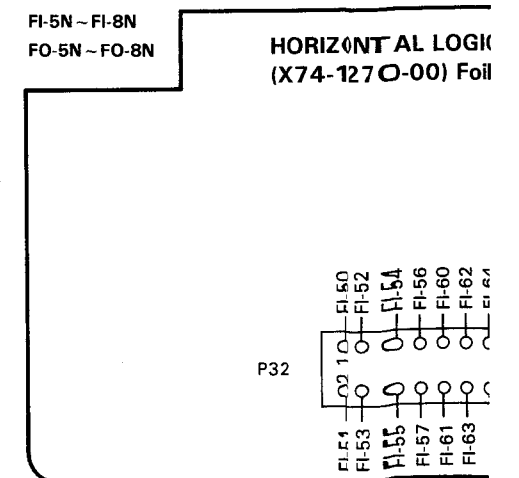
*Be sure to measure for short time and connect P28 and P43 immediately.

TROUBLESHOOTING

POWER SUPPLY FLOWCHART (If the power supply voltage is not normal, find the defective unit referring to the below flowchart.)

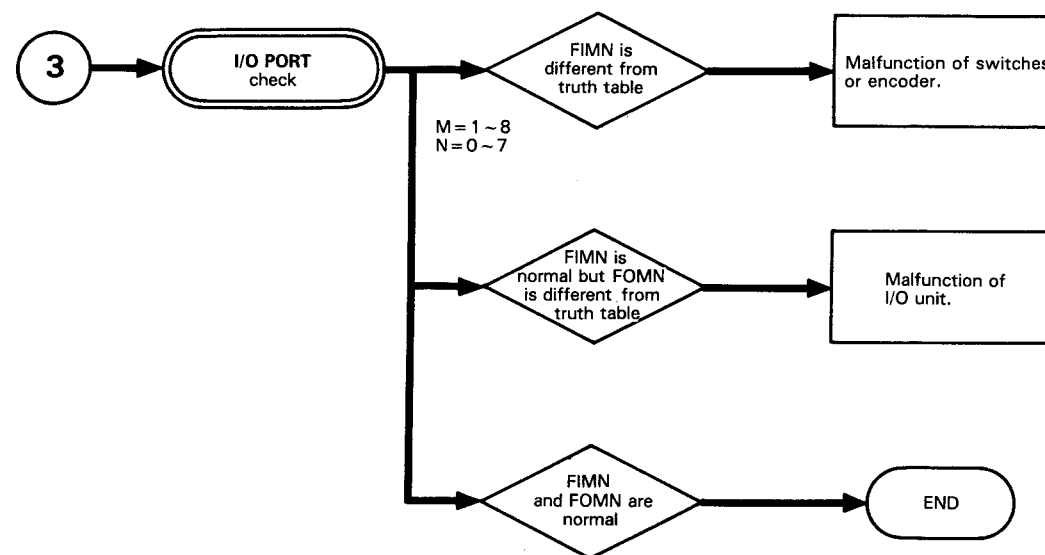
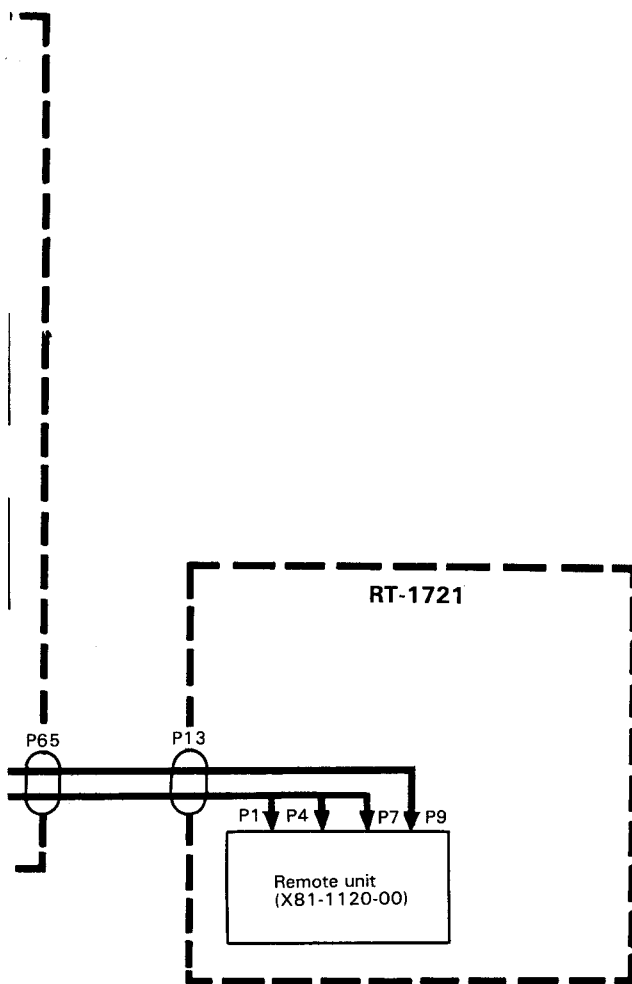


3 → I/O PORT check



TROUBLESHOOTING

he below



Note:

- (1) Select the remote controller (RT-1721) to FREE position.
- (2) Before checking of I/O PORT, carry out the following procedures.
 - (a) FI-1N~FI-4N (X73-1410-00) (N=0~7)
Remove the connector of flat cable connected to P25 and check the voltage of P25.
 - (b) FO-1N~FO-4N (X81-1060-00)
Remove the connector of flat cable connected to P26 and check the voltage of P26.
 - (c) FI-5N~FI-8N, FO-5N~FO-8N (X74-1270-00)
Check the voltage of P32 (Horizontal Logic Unit).

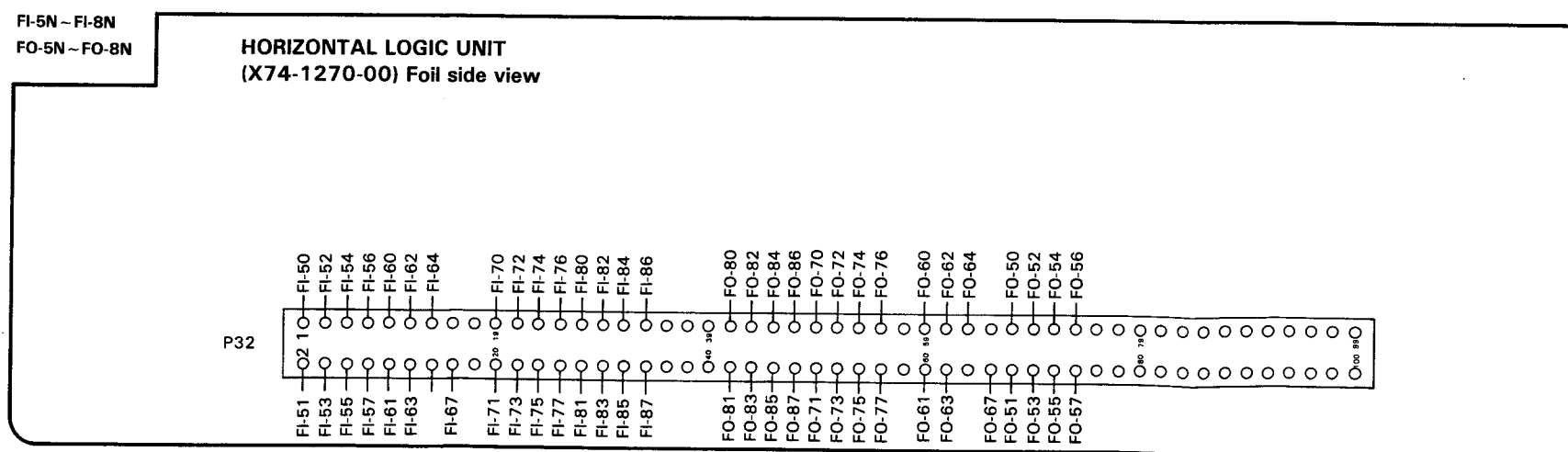


Fig. 9-1 Location of I/O Port

TROUBLESHOOTING

Table 9-1 Input/Output Port Map

		bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0							
1	FI-1 FO-1	CH1 AC/DC		CH1 VOLTS / DIV				CH1 GAIN PRESET	
2	FI-2 FO-2	CH2 AC/DC		CH2 VOLTS / DIV				CH2 GAIN PRESET	
3	FI-3 FO-3	MODE							
4	FI-4 FO-4	CH2 POSITION PRESET				CH1 POSITION PRESET			
5	FI-5 FO-5	SWEEP TIME VARI. PRESET				SWEEP TIME / DIV (RT) (CT)			
6	FI-6 FO-6	×5 MAG		FIX		VIDEO POLARITY		SLOPE	
7	FI-7 FO-7	EXT. TRIG*		SOURCE			COUPLING		
8	FI-8 FO-8	CH2 INPUT*				CH1 INPUT*			

*For Using Probe Selector

Table 9-2 Control Signal Truth Table

		FI-1 FO-1 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0								
		CH1 AC/DC		CH1 VOLTS / DIV				CH1 GAIN PRESET		
		DC	1/100	1/10	B	A	C	B	A	
CH1 AC-GND-DC	AC	H								
	DC	L								
	VOLTS/DIV	5V		L	L	H	L			
		2V		L	L	L	H			
		1V		L	H	H	H			
		0.5V		L	H	H	L			
		0.2V		L	H	L	H			
		0.1V		H	L	H	H			
		50mV		H	L	H	L			
		20mV		H	L	L	H			
GAIN VARIABLE PRESET	10mV		H	H	H	H				
	5mV		H	H	H	L				
	2mV		H	H	L	H				
	1						L	L	L	
	2							L	L	H

		FI-2 FO-2 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0								
		CH2 AC/DC		CH2 VOLTS / DIV				CH2 GAIN PRESET		
		DC	1/100	1/10	B	A	C	B	A	
CH2 AC-GND-DC	AC	H								
	DC	L								
	VOLTS/DIV	5V		L	L	H	L			
		2V		L	L	L	H			
		1V		L	H	H	H			
		0.5V		L	H	H	L			
		0.2V		L	H	L	H			
		0.1V		H	L	H	H			
		50mV		H	L	H	L			
		20mV		H	L	L	H			
GAIN VARIABLE PRESET	10mV		H	H	H	H				
	5mV		H	H	H	L				
	2mV		H	H	L	H				
	1						L	L	L	
	2							L	L	H

		FI-3 FO-3 7 6 5				
MODE	CH2 INV	OFF				
		ON				
	CH1					H
						H
						H
						H
						L
	SEP	OFF				
		ON				

		FI-5 FO-5 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0							
		SWEEP TIME VARI. PRESET		SWEEP TIME / DIV (RT) (CT)					
		B	A	C	B	A	C	B	A
SWEEP TIME VARI. PRESET	1	L	L						
	2	L	H						
	3	H	L						
	CAL	H	H						
SWEEP TIME/DIV	X-Y			H	H	H	L	L	L
	.5s			L	L	L	L	L	H
	.2s			L	L	H	L	L	H
	.1s			L	H	L	L	L	H
	50ms			L	H	H	L	H	L
	20ms			H	L	L	L	H	L
	10ms			H	L	H	L	H	L
	5ms			L	L	L	L	H	H
	2ms			L	L	H	L	H	H
	1ms			L	H	L	L	H	H
	.5ms			L	H	H	H	L	L
	.2ms			H	L	L	H	L	L
	.1ms			H	L	H	H	L	L
	50μs			L	L	L	H	L	H
	20μs			L	L	H	H	L	H
	10μs			L	H	L	H	L	H
5μs			L	H	H	H	H	L	
2μs			H	L	L	H	H	L	
1μs			H	L	H	H	H	L	
.5μs			H	H	L	H	H	H	
.2μs			H	H	H	H	H	H	

		FI-6 FO-6 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0							
		×5 MAG		FIX		VIDEO POLARITY		SLOPE	
		×5MAG		FIX	TVH	TVV+	CH2(-)	CH1(-)	
×5MAG	ON	H							
	OFF	L							
FIX	ON			H					
	OFF			L					
	VIDEO POLARITY	LINE +				L	L		
		LINE -				L	H		
FRAME +					H	L			
SLOPE	FRAME -				H	H			
	CH1/CH2 +/+						H	H	
	-/+						L	H	
	+/-						H	L	
	-/-						L	L	

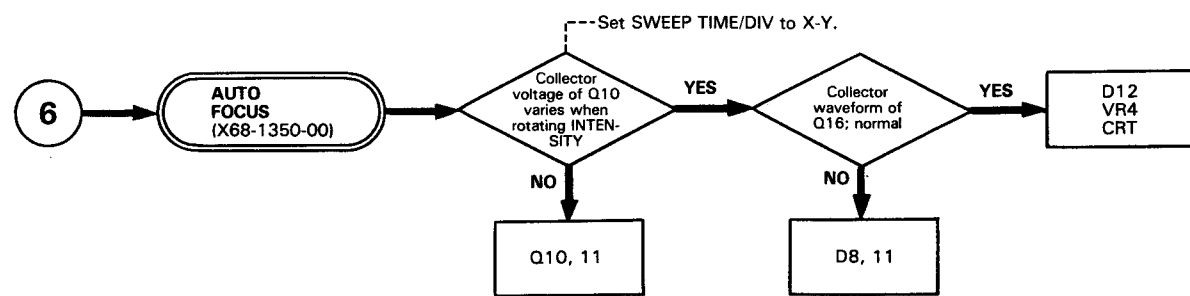
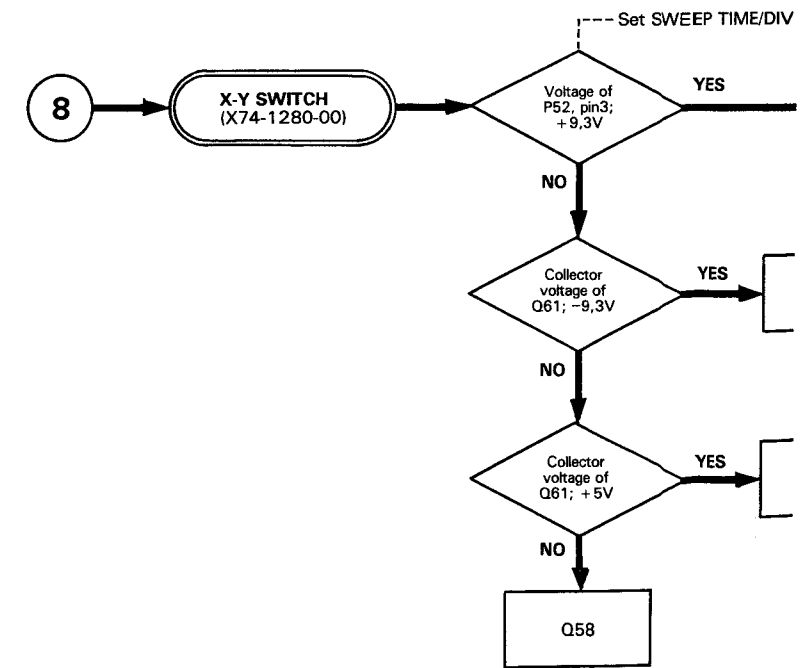
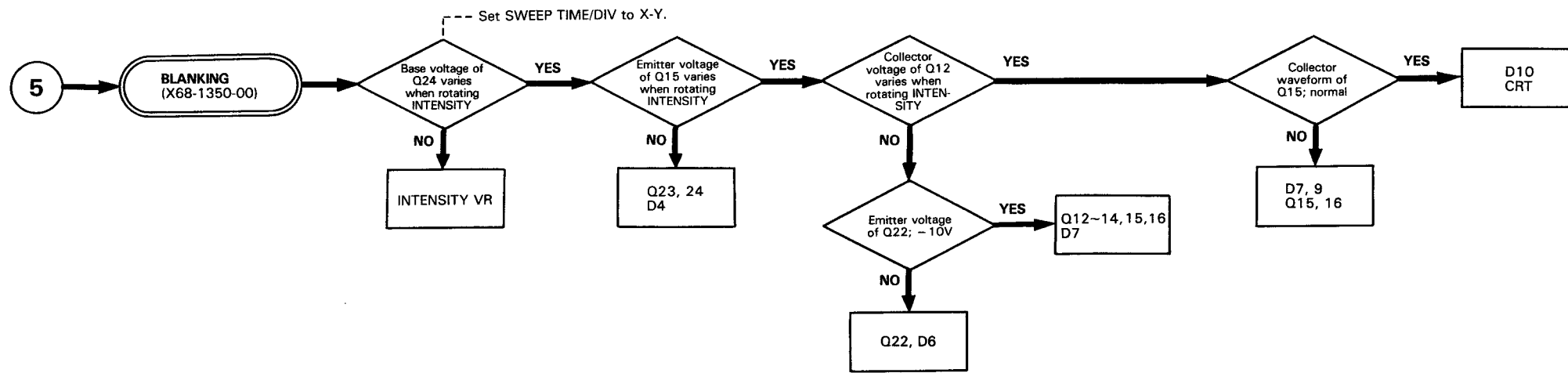
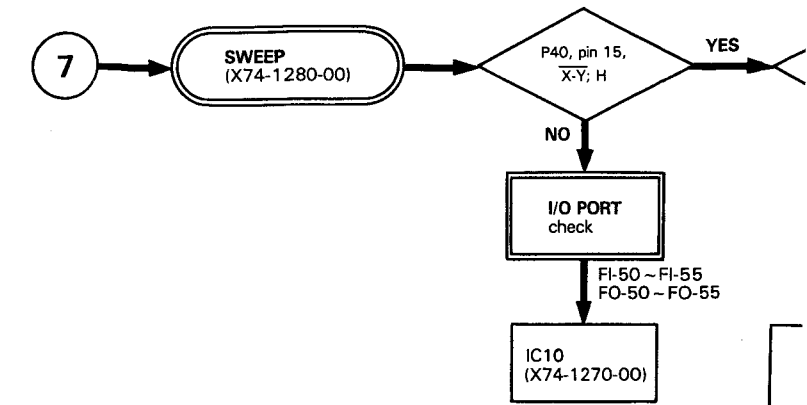
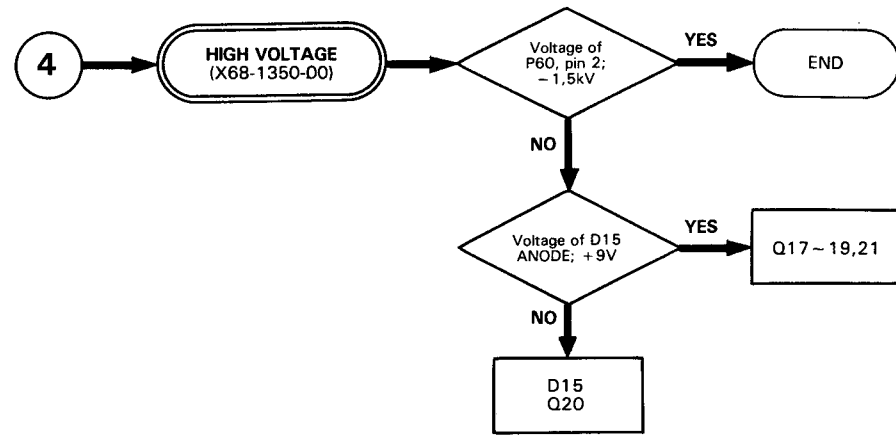
		FI-7 FO-7 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0							
		EXT. TRIG*		SOURCE			COUPLING		
		B	A	C	B	A	C	B	A
EXT* TRIG	OFF	H	H						
	1	H	L						
	2	L	H						
	3	L	L						
SOURCE	V. MODE			H	H	H			
	CH1			H	H	L			
	CH2			H	L	H			
	LINE			H	L	L			
COUPLING	EXT.			L	H	H			
	AC						H	H	H
	LF Rej						H	H	L
	HF Rej						H	L	H
	DC						H	L	L
	VIDEO						L	H	H

*For Using Probe Selector.

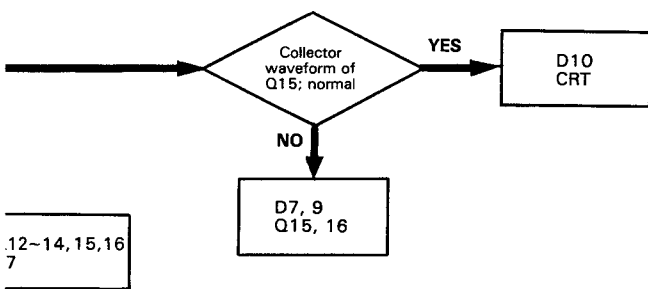
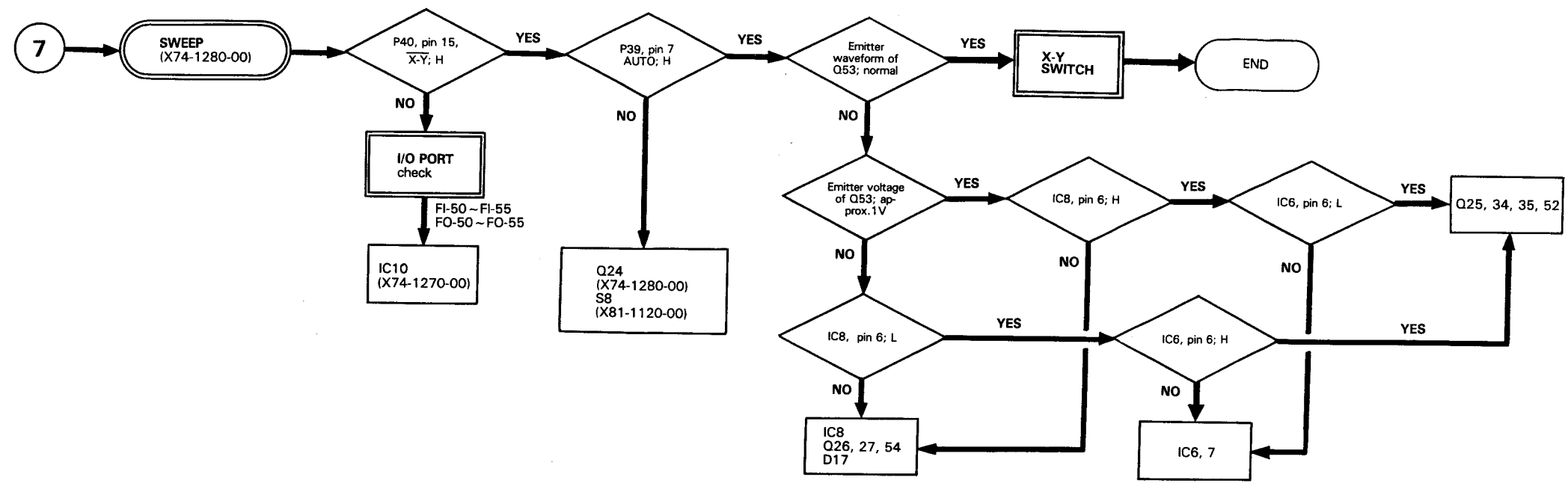
		FI-8 FO-8 7 6 5		
		CH2 INPUT*		
		D	C	B
CH2 INPUT	1	L	L	L
	2	L	L	L
	3	L	L	H
	4	L	L	H
	5	L	H	L
	6	L	H	L
	7	L	H	H
	8	L	H	H
	9	H	L	L
	10	H	L	L
CH1 INPUT	1			
	2			
	3			
	4			
	5			
	6			
	7			
	8			
	9			
	10			

(For using probe selector)

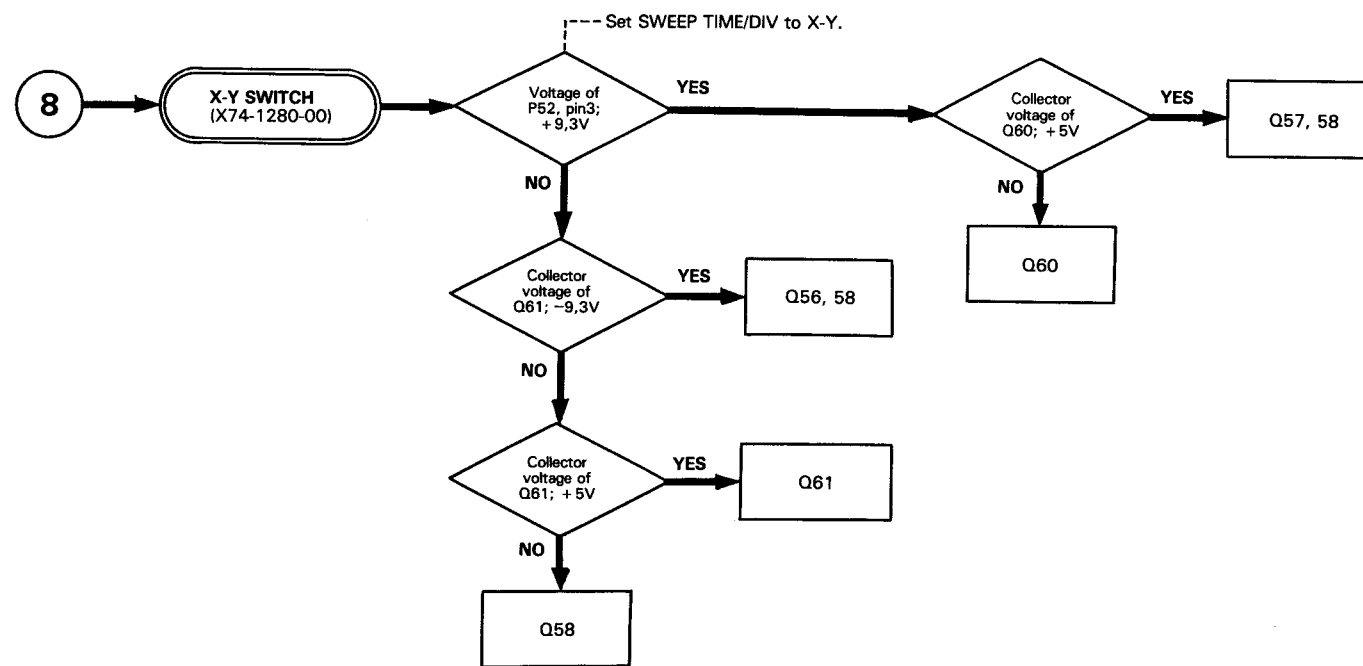
TROUBLESHOOTING



TROUBLESHOOTING



12-14, 15, 16
7



TROUBLESHOOTING

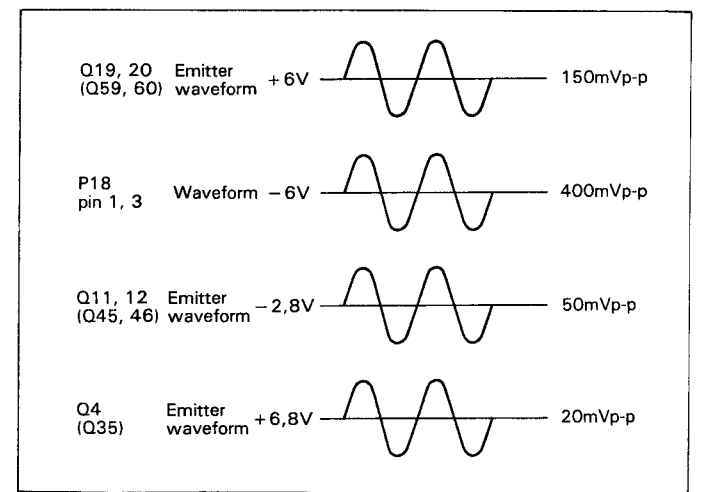
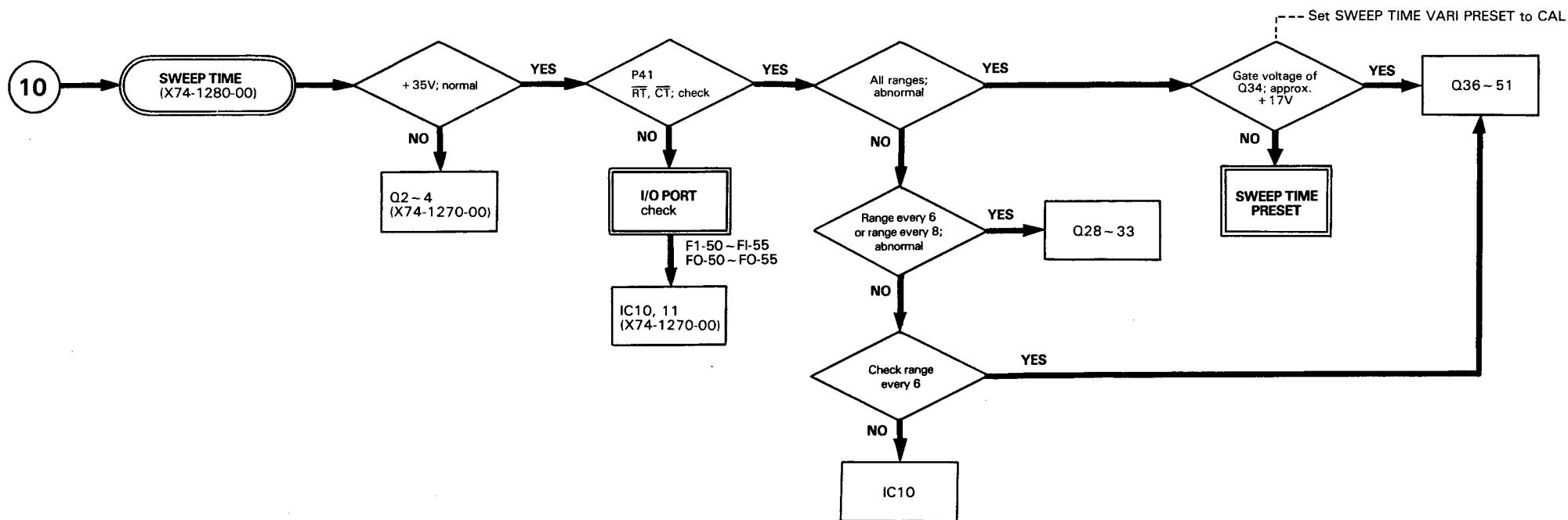
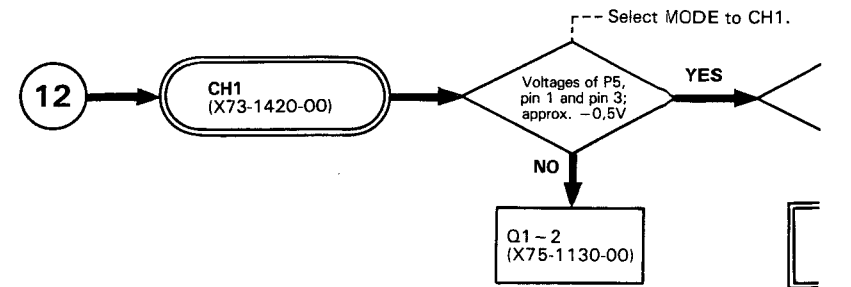
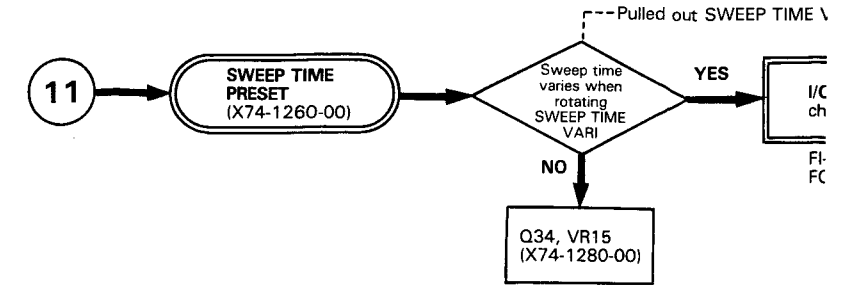
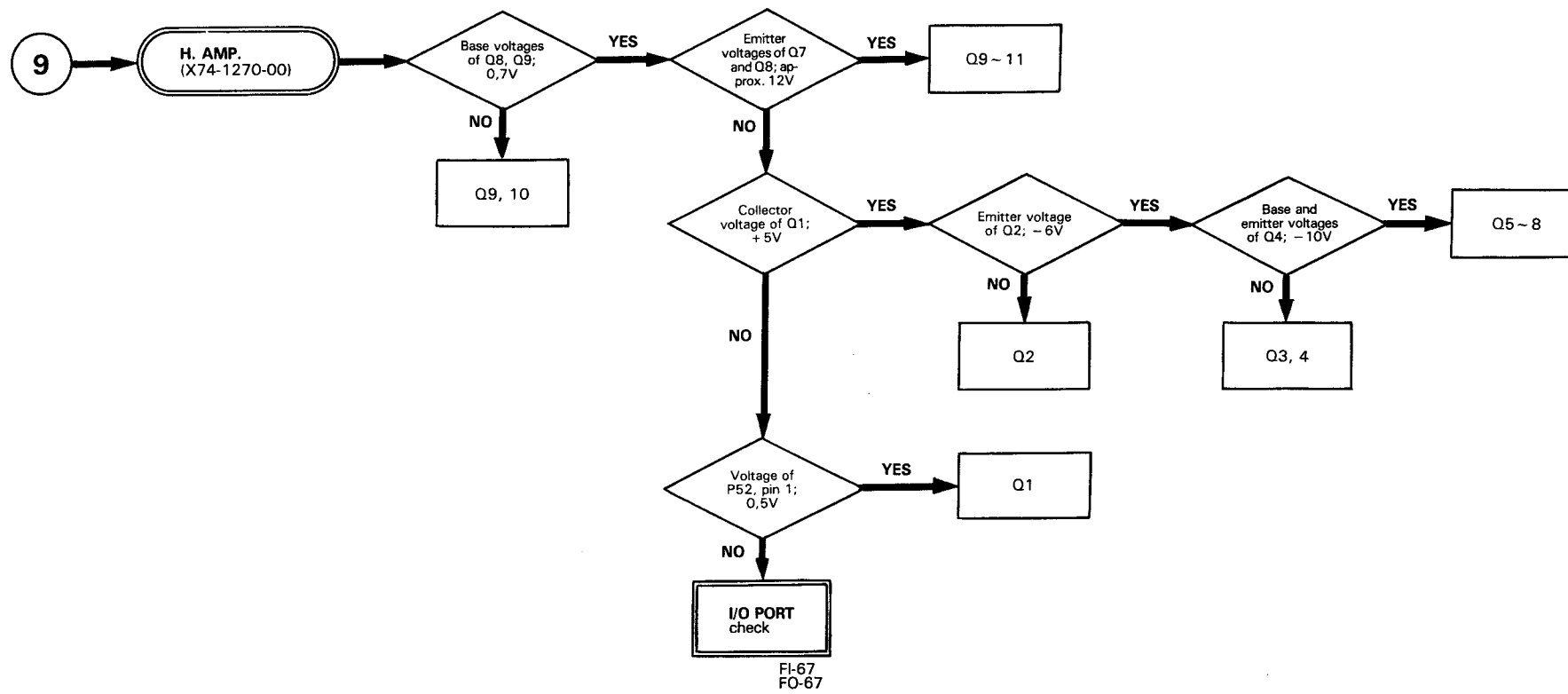


Fig. 9-3

P41

	RT								CT						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
X-Y	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
.5s	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
.2s	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
.1s	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
50ms	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
20ms	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
10ms	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H

TROUBLESHOOTING

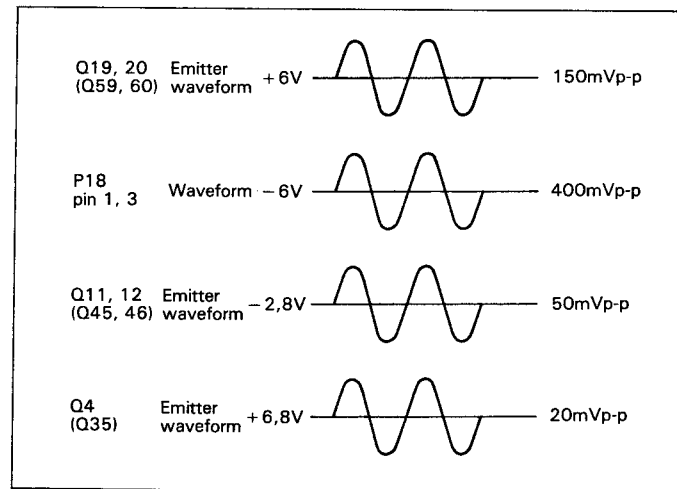
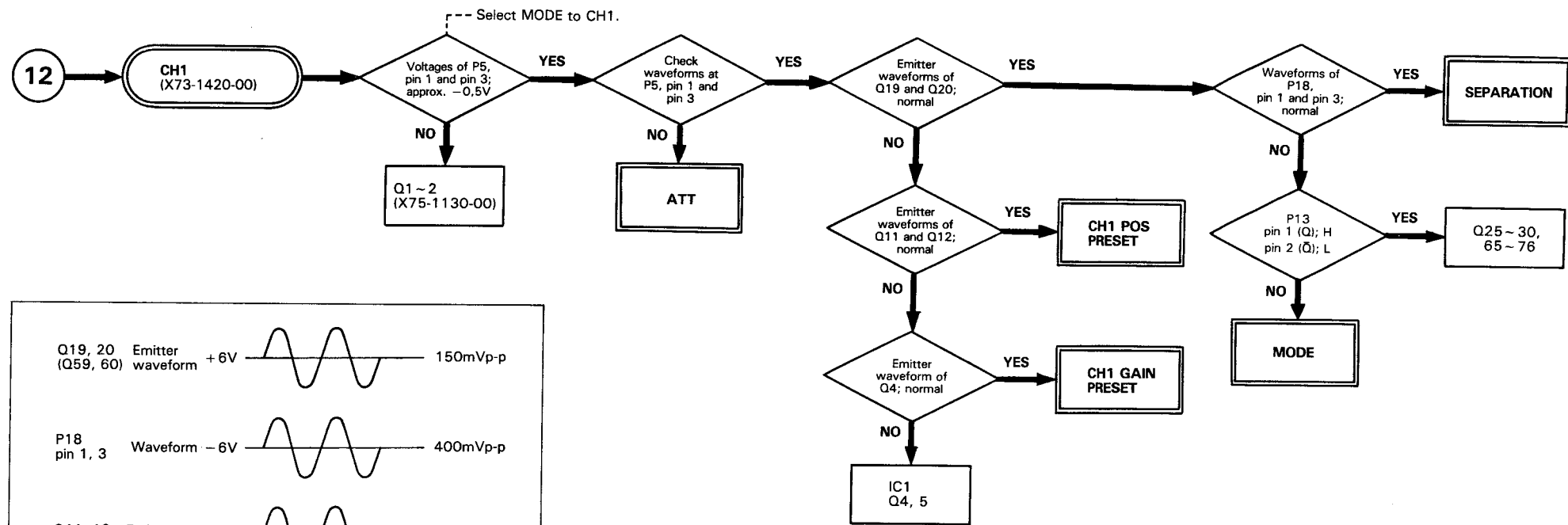
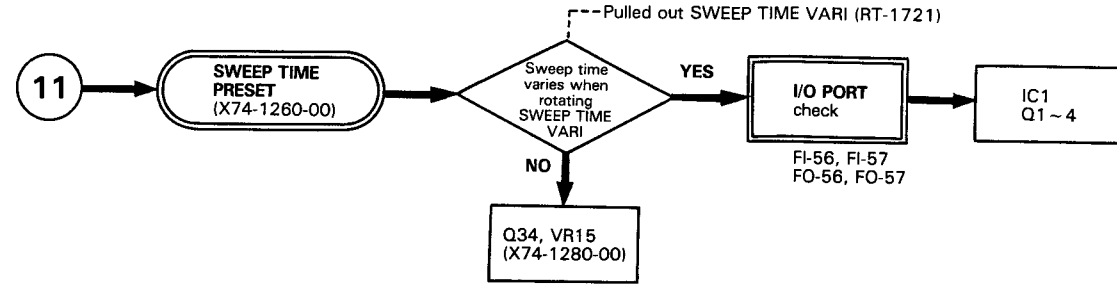
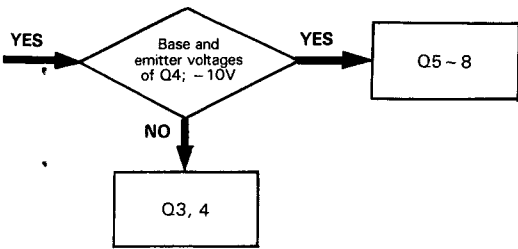


Fig. 9-3

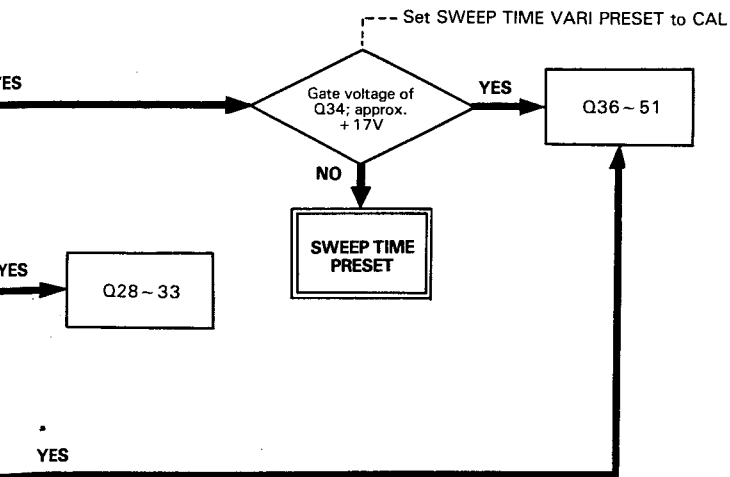


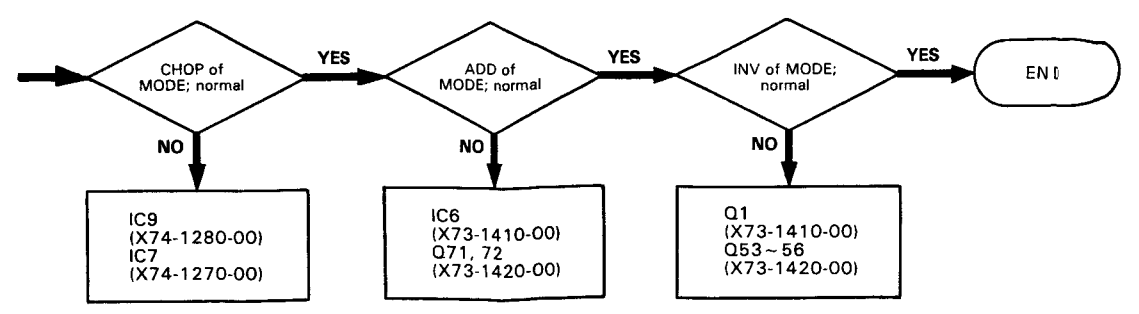
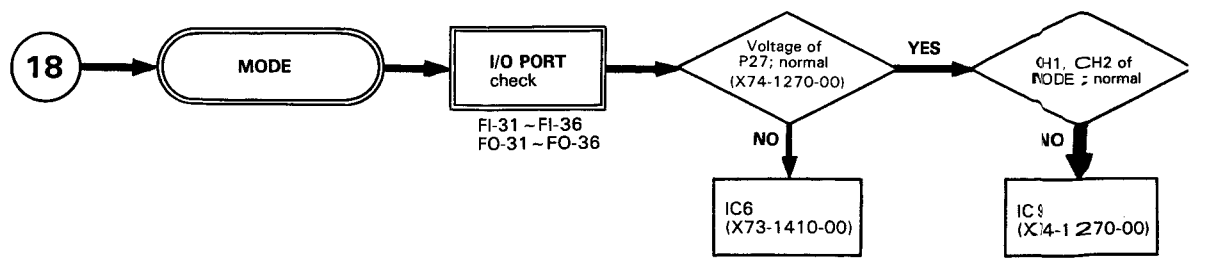
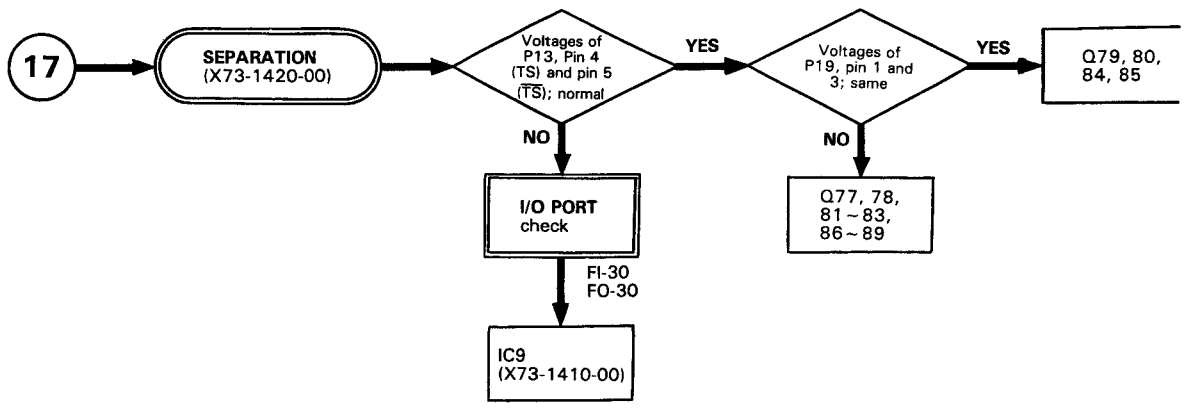
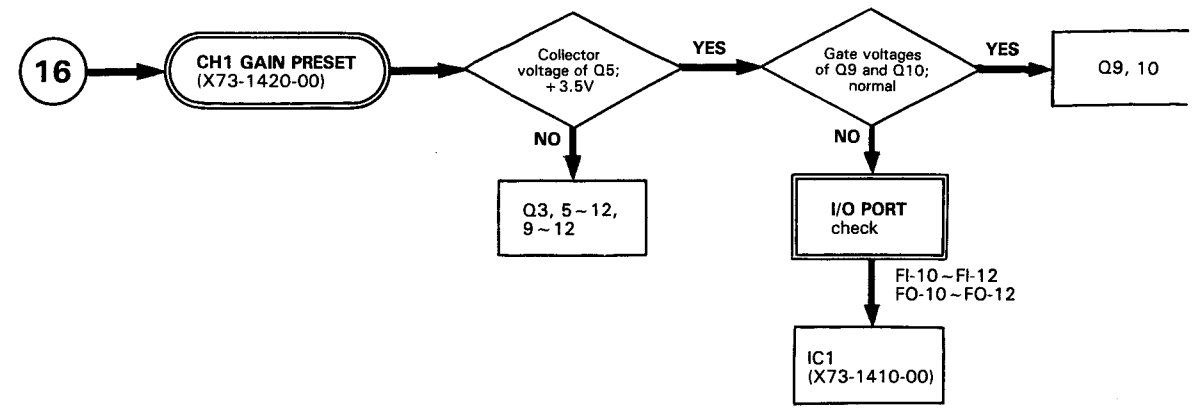
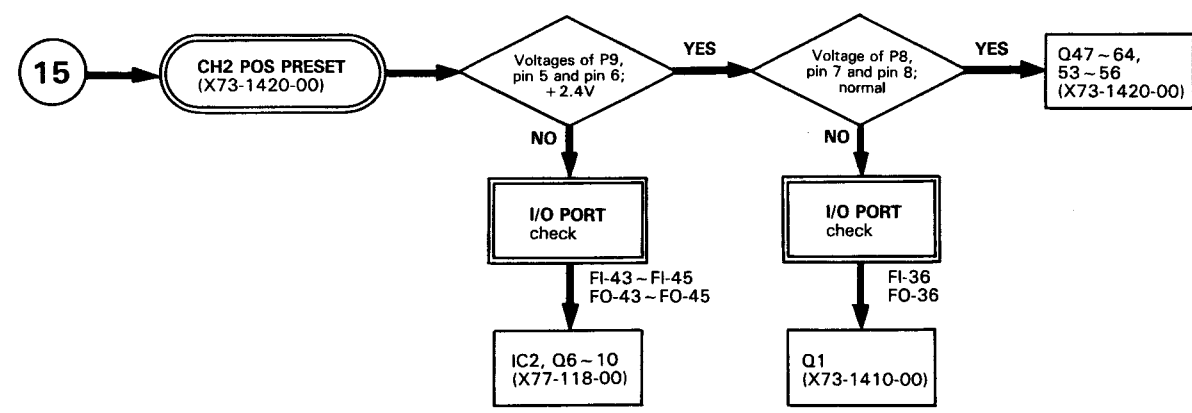
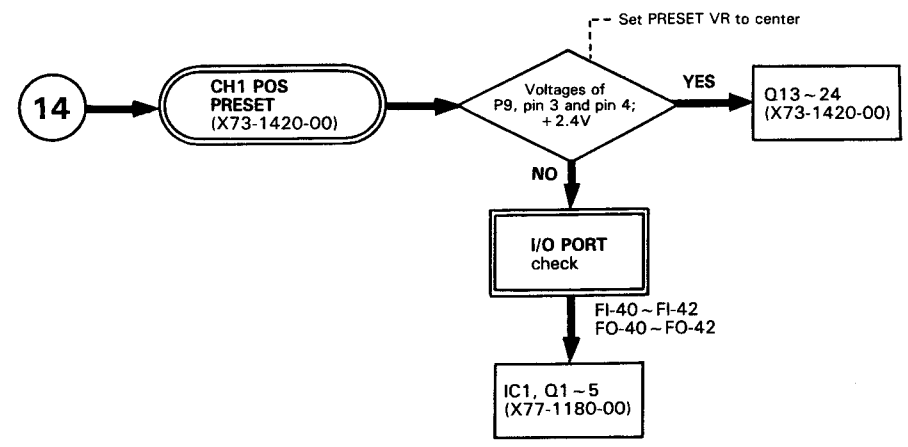
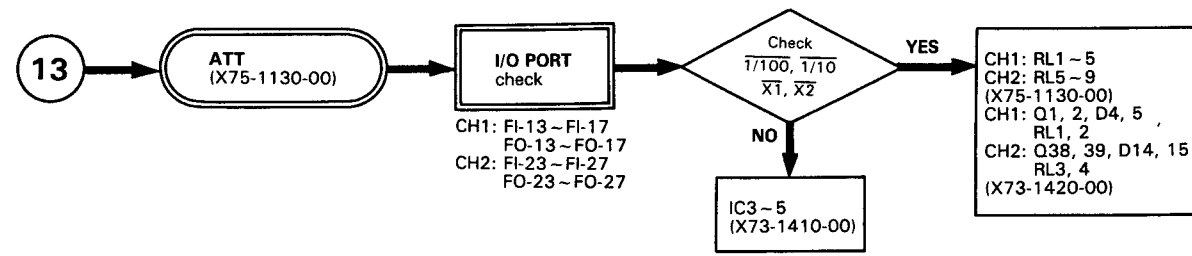
Table 9-3 Sweep Time/Div - RT, CT Truth Table

P41	RT								CT						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
X-Y	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
.5s	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
.2s	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
.1s	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
50ms	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
20ms	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
10ms	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H

	RT								CT						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
5ms	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
2ms	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
1ms	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
.5ms	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
.2ms	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
.1ms	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
50µs	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H

	RT								CT						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
20µs	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H
10µs	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H
5µs	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H
2µs	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L
1µs	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L
.5µs	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L
.2µs	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L

TROUBLESHOOTING



TROUBLESHOOTING

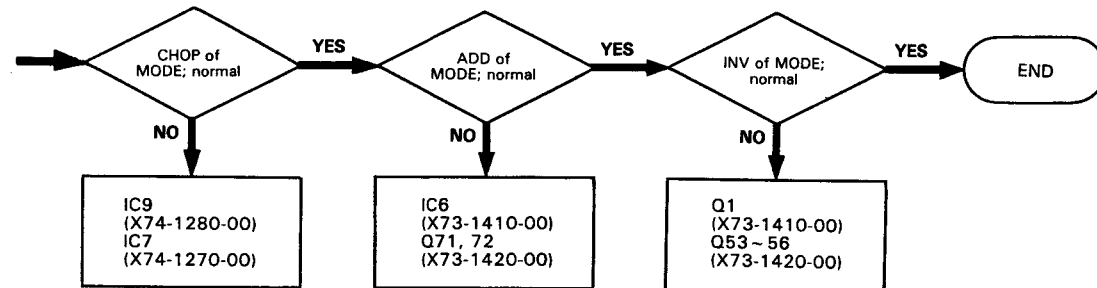
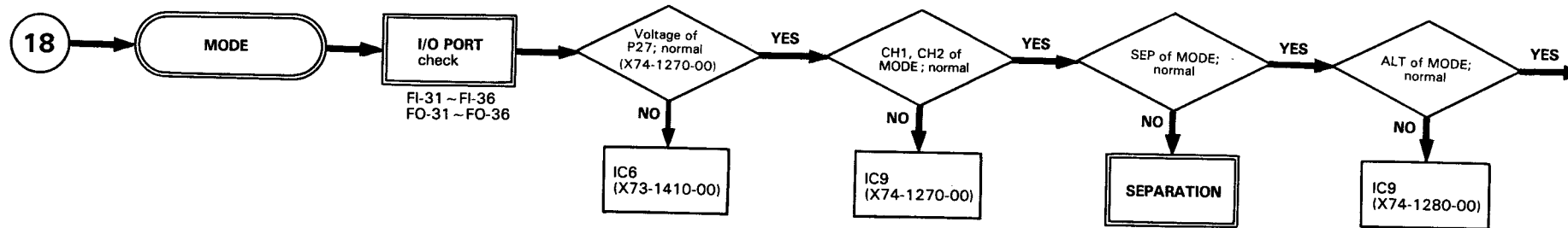
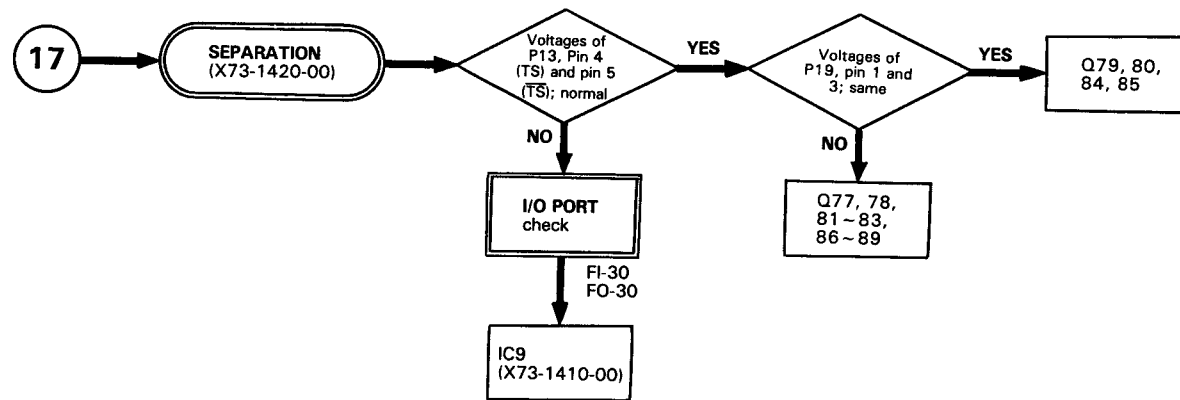
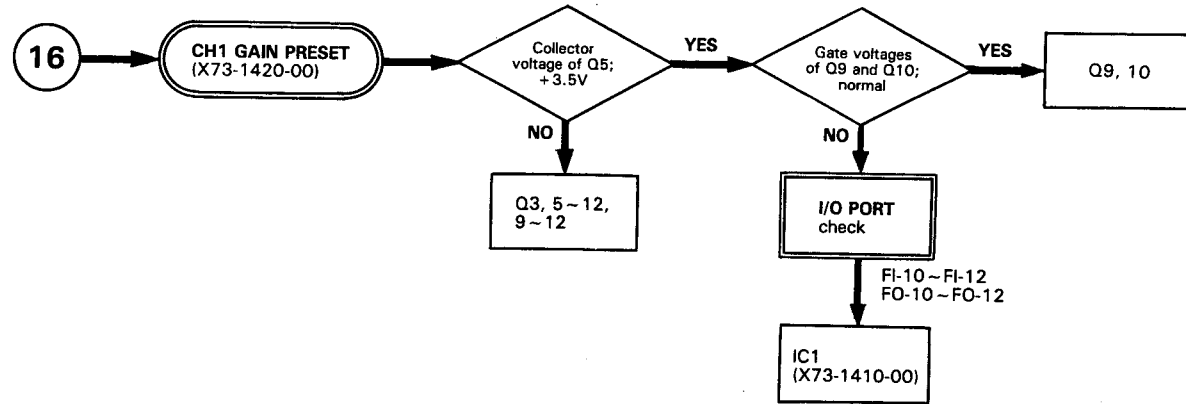


Table 9-4 Volts/Div Truth Table

VOLTS/ DIV	1/100*				1/10*				×1				×2			
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
2mV	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
5mV	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L
10mV	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H
20mV	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
50mV	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L
.1V	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H
.2V	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
.5V	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L
1V	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H
2V	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
5V	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L

*H: +10V

TROUBLESHOOTING

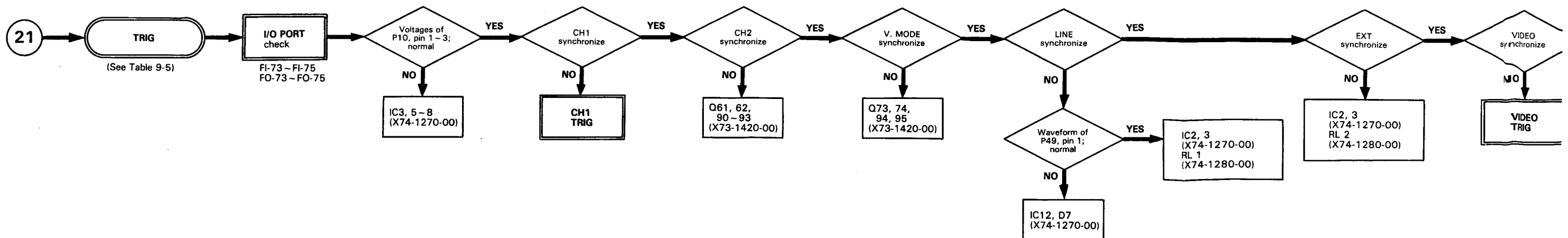
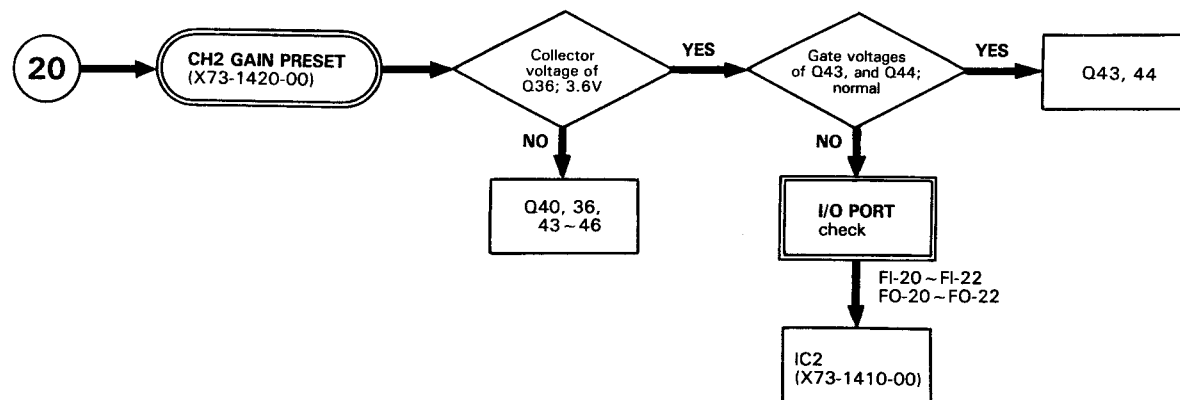
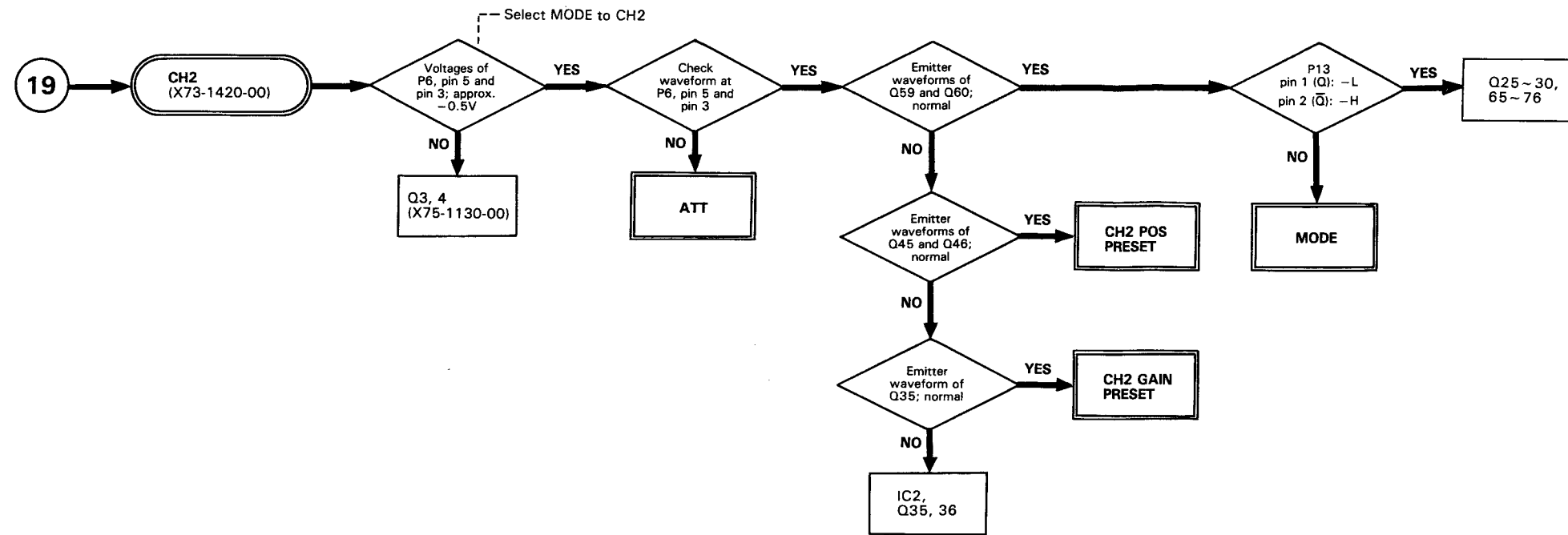
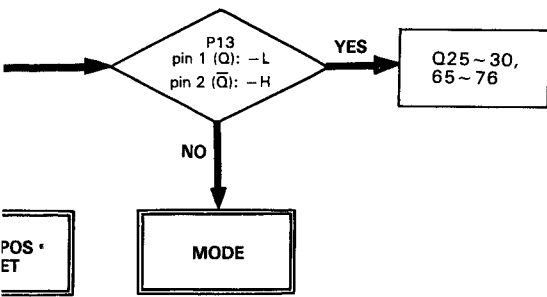


Table 9-5 Trig

SOURCE	P10	PIN 1 CH2	PIN CF
CH1		H	L
CH2		L	F
V. MODE		H	F
LINE, EXT		H	F

Horizontal Logic Unit (X74-1270-

TROUBLESHOOTING



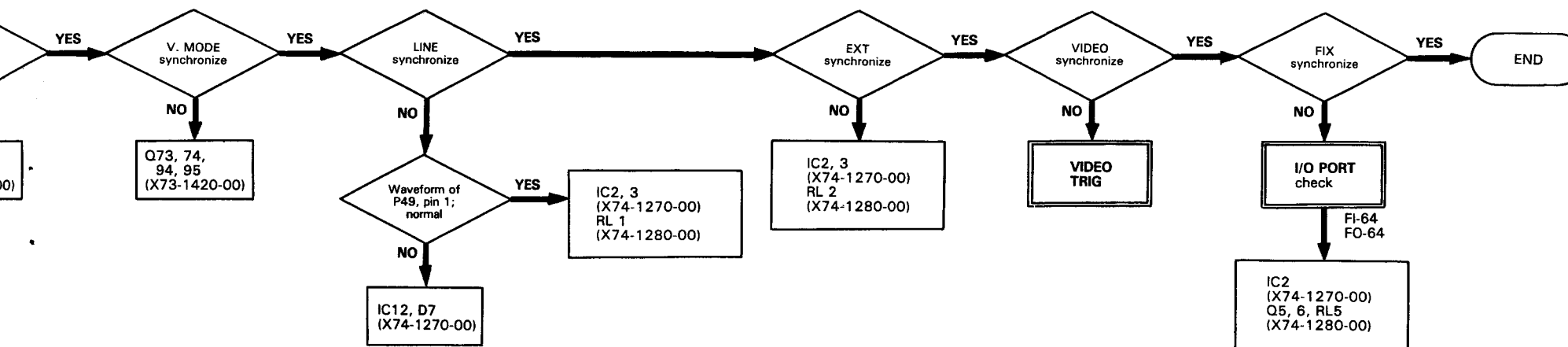
POS
ET

GAIN
ET

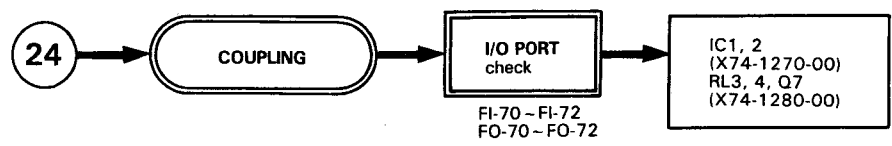
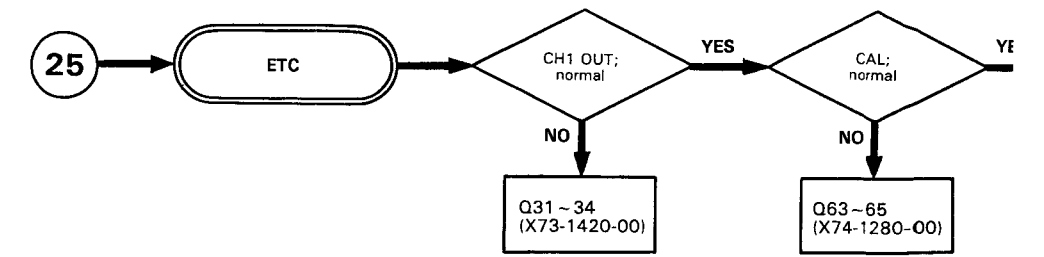
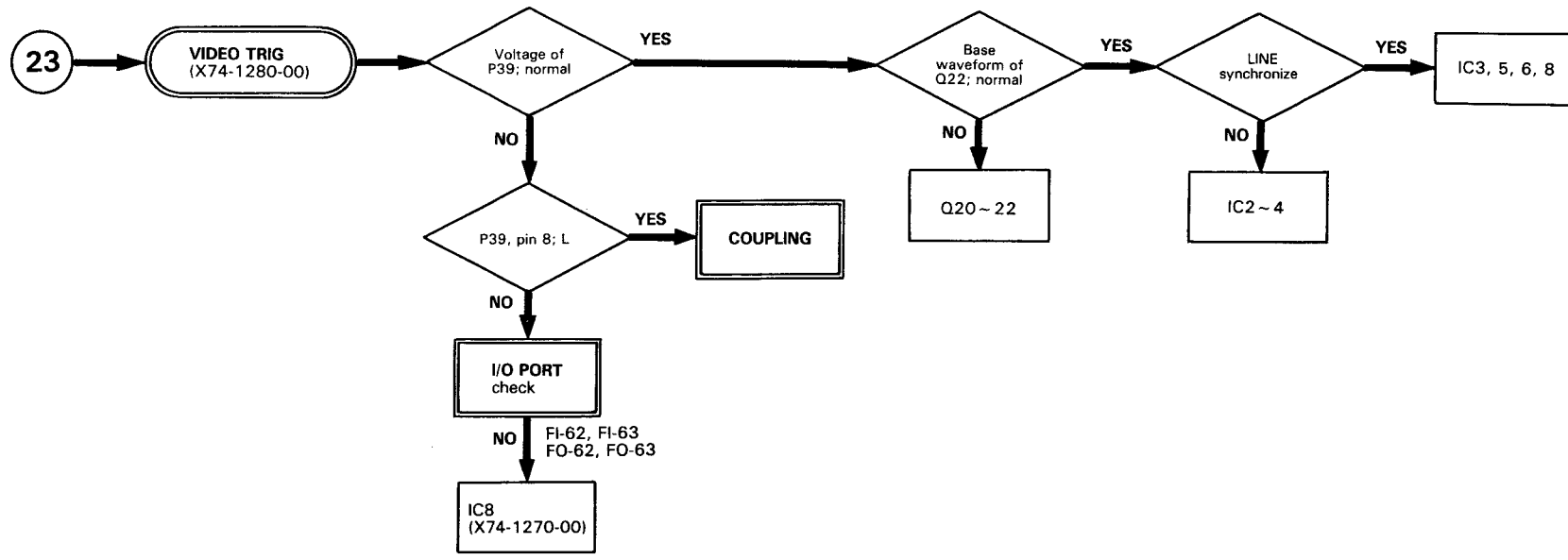
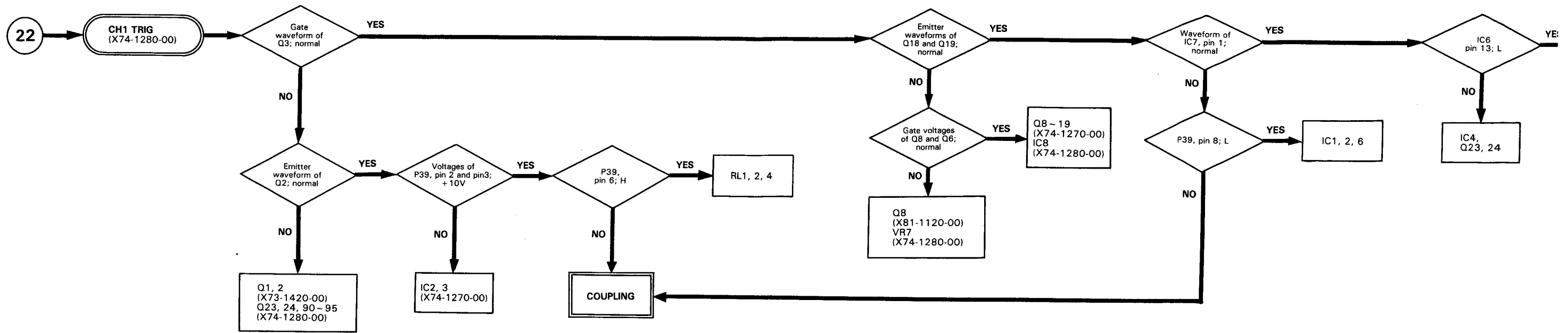
Table 9-5 Trig

SOURCE \ P10	PIN 1 CH2	PIN 2 CH1	PIN 3 V. MODE
CH1	H	L	H
CH2	L	H	H
V. MODE	H	H	L
LINE, EXT	H	H	H

Horizontal Logic Unit (X74-1270-00)



TROUBLESHOOTING



TROUBLESHOOTING

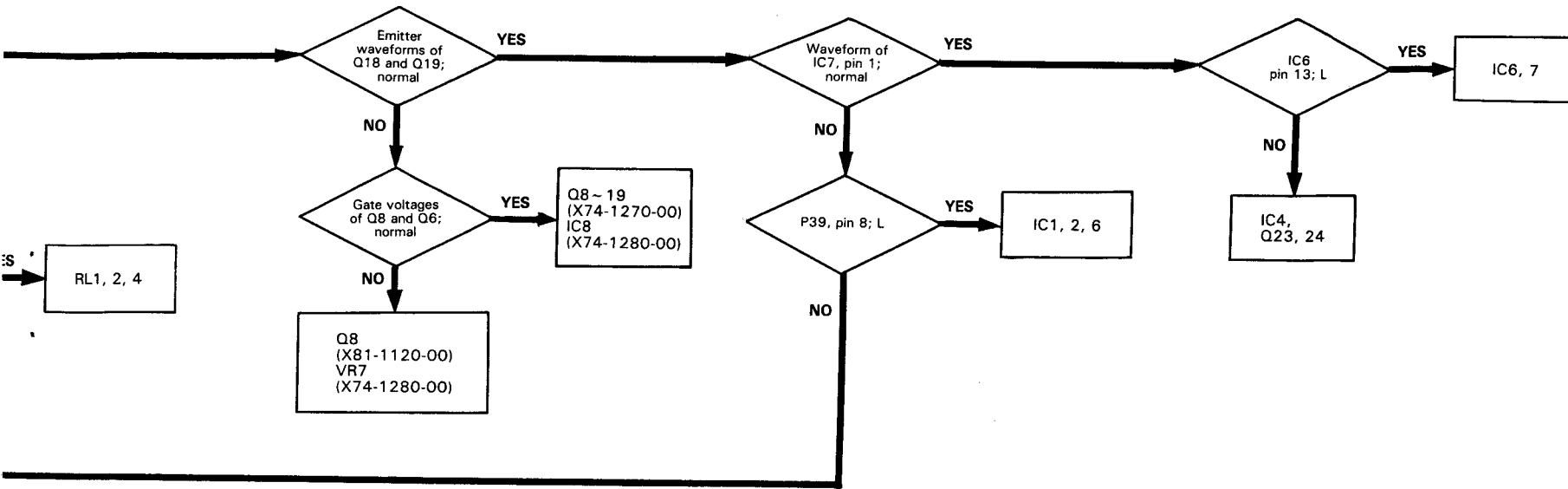
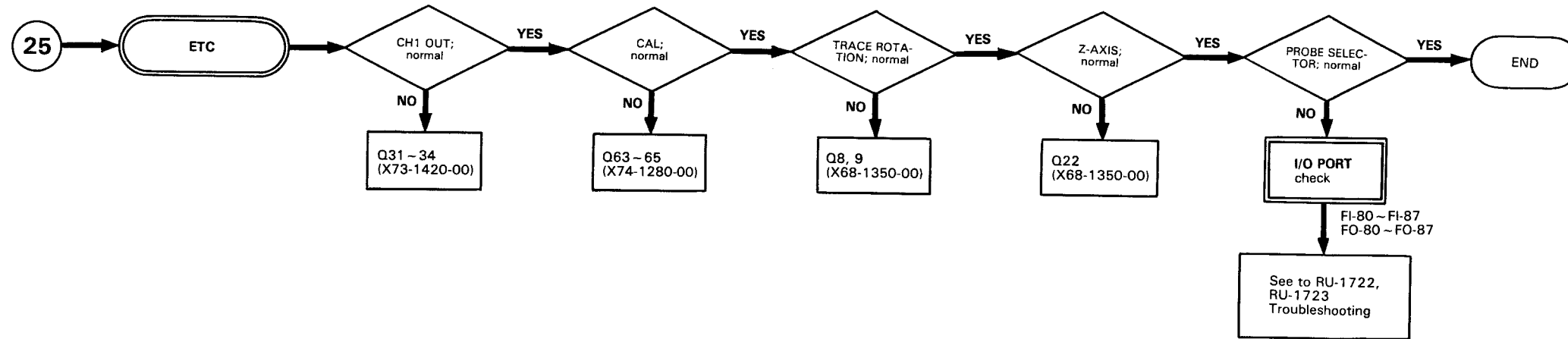
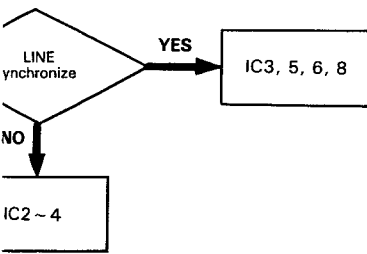


Table 9-6 P39 Pin 8 Video trig

VIDEO POLARITY \ P39	PIN 8 VIDEO	PIN 10 TV(+)	PIN 11 TV(-)	PIN 14 TVH
LINE +	H	L	H	L
LINE -	H	H	L	L
FRAME +	H	L	H	H
FRAME -	H	H	L	H



TROUBLESHOOTING

7. Reverse bit shift pattern test

The same procedures as the above test is performed while shifting to the left. If errors occur, perform HLT at address FC.

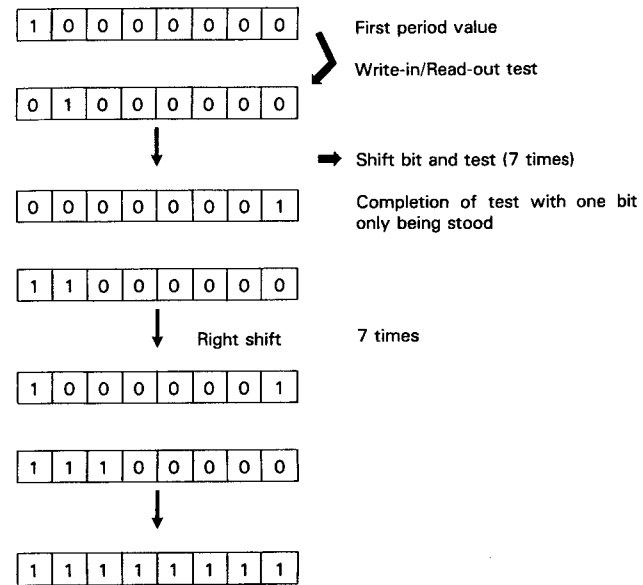


Table 9-7 Bit Shift Test (Right Shift)

RAM address	Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
3	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
4	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
5	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1

* Witness of neighbor influence by use of the fact that when a change to 0, 1, 0, 1 is made in the address column of the same bit, the neighboring addresses of the same address change to 0, 1, 0, 1.

Table 9-8 Checker Pattern

Cycle 1		Cycle 2		Cycle 256	
Address	Date	Address	Date	Address	Date
0	0 0	0	0 1	0	0 2
1	0 1	1	0 2	1	0 3
2	0 2	2	0 3	2	0 4
3	0 3	3	0 4	3	0 5
4	0 4	4	0 5	4	0 6
5	0 5	5	0 6	5	0 7
6	0 6	6	0 7	6	0 8
7	0 7	7	0 8	7	0 9
8	0 8	8	0 9	8	0 A

Table 9-9 Address Increment Pattern

AFTER ALL TESTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, THE SAME TESTS ARE PERFORMED AGAIN FROM THE BEGINNING.

Test purposes

- (1) 1. (all 0 test) and 2. (all 1 test) to determine if basic read/write is possible.
- (2) 3. (Checker pattern test) and 4. (Reverse checker pattern test) to determine if there is influence from neighboring bits on the data line.
- (3) 5. (Increment pattern test) examines if there is influence from the address line; for example, to discover a short in the address line.
- (4) 6. (Bit shift pattern test) and 7. (Reverse bit shift pattern test) are performed to discover irregular line shorts and influence from surrounding addresses.

Table 9-10 RAM Test For CS-1720

```

EQU RAM=01000 ; START OF RAM AREA
EQU BYTE=0400 ; RAM AREA'S SIZE
ORG 00

; ALL 0 TEST
0000 210010 LXI HL RAM ; SET RAM START
0003 010004 LXI BC BYTE ; SET BYTE COUNTER
0006 1600 MVI D 0 ; SET DATA
0008 72 RT1 MOV M D
0009 23 INX HL
000A 08 DCX BC
000B 79 MOV A C
000C B0 ORA B
000D C20800 JNZ RT1

; READ TEST
0010 210010 LXI HL RAM
0013 010004 LXI BC BYTE
0016 7E RT3 MOV A M
0017 BA CMP D
0019 CA1C00 JZ RT2 ; ERROR
001B 76 HLT
001C 23 RT2 INX HL
001D 08 DCX BC
001E 79 MOV A C
001F B0 ORA B ; END ?
0020 C21600 JNZ RT3

; ALL 1 TEST
0023 210010 LXI HL RAM
0026 010004 LXI BC BYTE
0029 16FF MVI D 0FFH
002B 72 RT4 MOV M D
002C 23 INX HL
002D 08 DCX BC
002E 79 MOV A C
002F B0 ORA B
0030 C22B00 JNZ RT4

; READ TEST
0033 210010 LXI HL RAM
0036 010004 LXI BC BYTE
0039 7E RT5 MOV A M ; GET DATA FROM RAM
003A BA CMP D ; TEST MATCH
003B CA3F00 JZ RT6 ; YES MUTCH
003E 76 HLT ; ERROR
003F 23 RT6 INX HL
0040 08 DCX BC
0041 79 MOV A C
0042 B0 ORA B
0043 C23900 JNZ RT5

; CHECKER PATTERN
0046 210010 LXI HL RAM
0049 010004 LXI BC BYTE
004C 1655 MVI D 055H
004E 72 RT7 MOV M D
004F 7A MOV A D

0050 2F CMA
0051 57 MOV D A ; COMPLEMENT DATA SET
0052 23 INX HL
0053 08 DCX BC
0054 79 MOV A C
0055 B0 ORA B
0056 C24E00 JNZ RT7

; READ TEST
0059 210010 LXI HL RAM
005C 010004 LXI BC BYTE
005F 1655 MVI D 055H
0061 7E RT8 MOV A M
0062 BA CMP D ; TEST MUTCH ?
0063 CA6700 JZ RT9 ; YES JMP
0066 76 HLT ; ERROR
0067 23 RT9 INX HL
0068 7A MOV A D
0069 2F CMA
006A 57 MOV D A
006B 08 DCX BC
006C 79 MOV A C
006D B0 ORA B
006E C26100 JNZ RT8

; INVERS CHECKER PATTERN
0071 210010 LXI HL RAM
0074 010004 LXI BC BYTE
0077 16AA MVI D 0AAH
0079 72 RT10 MOV M D
007A 7A MOV A D
007B 2F CMA
007C 57 MOV D A
007D 23 INX HL
007E 08 DCX BC
007F 79 MOV A C
0080 B0 ORA B
0081 C27900 JNZ RT10

; READ TEST
0084 210010 LXI HL RAM
0087 010004 LXI BC BYTE
008A 16AA MVI D 0AAH
008C 7E RT11 MOV A M
008D BA CMP D
008E CA9200 JZ RT12
0091 76 HLT ; NO MUTCH
0092 23 RT12 INX HL
0093 7A MOV A D
0094 2F CMA
0095 57 MOV D A
0096 08 DCX BC
0097 79 MOV A C
0098 B0 ORA B
0099 C28C00 JNZ RT11

; IHC PATTERN
009C 110000 LXI DE 00
009F 210010 RT14 LXI HL RAM
00A2 010004 LXI BC BYTE
    
```


TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLESHOOTING OF CPU UNIT (X81-1050-00)

THE CPU BOARD DOES NOT RUN AT ALL

1. Check power supply voltage. Should be less than $5\text{ V} \pm 5\%$.
2. Confirm the levels of the S 1 and S 0 terminals of μPD8085 . Measure with the oscilloscope and check to see if both stop at zero level. If, when both are at zero level, the trap terminal is at high level, there may be trouble with the power supply detector circuit, or the detector level may not be set up properly.
3. Monitor the CLK terminal of μPD8085 with the oscilloscope. A 50% duty 1.79 MHz square wave should be obtained at this terminal. If it does not appear, monitor the x1 and x2 terminals with the oscilloscope to see if a sine wave signal of about 3.58 MHz is obtained. If it is not obtained, there may be malfunctioning of μPD8085 or ceramic resonator.
4. Confirm that the μPD8085 RESET OUT terminal is at low level. If it remains at high level and the above-mentioned clock operation is running normally, check if the RESET IN terminal of μPD8085 changes between low and high according to whether the power supply is on or off. If it does not change, there may be malfunctioning of C10, D7, and R21; if it changes, μPD8085 may be malfunctioning.
5. Confirm that the HLDA terminal of μPD8085 is at low level. If it is at high level, see if the HLD terminal is at high level. If the latter is at high level, there may be a problem with R20 or jumper resistor.
6. If none of the above mentioned problems apply, have the test programme chart (Table 9-7) run through the CPU board only. See the programme explanation for the method of analysis.

DISPLAY FIGURES DO NOT MATCH INPUT FIGURES

1. Specified segment does not light up or stays lit.
 - a) If, when changing the display number, the position of the segment which remains lit or unlit changes, the problem may be with the LED driver; if the position remains fixed, there may be a disconnection in the wiring or in the LED itself or there may be short.
 - b) Make confirmation by test programming after repairs.
2. Numbers do not appear when number keys are pushed, or numbers appear when other than number keys are pushed.
 - a) Have the test programme run. If numbers appear according to the prescribed pattern, the problem is in the keyboard.
 - b) When numbers do not appear as prescribed in the test programme, there are two main sources of trouble.
 - 1) Trouble in the data bus.
 - 2) IC of the LED drive is malfunctioning.

In the first case, there is faulty operation of some function when the keys are operated. For the second case, confirm with the oscilloscope that strobe signals are being received at IC1 and IC5 of the I/O board. If they are not being received, check the connection between the I/O board and the CPU board and check the operation of IC1 of the CPU board.

3. Switch condition as set at the CS-1720 panel cannot be realized. There are cases, in which several switches, not all switches, do not function as set.
 - a) Check the connection of the flat cable above the CPU unit and the connection of the card edge connector.
 - b) Remove the CPU unit and input a short card as a substitute; short the connector over the vertical switch panel with a flat cable and confirm that the switch set-up is normal. If there is an abnormality the trouble is with the switch unit.
 - c) Set the test programme in the CPU unit and test the I/O board. If there are no abnormalities, examine the memory with the memory test programme.

THE LEDS OF STEP SEQUENCE A, B, C, D DO NOT LIGHT UP

1. First push each key of A, B, C, D and check if the corresponding LED lights up.
2. When all the LEDs stay lit or unlit regardless of which any key is pushed and there are no abnormalities in the functioning of the other keys, confirm that the terminals corresponding to A, B, C, D LEDs of IC21 on the I/O board change in response to changes in pushing the A-D keys. If the LED remains unlit, the LED is malfunctioning, this means that the resistance to LED controlled current is disconnected or +5 V is not applied to the LED on the keyboard. If the voltage of IC21 output terminal does not change, check with the oscilloscope to see if strobe signal is being received at the 11 pin. When the LEDs remain the same in spite of being supplied, check to see if the 1 pin is at low level. If it is not low level, none of the LEDs will light up and the READ/WRITE LED will also not light up. If the 1 pin is at low level, test the memory with the memory test programme.

THE BUZZER KEEPS SOUNDING

Confirm that the RT-1721 REMOTE BOX is connected adequately to the CS-1720. Next, push the keys of step sequence A, B, C, D. If the buzzer stops, the cause is too much noise from the RAM bit within the CS-1720. If it does not stop, check the Q1 operation of the horizontal mother board and the operation of the PHOTO-COPLER TL521-1. If their operations are normal, the CPU board itself may be operating erratically. Examine the operation of the CPU board and the I/O board.

LIGHTING OF THE READ/WRITE LED IS ABNORMAL

1. See if there is any change in the operation level of the

TROUBLESHOOTING

- LED current restriction resistance (R19, R20), Q1, Q2 with alternately pushing the READ and ALL WRT keys. If conditions are normal, in like manner, while watching the 5 and 2 pins of IC21 on the I/O board, and observe if there is a change between high and low levels when alternately pushing the above-mentioned keys.
2. If there is no change in this latter case, check the strobe signal of the 11 pin of IC21. If there is no such signal, check the operation of the 3 pin of IC1 on the CPU board.
 3. If conditions in the above cases are normal, there may be trouble with the data bus above the I/O board or malfunctioning of RAM and ROM. Therefore, test RAM and ROM. If these two checks are positive, execute the I/O board test programming.

WARNING SIGNAL WHEN BATTERY IS 2.6 V OR MORE, OR 2.5 V OR LESS

1. Check the level of the RST5.5 terminal of μ PD8085 on the CPU board. If normal, confirm that operation of the aforesaid corresponds to battery voltage.
2. The following may cause warning signals when the battery is 2.6 V or over.
 - a) Incorrect operation of the IC4 comparator
 - b) Malfunctioning of Q2
 - c) Faulty VR1 adjustment
 - d) Malfunctioning of D3
3. The following may cause warning signals when the battery is 2.5 V or below.
 - a) Malfunctioning of IC4
 - b) Q2 Base-Emitter short
 - c) Short in ground somewhere between D5 and connector
 - d) Opening of D3
 - e) R5 disconnection

PRINTER CANNOT BE DRIVEN

1. Check the printer unit and the cable.
2. Remove the cable, press the printer key and confirm that the buzzer sounds. If it does not, there may be a problem with R25 above the horizontal mother board, faulty connection between the CPU and I/O boards by the connector, or malfunctioning of Q4 above the CPU board.
3. If the buzzer sounds when the printer key is pressed even though the cable is attached, the problem may be a disconnection in the wiring to the DIN connector within the CS-1720 or a short in the D diode above the horizontal mother board.

MEMORY PACK

1. When the finish buzzer does not sound even though the LOAD key is pressed from the memory pack, transmit dummy data one time via the save key and press the LOAD key once again. If the finish buzzer does not

sound, there may be cable disconnection (including cable connector within CS-1720), faulty operation of IC1 or IC2 within the MEMORY PACK. For IC malfunctions, make confirmation with test programme.

2. The contents of the MEMORY PACK do not change after different contents are written in. Two distinct cases become apparent.
 - a) When the contents of all the steps are loaded, they all become the same.
 - b) The contents are not same but there is not change after writing in. In the case a), the problem may be that the IC3 counter does not operate or that the counter reset does not function. For the former, confirm that the count-up clock has been inputted into the 10 pin of IC3; For the later, examine the 11 pin of IC3. For the case b), it may be that the \overline{WE} terminal is not receiving a signal from IC2.

MEMORY TEST PROGRAMME

Perform tests by conducting write-in and read-out according to each pattern type throughout the entire memory area. If malfunctions occur, perform HLT. Since the HLT address varies according to each pattern, the pattern at stopping time can be judged by examining the stopped address.

1. All 0 test
Perform test writing in all 0 throughout the memory area and seeing if all addresses become 0. If there is an error, perform HLT. The HLT address becomes 1 B.
2. All 1 test
Write in 1 throughout the entire area and check if all addresses become 1. If there is an error, HLT is performed. The HLT address becomes 3 E.
3. Checker pattern test
Write in 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 in the odd-number addresses and 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 in the even-number addresses. If there is an error, perform HLT at address 66.
4. Reverse checker pattern test
In reverse of the above procedure, write in 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 in the odd-number addresses and 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 in the even-number addresses. If there is an error, perform HLT at address 91.
5. Increment pattern test
Test all addresses by writing in +1 data to each address as it advances. +1 is added to the first period value of each test cycle for a total of 256 cycles. If errors occur, perform HLT at address BB.
6. Bit shift pattern test
First stand one bit only to one address and perform write-in/read-out test. Next, after performing read/write test for each bit when all bit have been shifted to the right, stand two bits to perform the same procedure. The test continues until all bits are at 1. This procedure is conducted at all addresses. If errors occur, stop at address D9.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Table 9-10 RAM Test For CS-1720

```

EQU RAM=01000  ; START OF RAM AREA
EQU BYTE=0400  ; RAM AREA'S SIZE
ORG 00
; ALL 0 TEST
0000 210010 LXI HL RAM ; SET RAM START
0003 010004 LXI BC BYTE ; SET BYTE COUNTER
0006 1600 MUI D 0 ; SET DATA
0008 72 RT1 MOV M D
0009 23 INX HL
000A 0B DCX BC
000B 79 MOV A C
000C B0 ORA B
000D C20800 JNZ RT1
; READ TEST
0010 210010 LXI HL RAM
0013 010004 LXI BC BYTE
0016 7E RT3 MOV A M
0017 BA CMP D
0018 CA1C00 JZ RT2
001B 76 HLT ; ERROR
001C 23 RT2 INX HL
001D 0B DCX BC
001E 79 MOV A C
001F B0 ORA B ; END ?
0020 C21600 JNZ RT3
; ALL 1 TEST
0023 210010 LXI HL RAM
0026 010004 LXI BC BYTE
0029 16FF MUI D 0FF
002B 72 RT4 MOV M D
002C 23 INX HL
002D 0B DCX BC
002E 79 MOV A C
002F B0 ORA B
0030 C22B00 JNZ RT4
; READ TEST
0033 210010 LXI HL RAM
0036 010004 LXI BC BYTE
0039 7E RT5 MOV A M ; GET DATA FROM RAM
003A BA CMP D ; TEST MATCH
003B CA3F00 JZ RT6 ; YES MUTCH
003E 76 HLT ; ERROR
003F 23 RT6 INX HL
0040 0B DCX BC
0041 79 MOV A C
0042 B0 ORA B
0043 C23900 JNZ RT5
; CHECKER PATTERN
0046 210010 LXI HL RAM
0049 010004 LXI BC BYTE
004C 1655 MUI D 055
004E 72 RT7 MOV M D
004F 7A MOV A D
0050 2F CMA
0051 57 MOV D A ; COMPLEMENT DATA SET
0052 23 INX HL
0053 0B DCX BC
0054 79 MOV A C
0055 B0 ORA B
0056 C24E00 JNZ RT7
; READ TEST
0059 210010 LXI HL RAM
005C 010004 LXI BC BYTE
005F 1655 MUI D 055
0061 7E RT8 MOV A M
0062 BA CMP D ; TEST MUTCH ?
0063 CA6700 JZ RT9 ; YES JMP
0066 76 HLT ; ERROR
0067 23 RT9 INX HL
0068 7A MOV A D
0069 2F CMA
006A 57 MOV D A
006B 0B DCX BC
006C 79 MOV A C
006D B0 ORA B
006E C26100 JNZ RT8
; INVERS CHECKER PATTERN
0071 210010 LXI HL RAM
0074 010004 LXI BC BYTE
0077 16AA MUI D 0AA
0079 72 RT10 MOV M D
007A 7A MOV A D
007B 2F CMA
007C 57 MOV D A
007D 23 INX HL
007E 0B DCX BC
007F 79 MOV A C
0080 B0 ORA B
0081 C27900 JNZ RT10
; READ TEST
0084 210010 LXI HL RAM
0087 010004 LXI BC BYTE
008A 16AA MUI D 0AA
008C 7E RT11 MOV A M
008D BA CMP D
008E CA9200 JZ RT12
0091 76 HLT ; NO MUTCH
0092 23 RT12 INX HL
0093 7A MOV A D
0094 2F CMA
0095 57 MOV D A
0096 0B DCX BC
0097 79 MOV A C
0098 B0 ORA B
0099 C28C00 JNZ RT11
; INC PATTERN
009C 110000 LXI DE 00
009F 210010 RT14 LXI HL RAM
00A2 010004 LXI BC BYTE
00A5 53 MOV D E
00A6 72 RT13 MOV M D
00A7 14 INR D
00A8 23 INX HL
00A9 0B DCX BC
00AA 79 MOV A C
00AB B0 ORA B
00AC C2A600 JNZ RT13
; READ TEST
00AF 210010 LXI HL RAM
00B2 010004 LXI BC BYTE
00B5 53 MOV D E
00B6 7E RT15 MOV A M
00B7 BA CMP D
00B8 CAB000 JZ RT16
00BB 76 HLT ; NO MUTCH
00BC 23 RT16 INX HL
00BD 14 INR D
00BE 0B DCX BC
00BF 79 MOV A C
00C0 B0 ORA B
00C1 C2B600 JNZ RT15
; NEXT PATTERN
00C4 1D DCR E
00C5 C29F00 JNZ RT14
; BIT SHIFT PATTERN
00C8 210010 LXI HL RAM
00CB 010004 LXI BC BYTE
00CE AF RT19 XRA A
00CF 110908 LXI DE 0908
00D2 37 RT18 STC
00D3 1F RAR
00D4 77 RT17 MOV M A
00D5 BE CMP M
00D6 CADA00 JZ RT23
00D9 76 HLT ; NOT MUTCH
00DA 0F RT23 RRC
00DB 1D DCR E
00DC C2D400 JNZ RT17
00DF 0F RRC
00E0 15 DCR D
00E1 C2D200 JNZ RT15
00E4 23 INX HL
00E5 0B DCX BC
00E6 79 MOV A C
00E7 B0 ORA B
00E8 C2CE00 JNZ RT19
; REVERSE PATTERN TEST
; FOR EACH ADDRES
00EB 210010 LXI HL RAM
00EE 010004 LXI BC BYTE
00F1 AF RT20 XRA A
00F2 110908 LXI DE 0908
00F5 37 RT21 STC
00F6 17 RAL
00F7 77 RT22 MOV M A
00F8 BE CMP M
00F9 CAF000 JZ RT24
00FC 76 HLT ; NOT MUTCH
00FD 07 RT24 RLC
00FE 1D DCR E
00FF C2F700 JNZ RT22
0102 07 RLC
0103 15 DCR D
0104 C2F500 JNZ RT21
0107 23 INX HL
0108 0B DCX BC
0109 79 MOV A C
010A B0 ORA B
010B C2F100 JNZ RT20
010E C30000 JMP 00
END

```

I/O PORT TEST

Test Forms

0. All 0 test
1. All 1 test
2. Checker pattern test
3. Reverse checker pattern test
4. Increment pattern test

The contents are the same as that of the memory test.

The I/O port test is performed by shorting the input/output port of each address and connecting the printer. If there is no abnormality, the buzzer sounds at the end, and the CPU performs HLT.

If errors occur, print the following in the printer for each error.

Test pattern displayed by 0 ~ 4
Board displayed by 0 ~ 7
Data sent out displayed by 00 ~ FF
Data received displayed by 00 ~ FF (abnormal data)

Pin to be shorted		Pin to be shorted	
1	67	19	49
2	68	20	50
3	69	21	51
4	70	22	52
5	71	23	53
6	72	24	54
7	73	25	55
8	74	26	56
9	59	27	41
10	59	28	42
11	61	29	43
12	62	30	44
13	63	31	45
14	64	32	46
15	65	33	47
16	66	34	48

The P32 side should be treated as shown in the table above; for the P25 and P26 side, connection is made after reversing to right/left the flat cable with the connector attached.

Table 9-11 I/O Port P32 Short Method

TROUBLESHOOTING

Table 9-12 I/O Port Test

```

EQU    LEDS=@5000
EQU    RAM=@1000
EQU    STACK=@1400
EQU    BYTE=8
EQU    IOP=@9000
EQU    COUNT=@1000+9
ORG    00

0000 310014 LXI SP STACK
0003 AF XRA A
0004 320050 STA LEDS
0007 320910 STA COUNT

; ALL 0 TEST
000A 210010 LXI HL RAM
000D 010900 LXI BC BYTE
0010 1600 MUI D 0
0012 72 RT0 MOV M D
0013 23 INX HL
0014 0D DCR C
0015 C21200 JNZ RT0

; END OFF WRITE
0018 CDA200 CALL TRANS
001B CDBA00 CALL VER
001E CD9A00 CALL UPC

; ALL 1 TEST
0021 210010 LXI HL RAM
0024 010900 LXI BC BYTE
0027 16FF MUI D 0FF
0029 72 RT2 MOV M D
002A 23 INX HL
002B 0D DCR C
002C C22900 JNZ RT2

002F CDA200 CALL TRANS
0032 CDBA00 CALL VER
0035 CD9A00 CALL UPC

; TEST CHECKER
0039 210010 LXI HL RAM
003B 010900 LXI BC BYTE
003E 1655 MUI D 055
0040 72 RT3 MOV M D
0041 23 INX HL
0042 7A MOV A D
0043 2F CMA
0044 57 MOV D A
0045 0D DCR C
0046 C24000 JNZ RT3

0049 CDA200 CALL TRANS
004C CDBA00 CALL VER
004F CD9A00 CALL UPC

; INVERS PATTERN
0052 210010 LXI HL RAM
0055 010900 LXI BC BYTE
0058 16AA MUI D 0AA
005A 72 RT4 MOV M D
005B 23 INX HL
005C 7A MOV A D
005D 2F CMA
005E 57 MOV D A
005F 0D DCR C
0060 C25A00 JNZ RT4

0063 CDA200 CALL TRANS
0066 CDBA00 CALL VER
0069 CD9A00 CALL UPC

; INC PATTERN
006C 110000 LXI DE 0
006F 210010 RT5 LXI HL RAM
0072 010900 LXI BC BYTE
0075 53 MOV D E
0076 72 RT6 MOV M D
0077 23 INX HL
0078 14 INR D
0079 0D DCR C
007A C27600 JNZ RT6

007D CDA200 CALL TRANS
0080 CDBA00 CALL VER
0083 CD9A00 CALL UPC

0086 1D DCR E
0087 C26F00 JNZ RT5
008A 3EFF MUI A 0FF
008C 320050 STA LEDS
008F 110000 LXI DE @8000
0092 CD5101 CALL WAITM
0095 AF XRA A
0096 320050 STA LEDS
0099 76 HLT

; MODE COUNTER UP
009A 3A0910 UPC LDA COUNT
009D 3C INR A
009E 320910 STA COUNT
00A1 C9 RET

; TRANS TO RAM TO IO PORT
00A2 05 TRANS PUSH DE
00A3 05 TRANS PUSH HL
00A4 05 TRANS PUSH BC
00A5 210010 LXI HL RAM

00A8 110000 LXI DE IOP
00AB 010900 LXI BC BYTE
00AE 7E TRANS1 MOV A M
00AF 12 STAX DE
00B0 23 INX HL
00B1 13 INX DE
00B2 0D DCR C
00B3 C2AE00 JNZ TRANS1
00B6 01 POP BC
00B7 01 POP HL
00B8 01 POP DE
00B9 09 RET

; VERIFY TEST
00BA 05 VER PUSH HL
00BB 05 VER PUSH DE
00BC 05 VER PUSH BC
00BD 210010 LXI HL RAM
00C0 010900 LXI BC BYTE
00C3 110000 LXI DE IOP
00C6 1A VER0 LDAX DE
00C7 0E CMP M
00C8 CA0501 JZ VER1

00CB 05 PUSH HL
00CC 05 PUSH BC
00CD 05 PUSH BC
00CE 0E00 MUI C 0
00D0 CD2E01 CALL COUT
00D3 3A0910 LDA COUNT
00D6 CD0F01 CALL AOUT
00D9 0E20 MUI C @20
00DB CD2E01 CALL COUT
00DE 01 POP BC
00DF 7D MOV A L
00E0 CD0F01 CALL AOUT
00E3 0E20 MUI C @20
00E5 CD2E01 CALL COUT
00E8 7E MOV A M
00E9 CD0F01 CALL AOUT
00EC 0E20 MUI C @20
00EE CD2E01 CALL COUT
00F1 1A LDAX DE
00F2 CD0F01 CALL AOUT
00F5 0E0D MUI C @0D
00F7 CD2E01 CALL COUT
00FA 01FFFF WAIT LXI BC @FFFF
00FD 0B WAIT1 DCX BC
00FE 79 MOV A C
00FF 0B ORA B
0100 C2FD00 JNZ WAIT1
0103 01 POP BC
0104 01 POP HL

0105 23 VER1 INX HL
0106 13 INX DE
0107 0D DCR C
0108 C2C600 JNZ VER0
010B 01 POP BC

010C 01 POP DE
010D 01 POP HL
010E 09 RET

; ACC OUT
010F 05 AOUT PUSH PSW
0110 1F RAR
0111 1F RAR
0112 1F RAR
0113 1F RAR
0114 CD2401 CALL ASCII
0117 4F MOV C A
0118 CD2E01 CALL COUT
011B 01 POP PSW
011C CD2401 CALL ASCII
011F 4F MOV C A
0120 CD2E01 CALL COUT
0123 09 RET

; CONVERT ASCII
0124 060F ASCII ANI @0F
0126 0630 ADI @30
0128 0E3A CPI @3A
012A 09 RC
012B 0607 ADI ?
012D 09 RET

; COUT
012E 05 COUT PUSH PSW
012F 3EC0 MUI A @C0
0131 0608 MUI B 8
0133 30 C05 SIM
0134 111E00 LXI DE @1E
0137 CD5101 CALL WAITM
013A 79 MOV A C
013B 1F RAR
013C 4F MOV C A
013D 3E80 MUI A @80
013F 1F RAR
0140 EE80 XRI @80
0142 05 DCR B
0143 F23301 JP C05
0146 3E40 MUI A @40
0148 30 SIM
0149 113E00 LXI DE @3E
014C CD5101 CALL WAITM
014F 01 POP DE
0150 09 RET

0151 1B WAITM DCX DE
0152 7B MOV A E
0153 02 ORA D
0154 C25101 JNZ WAITM
0157 09 RET
END

```

KEY BOARD TEST

By pressing each key, the corresponding number is displayed on the 7 segment LED above the I/O board. The keys and displayed numbers are shown below.

Key number	Value	Key number	Value
ϕ	22	SCAN	05
1	15	D	28
2	16	DOWN	30
3	17	A	07
4	08	FREE	06
5	09	EXT	13
6	10	LOAD	26
7	01	SAVE	19
8	02	PRNT	12
9	03	Blank	20
START	23	Blank	27
END	24		
PART WRT	11		
ALL WRT	18		
READ	25		
STO	04		
B	14		
C	21		
RST	29		
UP	31		

Table 9-13

TROUBLESHOOTING

Table 9-14 Key Test For RT-1721

```

EQU    STACK=01400
EQU    LED8=05000
EQU    MASK6=01D
EQU    EMPTY=080
EQU    KERT=06000
EQU    LED7=04000
EQU    KRON=03000

ORG 00
0000 3EF0      MUI A 0F0
0002 320050   STA LED8
0005 AF       XRA A
0006 320040   STA LED7
0009 C35A00   JMP START

ORG 034
0034 F3      RSTK  DI
0035 F5      PUSH PSW
0036 C5      PUSH BC
0037 E5      PUSH HL
0038 D5      PUSH DE
0039 3E1F    MUI A 01F
003B 30      SIM
003C 3A0010  LDA KEYBF
003F 87      ADD A
0040 D25400  JNC RSTB
0043 CD9500  RSTA  CALL KDEC
0046 0600    MUI B 0
0048 4F      MOV C A
0049 21CF00  LXI HL TBL
004C 09      DAD BC
004D 7E      MOV A M
004E 320040  STA LED7
0051 CD8F00  CALL KCOA0
0054 D1      RSTB  POP DE
0055 E1      POP HL
0056 C1      POP BC
0057 F1      POP PSW
0058 FB      EI
0059 C9      RET

MAIN PROGRAM START
005A 310014  START LXI SP STACK
005D AF      XRA A
005E 2F      CMA
005F 320040  STA LED7
0062 3E1D    MUI A MASK6
0064 30      SIM
0065 CD8F00  CALL KCOA0
0068 FB      SCAN  EI
0069 CDC500  CALL WA10M
006C F3      DI
006D CD7300  CALL KSCAN
0070 C36800  JMP SCAN

0073 3A0060  KSCAN LDA KERT
0076 E608    ANI 8
0078 C0      RNZ
0079 CD8C00  KSCA2 CALL KCOA4
007C 3A0110  LDA KDRIV
007F 07      RLC
0080 DAS500  JC KSCA1
0083 3EEF    KSCA0 MUI A 0EF
0085 320030  KSCA1 STA KROW
0088 320110  STA KDRIV
008B C9      RET

008C 3E1D    KCOA4 MUI A MASK6
008E 30      SIM
008F 3E80    KCOA0 MUI A EMPTY
0091 320010  KCOA2 STA KEYBF
0094 C9      RET

0095 CDC500  KDEC  CALL WA10M
0098 3A0060  LDA KERT
009B E607    ANI 7
009D 47      MOV B A
009E CDC500  CALL WA10M
00A1 3A0060  LDA KERT
00A4 E607    ANI 7
00A6 B8      CMP B
00A7 C28F00  JNZ KCOA0
00AA 320210  STA KRET
00AD 210000  LXI HL 0
00B0 3A0110  LDA KDRIV
00B3 87      DECA  ADD A
00B4 D2BB00  JNC ENDEC
00B7 2C      INR L
00B8 C3B300  JMP DECA

00BB 3A0210  ENDEC LDA KRET
00BE 29      DAD HL
00BF 29      DAD HL
00C0 29      DAD HL
00C1 85      ADD L
00C2 C39100  JMP KCOA2

00C5 110002  WA10M LXI DE 0200
00C8 1B      WA11M DCX DE
00C9 7B      MOV A E
00CA B2      ORA D
00CB C2C800  JNZ WA11M
00CE C9      RET

00CF 22      TBL   022
00D0 15      015
00D1 16      016
00D2 17      017
00D3 08      008
00D4 09      009
00D5 10      010
00D6 01      001
00D7 02      002
00D8 03      003
00D9 23      023

00DA 24      024
00DB 11      011
00DC 19      019
00DD 25      025
00DE 04      004
00DF 14      014
00E0 21      021
00E1 29      029
00E2 31      031
00E3 05      005
00E4 29      029
00E5 30      030
00E6 07      007
00E7 06      006
00E8 13      013
00E9 26      026
00EA 19      019
00EB 12      012
00EC 20      020
00ED 27      027

1000      ORG 01000
1001      KEYBF BLK 1
1002      KDRIV BLK 1
          KRET  BLK 1
          END

```

TROUBLESHOOTING

LED TEST

After displaying figures 00~99 on the 7 segment LED, light the WRITE LED and the READ LED in sequence, sound the buzzer, and light the A, B, C, D step sequence LED.

Repeat the same process.

LED And A, B, C, D, LED And 7 Seg LED Disp

```
          EQU     LED7-01000
          EQU     LED8-05000
          ORG    00
          LMI    SP 01400
0000  310014
0003  0E24  LEDT0  MVI C 0E4
0005  AF    MRA A
0006  320040 LEDT  STA LED7
0009  C02500      CALL WA100M
000C  C001      ADI 1
000E  27      DAA
000F  00      DCR C
0010  C20600      JNZ LEDT
0013  0E03      MVI C 3
0015  3E01      MVI A 1
0017  320050 LEDT1 STA LED8
001A  C02500      CALL WA100M
001D  27      ADD A
001E  00      DCR C
001F  C21700      JNZ LEDT1
0022  C30300      JMP LEDT0
0025  110003 WA100M LMI DE 0300
0028  1B    WA101M DCX DE
0029  7B    MOV A E
002A  B2    ORA D
002B  C22900 JNZ WA101M
002E  C9    RET
          END
```


MEMORY PACK TEST

The test process is the same as that of the memory test within the CS-1720. Results are displayed above printer as follows:

- The error-producing address which corresponds to the CS-1720 memory.
- Data at normal times
- Incorrect data

The procedure is first to write in on the memory the same pattern as that of the memory test, transmit it to the memory pack, and compare this pattern with the memory within the CS-1720.

The address when errors are generated must be converted from the memory address within CS-1720 to the real address above the memory pack.

SWITCH PROCEDURE

Real address = (address - 8000 + 1) × 2

(Note: numbers are expressed in hexadecimal digits)

Example: When an error occurs at address 8010,

$$8010 - 8000 + 1 = 11$$

$$11 \times 2 = 22$$

As this shows, the error was generated at memory pack address 22.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Ram Pack Test All Pattern

```

EQU RAM=01000
EQU STACK=01400
EQU BYTE=0200
EQU RESET=06000
EQU PACK=07000
    
```

```

0000 310014  ORG 00          INVERS CHECKER
                LXI SP STACK  ; SET STACK POINTER
0003 210010  LXI HL RAM
0006 010002  LXI BC BYTE
0009 1600    MUI D @00
000B 72     RT1   MOV M D
000C 23     INX HL
000D 0B     DCX BC
000E 79     MOV A C
000F 80     ORA B
0010 C20B00 JNZ RT1
0013 CD8100 ; END OF INTERNAL RAM WRITE
0016 CDA400  CALL TRANS  ; TRANS TO RAM PACK
                CALL VER    ; VERIFY TEST
0019 210010  LXI HL RAM
001C 010002  LXI BC BYTE
001F 16FF    MUI D @0FF
0021 72     RT2   MOV M D
0022 23     INX HL
0023 0B     DCX BC
0024 79     MOV A C
0025 80     ORA B
0026 C22100 JNZ RT2
0029 CD8100  CALL TRANS
002C CDA400  CALL VER    ; VERIFY TEST
002F 210010  LXI HL RAM
0032 010002  LXI BC BYTE
0035 1655    MUI D @55
0037 72     RT3   MOV M D
0038 23     INX HL
0039 7A     MOV A D
003A 2F     CMA
003B 57     MOV D A
003C 0B     DCX BC
003D 79     MOV A C
003E 80     ORA B
003F C23700 JNZ RT3
0042 CD8100  CALL TRANS
0045 CDA400  CALL VER

0048 210010  LXI HL RAM
004B 010002  LXI BC BYTE
004E 16AA    MUI D @0AA
0050 72     RT4   MOV M D
0051 23     INX HL
0052 7A     MOV A D
0053 2F     CMA
0054 57     MOV D A
0055 0B     DCX BC
0056 79     MOV A C
0057 80     ORA B
0058 C25000 JNZ RT4
005B CD8100  CALL TRANS
005E CDA400  CALL VER

0061 110000  LXI DE 0
0064 210010  RT5   LXI HL RAM
0067 010002  LXI BC BYTE
006A 53     RT6   MOV D E
006B 72     MOV M D
006C 14     INR D
006D 23     INX HL
006E 0B     DCX BC
006F 79     MOV A C
0070 80     ORA B
0071 C26B00 JNZ RT6
0074 CD8100  CALL TRANS
0077 CDA400  CALL VER
007A 10     DCR E
007B C26400 JNZ RT5 ; TEST AGAIN
007E C30000  JMP 00

0081 05     TRANS  PUSH DE
0082 E5     PUSH HL
0083 C5     PUSH BC
0084 320060 STA RESET
0087 210010 LXI HL RAM
008A 010002 LXI BC BYTE
008D 7E     TRANS1 MOV A M ; SET BYTE COUNTER
008E 1F     RAR
008F 1F     RAR
0090 1F     RAR
0091 1F     RAR
0092 320070 STA PACK
0095 7E     MOV A M
0096 320070 STA PACK
0099 23     INX HL
009A 0B     DCX BC
009B 79     MOV A C

009C 80     ORA B
009D C28D00 JNZ TRANS1
00A0 C1     POP BC
00A1 E1     POP HL
00A2 D1     POP DE
00A3 C9     RET

00A4 E5     VER    PUSH HL
00A5 D5     PUSH DE
00A6 C5     PUSH BC
00A7 210010 LXI HL RAM
00AA 010002 LXI BC BYTE
00AD 320060 STA RESET
00B0 3A0070 VER0 LDA PACK ; GET DATA FROM RAM PACK
00B3 87     ADD A
00B4 87     ADD A
00B5 87     ADD A
00B6 87     ADD A
00B7 57     MOV D A ; SAVE DATA HIGH 4 BIT
00B8 3A0070 LDA PACK
00BB E60F   ANI @0F
00BD 82     ORA D ; GET DATA 8 BIT
00BE BE     CMP M ; TEST COMPARE
00BF CAFA00 JZ VER1

00C2 C5     PUSH BC
00C3 F5     PUSH PSW
00C4 C5     PUSH BC
00C5 0E00   MUI C @0
00C7 CD0501 CALL COUT
00CA 0E20   MUI C @20
00CC CD0501 CALL COUT
00CF C1     POP BC
00D0 7C     MOV A H
00D1 CD2F01 CALL AOUT
00D4 7D     MOV A L
00D5 CD2F01 CALL AOUT
00D8 0E20   MUI C @20
00DA CD0501 CALL COUT
00DD 7E     MOV A M
00DE CD2F01 CALL AOUT
00E1 0E20   MUI C @20
00E3 CD0501 CALL COUT
00E6 F1     POP PSW
00E7 CD2F01 CALL AOUT
00EA 0E00   MUI C @0D
00EC CD0501 CALL COUT
00EF 01FFFF WAIT LXI BC @FFFF
00F2 0B     WAIT1 DCX BC
00F3 79     MOV A C
00F4 80     ORA B
00F5 C2F200 JNZ WAIT1
00F8 C1     POP BC
00F9 E1     POP HL
00FA 23     VER1  INX HL
00FB 0B     DCX BC
00FC 79     MOV A C
00FD 80     ORA B

00FE C2B000 JNZ VER0
0101 C1     POP BC
0102 D1     POP DE
0103 E1     POP HL
0104 C9     RET

0105 D5     COUT  PUSH DE
0106 0EC0   MUI C @C0
0108 0608   MUI B @8
010A 30     COS   SIM
010B 11E000 LXI DE @1E
010E CD2801 CALL WA11M
0111 79     MOV A C
0112 1F     RAR
0113 4F     MOV C A
0114 3E90   MUI A @90
0116 1F     RAR
0117 EE80   XRI @80
0119 05     DCR B
011A F20A01 JP C05
011D 3E40   MUI A @40
011F 30     SIM
0120 113E00 LXI DE @3E
0123 CD2801 CALL WA11M
0126 D1     POP DE
0127 C9     RET

0128 18     WA11M DCX DE
0129 7B     MOV A E
012A 82     ORA D
012B CD2801 JNZ WA11M
012E C9     RET

012F F5     AOUT  PUSH PSW
0130 1F     RAR
0131 1F     RAR
0132 1F     RAR
0133 1F     RAR
0134 CD4401 CALL ASCII
0137 4F     MOV C A
0138 CD0501 CALL COUT
013B F1     POP PSW
013C CD4401 CALL ASCII
013F 4F     MOV C A
0140 CD0501 CALL COUT
0143 C9     RET

0144 E60F   ASCII ANI @0F
0146 C630   ADI @30
0148 FE3A   CPI @3A
014A 0B     RC
014B C607   ADI 7
014D C9     RET
END
    
```

PARTS LIST

Unless otherwise specified, all resistors are $\pm 5\%$, 1/6W and all capacitor's voltage ratings are 50WV.

The specifications and parts list and schematic diagram may be changed without notice owing to a technical innovation.

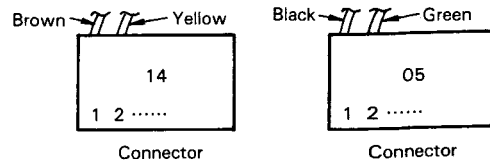
ABBREVIATIONS

Resistor	
RD	Carbon
RN	Metal film
RC	Solid
VR	Variable or Semi-fixed
Capacitor	
CC	Ceramic
CK	Ceramic
CE	Electrolytic
CM	Mica
CQ	Mylar (Polypropylen)
TC	Ceramic trimmer
Semiconductor	
TR	Transistor
FET	Field effect transistor

The part No. of each connector is stamped or color-coded. The color-coding is as follows.

Black	Brown	Red	Orange	Yellow	Green	Blue	Purple	Grey	White
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Example



Each connector can be classified by the color of pin 1 and pin 2.

PARTS LIST

ATTENUATOR UNIT (X75-1130-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
B-2	R1	RD14BB2E105J	RD 1MΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C-3	C14	CM93BD2A151J	CM 150pF ± 5% 100V
B-2	R2	RN14BK2H9903F	RN 990kΩ ± 1% 1/2W	C-3	C15	CM93BD2A330J	CM 33pF ± 5% 100V
	R3	No use		C-3	C16	C91-0502-05	Metal film 0.01μF ± 10% 630V
C-2	R4	RN14BK2E1012F	RN 10.1kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	C17	No use		
C-2	R5	RD14BB2C180J	RD 18Ω	D-3	C18	CEO4W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V
	R6	No use		D-3	C19	CEO4W1C220M	CE 22μF 16V
C-2	R7	RN14BK2H9003F	RN 900kΩ ± 1% 1/2W	A-3	C20	CEO4W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V
C-2	R8	RN14BK2E1113F	RN 111kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	D-1	C21	CEO41C470M	CE 47μF 16V
C-2	R9	RD14BB2C560J	RD 56Ω	C-1	C22	CEO4W1C220M	CE 22μF 16V
C-2	R10	RD14BB2C330J	RD 33Ω	D-1	C23	CEO4W1C220M	CE 22μF 16V
C-2	R11	RN14BK2E1004F	RN 1MΩ ± 1% 1/4W	D-1	C24	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
C-2	R12	RD14BB2E104J	RD 100kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C-1	C25	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
C-2	R13	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	B-1	C26	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
D-1	R14	RN14BK2B1202F	RN 12kΩ ± 1% 1/8W	B-1	C27	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
D-2	R15	RN14BK2B1202F	RN 12kΩ ± 1% 1/8W	C-1	C28	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
D-2	R16	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-1	C29	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
D-2	R17	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-1	C30	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
D-2	R18	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	C-1	C31	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
D-2	R19	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	D-4	C32	CEO4W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V
	R20	No use		C-4	C33	CEO4W1C220M	CE 22μF 16V
B-3	R21	RD14BB2E105J	RD 1MΩ ± 5% 1/4W	D-4	C34	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
B-3	R22	RN14BK2H9903F	RN 990kΩ ± 1% 1/2W	D-4	C35	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
	R23	No use		C-4	C36	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
C-3	R24	RN14BK2E1012F	RN 10.1kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	B-3	C37	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
C-3	R25	RD14BB2C180J	RD 18Ω	B-3	C38	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
	R26	No use		C-3	C39	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
C-3	R27	RN14BK2H9003F	RN 900kΩ ± 1% 1/2W	C-3	C40	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
C-3	R28	RN14BK2E1113F	RN 111kΩ ± 1% 1/4W	B-3	C41	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
C-3	R29	RD14BB2C560J	RD 56Ω	C-3	C42	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ± 10%
C-3	R30	RD14BB2C330J	RD 33Ω	B-2	TC1	C05-0405-05	TC 20pF
C-3	R31	RN14BK2E1004F	RN 1MΩ ± 1% 1/4W	B-2	TC2	C05-0403-05	TC 6pF
C-3	R32	RD14BB2E104J	RD 100kΩ ± 5% 1/4W	C-2	TC3	C05-0405-05	TC 20pF
C-3	R33	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-2	TC4	C05-0403-05	TC 6pF
D-3	R34	RN14BK2B1202F	RN 12kΩ ± 1% 1/8W	B-3	TC5	C05-0405-05	TC 20pF
D-3	R35	RN14BK2B1202F	RN 12kΩ ± 1% 1/8W	B-3	TC6	C05-0403-05	TC 6pF
D-3	R36	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-3	TC7	C05-0405-05	TC 20pF
D-3	R37	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-3	TC8	C05-0403-05	TC 6pF
D-3	R38	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	C-1	L1	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
D-3	R39	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	D-1	L2	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
	R40	No use		C-4	L3	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
B-1	R41	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	D-4	L4	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
B-1	R42	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-2	RL1	S51-1510-05	Relay
C-1	R43	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-2	RL2	S51-1510-05	Relay
C-1	R44	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-2	RL3	S51-2504-05	Relay
B-1	R45	RD14BB2C622J	RD 6.2kΩ	C-2	RL4	S51-2504-05	Relay
D-1	R46	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1KΩ	B-3	RL5	S51-1510-05	Relay
D-1	R47	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-3	RL6	S51-1510-05	Relay
B-4	R48	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-3	RL7	S51-2504-05	Relay
B-4	R49	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	C-3	RL8	S51-2504-05	Relay
C-4	R50	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	D-1	RL9	S51-1509-05	Relay
C-4	R51	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	D-3	RL10	S51-1509-05	Relay
B-4	R52	RD14BB2C622J	RD 6.2kΩ	D-2	Q1		TR μPA70A (L)
B-1	VR1	R12-2405-05	VR 5kΩB	D-2	Q2		TR 2SC1963
B-1	VR2	R12-2405-05	VR 5kΩB	D-3	Q3		TR μPA70A (L)
C-1	VR3	R12-2405-05	VR 5kΩB	D-3	Q4		TR 2SC1963
C-1	VR4	R12-2405-05	VR 5kΩB	C-1	D1		Diode 1S1544A
B-1	VR5	R12-0531-05	VR 500ΩB	C-1	D2		Diode 1S1544A
B-4	VR6	R12-2405-05	VR 5kΩB	C-3	D3		Diode 1S1544A
B-4	VR7	R12-2405-05	VR 5kΩB	C-3	D4		Diode 1S1544A
C-4	VR8	R12-2405-05	VR 5kΩB	B-1	D5		Diode DS44-2X
C-4	VR9	R12-2405-05	VR 5kΩB	B-1	D6		Diode DS44-2X
B-4	VR10	R12-0531-05	VR 500ΩB	C-1	D8		Diode DS44-2X
D-2	VR11	R12-1510-05	VR 1kΩB	B-3	D9		Diode DS44-2X
D-3	VR12	R12-1510-05	VR 1kΩB	B-3	D10		Diode DS44-2X
D-1	VR13	R12-2405-05	VR 5kΩB	B-3	D11		Diode DS44-2X
B-2	C1	C91-0501-05	Metal film 0.047μF ± 10% 630V	C-3	D12		Diode DS44-2X
B-2	C2	CC45CH1H020C	CC 2pF ± 0.25pF	D-1	D13		Diode WZ-075
	C3	No use		B-1	P1	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P
C-2	C4	CM93BD2A151J	CM 150pF ± 5% 100V	B-4	P2	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P
C-2	C5	CM93BD2A330J	CM 33pF ± 5% 100V	C-1	P3	E40-0876-05	Pin connector 8P
C-2	C6	C91-0502-05	Metal film 0.01μF ± 10% 630V	C-4	P4	E40-0776-05	Pin connector 7P
	C7	No use		D-2	P5	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P
D-2	C8	CEO4W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V				
D-2	C9	CEO4W1C220M	CE 22μF 16V				
A-1	C10	CEO4W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V				
B-3	C11	C91-0501-05	Metal film 0.047μF ± 10% 630V				
B-3	C12	CC45CH1H020C	CC 2pF ± 0.25pF				
	C13	No use					

PARTS LIST

VERTICAL AMPLIFIER UNIT (X73-1420-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
D-3	P6	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P	E-2	R1	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
		F11-0974-14	Shield case	E-2	R2	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				E-2	R3	RN14BK2B75ROF	RN 75Ω ±1% 1/8W
		J32-0826-04	Hex post	E-2	R4	RN14BK2B75ROF	RN 75Ω ±1% 1/8W
				E-3	R5	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
		J25-2939-12	Printed circuit board	E-3	R6	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
				E-3	R7	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ
				E-3	R8	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
				E-3	R9	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
				E-3	R10	RD14BB2C391J	RD 390Ω
				E-2	R11	RN14BK2B4300F	RN 430Ω ±1% 1/8W
				E-2	R12	RN14BK2B4300F	RN 430Ω ±1% 1/8W
				E-3	R13	RN14BK2B2400F	RN 240Ω ±1% 1/8W
				E-3	R14	RN14BK2B68ROF	RN 68Ω ±1% 1/8W
				D-3	R15	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ
				D-3	R16	RN14BK2B1200F	RN 120Ω ±1% 1/8W
				D-3	R17	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				D-3	R18	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				E-2	R19	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
				E-2	R20	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
				E-2	R21	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
				D-2	R22	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
				E-2	R23	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
				E-2	R24	RD14BB2C512J	RD 5.1kΩ
				E-2	R25	RD14BB2C361J	RD 360Ω
				D-2	R26	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ
				D-2	R27	RD14BB2C113J	RD 11kΩ
				D-2	R28	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω
				D-3	R29	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
				D-3	R30	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
				D-3	R31	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				D-3	R32	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				D-2	R33	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ
				D-2	R34	RD14BB2C681J	RD 680Ω
				D-2	R35	RD14BB2C681J	RD 680Ω
				D-2	R36	RD14BB2C681J	RD 680Ω
				D-3	R37	RD14BB2C820J	RD 82Ω
				D-2	R38	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				D-3	R39	RN14BK2B1800F	RN 180Ω ±1% 1/8W
				D-2	R40	RN14BK2B1800F	RN 180Ω ±1% 1/8W
				D-2	R41	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
				D-3	R42	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
				D-2	R43	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ
				D-3	R44	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
				D-3	R45	RN14BK2B1801F	RN 1.8kΩ ±1% 1/8W
				D-2	R46	RN14BK2B1801F	RN 1.8kΩ ±1% 1/8W
				D-3	R47	RD14BB2C362J	RD 3.6kΩ
				D-3	R48	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				D-3	R49	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				D-3	R50	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
				D-3	R51	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
				D-3	R52	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				D-3	R53	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				D-2	R54	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W
				D-2	R55	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W
				D-2	R56	RD14BB2C301J	RD 300Ω
				C-2	R57	RD14BB2C123J	RD 12kΩ
				C-3	R58	RD14BB2C123J	RD 12kΩ
				D-3	R59	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
				D-3	R60	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
				D-2	R61	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
				C-3	R62	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
				C-2	R63	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
				C-2	R64	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
				C-3	R65	RN14BK2B4700F	RN 470Ω ±1% 1/8W
				C-2	R66	RN14BK2B4700F	RN 470Ω ±1% 1/8W
				C-3	R67	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				C-2	R68	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				C-3	R69	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ
				C-2	R70	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ
				C-3	R71	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				C-2	R72	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
				C-3	R73	RD14BB2C271J	RD 270Ω
				C-2	R74	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω
				C-2	R75	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ
				C-3	R76	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ
				C-3	R77	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
		C-2	R78	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω		
		C-3	R79	RD14BB2C151J	RD 150Ω		
		C-3	R80	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ		

PARTS LIST

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
C-3	R81	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ	C-1	R161	RN14BK2B3000F	RN 300Ω ±1% 1/8W
C-3	R82	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	D-1	R162	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
C-2	R83	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	D-1	R163	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
C-2	R84	RD14BB2C151J	RD 150Ω	D-1	R164	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	R85	RN14BK2B6800F	RN 680Ω ±1% 1/8W	D-1	R165	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	R86	RN14BK2B6800F	RN 680Ω ±1% 1/8W	C-1	R166	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
C-3	R87	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-1	R167	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
C-3	R88	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-1	R168	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	R89	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-1	R169	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	R90	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-2	R170	RD14BB2C123J	RD 12kΩ
C-2	R91	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-1	R171	RD14BB2C123J	RD 12kΩ
C-3	R92	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-2	R172	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
C-3	R93	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-2	R173	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
B-3	R94	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-1	R174	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
B-3	R95	RD14BB2C562J	RD 5.6kΩ	C-2	R175	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
B-3	R96	RD14BB2C562J	RD 5.6kΩ	C-1	R176	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
B-3	R97	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-1	R177	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
B-3	R98	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-2	R178	RN14BK2B4700F	RN 470Ω ±1% 1/8W
B-2	R99	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-1	R179	RN14BK2B4700F	RN 470Ω ±1% 1/8W
C-2	R100	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	C-2	R180	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
E-1	R101	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-1	R181	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
E-1	R102	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-2	R182	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ
E-1	R103	RN14BK2B75ROF	RN 75Ω ±1% 1/8W	C-1	R183	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ
E-1	R104	RN14BK2B75ROF	RN 75Ω ±1% 1/8W	C-2	R184	RD14BB2C151J	RD 150Ω
E-2	R105	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-2	R185	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
E-2	R106	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-1	R186	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
E-2	R107	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ	C-2	R187	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ
E-2	R108	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-1	R188	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ
E-2	R109	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2	R189	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω
E-1	R110	RD14BB2C391J	RD 390Ω	C-1	R190	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω
E-1	R111	RN14BK2B4300F	RN 430Ω ±1% 1/8W	C-1	R191	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω
E-1	R112	RN14BK2B4300F	RN 430Ω ±1% 1/8W	C-1	R192	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
E-2	R113	RN14BK2B2400F	RN 240Ω ±1% 1/8W	C-1	R193	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
E-2	R114	RN14BK2B68ROF	RN 68Ω ±1% 1/8W	C-1	R194	RD14BB2C151J	RD 150Ω
D-1	R115	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	C-2	R195	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-1	R116	RN14BK2B1200F	RN 120Ω ±1% 1/8W	C-1	R196	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-1	R117	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-1	R197	RN14BK2B6800F	RN 680Ω ±1% 1/8W
D-1	R118	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-1	R198	RN14BK2B6800F	RN 680Ω ±1% 1/8W
E-1	R119	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-2	R199	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
E-1	R120	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-1	R200	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
E-1	R121	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-2	R201	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-1	R122	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-1	R202	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
E-1	R123	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-2	R203	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
E-1	R124	RD14BB2C512J	RD 5.1kΩ	B-2	R204	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
E-1	R125	RD14BB2C361J	RD 360Ω	B-1	R205	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-1	R126	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	C-2	R206	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
D-1	R127	RD14BB2C113J	RD 11kΩ	B-3	R207	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W
D-1	R128	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	B-2	R208	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W
D-2	R129	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-3	R209	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W
D-2	R130	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-2	R210	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W
D-2	R131	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-3	R211	RD14BB2C223J	RD 22kΩ
D-2	R132	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-2	R212	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-1	R133	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-2	R213	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-1	R134	RD14BB2C681J	RD 680Ω	B-2	R214	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-1	R135	RD14BB2C681J	RD 680Ω	B-3	R215	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-1	R136	RD14BB2C681J	RD 680Ω	B-2	R216	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-2	R137	RD14BB2C820J	RD 82Ω	B-3	R217	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
D-1	R138	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-2	R218	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
D-2	R139	RN14BK2B1800F	RN 180Ω ±1% 1/8W	B-2	R219	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
D-1	R140	RN14BK2B1800F	RN 180Ω ±1% 1/8W	B-3	R220	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-1	R141	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	B-2	R221	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-2	R142	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	B-3	R222	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω
D-1	R143	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	B-2	R223	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω
D-2	R144	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-3	R224	RD14BB2C910J	RD 91Ω
D-2	R145	RN14BK2B1801F	RN 1.8kΩ ±1% 1/8W	B-2	R225	RD14BB2C910J	RD 91Ω
D-1	R146	RN14BK2B1801F	RN 1.8kΩ ±1% 1/8W	B-1	R226	RD14BB2C181J	RD 180Ω
D-2	R147	RD14BB2C362J	RD 3.6kΩ	B-2	R227	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-2	R148	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-1	R228	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-2	R149	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-1	R229	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ
D-2	R150	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-1	R230	RD14BB2C333J	RD 33kΩ
D-2	R151	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-1	R231	RD14BB2C301J	RD 300Ω
D-2	R152	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-1	R232	RD14BB2C301J	RD 300Ω
D-2	R153	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-1	R233	RD14BB2C271J	RD 270Ω
D-2	R154	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-2	R234	RD14BB2C202J	RD 2kΩ
D-2	R155	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-1	R235	RD14BB2C234J	RD 2kΩ
D-1	R156	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W	B-2	R236	RN14BK2B4700F	RN 470Ω ±1% 1/8W
D-1	R157	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W	B-1	R237	RN14BK2B4700F	RN 470Ω ±1% 1/8W
D-1	R158	RN14BK2B3000F	RN 300Ω ±1% 1/8W	B-2	R238	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
D-1	R159	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W	B-2	R239	RD14BB2C100J	RD 10Ω
D-1	R160	RN14BK2B1001F	RN 1kΩ ±1% 1/8W	B-1	R240	RD14BB2C121J	RD 120Ω

PARTS LIST

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
B-1	R241	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	D-1	C30	CC45CH1H220J	CC 22pF ±5%
B-2	R242	RD14BB2C361J	RD 360Ω	C-1	C31	CC45CH1H220J	CC 22pF ±5%
B-1	R243	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-2	C32	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-1	R244	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	C-2	C33	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V
B-1	R245	RD14BB2C152J	RD 1.5kΩ	C-1	C34	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-2	R246	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ	D-2	C35	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V
A-1	R247	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	C-2	C36	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
A-2	R248	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ	C-2	C37	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
A-2	R249	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-1	C38	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-2	R250	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-1	C39	CC45SL1H101J	CC 100pF ±5%
B-1	R251	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-2	C40	CC45SL1H101J	CC 100pF ±5%
A-1	R252	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	C-1	C41	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-2	R253	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-1	C42	CC45CH1H120J	CC 12pF ±5%
B-2	R254	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-3	C43	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-2	R255	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-1	C44	CC45CH1H470J	CC 47pF ±5%
B-2	R256	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-1	C45	CC45CH1H560J	CC 56pF ±5%
B-2	R257	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-1	C46	CC45CH1H100D	CC 10pF ±0.5pF
B-2	R258	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-1	C47	CC45SL1H331J	CC 330pF ±5%
C-2	R259	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-1	C48	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-2	R260	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	B-2	C49	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ±10%
C-2	R261	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-1	C50	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-2	R262	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-2	C51	CC45SL1H220J	CC 22pF ±5%
D-2	R263	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	B-2	C52	CC45SL1H220J	CC 22pF ±5%
D-2	R264	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-2	C53	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-2	R265	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-2	C54	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-2	R266	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	D-2	C55	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-2	R267	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	B-2	C56	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-2	R268	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-2	C57	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-2	R269	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	C-1	C58	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V
C-2	R270	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-1	C59	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-2	R271	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-1	C60	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V
C-2	R272	RD14BB2C183J	RD 18kΩ	B-1	C61	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-1	R273	RD14BB2C183J	RD 18kΩ	B-1	C62	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V
B-2	R274	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	B-1	C63	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-3	R275	RD14BB2C104J	RD 100kΩ	C-3	C64	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-3	R276	RD14BB2C104J	RD 100kΩ	C-2	C65	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
D-2	VR1	R12-0502-05	VR 100ΩB	D-2	C66	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
D-2	VR2	R12-0511-05	VR 220ΩB	C-3	C67	CC45SL1H221J	CC 220pF ±5%
C-3	VR3	R12-0511-05	VR 220ΩB	C-2	C68	CC45SL1H221J	CC 220pF ±5%
D-1	VR4	R12-0502-05	VR 100ΩB	B-3	C69	CC45CH1H150J	CC 15pF ±5%
D-1	VR5	R12-0511-05	VR 220ΩB	B-2	C70	CC45CH1H150J	CC 15pF ±5%
D-1	VR6	R12-0511-05	VR 220ΩB		C71	No use	
C-1	VR7	R12-0511-05	VR 220ΩB		C72	No use	
C-1	VR8	R12-1037-05	VR 3.3kΩB	B-2	C73	CC45CH1H100D	CC 10pF ±0.5pF
C-2	VR9	R12-0511-05	VR 220ΩB	D-2	C74	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-3	VR10	R12-1037-05	VR 3.3kΩB	E-3	C75	CC45CH1H100D	CC 10pF ±0.5pF
B-2	VR11	R12-1033-05	VR 2.2kΩB	E-3	C76	CC45CH1H180J	CC 18pF ±5%
C-2	VR12	R12-1033-05	VR 2.2kΩB	E-2	C77	CC45CH1H100D	CC 10pF ±0.5pF
C-2	VR13	R12-1033-05	VR 2.2kΩB	E-2	C78	CC45CH1H180J	CC 18pF ±5%
E-2	C1	No use		B-1	C79	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
E-2	C2	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	B-3	C80	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
E-2	C3	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	C-2	C81	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
E-2	C4	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	A-2	C82	CC45CH1H220J	CC 22pF ±5%
D-2	C5	CC45CH1H180J	CC 18pF ±5%	B-2	C83	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ±10%
D-3	C6	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	D-2	TC1	C05-0505-05	TC 20pF
D-2	C7	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	D-1	TC2	C05-0405-05	TC 20pF
D-2	C8	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	D-1	TC3	C05-0405-05	TC 20pF
D-2	C9	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	E-2	L1	L40-1511-03	Ferri inductor 150μH
D-2	C10	CC45CH1H150J	CC 15pF ±5%	E-3	L2	L40-1092-01	Ferri inductor 1μH
D-3	C11	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	E-1	L3	L40-1511-03	Ferri inductor 150μH
C-3	C12	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	E-1	L4	L40-1092-01	Ferri inductor 1μH
D-2	C13	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	C-1	L5	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
D-2	C14	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	B-1	L6	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
C-3	C15	CC45CH1H150J	CC 15pF ±5%	B-1	L7	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
C-2	C16	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	E-3	RL1	S51-1509-05	Lead relay
C-3	C17	CC45CH1H120J	CC 12pF ±5%	E-3	RL2	S51-1509-05	Lead relay
B-2	C18	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	E-1	RL3	S51-1509-05	Lead relay
A-2	C19	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	E-1	RL4	S51-1509-05	Lead relay
B-2	C20	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	E-2	Q1		TR 2SA608KNP (F)
A-2	C21	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	E-2	Q2		TR 2SA608KNP (F)
A-3	C22	CE04W1A102M	CE 1000μF 10V	D-2	Q3		TR 2SA608KNP (F)
B-3	C23	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	D-3	Q4		TR 2SC1963
E-1	C24	CC45CH1H070D	CC 7pF ±0.5pF	D-3	Q5		TR 2SA884
E-1	C25	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	E-2	Q6		TR 2SC536KNP (F)
E-1	C26	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	D-3	Q7		TR 2SA838 (C)
E-1	C27	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	D-3	Q8		TR 2SA838 (C)
D-2	C28	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V				
D-1	C29	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%				

PARTS LIST

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
D-2	Q9		FET 2SK30A (GR)	B-1	Q89		TR 2SA838 (C)
D-2	Q10		FET 2SK68A (M)	C-2	Q90		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-3	Q11		TR 2SC1047 (C)	C-2	Q91		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-3	Q12		TR 2SC1047 (C)	C-2	Q92		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-2	Q13		TR 2SC1047 (C)	C-2	Q93		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-2	Q14		TR 2SC1047 (C)	B-2	Q94		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-3	Q15		TR 2SC1047 (C)	B-2	Q95		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-2	Q16		TR 2SC1047 (C)	E-3	IC1		IC CA3102E
C-3	Q17		TR 2SC1047 (C)	E-2	IC2		IC CA3102E
C-2	Q18		TR 2SC1047 (C)	E-2	D1		Diode DS442X
C-3	Q19		TR 2SC1047 (C)	E-2	D2		Diode DS442X
C-2	Q20		TR 2SC1047 (C)	D-2	D3		Diode DS442X
C-3	Q21		TR 2SA838 (C)	E-2	D4		Diode WZ-071
C-2	Q22		TR 2SA838 (C)	E-2	D5		Diode WZ-071
C-3	Q23		TR 2SA838 (C)	D-2	D6		Diode DS442X
C-2	Q24		TR 2SA838 (C)	D-2	D7		Diode DS442X
C-3	Q25		TR 2SA838 (C)	B-3	D8		Diode WZ-050
C-2	Q26		TR 2SA838 (C)	B-3	D9		Diode YZ-030
C-3	Q27		TR 2SA838 (C)	E-1	D10		Diode DS442X
C-3	Q28		TR 2SA838 (C)	E-1	D11		Diode DS442X
C-2	Q29		TR 2SA838 (C)	D-1	D12		Diode DS442X
C-2	Q30		TR 2SA838 (C)	D-1	D13		Diode DS442X
B-3	Q31		TR 2SC1047 (C)	E-1	D14		Diode WZ-071
B-3	Q32		TR 2SA838 (C)	E-1	D15		Diode WZ-071
B-3	Q33		TR 2SC1973 (T)	D-1	D16		Diode DS442X
B-3	Q34		TR 2SA684	C-3	D17		Diode WZ-071
D-2	Q35		TR 2SC1963	C-2	D18		Diode DS442X
D-1	Q36		TR 2SA884	B-2	D19		Diode WZ-071
E-1	Q37		TR 2SC536KNP (F)	B-3	D20		Diode DS442X
E-1	Q38		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	B-2	D21		Diode DS442X
D-1	Q39		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	B-2	D22		Diode WZ-071
D-1	Q40		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	B-2	D23		Diode WZ-071
D-2	Q41		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	B-2	D24		Diode DS442X
D-2	Q42		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	B-2	D25		Diode DS442X
D-1	Q43		FET 2SK30 (A) (GR)	B-2	D26		Diode DS442X
D-1	Q44		FET 2SK68A (M)	B-1	D27		Diode DS442X
D-2	Q45		TR 2SC1047 (C)	B-1	D28		Diode DS442X
D-2	Q46		TR 2SC1047 (C)	B-1	D29		Diode DS442X
D-2	Q47		TR 2SC1047 (C)	B-1	D30		Diode DS442X
D-2	Q48		TR 2SC1047 (C)	B-2	D31		Diode DS442X
C-2	Q49		TR 2SC1047 (C)	B-1	D32		Diode DS442X
C-2	Q50		TR 2SC1047 (C)	B-2	D33		Diode DS442X
C-2	Q51		TR 2SC1047 (C)	A-2	TP1	E40-0211-05	Pin connector 2P
C-1	Q52		TR 2SC1047 (C)	E-2	P5	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P
D-1	Q53		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	E-1	P6	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P
D-1	Q54		TR 2SC536KNP (F)	E-2	P7	E40-0676-05	Pin connector 6P
C-1	Q55		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	D-1	P8	E40-0876-05	Pin connector 8P
C-1	Q56		TR 2SC536KNP (F)	C-2	P9	E40-0676-05	Pin connector 6P
C-2	Q57		TR 2SC1047 (C)	C-2	P10	E40-0476-05	Pin connector 4P
C-1	Q58		TR 2SC1047 (C)	C-2	P11	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P
C-2	Q59		TR 2SC1047 (C)	C-2	P12	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P
C-1	Q60		TR 2SC1047 (C)	B-2	P13	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P
C-2	Q61		TR 2SA838 (C)	B-2	P14	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P
C-1	Q62		TR 2SA838 (C)	C-1	P15	E40-0776-05	Pin connector 7P
C-2	Q63		TR 2SA838 (C)	A-1	P16	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P
C-1	Q64		TR 2SA838 (C)	A-2	P17	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P
C-2	Q65		TR 2SA838 (C)	B-2	P18	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P
C-1	Q66		TR 2SA838 (C)	B-3	P19	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P
B-2	Q67		TR 2SA838 (C)	A-2	P20	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P
B-2	Q68		TR 2SA838 (C)			J25-2942-12	Printed circuit board
B-1	Q69		TR 2SA838 (C)				
B-1	Q70		TR 2SA838 (C)				
B-2	Q71		TR 2SA608KNP (F)				
B-2	Q72		TR 2SC536KNP (F)				
B-3	Q73		TR 2SC1047 (C)				
B-2	Q74		TR 2SC1047 (C)				
B-3	Q75		TR 2SC1973 (T)				
B-2	Q76		TR 2SC1973 (T)				
B-2	Q77		TR 2SC1047 (C)				
B-1	Q78		TR 2SC1047 (C)				
B-2	Q79		TR 2SA608KNP (F)				
B-2	Q80		TR 2SA608KNP (F)				
B-2	Q81		TR 2SA838 (C)				
B-1	Q82		TR 2SA838 (C)				
B-1	Q83		TR 2SC536KNP (F)				
B-2	Q84		TR 2SC536KNP (F)				
B-1	Q85		TR 2SA608KNP (F)				
A-2	Q86		TR 2SA838 (C)				
B-2	Q87		TR 2SC1047 (C)				
B-1	Q88		TR 2SC1047 (C)				

PARTS LIST

VERTICAL OUTPUT AMP UNIT (X73-1430-00)

VERTICAL SWITCH UNIT (X73-1400-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
	R1	No use		E-2	R1	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	R2	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	E-2	R2	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	R3	RD14BB2C391J	RD 390Ω	E-2	R3	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	R4	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ	D-2	R4	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	R5	RD14BB2C223J	RD 22kΩ	D-1	R5	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	R6	RD14BB2E161J	RD 160Ω ±5% 1/4W	E-2	R6	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	R7	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	E-2	R7	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	R8	RD14BB2C391J	RD 390Ω	B-3	R8	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	R9	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ	E-2	R9	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	R10	RD14BB2C223J	RD 22kΩ	B-2	R10	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	R11	RD14BB2E161J	RD 160Ω ±5% 1/4W	B-2	R11	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-3	R12	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	B-2	R12	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-2	R13	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-2	R13	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-3	R14	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-3	R14	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-2	R15	RD14BB2C223J	RD 22kΩ	B-3	R15	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-3	R16	RD14BB2C223J	RD 22kΩ	B-3	R16	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-2	R17	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	B-3	R17	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-3	R18	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	C-3	R18	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				E-2	R19	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	VR1	R12-3039-05	VR 10kΩB	D-2	R20	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	VR2	R12-3503-05	VR 22kΩB	D-2	R21	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-2	R22	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	C1	CC45CH1H100D	CC 10pF ±0.5pF	C-2	R23	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
B-3	C2	CC45CH1H100D	CC 10pF ±0.5pF	C-2	R24	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-3	C3	CC45CH1H070D	CC 7pF ±0.5pF	B-2	R25	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	C4	CC45CH1H010C	CC 1pF ±0.25pF				
C-2	C5	CC45CH1H010C	CC 1pF ±0.25pF	A-3	C1	CS15E0J470M	Tantalum 47μF 6.3V
C-2	C6	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	A-3	C2	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-4	C7	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	B-3	C3	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-3	C8	CC45CH1H010C	CC 1pF ±0.25pF	E-3	C4	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-3	C9	CC45CH1H010C	CC 1pF ±0.25pF				
D-4	C10	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	E-2	D1		Diode 1N60
E-2	C11	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 500V	E-2	D2		Diode 1N60
E-3	C12	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 500V	B-2	D3		Diode 1N60
E-2	C13	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 500V	B-2	D4		Diode 1N60
D-4	C14	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 500V				
E-2	C15	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 500V	C-3	P21	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P
B-3	C16	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	C-3	P22	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P
B-3	C17	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	B-3	P23	E40-0477-05	Pin connector 4P
B-3	C18	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	E-3	P24	E10-2661-05	Pin connector 26P
B-3	C19	CE04W2A100M	CE 10μF 100V				
				E-1	S1	S01-1514-05	Rotary switch
C-2	TC1	C05-0412-05	TC 20pF	E-2	S2	S01-2507-05	Rotary switch
				C-1	S3	S01-1514-05	Rotary switch
C-2	Q1		TR 2SC1973 (T)	A-2	S4	S01-2507-05	Rotary switch
C-3	Q2		TR 2SC1973 (T)	C-2	S5	S42-7502-05	Push switch
D-2	Q3		TR 2SC805-2 (3)				
D-5	Q4		TR 2SC805-2 (3)			J25-2944-03	Printed circuit board
D-2	Q5		TR 2SA923-2 (2, 3)				
D-5	Q6		TR 2SA923-2 (2, 3)				
E-2	D1		Diode DS442X				
E-2	D2		Diode WZ-050				
E-3	D3		Diode DS442X				
E-3	D4		Diode WZ-050				
B-2	P16	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P				
B-2	P17	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P				
E-2	P30	E23-0512-05	Terminal 1P				
E-3	P31	E23-0512-05	Terminal 1P				
		F01-0827-04	Heat sink				
		J30-0605-05	Spacer				
		J25-2949-03	Printed circuit board				

PARTS LIST

VERTICAL LOGIC UNIT (X73-1410-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
C-4	R1	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-4	Q1		TR 2SC536KNP (F)
C-4	R2	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-4	D1		Diode DS442X
C-4	R3	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-3	D2		Diode IN60
C-4	R4	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-3	D3		Diode IN60
B-4	R5	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-3	D4		Diode IN60
B-4	R6	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-3	D5		Diode IN60
D-5	R7	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	C-3	D6		Diode IN60
G-1	R8	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	B-3	D7		Diode IN60
G-2	R9	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	C-4	D8		Diode IN60
G-2	R10	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	C-4	D9		Diode DS442X
G-2	R11	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	C-4	D10		Diode 1N60
G-2	R12	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	F-3	IC1		IC MC14051BCP
G-2	R13	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	F-4	IC2		IC MC14051BCP
G-2	R14	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	E-4	IC3		IC SN7407N
G-2	R15	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	D-3	IC4		IC SN74LS42N
G-2	R16	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	D-4	IC5		IC SN74LS42N
G-2	R17	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	C-4	IC6		IC SN74LS00N
G-2	R18	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	G-3	P1	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P
G-2	R19	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	G-5	P2	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P
G-3	R20	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	E-3	P3	E40-0876-05	Pin connector 8P
G-3	R21	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	E-5	P4	E40-0776-05	Pin connector 7P
F-4	R22	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	D-3	P7	E40-0676-05	Pin connector 6P
F-4	R23	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	D-5	P8	E40-0876-05	Pin connector 8P
E-3	R24	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	B-3	P9	E40-0676-05	Pin connector 6P
E-3	R25	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	C-3	P14	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P
E-3	R26	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	A-4	P15	E40-0776-05	Pin connector 7P
E-3	R27	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	G-4	P23	E40-0476-05	Pin connector 4P
E-3	R28	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	F-2	P25	E40-3486-05	Pin connector 34P
E-3	R29	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	C-2	P26	E40-3486-05	Pin connector 34P
E-3	R30	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	C-5	P27	E40-0676-05	Pin connector 6P
D-2	R31	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	A-4	P28	E40-0776-05	Pin connector 7P
D-2	R32	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	A-3	P29	E40-3086-05	Pin connector 30P
D-2	R33	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	G-3	J24	E10-2662-05	Pin connector 26P
D-2	R34	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω			J25-2945-12	Printed circuit board
D-2	R35	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω				
D-2	R36	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω				
B-3	C1	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
B-3	C2	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
D-5	C3	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
A-4	C4	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%				
B-4	C5	CE04W1C101M	CE 100μF 16V				
B-4	C6	CE04W1E470M	CE 47μF 25V				
B-5	C7	CE04W1E470M	CE 47μF 25V				
G-2	C8	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
G-3	C9	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C10	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C11	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C12	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C13	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C14	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C15	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C16	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C17	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C18	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C19	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C20	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-3	C21	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C22	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C23	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
F-2	C24	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C25	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C26	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C27	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C28	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C29	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C30	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C31	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C32	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C33	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C34	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C35	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
E-2	C36	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%				
C-5	C37	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%				
E-5	C38	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%				
F-5	C39	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%				
B-4	L1	L40-1511-03	Ferri inductor 150μH				
B-4	L2	L40-1011-04	Ferri inductor 100μH				
B-5	L3	L40-1511-03	Ferri inductor 150μH				

PARTS LIST

SWEEP UNIT (X74-1280-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
D-1	R1	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω	B-3	R81	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-1	R2	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	B-3	R82	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-1	R3	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-3	R83	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-1	R4	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-3	R84	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-1	R5	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-3	R85	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-1	R6	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	B-3	R86	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-1	R7	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-3	R87	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-2	R8	RD14BB2C104J	RD 100kΩ	B-3	R88	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-2	R9	RN14BK2E1004F	RN 1MΩ ± 1% 1/4W	B-3	R89	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-2	R10	RD14BB2C104J	RD 100kΩ	B-2	R90	RN14BK2B5602F	RN 56kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
E-2	R11	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-2	R91	RD14BB2C273J	RD 27kΩ
E-2	R12	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	A-2	R92	RN14BK2E1004F	RN 1MΩ ± 1% 1/4W
E-2	R13	RD14BB2C181J	RD 180Ω	A-2	R93	RN14BK2B2003F	RN 200kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
E-2	R14	RD14BB2C181J	RD 180Ω	A-2	R94	RN14BK2B2003F	RN 200kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
D-2	R15	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	A-2	R95	RN14BK2B2003F	RN 200kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
D-2	R16	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-3	R96	RN14BK2B1003F	RN 100kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
D-1	R17	RD14BB2C104J	RD 100kΩ	A-3	R97	RN14BK2B2002F	RN 20kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
D-2	R18	RD14BB2C474J	RD 470kΩ	A-3	R98	RN14BK2B2002F	RN 20kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
D-2	R19	RD14BB2C474J	RD 470kΩ	A-3	R99	RN14BK2B2002F	RN 20kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
D-2	R20	RD14BB2C154J	RD 150kΩ	A-3	R100	RN14BK2B1002F	RN 10kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
D-2	R21	RD14BB2C154J	RD 150kΩ	A-3	R101	RN14BK2B3901F	RN 3.9kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
D-2	R22	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2	R102	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
D-2	R23	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2	R103	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-2	R24	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2	R104	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-2	R25	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	A-2	R105	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
D-2	R26	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	A-3	R106	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
D-2	R27	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	A-2	R107	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-2	R28	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	A-3	R108	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-2	R29	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	A-3	R109	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
D-2	R30	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	A-3	R110	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-2	R31	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω	A-3	R111	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-3	R32	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	A-3	R112	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-2	R33	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	A-3	R113	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-3	R34	RD14BB2C562J	RD 5.6kΩ	A-3	R114	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-3	R35	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	A-3	R115	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-3	R36	RD14BB2C681J	RD 680Ω	A-3	R116	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
D-3	R37	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	A-3	R117	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
D-3	R38	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	A-2	R118	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-3	R39	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	A-2	R119	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-3	R40	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	B-2	R120	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
D-3	R41	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	B-2	R121	RD14BB2C273J	RD 27kΩ
D-3	R42	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-2	R122	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-3	R43	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	B-2	R123	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-3	R44	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	B-2	R124	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
E-3	R45	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-3	R125	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-3	R46	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-2	R126	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
D-3	R47	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	B-2	R127	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
D-3	R48	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-2	R128	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-2	R49	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	B-1	R129	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
D-2	R50	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-1	R130	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
D-2	R51	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	B-2	R131	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ
D-2	R52	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-2	R132	RD14BB2C681J	RD 680Ω
D-3	R53	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	A-2	R133	RD14BB2C682J	RD 6.8kΩ
D-3	R54	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ		R134	No use	
D-3	R55	RD14BB2C822J	RD 8.2kΩ	B-2	R135	RD14BB2C122J	RD 1.2kΩ
D-3	R56	RD14BB2C183J	RD 18kΩ	A-1	R136	RD14BB2C682J	RD 6.8kΩ
D-3	R57	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2	R137	RD14BB2C682J	RD 6.8kΩ
D-3	R58	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-1	R138	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
D-3	R59	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	B-1	R139	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-2	R60	RD14BB2C474J	RD 470kΩ	B-1	R140	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ
D-1	R61	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	B-1	R141	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-1	R62	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-2	R142	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
C-1	R63	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-2	R143	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
C-1	R64	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-1	R144	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-1	R65	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	A-1	R145	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-1	R66	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ	A-2	R146	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-1	R67	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	A-2	R147	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
C-2	R68	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-2	R148	RD14BB2C152J	RD 1.5kΩ
B-2	R69	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2	R149	RD14BB2C152J	RD 1.5kΩ
B-2	R70	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2	R150	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
B-2	R71	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2	R151	RD14BB2C912J	RD 9.1kΩ
B-2	R72	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-1	R152	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω
C-1	R73	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω	C-2	R153	RD14BB2C560J	RD 56Ω
B-2	R74	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	C-1	R154	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω
B-3	R75	RD14BB2C682J	RD 6.8kΩ	A-1	R155	RN14BK2B3900F	RN 390Ω ± 1% 1/8W
B-2	R76	RD14BB2C183J	RD 18kΩ	A-1	R156	RN14BK2B1002F	RN 10kΩ ± 1% 1/8W
B-2	R77	RD14BB2C563J	RD 56kΩ	A-2	R157	RD14BB2C104J	RD 100kΩ
B-3	R78	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2	R158	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
B-3	R79	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2	R159	RD14BB2C393J	RD 39kΩ
B-3	R80	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2	R160	RN14BK2B7502F	RN 75kΩ ± 1% 1/8W

PARTS LIST

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
A-2	R161	RN14BK2B7502F	RN 75kΩ ± 1% 1/8W	C-2	C62	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%
A-2	R162	RD14BB2C393J	RD 39kΩ	C-1	C63	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V
A-2	R163	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-3	C64	CC45SL1H101J	CC 100pF ± 5%
D-3	R164	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	B-2	C65	CC45CH1H180J	CC 18pF ± 5%
C-2	R165	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	B-3	C66	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%
A-2	R166	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	C-2	C67	CC45CH1H050C	CC 5pF ± 0.5pF
A-2	R167	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	B-2	C68	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%
D-1	VR1	R12-3052-05	VR 47kΩB	C-1	C69	CC45SL1H101J	CC 100pF ± 5%
E-3	VR2	R12-0502-05	VR 100ΩB	A-2	C70	CE04W1C220M	CE 22μF 16V
E-2	VR3	R12-1029-05	VR 1kΩB	D-1	L1	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
B-2	VR4	R12-1033-05	VR 2.2kΩB	D-1	L2	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
B-3	VR5	R12-3041-05	VR 10kΩB	A-1	L3	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 100μH
B-2	VR6	R12-0060-05	VR 330ΩB	E-3	L4	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
A-1	VR7	R12-1029-05	VR 1kΩB	B-3	L5	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
A-2	VR8	R12-3507-05	VR 15kΩB	C-1	L6	L40-4701-03	Ferri inductor 47μH
D-1	C1	CE04W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V	E-1	RL1	S51-1020-05	Relay
D-1	C2	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	E-1	RL2	S51-1020-05	Relay
E-1	C3	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	E-2	RL3	S51-1020-05	Relay
E-1	C4	CQ93M1H473K	CQ 0.047μF ± 10%	E-2	RL4	S51-2408-05	Relay
E-2	C5	CC45CH1H470J	CC 47pF ± 5%	E-2	RL5	S51-1020-05	Relay
E-2	C6	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%	D-1	Q1		TR 2SA838 (C)
D-2	C7	C-90-0298-05	Semiconductor ceramic 0.1μF 12V	D-1	Q2		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-2	C8	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	E-2	Q3		TR 2SK107 (2,3)
D-2	C9	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	E-2	Q4		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-2	C10	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	E-2	Q5		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
D-2	C11	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	E-2	Q6		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
D-2	C12	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	D-2	Q7		TR 2SA608KPN (C)
D-2	C13	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	D-2	Q8		FET 2SK228T (2,3)
E-3	C14	CC45CH1H220J	CC 22pF ± 5%	E-2	Q9		TR 2SC1047 (C)
E-3	C15	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	D-2	Q10		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-3	C16	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	E-2	Q11		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-3	C17	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	D-2	Q12		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-3	C18	CQ93M1H222K	CQ 2200pF ± 10%	E-3	Q13		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
D-3	C19	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	E-3	Q14		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-2	C20	CQ93M1H223K	CQ 0.022μF ± 10%	E-3	Q15		TR 2SC1047 (C)
C-3	C21	CQ93M1H223K	CQ 0.022μF ± 10%	D-3	Q16		TR 2SC1047 (C)
D-1	C22	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	D-3	Q17		TR 2SC1047 (C)
C-1	C23	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	E-3	Q18		TR 2SC1047 (C)
C-3	C24	CE04W1C100M	CE 10μF 16V	D-3	Q19		TR 2SC1047 (C)
C-3	C25	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	D-3	Q20		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
C-3	C26	C90-0298-05	Semiconductor ceramic 0.1μF 12V	D-3	Q21		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
C-3	C27	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	D-3	Q22		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
C-3	C28	CK45B1H102K	CK 1000pF ± 10%	C-1	Q23		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
C-3	C29	CC45CH1H680J	CC 68pF ± 5%	C-1	Q24		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
B-1	C30	C91-0547-05	Polyesterene 10μF ± 1% 100V	B-2	Q25		TR 2SC1973 (T)
B-2	C31	CQ93BP2A104F	CQ (polypropylen) 0.1μF ± 1% 100V	B-3	Q26		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
B-2	C32	CQ93M1H222K	CQ 2200pF ± 10%	B-3	Q27		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
B-2	C33	CQ93M1H473K	CQ 0.047μF ± 10%	B-3	Q28		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
B-2	C34	CQ93BP2A102F	CQ (polypropylen) 1000pF ± 1% 100V	B-2	Q29		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
B-2	C35	CE04W1A101M	CE 100μF 10V	B-3	Q30		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
A-2	C36	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	B-2	Q31		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
B-2	C37	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	B-3	Q32		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
B-1	C38	CE04W1C101M	CE 100μF 16V	B-2	Q33		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
B-1	C39	CE04BW1H010M	CE 1μF 50V	B-2	Q34		FET 2SK30A (O)
C-2	C40	CQ93M1H152K	CQ 1500pF ± 10%	B-2	Q35		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
C-1	C41	CQ93M1H152K	CQ 1500pF ± 10%	A-2	Q36		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
C-2	C42	CC45SL1H471J	CC 470pF ± 5%	A-2	Q37		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
C-1	C43	CC45SL1H221J	CC 220pF ± 5%	A-2	Q38		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
A-2	C44	CQ93BP2A103F	CQ (polypropylen) 0.01μF ± 1% 100V	A-3	Q39		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
A-2	C45	CQ93BP2A103F	CQ (polypropylen) 0.01μF ± 1% 100V	A-3	Q40		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
E-3	C46	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	A-3	Q41		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
E-3	C47	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	A-3	Q42		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
C-1	C48	CE04W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V2	A-3	Q43		TR 2SA608KPN (F)
B-2	C49	CE04W1H100M	CE 10μF 50V	A-2	Q44		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
C-3	C50	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	A-2	Q45		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
C-3	C51	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	A-2	Q46		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
C-2	C52	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	A-3	Q47		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
C-2	C53	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	A-3	Q48		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
C-2	C54	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	A-3	Q49		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
D-3	C55	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	A-3	Q50		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
D-2	C56	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	A-3	Q51		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
D-2	C57	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	B-2	Q52		FET 2SK30A (O)
D-2	C58	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	B-2	Q53		TR 2SC1973 (T)
D-1	C59	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	B-2	Q54		TR 2SC536KPN (F)
A-1	C60	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V	B-1	Q55		TR 2SC1973 (T)
C-2	C61	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ± 10%	B-2	Q56		TR 2SC1047 (C)
				B-2	Q57		TR 2SC1047 (C)

PARTS LIST

HORIZONTAL OUTPUT AMP UNIT (X74-1290-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
B-1	Q58		TR 2SC1047 (C)	D-3	R1	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
B-2	Q59		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	D-3	R2	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
A-2	Q60		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	D-2	R3	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
A-2	Q61		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	D-3	R4	RD14BB2C912J	RD 9.1kΩ
C-2	Q62		TR 2SC1973 (T)	D-3	R5	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
A-2	Q63		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	D-3	R6	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
A-2	Q64		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	D-3	R7	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω
A-2	Q65		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	D-2	R8	RD14BB2C912J	RD 9.1kΩ
D-2	1C1		IC SN74LS00N	D-3	R9	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω
D-2	1C2		IC SN74LS00N	D-3	R10	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-2	1C3		IC SN74LS132N	D-2	R11	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
D-1	1C4		IC SN74LS86N	C-2	R12	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
D-3	1C5		IC NJM555D	C-3	R13	RD14BB2C271J	RD 270Ω
C-2	1C6		IC SN74LS00N	C-3	R14	RD14BB2C271J	RD 270Ω
C-2	1C7		IC SN74LS112AN	C-2	R15	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω
C-3	1C8		IC SN74LS00N	C-3	R16	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω
C-2	1C9		IC SN74LS00N	C-4	R17	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
C-3	1C10		IC SN7407N	C-4	R18	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ
E-1	D1		Diode DS442X	C-3	R19	RN14BK2E7500F	RN 750Ω ±1% 1/4W
E-1	D2		Diode DS442X	C-2	R20	RN14BK2E7500F	RN 750Ω ±1% 1/4W
E-3	D3		Diode DS442X	C-2	R21	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
E-3	D4		Diode DS442X	C-2	R22	RD14BB2B472J	RD 4.7kΩ
E-1	D5		Diode DS442X	C-2	R23	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
E-2	D6		Diode 1S1544A	C-3	R24	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω
E-2	D7		Diode 1S1544A	C-3	R25	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-2	D8		Diode DS442X	C-3	R26	RD14BB2C473J	RD 47kΩ
D-3	D9		Diode DS442X	B-2	R27	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ
D-3	D10		Diode WZ-061	B-3	R28	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ
E-3	D11		Diode WZ-061	B-2	R29	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ
D-3	D12		Diode DS442X	B-3	R30	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ
D-2	D13		Diode 1N60	B-2	R31	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ
C-2	D14		Diode DS442X	B-3	R32	RD14BB2C124J	RD 120kΩ
C-2	D15		Diode 1N60	B-2	R33	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ
B-2	D16		Diode DS442X	B-3	R34	RD14BB2C124J	RD 120kΩ
B-3	D17		Diode DS442X	A-2	R35	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω
B-3	D18		Diode DS442X	A-3	R36	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω
B-3	D19		Diode DS442X	D-2	VR1	R12-0514-05	VR 150ΩB
B-3	D20		Diode DS442X	C-2	VR2	R12-0501-05	VR 100ΩB
B-3	D21		Diode DS442X	E-3	C1	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V
B-3	D22		Diode DS442X	E-3	C2	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V
B-3	D23		Diode DS442X	E-3	C3	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V
B-3	D24		Diode DS442X	E-2	C4	CE04W1E470M	CE 47μF 25V
B-2	D25		Diode DS442X	E-3	C5	CE04W2C3R3M	CE 3.3μF 160V
A-1	D26		Diode DS442X	C-2	C6	CC45CH2H010C	CC 1pF ±0.25pF 50OV
A-2	D27		Diode DS442X	C-2	C7	CC45CH1H330J	CC 33pF ±5%
B-1	D28		Diode DS442X	C-3	C8	CC45CH1H470J	CC 47pF +5%
B-2	D29		Diode DS442X	C-3	C9	CC45CH2H010C	CC 1pF ±0.25pF 50OV
A-2	D30		Diode 1N60	B-3	C10	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
A-2	D31		Diode DS442X	B-3	C11	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 50OV
A-2	D32		Diode DS442X	B-2	C12	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 50OV
B-2	D33		Diode DS442X	A-2	C13	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
E-1	P11	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	A-3	C14	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 50OV
A-1	P12	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	A-3	C15	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
E-3	P39	E40-1516-05	Pin connector 15P	C-4	C16	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-3	P40	E40-1516-05	Pin connector 15P	C-2	TC1	C05-0412-05	TC 20pF
B-3	P41	E40-1516-05	Pin connector 15P	D-2	L1	L04-2211-03	Ferri inductor 220μH
A-1	P48	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	E-2	L2	L04-2211-03	Ferri inductor 220μH
C-1	P49	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	E-2	L3	L04-2211-03	Ferri inductor 220μH
B-1	P50	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	D-2	L4	L04-2211-03	Ferri inductor 220μH
C-1	P51	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	D-3	Q1		TR 2SA608KNP(F)
B-1	P52	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P	D-3	Q2		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
		J25-2950-12	Printed circuit board	D-2	Q3		TR 2SA608KNP(F)
				D-2	Q4		TR 2SC6536NP(F)
				C-2	Q5		TR 2SC1973(T)
				C-3	Q6		TR 2SC1973(T)
				B-2	Q7		TR 2SC1973(T)
				B-3	Q8		TR 2SC1973(T)
				B-2	Q9		TR 2SC805A-2(3)
				B-3	Q10		TR 2SC805A-2(3)
				B-2	Q11		TR 2SA923-2(2,3)
				B-3	Q12		TR 2SA923-2(2,3)
				D-2	D1		Diode DS442X
				D-2	D2		Diode DS442X
				D-2	D3		Diode DS442X

PARTS LIST

HORIZONTAL SWITCH UNIT (X74-1260-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
C-3	D4		Diode DS442X	B-1	R1	RD14BB2C153J	RD 15kΩ
C-3	D5		Diode DS442X	B-1	R2	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
C-3	D6		Diode DS442X	B-2	R3	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
C-3	D7		Diode WZ-071	B-1	R4	RD14BB2C623J	RD 62kΩ
C-3	D8		Diode DS442X	B-1	R5	RD14BB2C273J	RD 27kΩ
C-2	D9		Diode DS442X	B-1	R6	RD14BB2C223J	RD 22kΩ
C-2	D10		Diode DS442X	B-1	R7	RD14BB2C273J	RD 27kΩ
C-3	D11		Diode DS442X	B-1	R8	RD14BB2C223J	RD 22kΩ
C-3	D12		Diode DS442X	B-2	R9	RD14BB2C273J	RD 27kΩ
E-2	P42	E40-0776-05	Pin connector 7P	B-2	R10	RD14BB2C223J	RD 22kΩ
E-2	P52	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P	B-2	R11	RD14BB2C273J	RD 27kΩ
A-3	P53	E23-0512-05	Terminal 1P	C-1	R12	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
A-2	P54	E23-0512-05	Terminal 1P	C-1	R13	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
		J30-0605-05	Spacer	C-2	R14	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
		F01-0827-04	Heat sink	B-2	R15	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
		J25-2949-03	Printed circuit board	C-1	R16	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-1	R17	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-1	R18	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-1	R19	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-1	R20	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-1	R21	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-1	R22	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-1	R23	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-2	R24	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-2	R25	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-2	R26	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-2	R27	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-2	R28	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-2	R29	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-2	R30	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				C-2	R31	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
				B-2	VR1	R12-4505-05	VR 50kΩB
				B-1	VR2	R12-4505-05	VR 50kΩB
				B-1	VR3	R12-4505-05	VR 50kΩB
				B-1	VR4	R12-3041-05	VR 10kΩB
				A-1	C1	CE04W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V
				A-1	C2	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
				C-1	C3	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
				B-1	Q1		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
				B-1	Q2		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
				B-2	Q3		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
				B-2	Q4		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
				C-1	Q5		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
				C-1	Q6		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
				B-1	D1		Diode DS442X
				B-1	D2		Diode DS442X
				B-1	D3		Diode DS442X
				B-1	D4		Diode DS442X
				C-2	D5		Diode DS442X
				A-1	IC1		IC SN74LS42N
				C-1	IC2		IC SN74LS148N
				C-2	IC3		IC SN74LS148N
				C-2	S1	S37-2005-05	Lever switch
				B-2	S2	S01-2508-05	Rotary switch
				A-1	P38	E40-1716-05	Pin connector 17P
						J25-2946-05	Printed circuit board

PARTS LIST

HORIZONTAL LOGIC UNIT (X74-1270-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
A-1	R1	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-2	P37	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P
B-1	R2	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-2	P38	E40-1711-05	Pin connector 17P
B-1	R3	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-2	P39	E40-1511-05	Pin connector 15P
B-1	R4	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	D-2	P40	E40-1511-05	Pin connector 15P
B-1	R5	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	E-2	P41	E40-1511-05	Pin connector 15P
B-1	R6	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	F-1	P42	E40-0776-05	Pin connector 7P
A-1	R7	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	F-2	P43	E40-0876-05	Pin connector 8P
B-1	R8	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	G-1	P44	E40-2686-05	Pin connector 26P
B-1	R9	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	F-1	P45	E40-2085-05	Pin connector 20P
B-1	R10	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ			J25-2947-12	Printed circuit board
B-1	R11	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ				
B-1	R12	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ				
C-2	R13	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ				
D-2	R14	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ				
E-2	R15	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ				
E-2	R16	RD14BB2C223J	RD 22kΩ				
E-2	R17	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ				
F-2	R18	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ				
F-2	R19	RD14BB2C183J	RD 18kΩ				
F-2	R20	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ				
F-2	R21	RN14BK2E2702F	RN 27kΩ ±1% 1/4W				
F-2	R22	RN14BK2E1102F	RN 11kΩ ±1% 1/4W				
F-2	R23	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ				
F-2	R24	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ				
F-2	R25	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω				
F-2	C1	CE04W1C101M	CE 100μF 16V				
F-2	C2	CE04W1C101M	CE 100μF 16V				
B-2	C3	CE04W1C101M	CE 100μF 16V				
B-1	C4	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%				
B-2	C5	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%				
C-1	C6	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%				
D-1	C7	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%				
D-2	C8	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%				
E-1	C9	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%				
E-2	C10	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%				
F-2	C11	CE04W1C470M	CE 47μF 16V				
G-2	C12	CE04W1H010M	CE 1μF 50V				
F-2	L1	L40-1011-04	Ferri inductor 10μH				
F-2	Q1		TR 2SC536KNP(F)				
F-2	Q2		TR 2SC536KNP(F)				
F-2	Q3		TR 2SC536KNP(F)				
F-2	Q4		TR 2SC2910(S,T)				
C-2	D1		Diode 1N60				
C-2	D2		Diode 1N60				
C-2	D3		Diode 1N60				
C-2	D4		Diode 1N60				
E-2	D5		Diode 1N60				
E-2	D6		Diode 1N60				
G-2	D7		Diode DS442X				
F-2	D8		Diode DS442X				
C-1	IC1		IC SN74LS42N				
C-2	IC2		IC SN7407N				
C-1	IC3		IC SN74LS42N				
C-2	IC4		IC SN74LS00N				
D-1	IC5		IC SN74LS00N				
D-2	IC6		IC SN74LS10N				
D-1	IC7		IC SN74LS86N				
D-2	IC8		IC SN74LS00N				
E-1	IC9		IC SN74LS112AN				
E-2	IC10		IC SN74LS42N				
E-2	IC11		IC SN74LS42N				
F-2	IC12		IC ON3101				
F-2	IC13		IC TLP521-1				
A-1	S1	S37-2005-05	Lever switch				
A-1	S2	S37-2005-05	Lever switch				
A-2	S3	S33-2501-05	Lever switch				
A-2	S4	S33-2501-05	Lever switch				
D-2	P10	E40-0476-05	Pin connector 4P				
E-2	P13	E40-0576-05	Pin connector 5P				
D-2	P27	E40-0676-05	Pin connector 6P				
D-1	P32	E10-0061-05	Pin connector 100P				
F-2	P33	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P				
G-1	P34	E40-0377-05	Pin connector 3P				

PARTS LIST

POWER BLANKING UNIT (X68-1350-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
B-5	R1	RN14BK2B5102F	RN 51kF ±1% 1/8W	B-5	C4	CE04W2C3R3M	CE 3.3μF 160V
B-5	R2	RN14BK2B5101F	RN 5.1kΩ ±1% 1/8W	C-5	C5	CE04W2C3R3M	CE 3.3μF 160V
A-4	R3	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-4	C6	CE04W1C330M	CE 33μF 16V
B-4	R4	RD14BB2C562J	RD 5.6kΩ	C-3	C7	C91-0549-05	Tantalum 1μF 35V
B-4	R5	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω	C-4	C8	CE04W1E101M	CE 100μF 25V
B-4	R6	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-3	C9	CE04W1E101M	CE 100μF 25V
C-4	R7	RN14BK2B1303F	RN 130kΩ ±1% 1/8W	C-4	C10	CE04W1A221M	CE 220μF 10V
B-4	R8	RN14BK2B5601F	RN 5.6kΩ ±1% 1/8W	B-5	C11	CE04W1V100M	CE 10μF 35V
B-4	R9	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω	A-5	C12	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-3	R10	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ	C-5	C13	CE04W1V470M	CE 47μF 35V
C-4	R11	RN14BK2B5101F	RN 5.1kΩ ±1% 1/8W	B-3	C14	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-4	R12	RN14BK2B5101F	RN 5.1kΩ ±1% 1/8W	D-3	C15	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 500V
B-3	R13	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	E-3	C16	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 500V
C-3	R14	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ	C-3	C17	CC45CH2H010C	CC 1pF ±0.25pF 500V
C-3	R15	RN14BK2B1301F	RN 1.3kΩ ±1% 1/8W	E-3	C18	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-3	R16	RN14BK2B3901F	RN 3.9kΩ ±1% 1/8W	C-3	C19	CE04W2C3R3M	CE 3.3μF 160V
B-4	R17	RD14BB2C561J	RD 560Ω	D-3	C20	CK45B2H472K	CK 4700pF ±10% 500V
C-4	R18	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	D-3	C21	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
A-5	R19	RD14BB2E100J	RD 10Ω ±5% 1/4W	E-3	C22	CC45CH2H010C	CC 1pF ±0.25pF 500V
B-5	R20	RN14BK2B1302F	RN 13kΩ ±1% 1/8W	E-2	C23	CK45E3D103P	CK 0.01μF +100% -0% 2000V
B-5	R21	RN14BK2B8201F	RN 8.2kΩ ±1% 1/8W	E-2	C24	CK45E3D103P	CK 0.01μF +100% -0% 2000V
F-5	R22	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω	D-2	C25	CK45E3D103P	CK 0.01μF +100% -0% 2000V
B-2	R23	RD14BB2E101J	RD 100Ω ±5% 1/4W	D-2	C26	CK45E3D103P	CK 0.01μF +100% -0% 2000V
E-3	R24	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	C-2	C27	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ±10%
E-3	R25	RD14BB2C561J	RD 560Ω	C-2	C28	CE04W1E470M	CE 47μF 25V
E-3	R26	RD14BB2C124J	RD 120kΩ	C-1	C29	CK45E3D102P	CK 1000pF +100% -0% 2000V
E-3	R27	RD14BB2C124J	RD 120kΩ	F-1	C30	CK45E3D102P	CK 1000pF +100% -0% 2000V
E-3	R28	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	F-1	C31	CK45E3D103P	CK 0.01μF +100% -0% 2000V
E-4	R29	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω	D-1	C32	CK45E3D103P	CK 0.01μF +100% -0% 2000V
E-4	R30	RD14BB2C823J	RD 82kΩ	C-1	C33	CQ93M1H154K	CQ 0.15μF ±10%
E-4	R31	RD14BB2C562J	RD 5.6kΩ	C-2	C34	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ±10%
D-3	R32	RD14BB2C124J	RD 120kΩ	C-2	C35	CE04W1E470M	CE 47μF 25V
D-3	R33	RD14BB2C562J	RD 5.6kΩ	C-1	C36	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
D-3	R34	RD14BB2C561J	RD 560Ω	B-2	C37	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
D-4	R35	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-1	C38	CQ93M1H472K	CQ 4700pF ±10%
E-3	R36	RD14BB2C753J	RD 75kΩ	B-1	C39	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
D-4	R37	RD14BB2C122J	RD 1.2kΩ	B-1	C40	CE04W1E470M	CE 47μF 25V
E-3	R38	RD14BB2C470J	RD 47Ω	B-2	C41	CE04W1E470M	CE 47μF 25V
C-3	R39	RD14BB2C683J	RD 68kΩ	E-4	C42	CC45CH1H100D	CC 10pF ±0.5pF
C-3	R40	RD14BB2C683J	RD 68kΩ	E-5	C43	CK45B1H472K	CK 4700pF ±10%
C-2	R41	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	F-5	C44	C91-0549-05	Tantalum 1μF 35V
C-3	R42	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	E-5	C45	CC45CH1H680J	CC 68pF ±5%
C-3	R43	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-2	C46	CK45B2H222K	CK 2200pF ±10% 500V
C-3	R44	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	D-4	C47	CE04W1E101M	CE 100μF 25V
E-1	R45	R92-0755-05	Metal graze 3MΩ ±5% 1/2W	D-4	C48	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
D-1	R46	R92-0756-05	Metal graze 47MΩ ±5% 1/2W	D-4	C49	CE04W1A221M	CE 220μF 10V
C-2	R47	RD14BB2C683J	RD 68kΩ	D-4	C50	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-2	R48	R92-0793-05	Metal graze 15MΩ ±5% 1/2W	D-5	TC1	C05-0405-05	TC 20pF
F-1	R49	RC05GF2H565J	RC 5.6MΩ ±5% 1/2W	E-4	TC2	C05-0405-05	TC 20pF
F-2	R50	RC05GF2H156J	RC 15MΩ ±5% 1/2W	E-4	TC3	C05-0403-05	TC 6pF
B-1	R51	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-5	L1	L40-1011-04	Ferri-inductor 100μH
B-1	R52	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-3	L2	L40-1001-01	Ferri-inductor 10μH
B-1	R53	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-5	L3	L40-1011-04	Ferri-inductor 100μH
B-1	R54	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ	C-4	L4	L40-1011-04	Ferri-inductor 100μH
A-4	R55	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω	C-4	L5	L40-1011-04	Ferri-inductor 100μH
D-4	R56	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	C-4	L6	L40-1011-04	Ferri-inductor 100μH
D-4	R57	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	B-2	L7	L40-1011-03	Ferri-inductor 100μH
D-4	R58	RD14BB2C682J	RD 6.8kΩ	B-1	L8	L40-1011-04	Ferri-inductor 100μH
E-4	R59	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω	B-2	L9	L40-1011-04	Ferri-inductor 100μH
E-4	R60	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ				
E-4	R61	RD14BB2E101J	RD 100Ω ±5% 1/4W				
E-4	R62	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ				
E-4	R63	RD14BB2C152J	RD 1.5kΩ				
F-5	R64	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ				
F-5	R65	RD14BB2C562J	RD 5.6kΩ				
E-5	R66	RD14BB2C510J	RD 51Ω				
E-5	R67	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ				
E-5	R68	RD14BB2C471J	RD 470Ω				
A-3	R69	RD14BB2C562J	RD 5.6kΩ				
B-2	R70	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ				
D-4	VR1	R12-3507-05	VR 15kΩB	D-1	NL1		Neon lamp NE-2B
E-4	VR2	R12-3507-05	VR 15kΩB	D-1	NL2		Neon lamp NE-2B
C-2	VR3	R12-3042-05	VR 47kΩB	E-1	NL3		Neon lamp NE-2B
G-1	VR4	R05-8001-05	VR 3MΩB	E-1	NL4		Neon lamp NE-2B
A-3	VR5	R12-5501-05	VR 150kΩB				
C-5	C1	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%	B-4	Q1		TR 2SC1913 (Q, R)
B-5	C2	CE04W1V100M	CE 10μF 35V	B-4	Q2		TR 2SC1505 (L)
C-5	C3	CE04W1J330M	CE 33μF 63V	C-4	Q3		TR 2SB633 (E)
				C-3	Q4		TR 2SD613 (E)
				C-4	Q5		TR 2SB633 (E)

PARTS LIST

CPU UNIT(X81-1050-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
B-5	Q6		TR 2SC1505 (L)	B-1	R1	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ
B-5	Q7		TR 2SC536KNP (F)	B-1	R2	RD14BB2C681J	RD 680Ω
B-3	Q8		TR 2SC536KNP (F)	B-1	R3	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
B-3	Q9		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	B-2	R4	R90-0608-05	Resistor alay 4.7kΩ × 5
E-3	Q10		TR 2SA1208 (S, T)	B-1	R5	RD14BB2C331J	RD 330Ω
E-3	Q11		TR 2SC2910 (S, T)	B-1	R6	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ
D-3	Q12		TR 2SA923-2-(2, 3)	B-3	R7	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
D-4	Q13		TR 2SC1215 (T, S)	B-1	R8	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ
E-3	Q14		TR 2SC805A-2-(2, 3)	B-1	R9	RD14BB2C474J	RD 470kΩ
C-2	Q15		TR 2SC2910 (S, T)	B-1	R10	RD14BB2C682J	RD 6.8kΩ
C-3	Q16		TR 2SC2910 (S, T)	B-1	R11	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ
B-1	Q17		TR 2SC536KNP (F)	B-1	R12	RD14BB2C391J	RD 390Ω
C-1	Q18		TR 2SC536KNP (F)	C-1	R13	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
B-1	Q19		TR 2SA608KNP (F)	C-1	R14	RD14BB2C122J	RD 1.2kΩ
C-1	Q20		FET 2SK19-BL	A-2	R15	R90-0609-05	Resistor alay 4.7kΩ × 8
B-1	Q21		TR 2SD613 (E)	C-1	R16	RD14BB2C221J	RD 220Ω
D-5	Q22		TR 2SC1047 (C)	C-1	R17	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
E-4	Q23		TR 2SC1215 (T, S)	C-1	R18	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
E-5	Q24		TR 2SC1215 (T, S)	D-1	R19	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
E-4	IC1		IC NJM4558D	D-2	R20	RD14BB2C472J	RD 4.7kΩ
B-3	IC2		IC NJM4558D	D-2	R21	RD14BB2C563J	RD 56kΩ
B-4	D1		Diode DS442X	C-1	R22	RD14BB2C101J	RD 100Ω
B-3	D2		Diode WZ-120	B-1	R23	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
B-3	D3		Diode WZ-120	B-1	R24	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ
E-4	D4		Diode WZ-120	B-1	VR1	R12-1513-05	VR 2kΩB
E-4	D5		Diode DS442X	B-1	VR2	R12-1512-05	VR 1kΩB
D-5	D6		Diode WZ-090	B-2	C1	CE04W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V
D-3	D7		Diode 1SS83	B-3	C2	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
E-3	D8		Diode 1SS83	B-3	C3	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
D-2	D9		Diode W06C	A-2	C4	C91-0549-05	Tantalum 1μF 35V
D-1	D10		Diode W06C	C-1	C5	C90-0298-05	Semi conductor ceramic 0.1μF 12V
F-1	D11		Diode W06C	C-1	C6	C91-0549-05	Tantalum 1μF 35V
F-1	D12		Diode W06C	C-2	C7	C91-0549-05	Tantalum 1μF 35V
B-1	D13		Diode DS442X	D-2	C8	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-1	D14		Diode DS442X	D-1	C9	CE04W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V
C-1	D15		Diode WZ-090	D-2	C10	CE04W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V
B-1	D16		Diode DS442X	B-1	Q1		TR 2SC945(Q)
D-5	P28	E40-0776-05	Pin connector 7P	C-1	Q2		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
D-5	P43	E40-0876-05	Pin connector 8P	C-1	Q3		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
E-5	P49	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	B-1	Q4		TR 2SC536KNP(F)
F-5	P55	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P	B-1	D1		Diode 1S1544A
F-5	P56	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	B-1	D2		Diode 1S1544A
A-5	P57	E40-0746-05	Pin connector 7P	B-1	D3		Diode WZ-032
C-2	P58	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	B-1	D4		Diode DS442X
A-2	P59	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	B-1	D5		Diode DS442X
D-1	P60	E40-0332-05	Pin connector 3P	C-1	D6		Diode WZ-032
A-1	P61	E40-0703-05	Pin connector 7P	D-2	D7		Diode DS442X
D-5	P62	E40-0276-05	Pin connector 2P	B-3	IC1		IC M74LS32P
C-3	P64	E40-0376-05	Pin connector 3P	B-2	IC2		IC MB8414EM
		F01-0826-05	Heat sink	B-3	IC3		IC M74LS138P
		F02-0503-04	Heat sink	B-1	IC4		IC TL061CP
		F20-0516-05	Rubber sheet	B-2	IC5		IC MB8414EM
		J21-2930-04	Bracket for VR	C-3	IC6		IC MB8516EC
		J30-0605-05	Spacer for TR	C-1	IC7		IC M74LS00P
		J25-2948-12	Printed circuit board	C-3	IC8		IC M74LS373P
	S1	S59-2503-05	Power switch	A-2	IC9		IC MB74LS245M
				C-1	IC10		IC M74LS367AP
				C-2	IC11		IC μPD8085AC
					X1	L78-0102-05	Ceramic resonator
						E02-0132-05	IC socket
						E02-0133-05	IC socket
						E02-2401-05	IC socket
				A-2	P35	E10-4061-05	Pin connector 40P
				A-2	P36	E40-3085-05	Pin connector 30P
						J25-2931-12	Printed circuit board

PARTS LIST

I/O UNIT (X81-1060-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
B-1	R1	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-2	R2	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-2	R3	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-2	R4	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-1	R5	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-1	R6	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-2	R7	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-2	R8	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-2	R9	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-2	R10	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-1	R11	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-1	R12	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-1	R13	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-1	R14	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-1	R15	RD148B2C103J	RD 10kΩ
B-1	R16	RD148B2C223J	RD 22kΩ
B-2	R17	RD148B2C223J	RD 22kΩ
B-2	R18	RD148B2C103J	RD 10kΩ
A-1	R19	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
A-1	R20	RD148B2C391J	RD 390Ω
B-2	C1	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-2	C2	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-1	C3	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
C-2	C4	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
D-1	C5	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
D-2	C6	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
E-2	C7	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
E-1	C8	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
F-2	C9	CK45B1H103K	CK 0.01μF ±10%
B-1	C10	C91-0549-05	Tantalum 1μF 35V
B-2	C11	C91-0549-05	Tantalum 1μF 35V
E-1	C12	C91-0549-05	Tantalum 1μF 35V
E-1	C13	CE02W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V
E-2	C14	CE04W1A470M	CE 47μF 10V
B-1	Q1		TR 2SC536KNP (F)
B-2	Q2		TR 2SC536KNP (F)
A-1	D1		Diode TLR320
A-1	D2		Diode PG4133SX
A-1	D3		Diode GD-4-505RD
B-1	IC1		IC TC4511BP
B-2	IC2		IC TC4511BP
B-1	IC3		IC M74LS373P
B-2	IC4		IC M74LS373P
C-1	IC5		IC M74LS373P
C-2	IC6		IC M74LS373P
C-1	IC7		IC M74LS373P
C-2	IC8		IC M74LS373P
C-1	IC9		IC M74LS373P
C-2	IC10		IC M74LS373P
D-1	IC11		IC M74LS374P
D-2	IC12		IC M74LS374P
D-1	IC13		IC M74LS374P
D-2	IC14		IC M74LS374P
D-1	IC15		IC M74LS374P
D-2	IC16		IC M74LS374P
E-1	IC17		IC M74LS374P
E-2	IC18		IC M74LS374P
E-1	IC19		IC M74LS138P
E-1	IC20		IC M74LS02P
E-2	IC21		IC M74LS374P
E-1	IC22		IC M74LS138P
E-1	IC23		IC M74LS196P
E-2	IC24		IC M74LS126P
C-1	P25	E40-3486-05	Pin connector 34P
D-1	P26	E40-3486-05	Pin connector 34P
C-2	P32	E10-0061-05	Pin connector 100P
F-1	J35	E10-4062-05	Connector 40P
		J25-2933-12	Printed circuit board

PARTS LIST

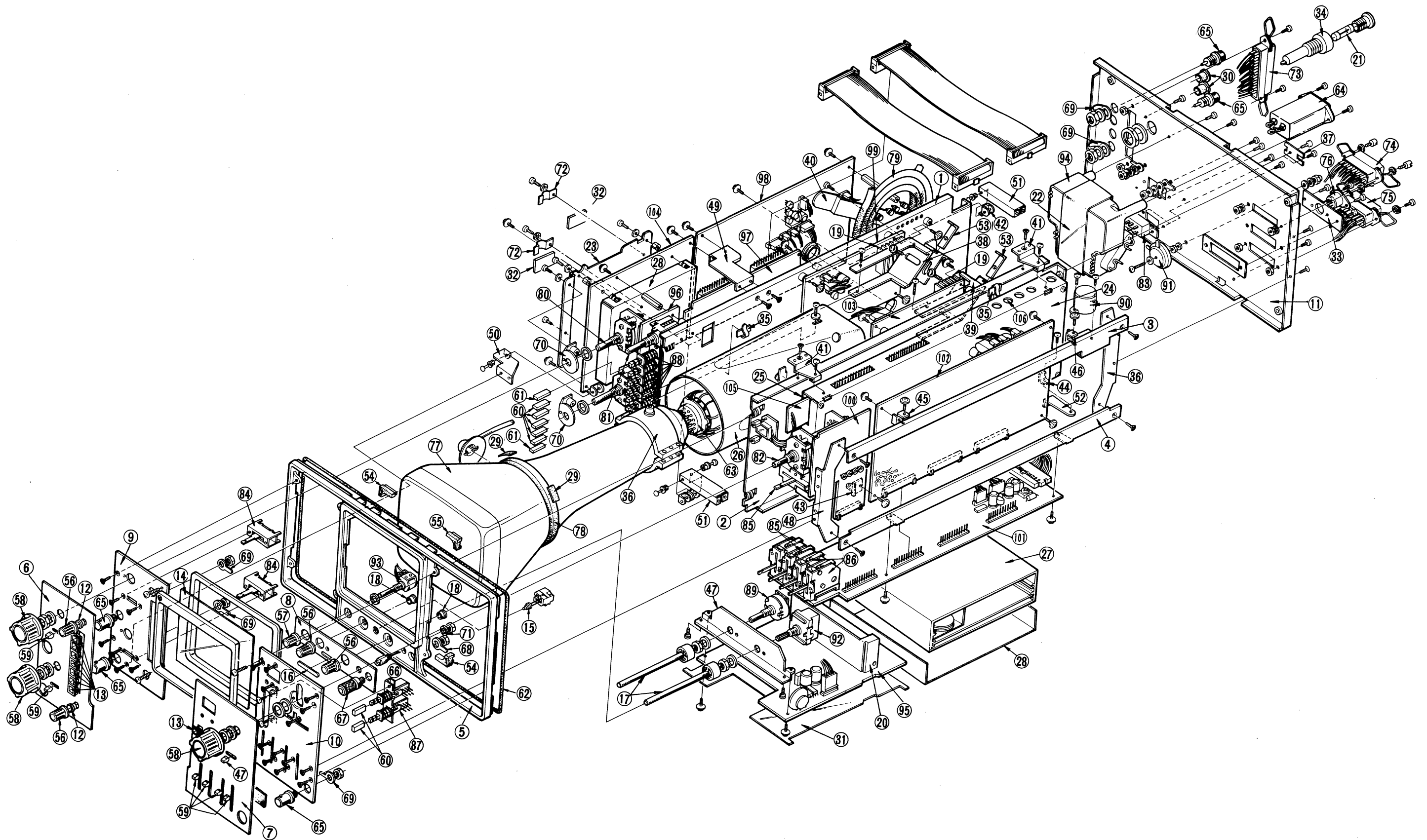
CS-1720 MAIN CHASSIS

Fig. & Index No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Parts No.	Description
1-1	A13-0749-12	Frame (L)	1-82	S01-2508-05	Rotary switch
1-2	A13-0750-12	Frame (R)	1-83	S31-2004-05	Slide switch
1-3	A13-0751-12	Frame	1-84	S31-2506-05	Slide switch
1-4	A13-0752-12	Frame	1-85	S33-2501-05	Lever switch
1-5	A20-2756-15	Die casting panel	1-86	S37-2005-05	Lever switch
1-6	A21-1002-04	Decorative panel	1-87	S42-2509-05	Push switch
1-7	A21-1003-04	Decorative panel	1-88	S42-7502-05	Push switch
1-8	A21-1004-04	Decorative panel	1-89	S59-2503-05	Power switch
1-9	A22-0821-03	Sub panel (L)	1-90	T99-0501-05	Buzzer
1-10	A22-0822-13	Sub panel (R)	1-91		Power thermistor 4W-25
1-11	A23-1634-12	Rear panel	1-92	R05-8001-05	Variable res. 3MΩ
1-12	B07-0701-04	Push escutcheon	1-93	R19-9503-05	Variable res. 1kΩ/10kΩ
1-13	B07-0706-04	Push escutcheon	1-94	W02-0406-05	High voltage power block
1-14	B19-0717-03	Filter	1-95	X68-1350-00	Power blanking unit
1-15	B30-0930-15	LED		J25-2948-12	Printed circuit board
1-16	B40-2765-04	Name plate (serial No.)	1-96	X73-1400-00	Vertical switch unit
1-17	D21-0903-04	Extension shaft		J25-2944-03	Printed circuit board
1-18	D23-0801-04	Bearing	1-97	X73-1410-00	Vertical logic unit
1-19	F01-0827-04	Heat sink		J25-2945-12	Printed circuit board
1-20	F02-0503-04	Heat sink	1-98	X73-1420-00	Vertical amplifier unit
1-21	F05-1224-05	Fuse (1.2A)		J25-2942-12	Printed circuit board
1-22	F10-1557-04	Earth band	1-99	X73-1430-00	Vertical output amp unit
1-23	F10-1556-14	Shield plate		J25-2949-03	Printed circuit board
1-24	F11-0971-02	Shield case (cover)	1-100	X74-1260-00	Horizontal switch unit
1-25	F11-0972-02	Shield case		J25-2946-03	Printed circuit board
1-26	F11-0973-02	Shield cover for CRT	1-101	X74-1270-00	Horizontal logic unit
1-27	W02-0405-15	Switching power supply		J25-2945-12	Printed circuit board
1-28	F11-0963-03	Shield case	1-102	X74-1280-00	Sweep unit
1-29	F15-0714-04	Felt		J25-2950-12	Printed circuit board
1-30	F19-0709-05	Rubber cap	1-103	X74-1290-00	Horizontal output amp unit
1-31	F20-0636-04	Insulation sheet		J25-2949-03	Printed circuit board
1-32	F20-0613-04	Insulation sheet	1-104	X75-1130-00	Attenuator unit
1-33	F19-0710-04	Mounting plate for DIN connector		J25-2939-12	Printed circuit board
1-34	J13-0033-15	Fuse holder	1-105	X81-1060-00	I/O unit
1-35	J19-1620-05	Cord keeper		J25-2933-12	Printed circuit board
1-36	J19-1623-04	CRT band	1-106	X81-1050-00	CPU unit
1-37	J19-1624-04	Stopper plate		J25-2931-12	Printed circuit board
1-38	J21-2925-03	Bracket for CRT			
1-39	J21-2926-03	Bracket for CRT			
1-40	J21-2871-14	Bracket for DL			
1-41	J21-2947-04	Bracket for shield case			
1-42	J29-2905-04	Bracket			
1-43	J21-2948-04	Bracket			
1-44	J21-2949-04	Bracket			
1-45	J21-2950-04	Bracket			
1-46	J21-2951-04	Bracket			
1-47	J21-2930-04	Bracket for VR			
1-48	J21-2942-14	Bracket			
1-49	J21-2945-04	Bracket for p.c.b.			
1-50	J21-2943-14	Bracket for p.c.b.			
1-51	J21-2944-04	Bracket for p.c.b.			
1-52	J21-2946-04	Bracket for shield case			
1-53	J29-0505-04	Retainer clamp			
1-54	J42-0517-04	Mounting rubber for CRT			
1-55	J42-0518-04	Mounting rubber for CRT			
1-56	K21-0832-14	Knob			
1-57	K21-0833-14	Knob			
1-58	K21-0845-03	Knob			
1-59	K27-0526-04	Lever knob			
1-60	K27-0504-04	Push knob			
1-61	K27-0505-04	Push knob			
1-62	002-0006-05	Shield gasket			
1-63	E01-1403-05	CRT socket			
1-64	E03-0201-05	Power connector			
1-65	E04-0251-05	BNC receptacle			
1-66	E21-0654-04	CAL terminal			
1-67	E21-0657-04	Metal terminal			
1-68	E23-0015-04	Earth lug			
1-69	E23-0513-05	Earth lug			
1-70	E23-0518-04	Earth plate			
1-71	E23-0520-05	Earth lug			
1-72	E23-0522-14	Earth plate			
1-73	E08-5081-05	Receptacle			
1-74	E08-2483-05	Receptacle			
1-75	E08-2482-05	Receptacle			
1-76	E06-0751-05	DIN socket			
1-77		CRT 140CGB31			
1-78	L39-0516-05	Rotator coil			
1-79	L76-0105-05	Delay line			
1-80	S01-1514-05	Rotary switch			
1-81	S01-2507-05	Rotary switch			

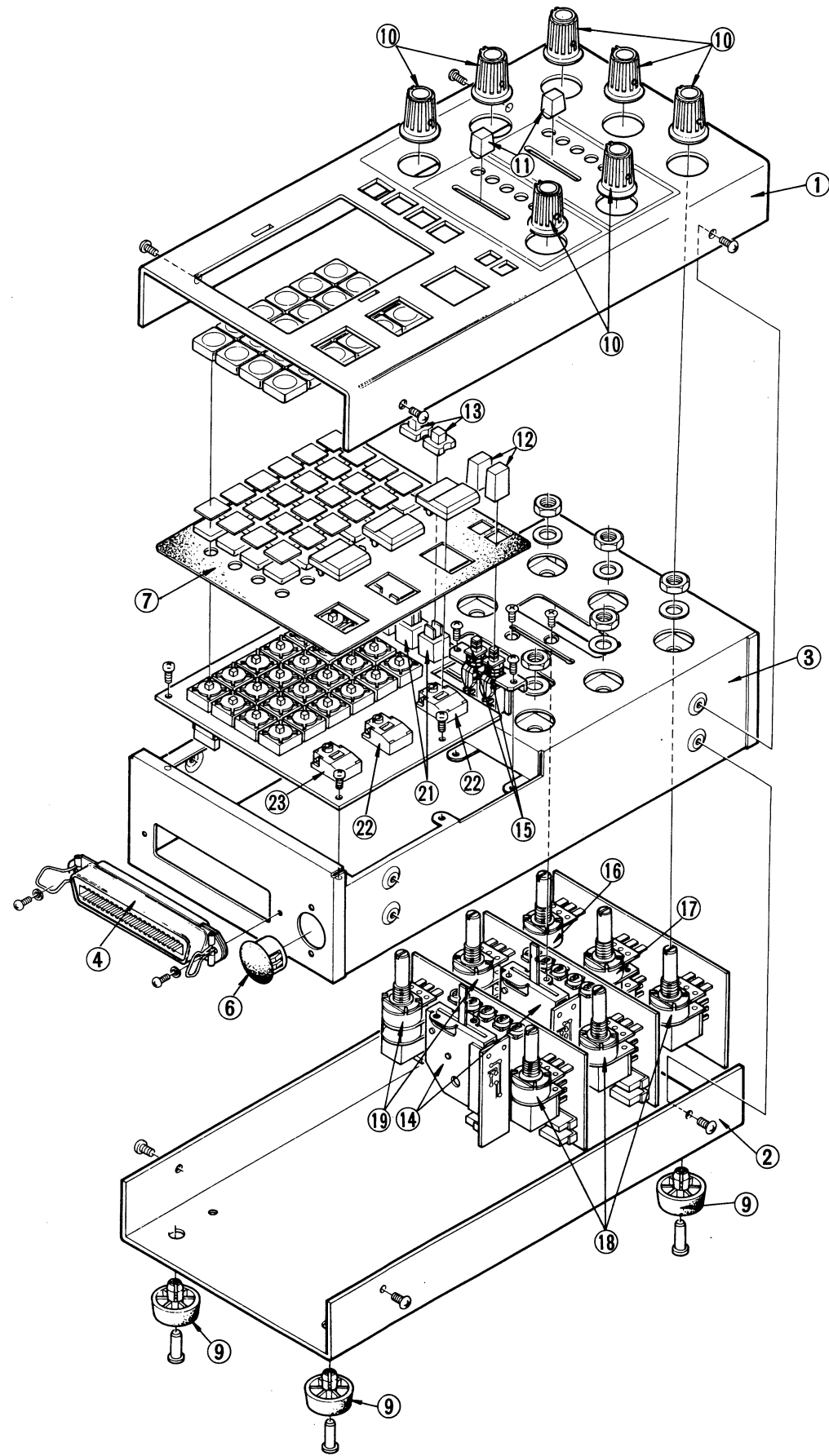
PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
	A01-0889-02	Case	J59	E31-2278-05	Lead wire/connector 2P
	B07-0710-02	Rear escutcheon	J60	E31-2279-05	Lead wire/connector 3P
	B42-1835-04	Voltage indication sheet (90 ~ 132V)	J61	No use	
	B42-1836-04	Voltage indication sheet (180 ~ 264V)	J62	E31-2280-05	Lead wire/connector 2P
	B50-2964-00	Instruction manual	J63	E31-2281-05	Lead wire/connector 5P
	F20-0627-04	Insulation sheet for lithium battery	J64	E31-2282-05	Lead wire/connector 3P
	J02-0507-05	Leg (bottom)		E31-0564-05	Lead wire/connector 1P
	J02-0512-05	Leg (side)			
	J32-0824-04	Hex post (54mm)	P65	E31-2283-05	Lead wire/receptacle
	J32-0825-04	Hex post (32mm)	P66	E31-2284-05	Lead wire/receptacle
	J32-0827-04	Hex post (7.5mm)	P67	E31-2285-05	Lead wire/receptacle
	J32-0828-04	Hex post (13.9mm)	P68	E31-2268-05	Lead wire/receptacle
	J42-0038-04	Rubber cap X5			
	J61-0049-05	Cable band	R1	RN14BK2E1200F	Metal film res. 120Ω ± 1% 1/4W
	J59-0402-05	Nylon rivet	R2	RN14BK2H1503F	Metal film res. 150kΩ ± 1% 1/2W
	K01-0058-25	Handle	R3	RN14BK2H1503F	Metal film res. 150kΩ ± 1% 1/2W
	H01-2954-04	Carton box	C1	CK45E3D472P	Ceramic cap. 4700pF + 100% - 0% 2000V
	H10-2812-12	Pad (formed styrene)			
	H20-1713-14	Pad (carton)	C2	CK45E3D472P	Ceramic cap. 4700pF + 100% - 0% 2000V
	E29-0504-05	Teflon terminal			
	E30-1818-05	JIS cord	C3	C91-0551-05	Metal film cap. 0.22μF
	E30-1819-05	CEE cord		W02-0405-15	Switching power supply
	E30-1821-05	SAA cord		W09-0403-05	Lithium battery 3V
J1	E31-2235-05	Lead wire/connector 5P		Y87-1250-00	Probe PC-29
J2	E31-2236-05	Lead wire/connector 5P			
J3	E31-2237-05	Lead wire/connector 8P			
J4	E31-2238-05	Lead wire/connector 7P			
J5	E31-2239-05	Lead wire/connector 5P			
J6	E31-2240-05	Lead wire/connector 5P			
J7	E31-2241-05	Lead wire/connector 6P			
J8	E31-2242-05	Lead wire/connector 8P			
J9	E31-2243-05	Lead wire/connector 6P			
J10	E31-2260-05	Lead wire/connector 4P			
J11	E31-2244-05	Lead wire/connector 2P			
J12	E31-2245-05	Lead wire/connector 2P			
J13	E31-2246-05	Lead wire/connector 5P			
J14	E31-2247-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J15	E31-2248-05	Lead wire/connector 7P			
J16	E31-2249-05	Lead wire/connector 5P			
J17	E31-2250-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J18	E31-2251-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J19	E31-2252-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J20	E31-2253-05	Lead wire/connector 2P			
J21	E31-2254-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J22	E31-2255-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J23	E31-2256-05	Lead wire/connector 4P			
J24	No use				
J25	E31-2257-05	Lead wire/connector 34P			
J26	E31-2257-05	Lead wire/connector 34P			
J27	E31-2258-05	Lead wire/connector 6P			
J28	E31-2259-05	Lead wire/connector 7P			
J29	No use				
J30	E31-2261-05	Lead wire/connector 1P			
J31	E31-2275-05	Lead wire/connector 1P			
J32					
J33	E31-2262-05	Lead wire/connector 2P			
J34	E31-2263-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J35	No use				
J36	No use				
J37	E31-2265-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J38	No use				
J39	No use				
J40	No use				
J41	No use				
J42	E31-2266-05	Lead wire/connector 7P			
J43	E31-2267-05	Lead wire/connector 8P			
J44	No use				
J45	No use				
J46	E31-2269-05	Lead wire/connector 1P			
J47	E31-2269-05	Lead wire/connector 1P			
J48	E31-2270-05	Lead wire/connector 2P			
J49	E31-2271-05	Lead wire/connector 2P			
J50	No use				
J51	No use				
J52	E31-2274-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J53	E31-2261-05	Lead wire/connector 1P			
J54	E31-2275-05	Lead wire/connector 1P			
J55	E31-2276-05	Lead wire/connector 3P			
J56	E31-2277-05	Lead wire/connector 2P			
J57	No use				
J58	No use				

DISASSEMBLY/PARTS LIST (1)



DISASSEMBLY/PARTS LIST (2)



PARTS LIST

REMOTE CONTROLLER (RT-1721)

REMOTE UNIT (X77-1180-00)

Fig. & Index No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Fig. & Index No.
2-1	A01-0878-03	Case (top)	A-2	R1	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	D-2
2-2	A01-0879-03	Case (bottom)	A-2	R2	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	D-2
2-3	A10-1431-02	Chassis	A-2	R3	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	D-3
2-4	E08-5081-05	Receptacle 50P	A-2	R4	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	D-3
2-5	F07-0920-04	Button cover	A-2	R5	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	B-2
2-6	F19-0708-05	Bushing	A-2	R6	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	B-2
2-7	F15-0718-04	Blind sheet	A-2	R7	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	B-2
2-8	F20-0635-04	Insulation sheet	A-3	R8	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	B-3
2-9	J02-0507-05	Leg	A-3	R9	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	B-3
2-10	K21-0820-04	Knob	A-3	R10	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	B-3
2-11	K27-0502-04	Lever knob	B-2	R11	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	B-2
2-12	K27-0504-04	Push knob (grey)	B-2	R12	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	B-2
2-13	K27-0524-04	Push knob	B-2	R13	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
2-14	S33-2501-05	Lever switch	B-2	R14	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
2-15	S42-2510-05	Push switch	B-2	R15	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
2-16	R01-2503-05	Variable res. 10kΩB	B-2	R16	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
2-17	R01-4505-05	Variable res. 50kΩB	B-3	R17	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-3
2-18	R01-2504-05	Variable res. 5kΩB	B-3	R18	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-3
2-19	R01-2513-05	Variable res. 5kΩB	B-3	R19	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-3
2-20	S40-1507-05	Tact switch	B-3	R20	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
2-21	S40-1504-05	Tact switch	B-3	R21	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	D-2
2-22	S40-1508-05	Digitast switch	B-3	R22	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	D-2
2-23	S40-1509-05	Digitast switch	B-3	R23	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ	D-3
	B40-2737-04	Name plate (serial No.)	B-3	R24	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ	A-1
	B41-0737-04	Caution sheet	B-3	R25	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ	C-1
	E30-1842-05	Cable CB-5020S	B-3	R26	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ	D-3
	E31-2231-15	Lead wire/receptacle	A-4	R27	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2
	E31-2232-05	Lead wire/connector	A-4	R28	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2
	B42-1840-04	Key board indication sheet (7)	A-3	R29	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2
	B42-1841-04	Key board indication sheet (4)	A-1	R30	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-2
	B42-1842-04	Key board indication sheet (1)	B-2	R31	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	A-3
	B42-1843-04	Key board indication sheet (0)		R32	No use		A-3
	B42-1844-04	Key board indication sheet (8)		R33	No use		C-2
	B42-1845-04	Key board indication sheet (5)		R34	No use		C-2
	B42-1846-04	Key board indication sheet (2)		R35	No use		C-2
	B42-1847-04	Key board indication sheet (STR)		R36	No use		B-3
	B42-1848-04	Key board indication sheet (9)		R37	No use		B-3
	B42-1849-04	Key board indication sheet (6)		R38	No use		
	B42-1850-04	Key board indication sheet (3)		R39	No use		A-2
	B42-1851-04	Key board indication sheet (END)	C-2	R40	No use		A-2
	B42-1852-04	Key board indication sheet (STO)	C-2	R41	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-2
	B42-1853-04	Key board indication sheet (PART WRT)	C-2	R42	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-2
	B42-1854-04	Key board indication sheet (ALL WRT)	C-2	R43	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-2
	B42-1855-04	Key board indication sheet (READ)	C-2	R44	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-2
	B42-1856-04	Key board indication sheet (SCAN)	C-2	R45	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-3
	B42-1857-04	Key board indication sheet (PRNT)	C-2	R46	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-3
	B42-1858-04	Key board indication sheet (SAVE)	C-2	R47	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-3
	B42-1859-04	Key board indication sheet (LOAD)	B-3	R48	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-3
	B42-1860-04	Key board indication sheet (FREE)	B-3	R49	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-3
	B42-1861-04	Key board indication sheet (EXT)	B-3	R50	RD14BB2C272J	RD 2.7kΩ	A-3
	B42-1864-04	Key board indication sheet	C-2	R51	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	A-3
	X77-1180-00	Remote unit	C-2	R52	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	A-3
	X81-1120-00	Key board unit	C-2	R53	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
	H01-2938-04	Carton box	C-2	R54	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
	H12-0538-04	Pad	C-2	R55	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
	H25-0820-04	Polyethylene bag	C-3	R56	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
	H10-2814-02	Pad (foamed styrene)	C-3	R57	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
			C-3	R58	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
			C-3	R59	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
			C-3	R60	RD14BB2C102J	RD 1kΩ	C-2
			C-3	R61	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	C-3
			C-3	R62	RD14BB2C332J	RD 3.3kΩ	C-3
			C-3	R63	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ	C-3
			C-3	R64	RD14BB2C182J	RD 1.8kΩ	C-3
			C-3	R65	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ	C-3
			C-3	R66	RD14BB2C392J	RD 3.9kΩ	C-3
			C-4	R67	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-3
			C-4	R68	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	C-3
			C-3	R69	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	A-3
			C-1	R70	RD14BB2C103J	RD 10kΩ	B-3
			C-2	R71	RD14BB2C222J	RD 2.2kΩ	
				R72	No use		A-1
				R73	No use		C-1
				R74	No use		D-1
				R75	No use		D-1
				R76	No use		
				R77	No use		A-2
				R78	No use		A-3
				R79	No use		A-3
				R80	No use		B-2

VOLTAGES AND WAVEFORMS

The voltages and waveforms are measured on each schematic diagram as follows;

TEST EQUIPMENT

Digital multimeter : DL-720 (TRIO)
Oscilloscope : CS-2100 (TRIO)
Sine wave generator : SG-502 (TEKTRONIX)

Voltage Measurements

Voltage measurements are taken with no signal applied and the trace positioned to the center horizontal graticule line. The digital multimeter common should be connected to chassis ground at the nearest measurement point.

Waveform Condition

Waveforms are measured with 1 kHz 10 mVp-p sine wave applied CH1 input.

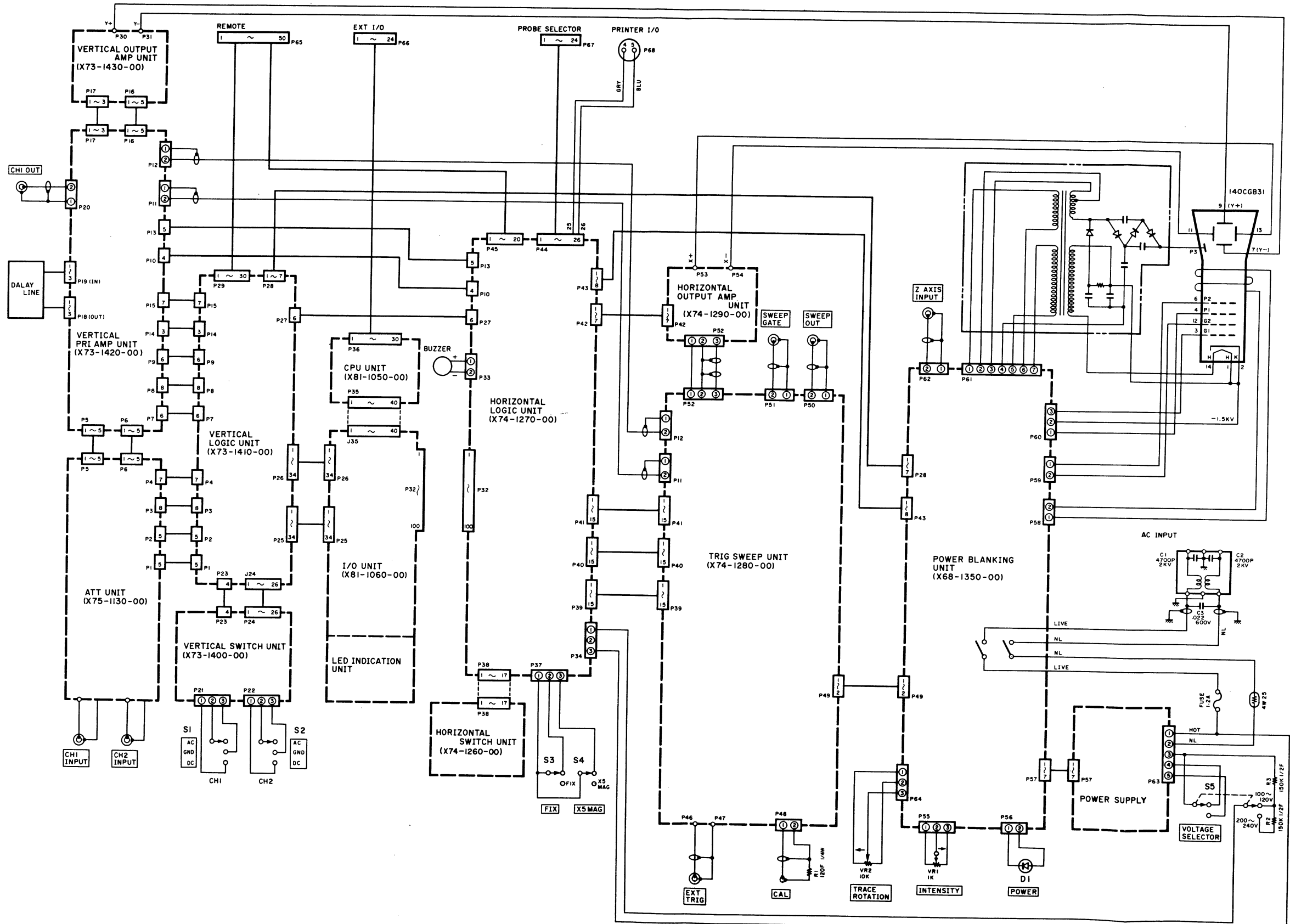
CONTROL SETTINGS

INTENSITY	Midrange
FOCUS	Midrange
◆ POSITION	Midrange
VOLTS/DIV	2 mV
V. VARI	CAL
CW2 INV	OFF (<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>)
V. MODE	Unless otherwise specified CH1 and SEP OFF (<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>)
COUPLING	AC
SLOPE	CH1 + / +
TRIG MODE	AUTO
SWEEP TIME/DIV	1 ms
SWEEP TIME VARI	CAL
◀ ▶ POSITION	Midrange
X5MAG	OFF (<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>)

NOTE:

In differential circuit, the voltages and waveforms are shown only CH1

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



CS-1720

P.C. BOARD

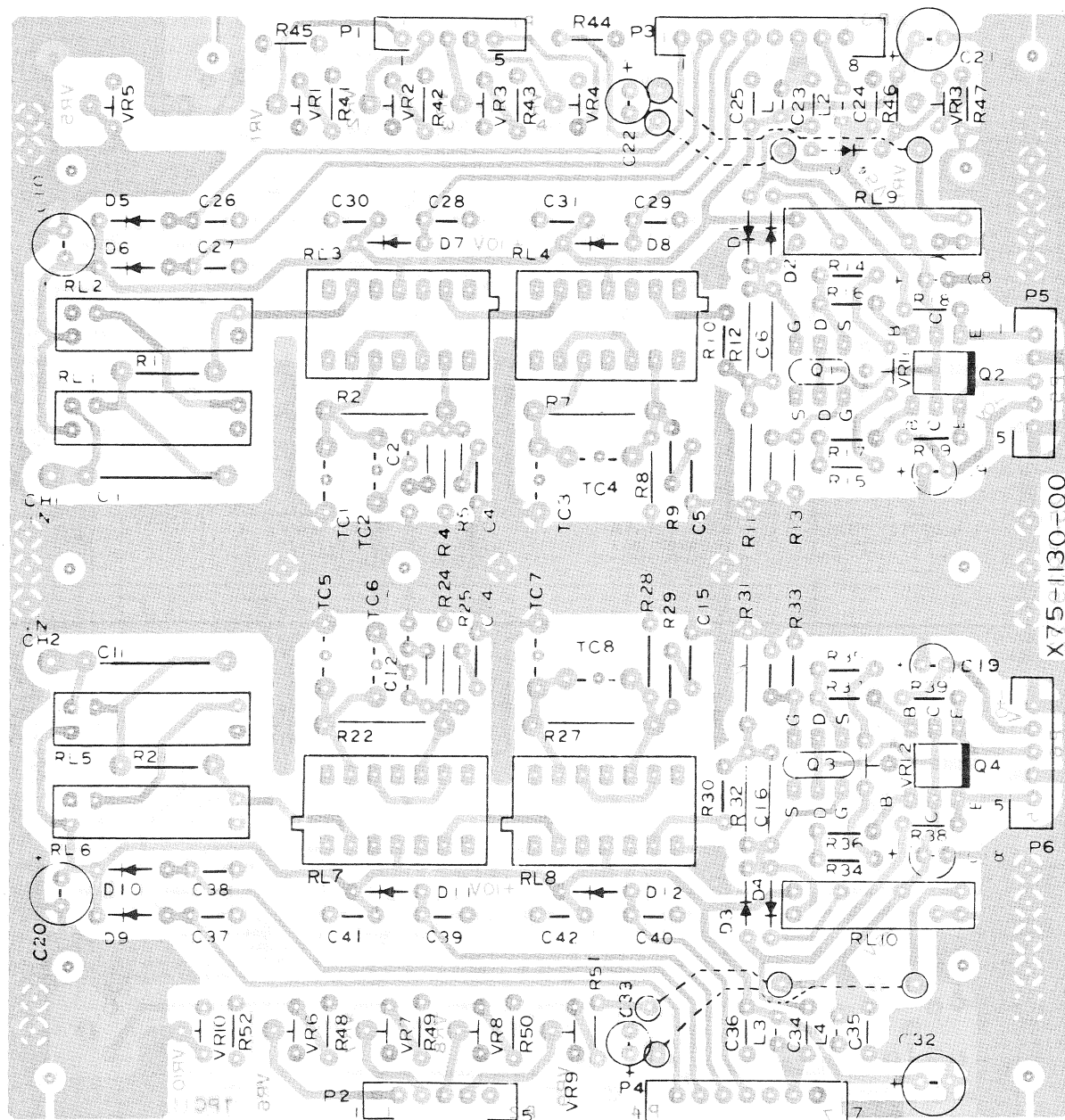
X75-1130-00

A

B

C

D



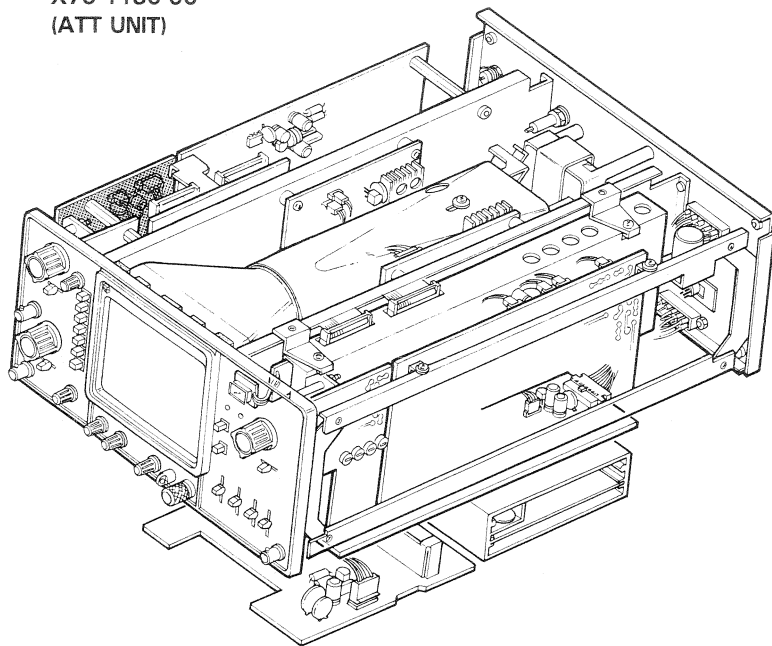
X75-1130-00

2

3

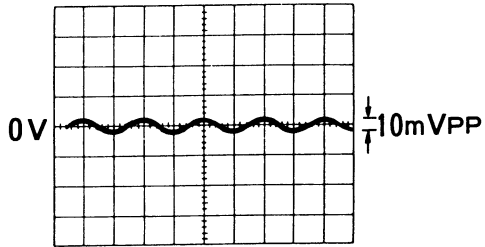
4

X75-1130-00
(ATT UNIT)



WAVEFORM

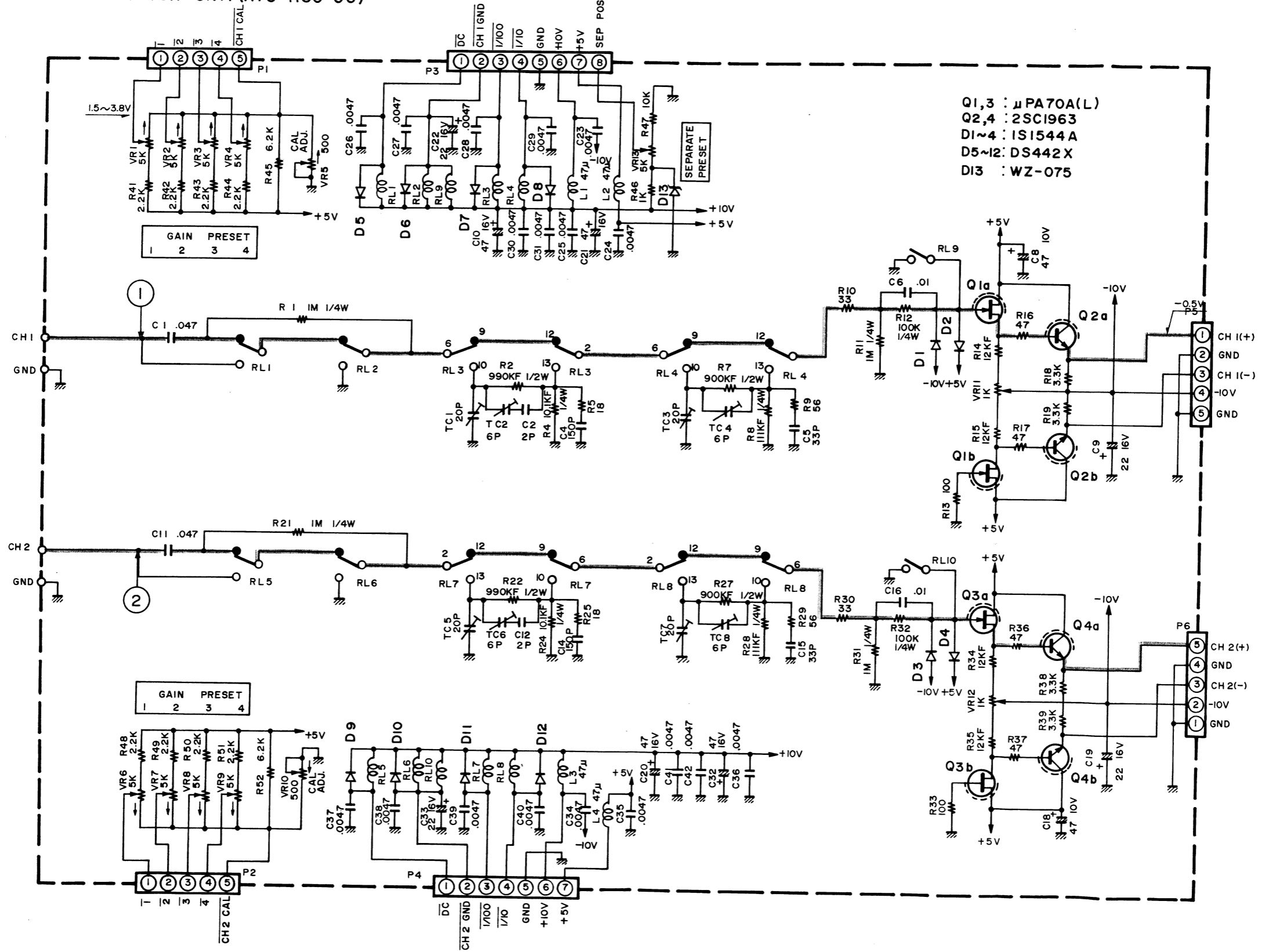
① ②



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X75-1130-00

ATTENUATOR UNIT (X75-1130-00)



P.C. BOARD

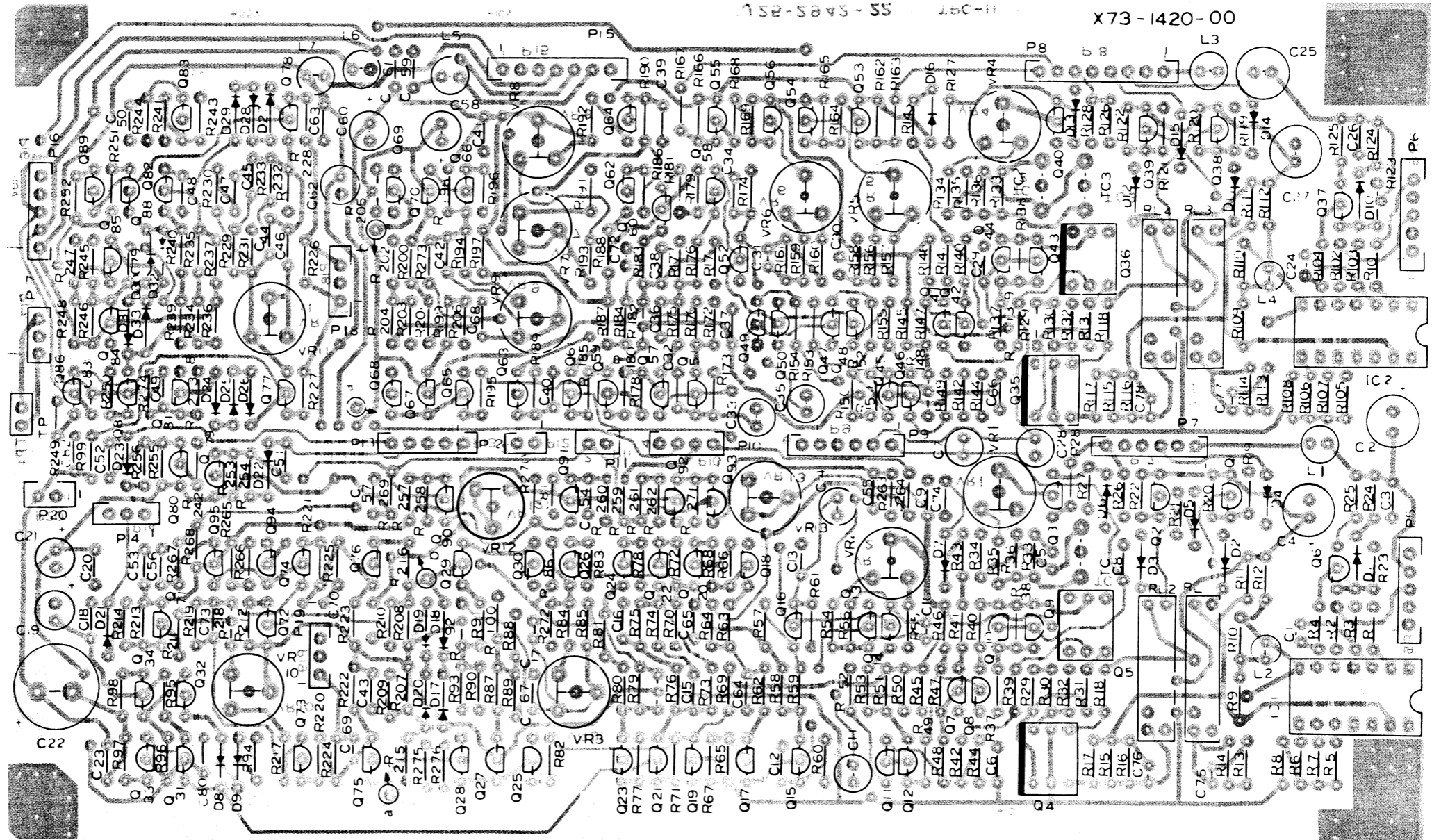
X73-1420-00

A

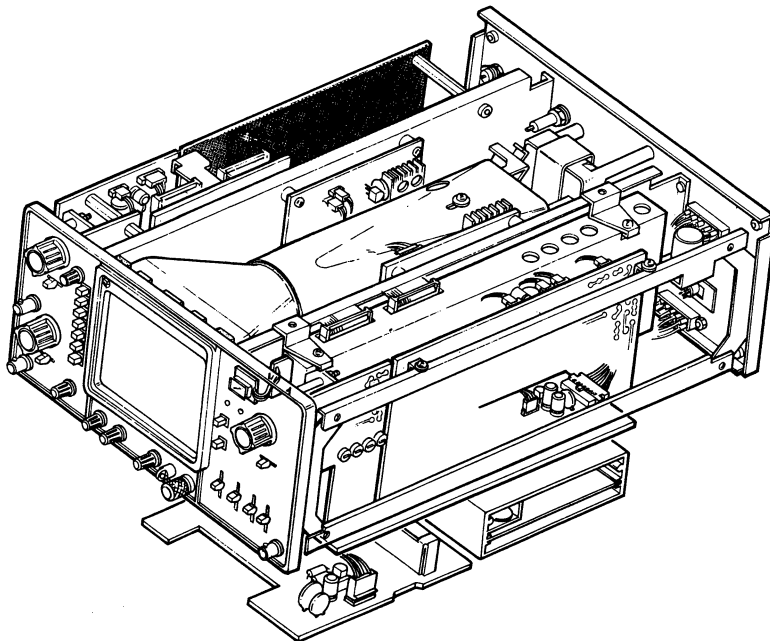
C

D

E

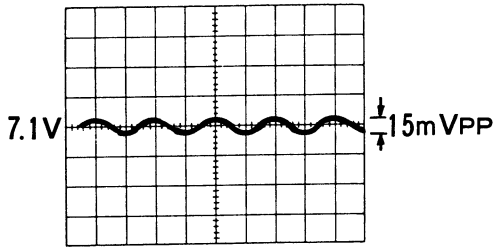


X73-1420-00
(VERTICAL AMP. UNIT)

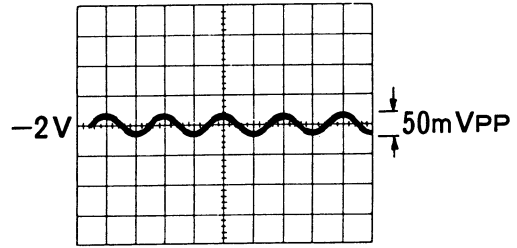


WAVEFORM

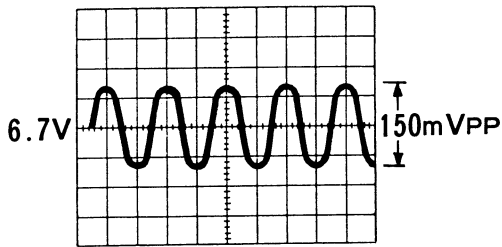
①



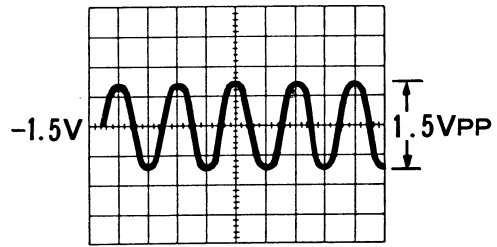
②



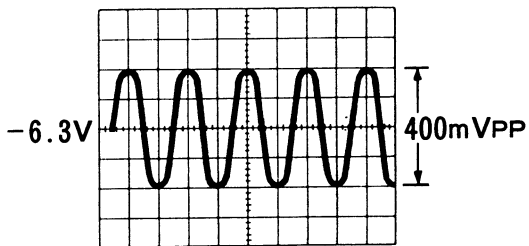
③



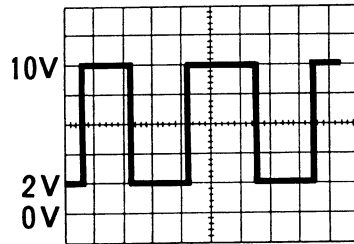
④



⑤

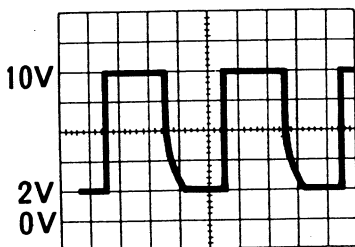


⑥



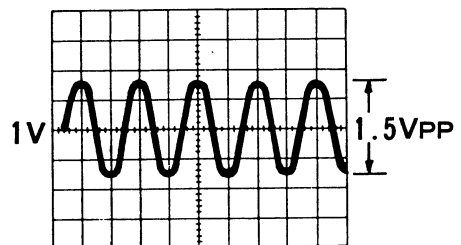
SEP:ON

⑦

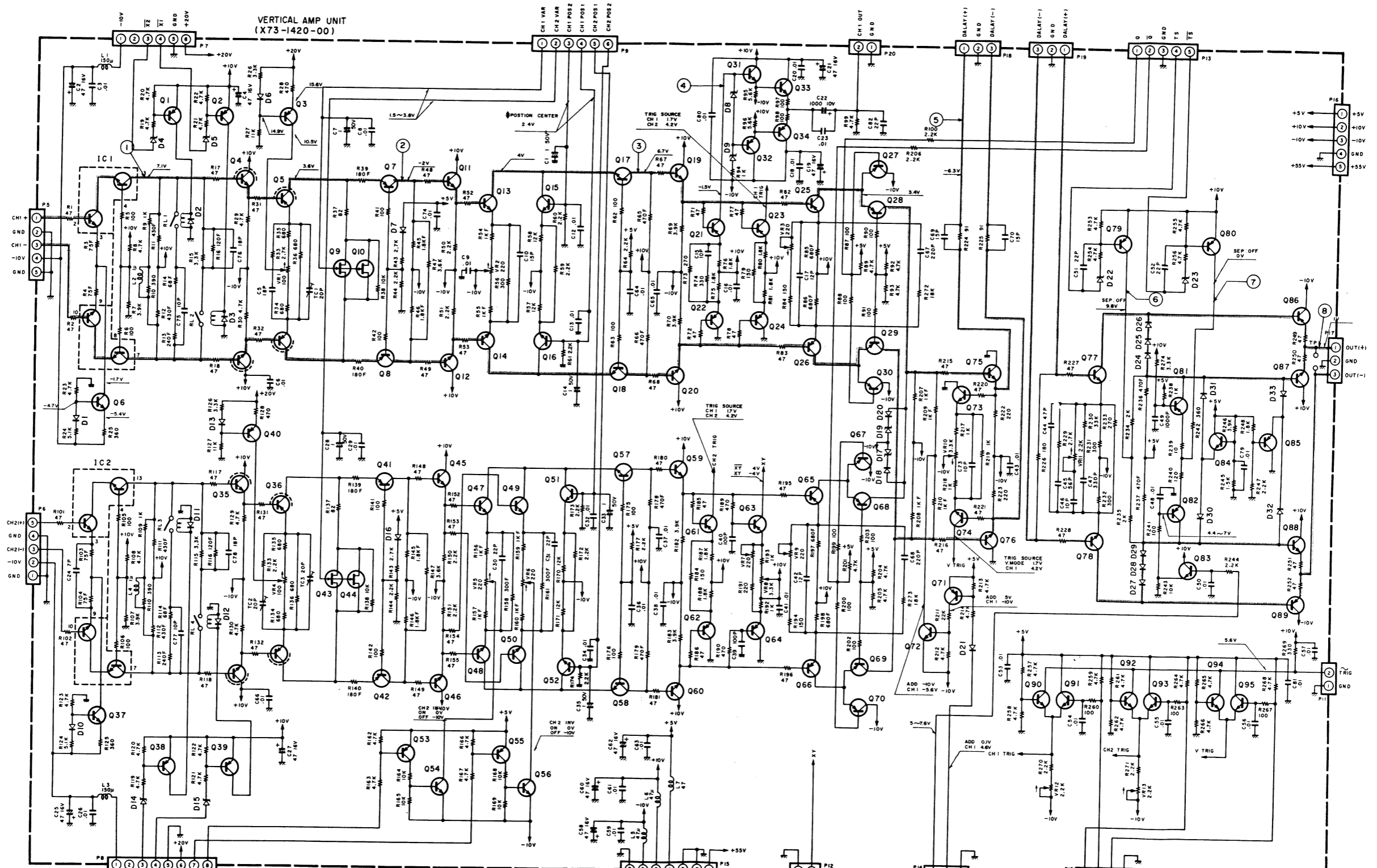


SEP:ON

⑧



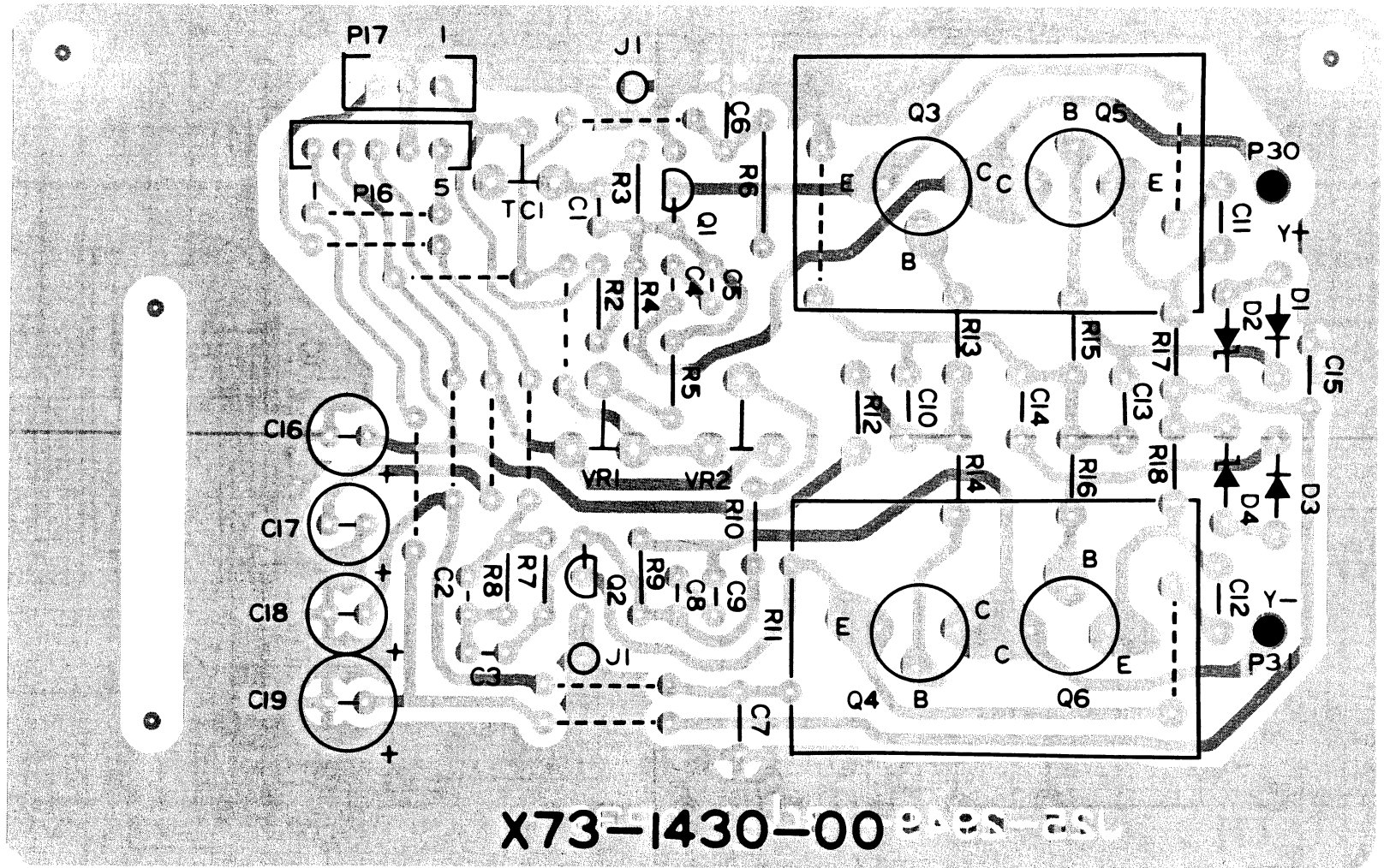
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Q1~3, 38~42, 53, 55, 71, 79 | Q7, 8, 21~30, 32, 61~70, 81, 82 | Q33, 75, 76: 2SC1973(T) | IC1, 2 |
| 80, 85 : 2SA608KNP (F) | 86, 89 : 2SA838(C) | Q34 : 2SA684 | : CA3102E |
| Q4, 35 : 2SC1963 | Q9, 43 : 2SK30A(GR) | | |
| Q5, 36 : 2SA884 | Q10, 44 : 2SK68A (M) | | |
| Q6, 37, 54, 56, 72, 83, 84 | Q11~20, 31, 45~52, 57~60, 73 | D1~3, 6, 7, 10~13, 16, 18, 20, 21 | |
| : 2SC536KNP (F) | 74, 77, 78, 87, 88, 90~95 | 24~33 : DS442X | |
| | : 2SC1047(C) | D4, 5, 14, 15, 22, 23, 17, 19 | |
| | | : WZ-071 | |

P.C. BOARD

X73-1430-00



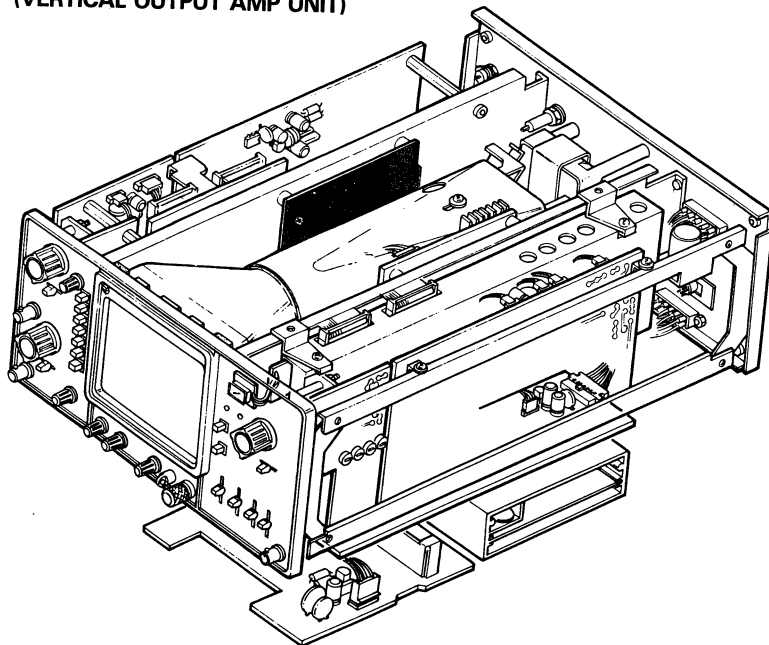
X73-1430-00

2

3

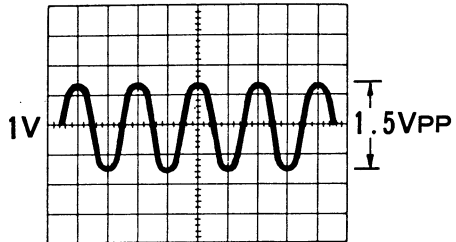
4

X73-1430-00
(VERTICAL OUTPUT AMP UNIT)

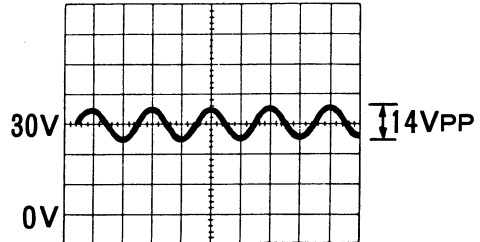


WAVEFORM

①



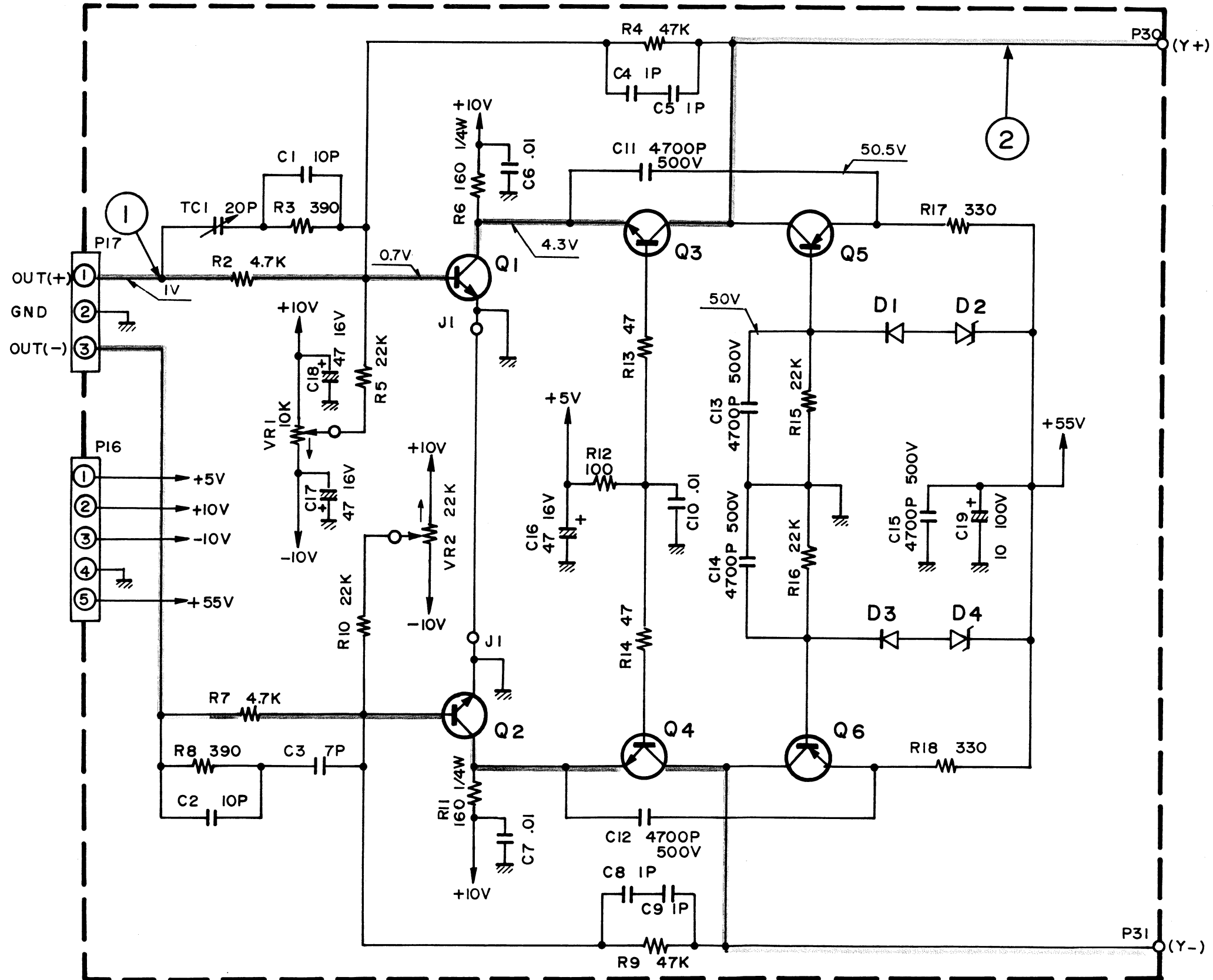
②



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X73-1430-00

VERTICAL OUTPUT AMP UNIT (X73-1430-00)



- Q1,2 : 2SC1973(T)
- Q3,4 : 2SC805A-2(3)
- Q5,6 : 2SA923-2(2,3)
- D1,3 : DS442X
- D2,4 : WZ-050

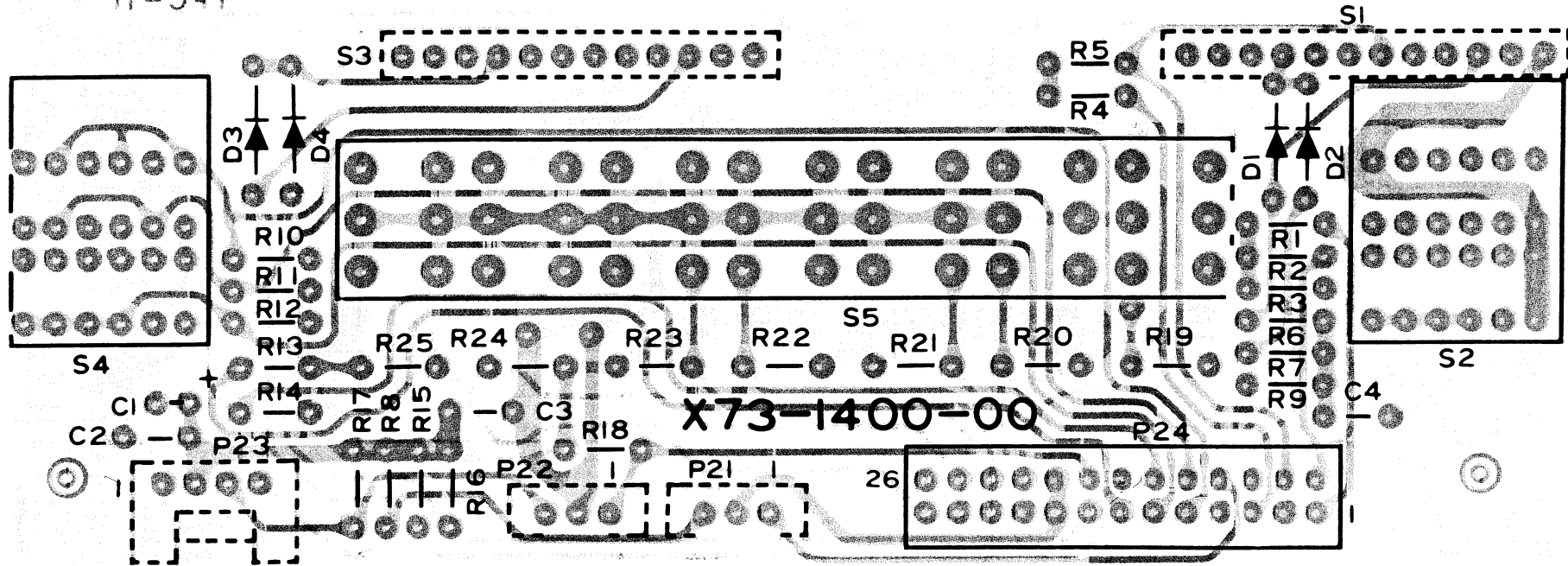
P.C. BOARD

X73-1400-00

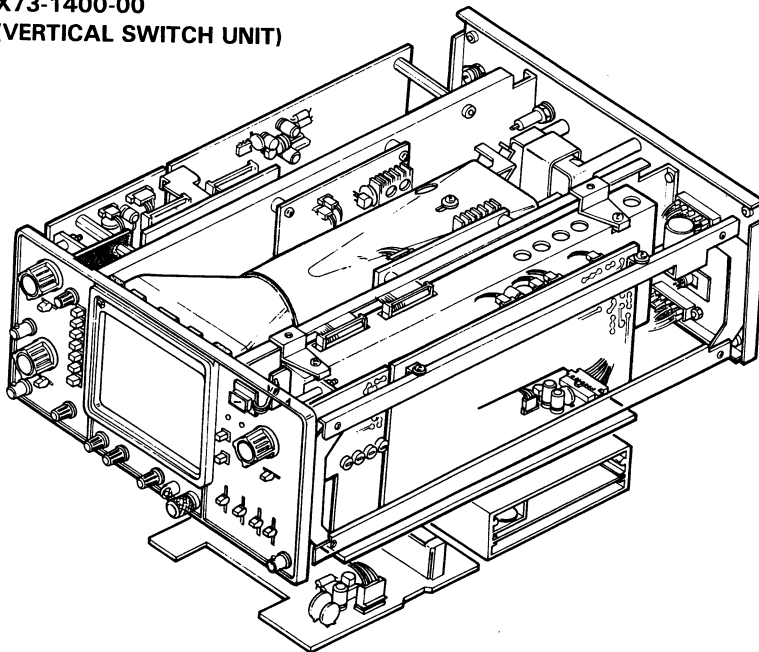
A B C D E F

752-5844-13

11-09T

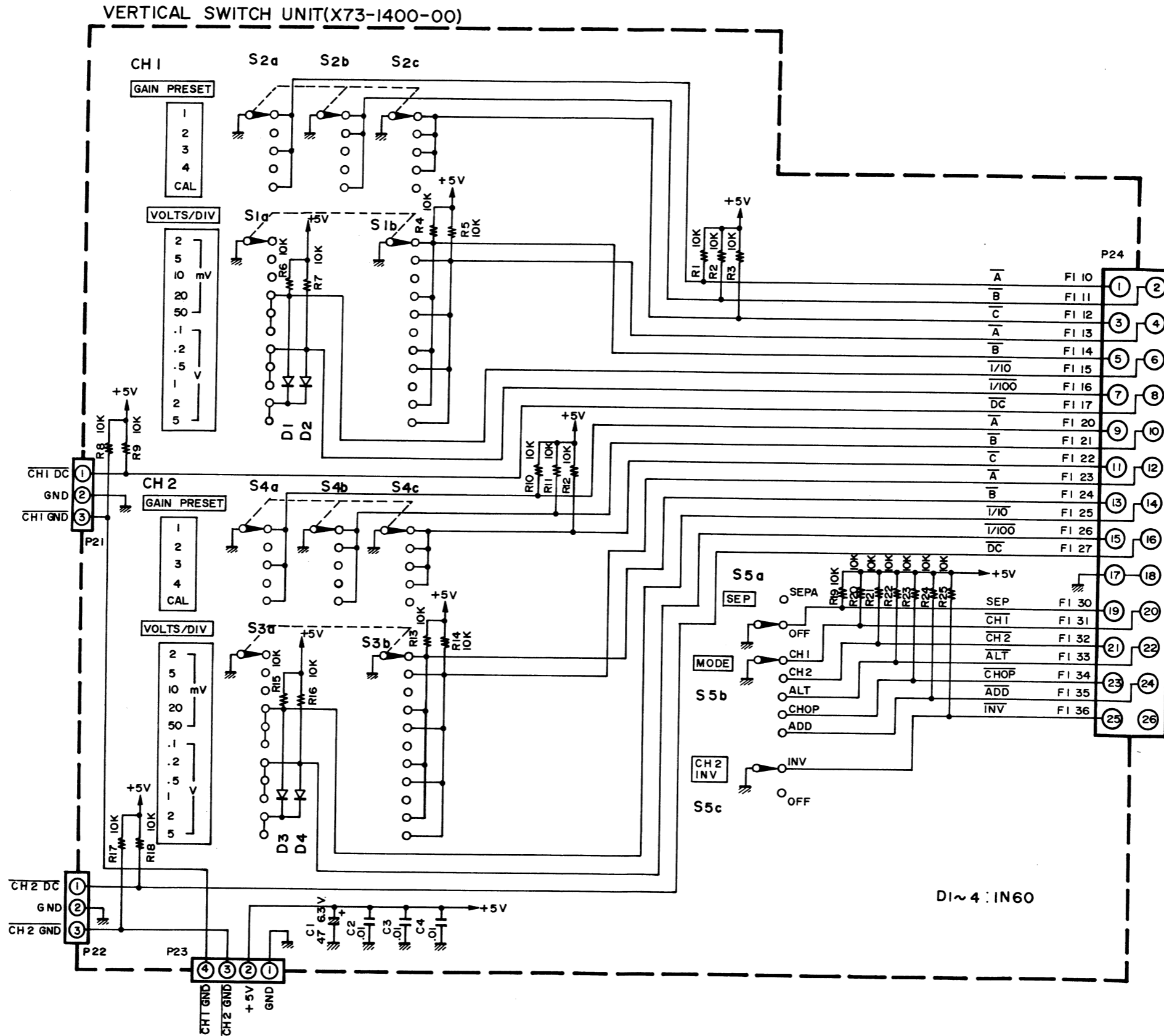


X73-1400-00
(VERTICAL SWITCH UNIT)



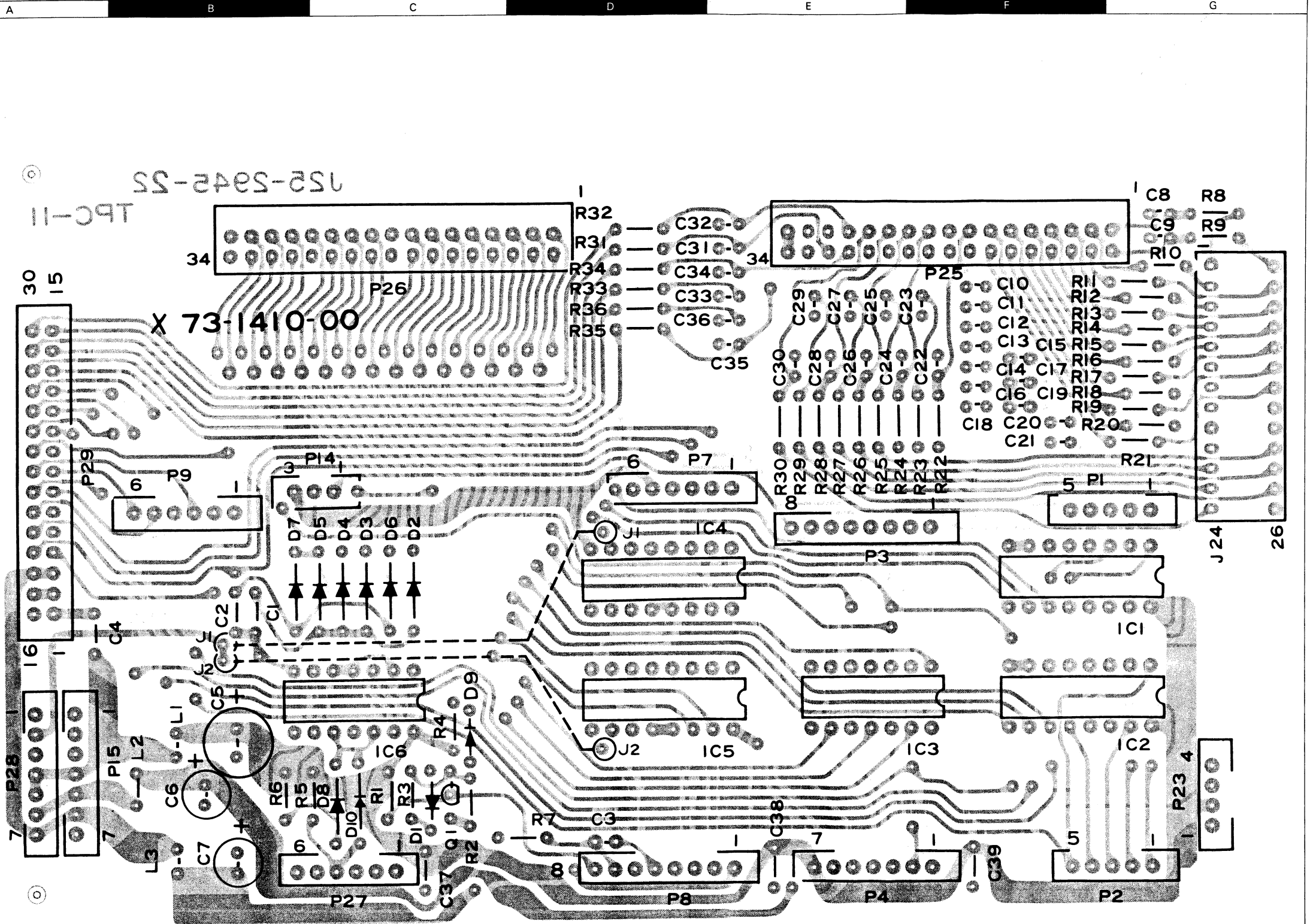
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X73-1400-00

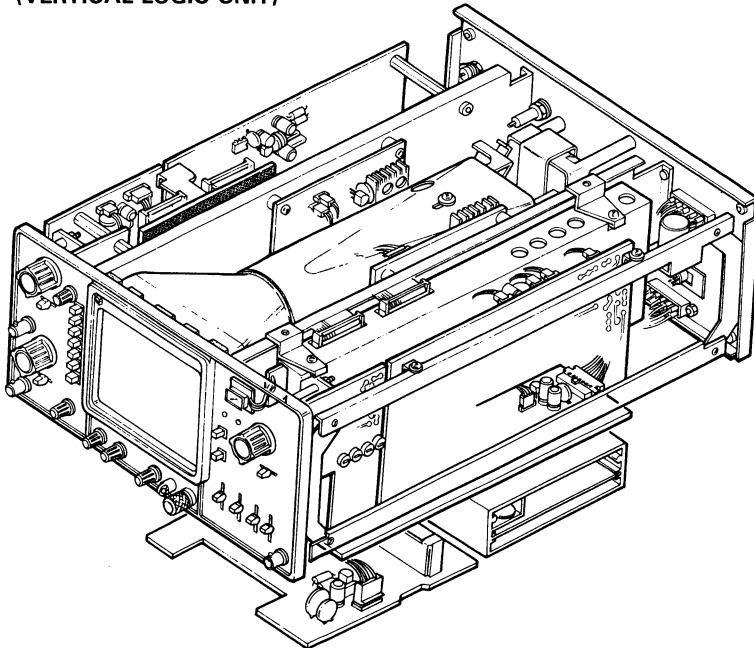


P.C. BOARD

X73-1410-00



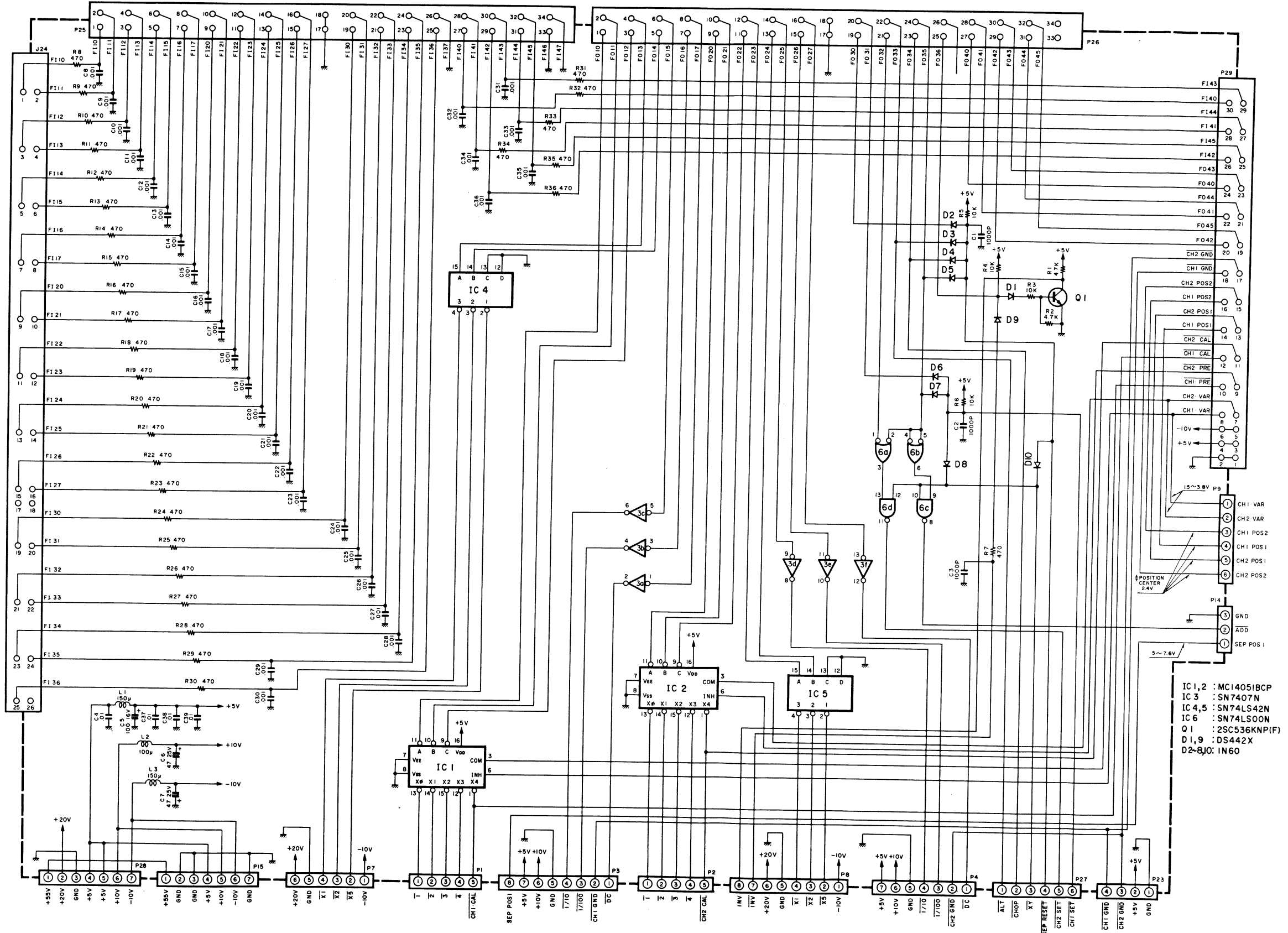
X73-1410-00
(VERTICAL LOGIC UNIT)



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X73-1410-00

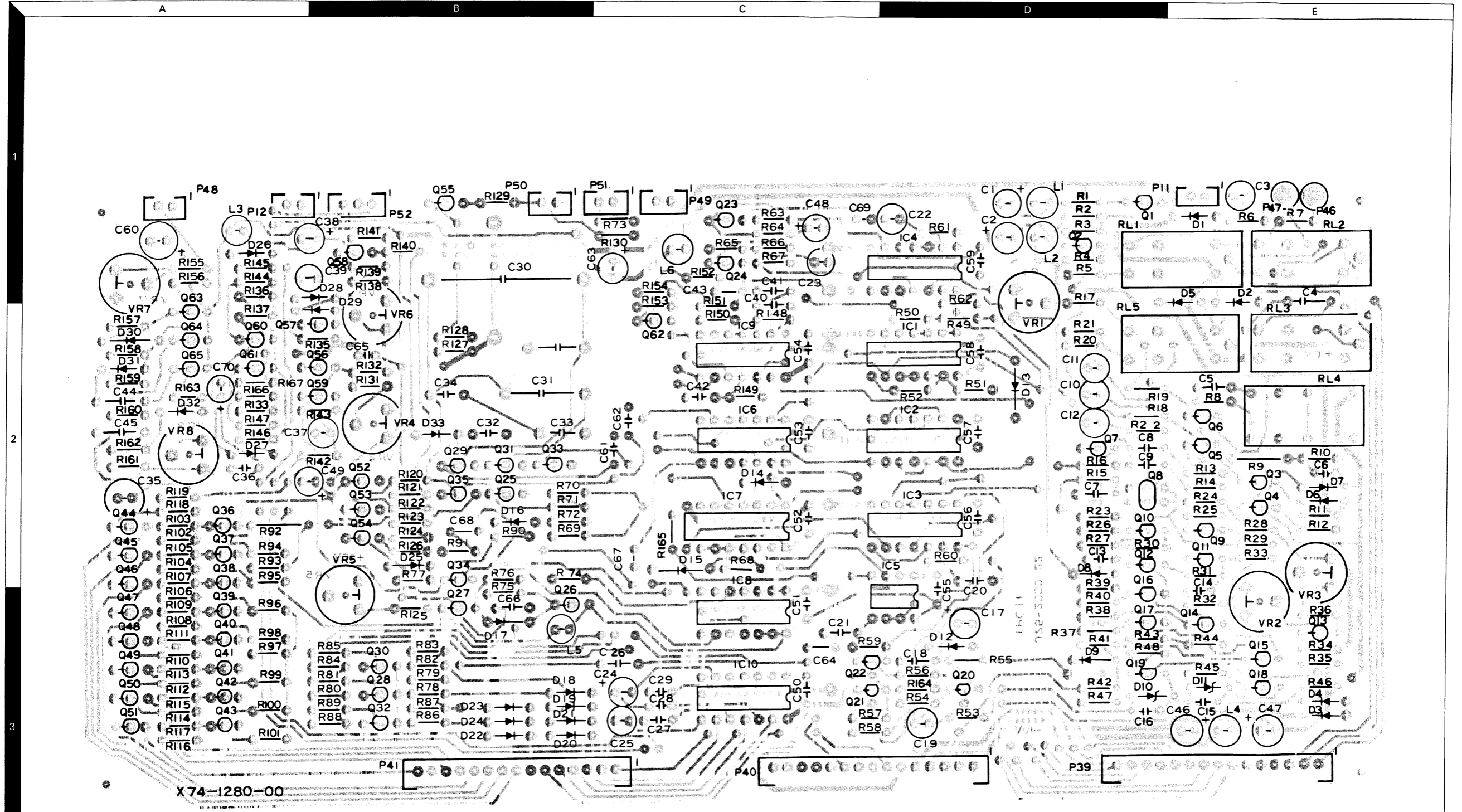
VERTICAL LOGIC UNIT (X73-1410-00)



- IC 1,2 : MCI4051BCP
- IC 3 : SN7407N
- IC 4,5 : SN74LS42N
- IC 6 : SN74LS00N
- Q 1 : 2SC536KN(P)
- D 1,9 : DS442X
- D 2-8,10 : 1N60

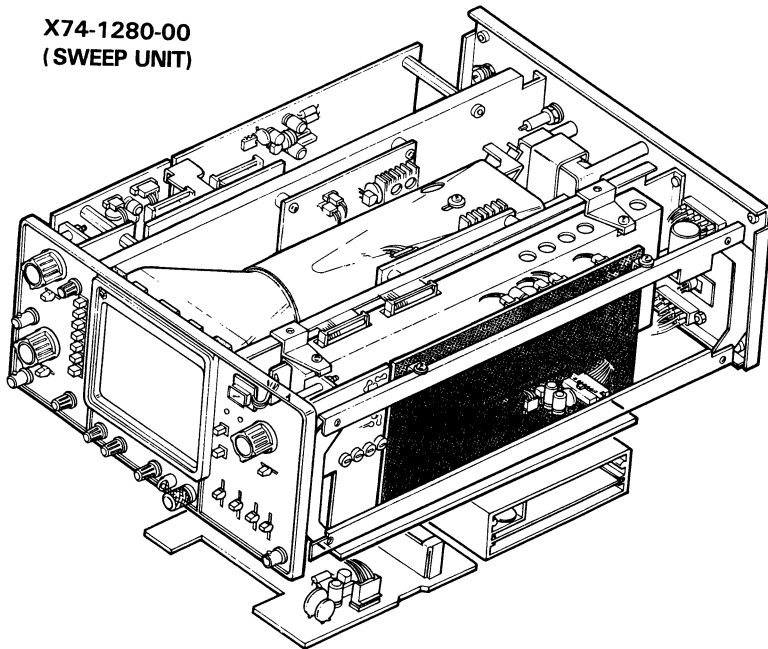
P.C. BOARD

X74-1280-00



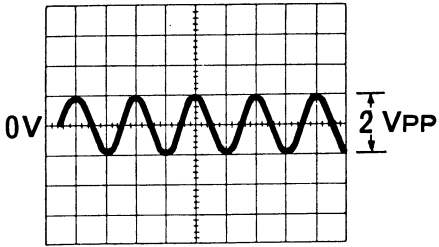
X74-1280-00

X74-1280-00
(SWEEP UNIT)

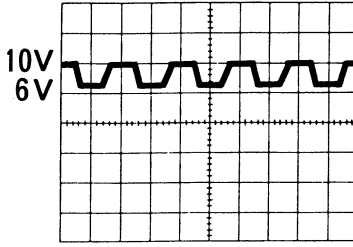


WAVEFORM

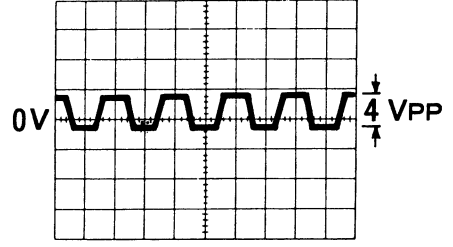
① ②



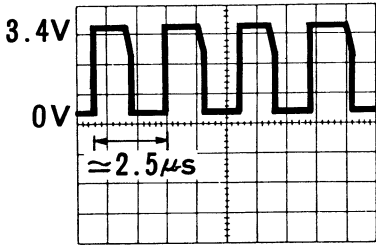
③ ④



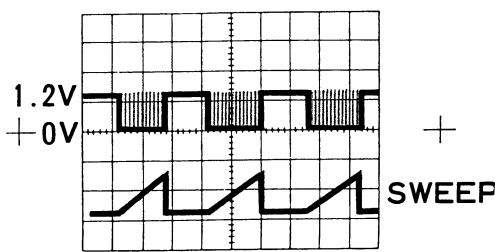
⑤ ⑥



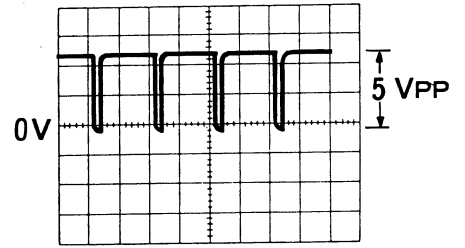
⑦



⑧



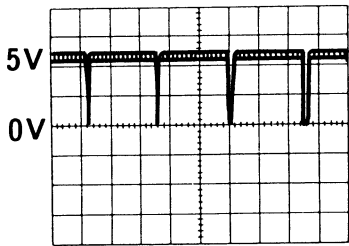
⑨-1



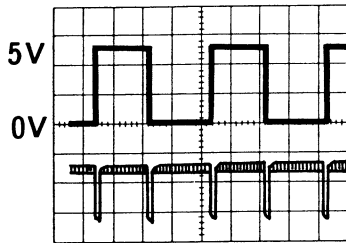
MODE: CHOP

VIDEO LINE

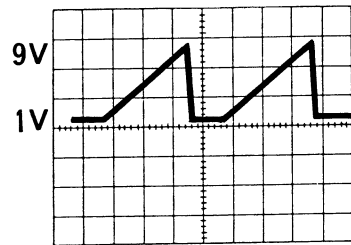
⑨-2



⑩



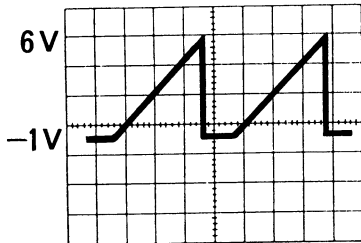
⑪



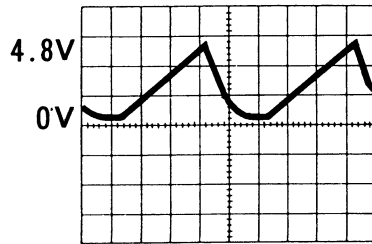
VIDEO FRAME

VIDEO FRAME

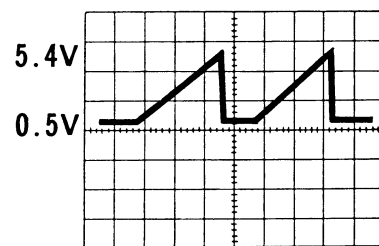
⑫



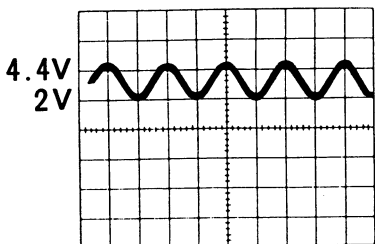
⑬



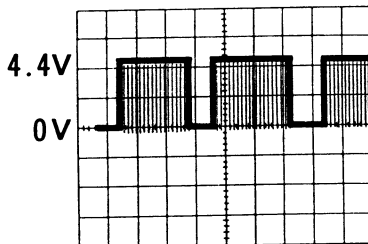
⑭-1



⑭-2



⑮

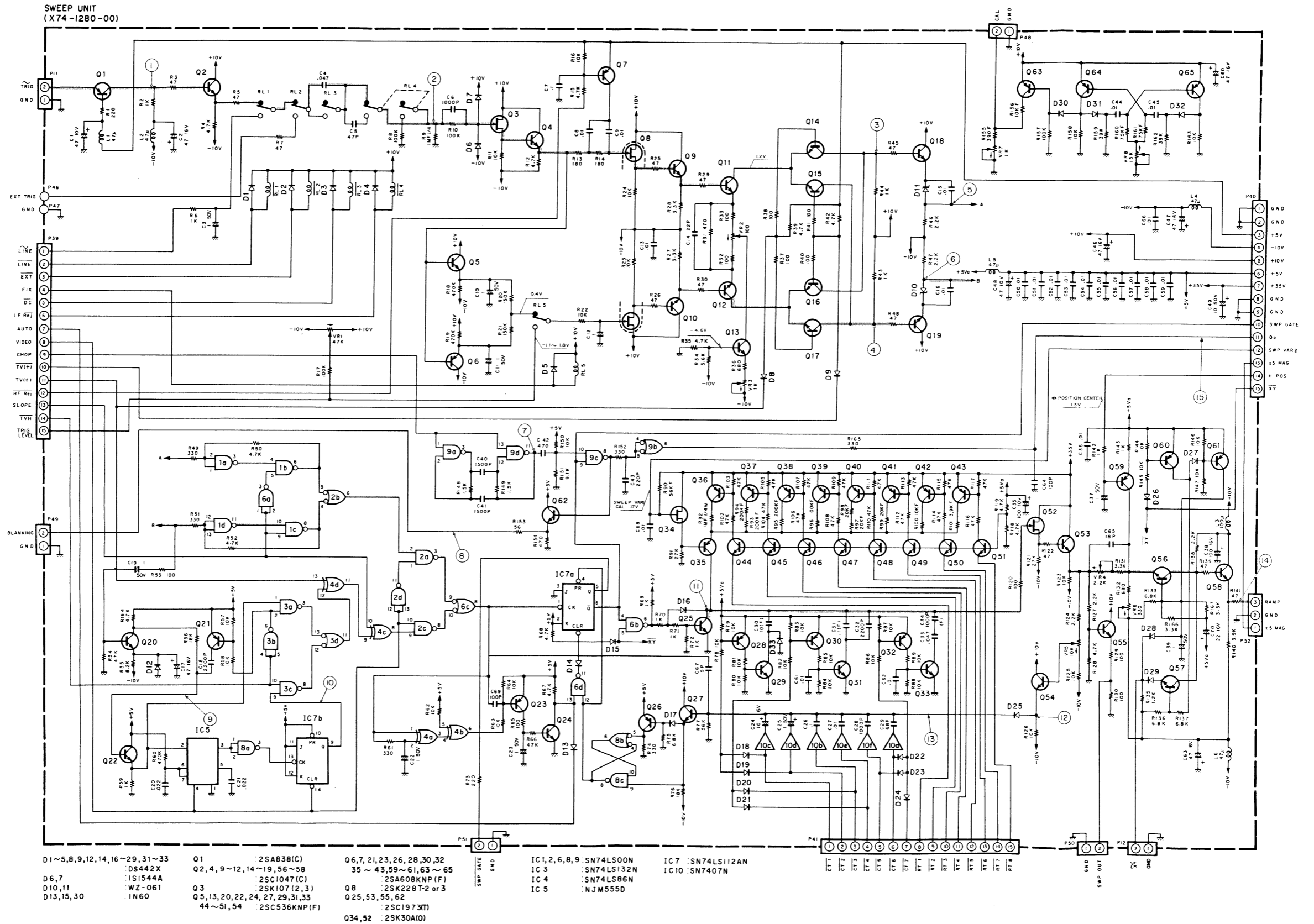


NOTE:  CHOP OPERATION

XY

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X74-1280-00



P.C. BOARD

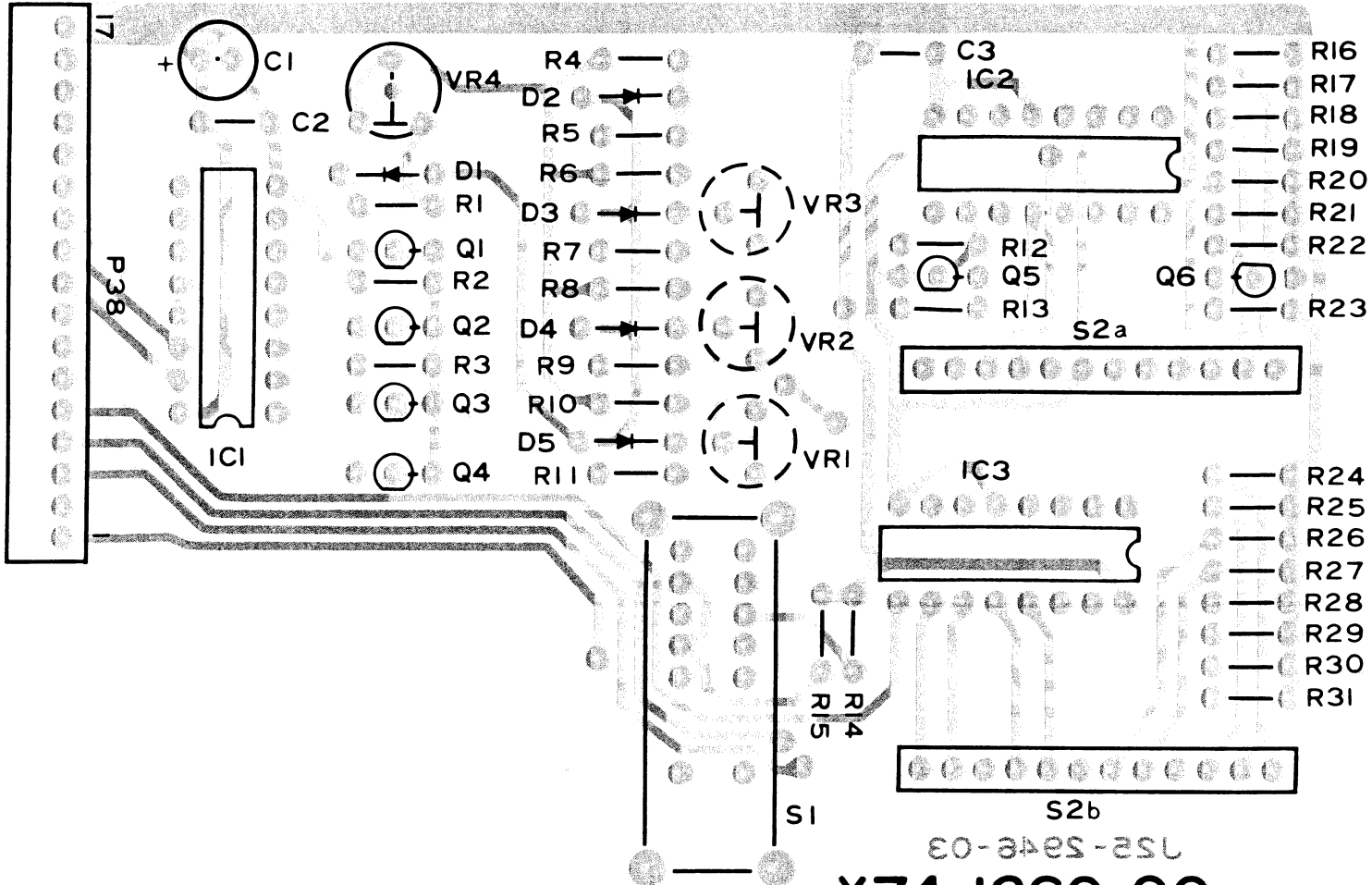
X74-1260-00

A

B

C

D

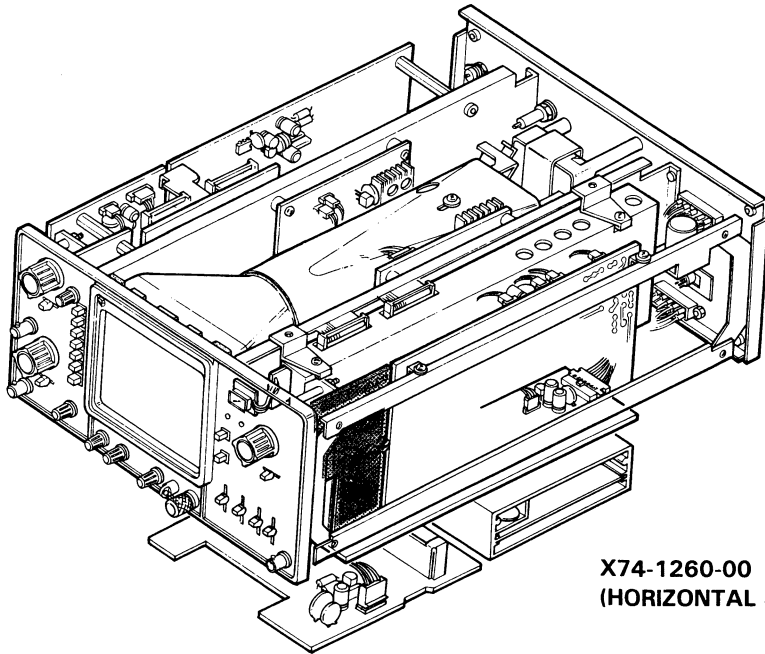


X74-1260-00

152-3448-03

2

3

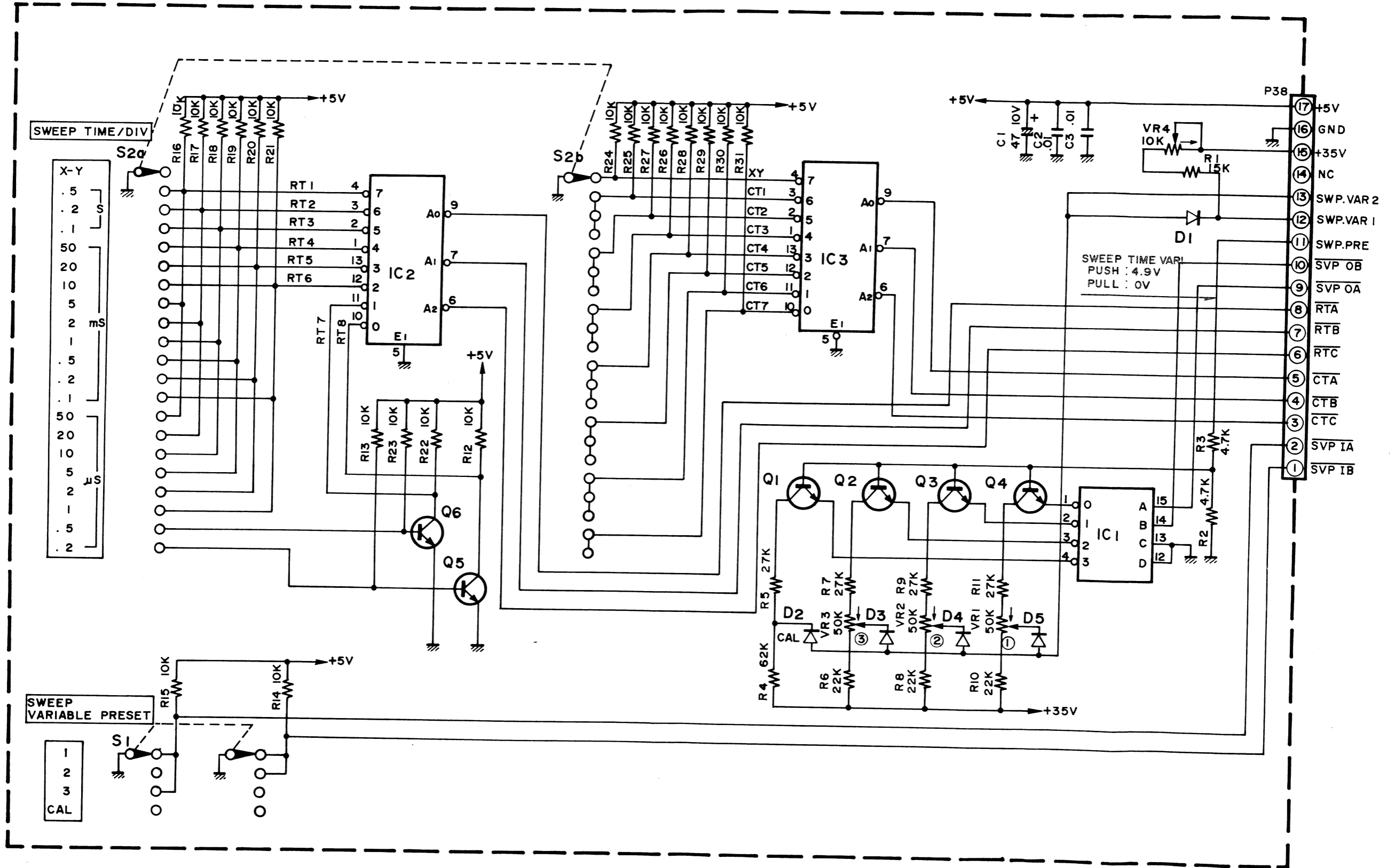


**X74-1260-00
(HORIZONTAL SWITCH UNIT)**

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X74-1260-00

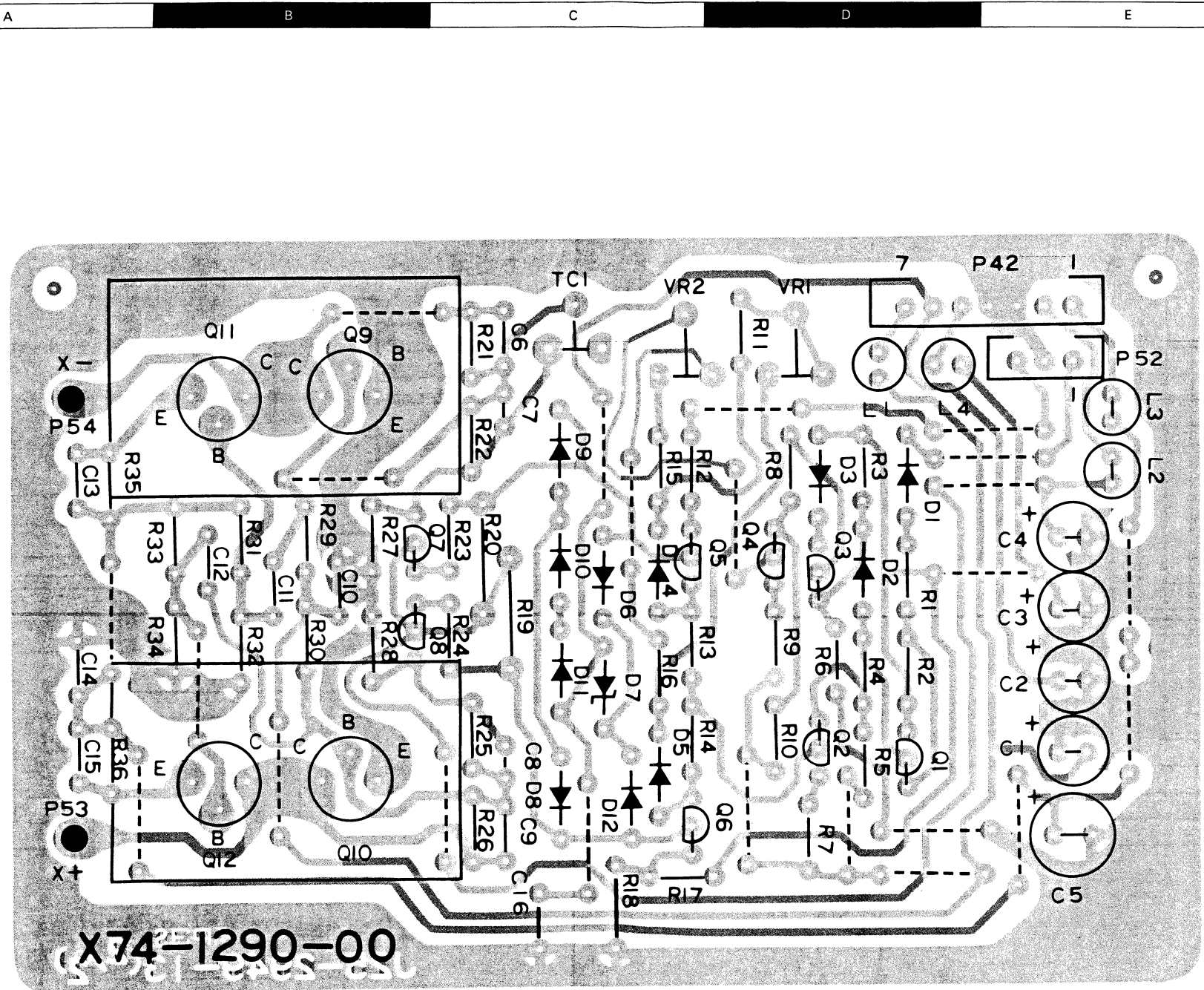
HORIZONTAL SWITCH UNIT(X74-1260-00)



Q1~6 : 2SC536KNP(F) IC1 : SN74LS42N IC2,3 : SN74LS148N D1~5 : DS442X

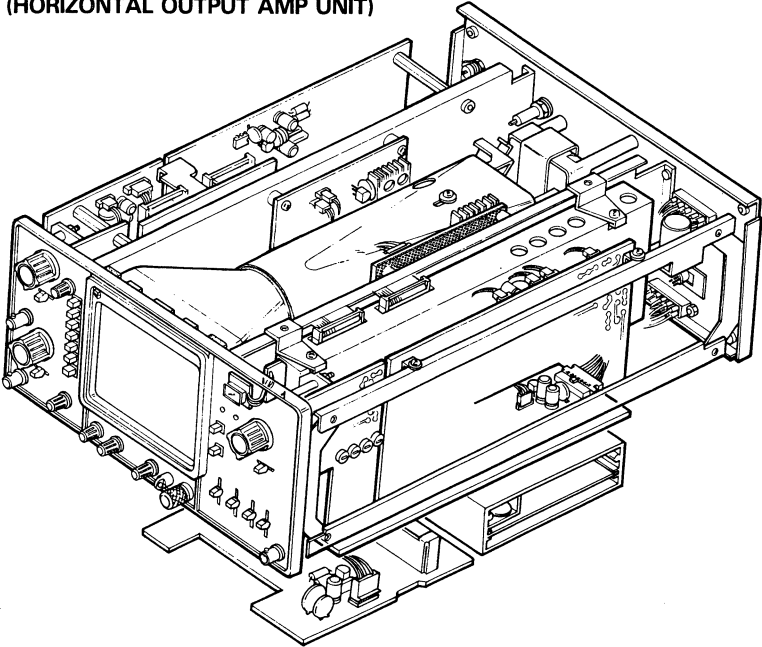
P.C. BOARD

X74-1290-00



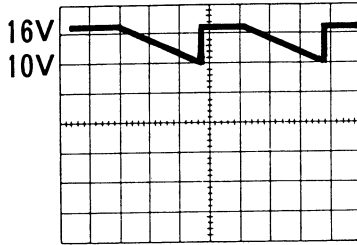
X74-1290-00

X74-1290-00
(HORIZONTAL OUTPUT AMP UNIT)

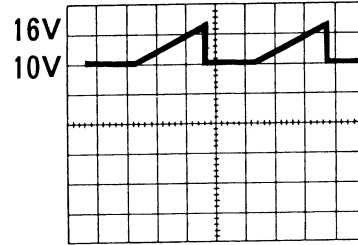


WAVEFORM

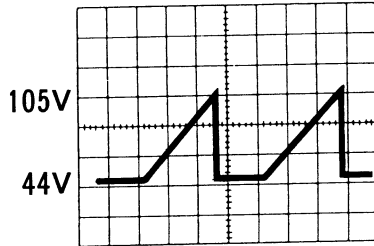
①



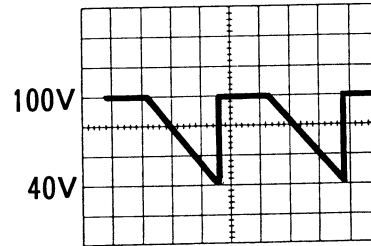
②



③



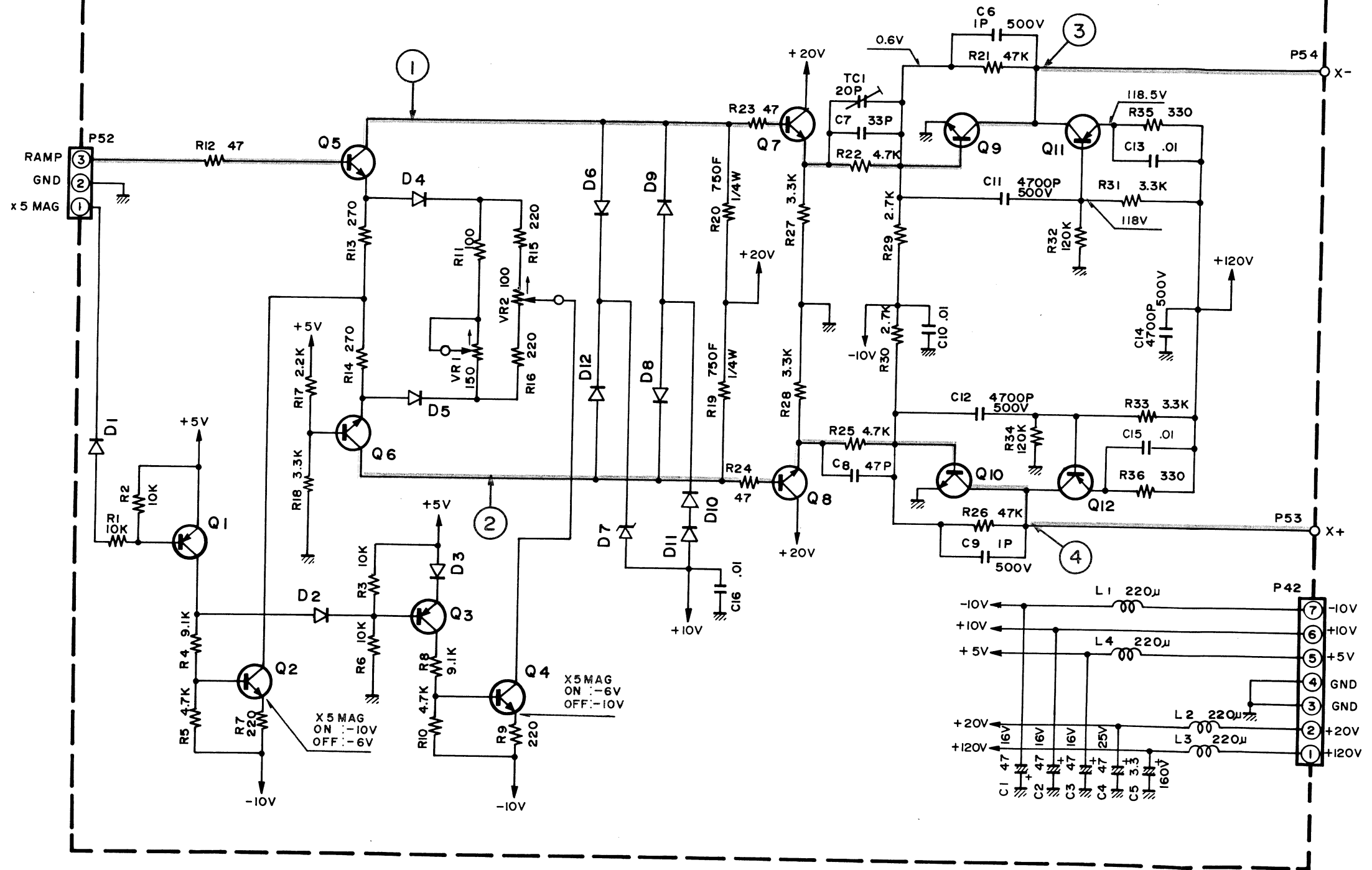
④



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X74-1290-00

HORIZONTAL OUTPUT AMP UNIT (X74-1290-00)

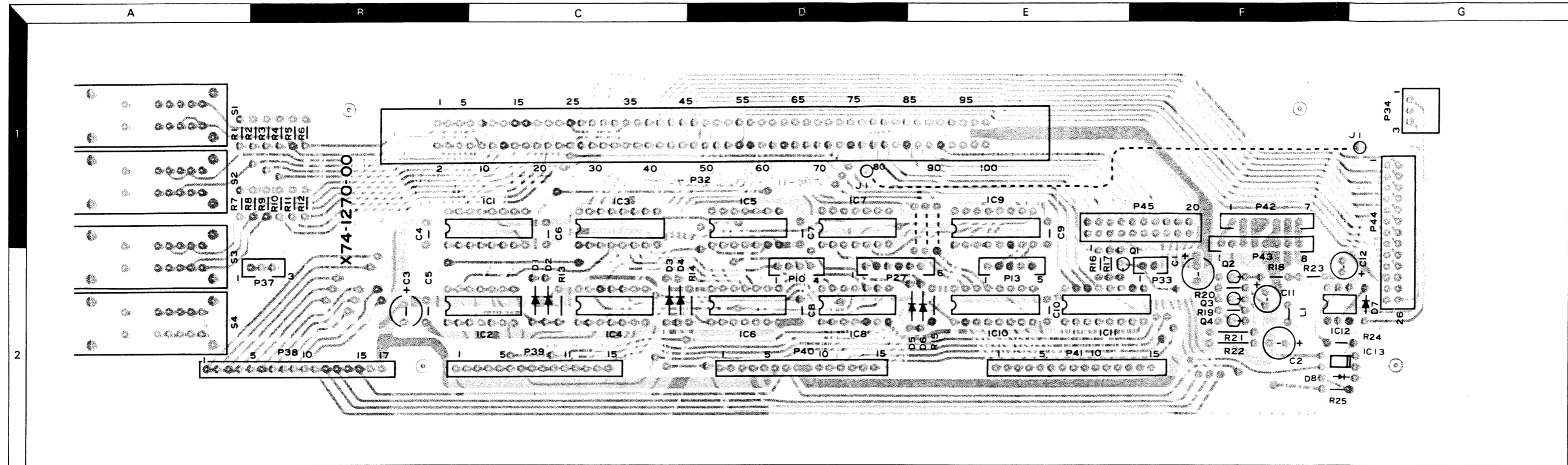


Q1,3 : 2SA608KPN(F)
 Q2,4 : 2SC536KPN(F)
 Q5~8 : 2SC1973(T)
 Q9,10 : 2SC805A-2(3)
 Q11,12 : 2SA923-2(2,3)

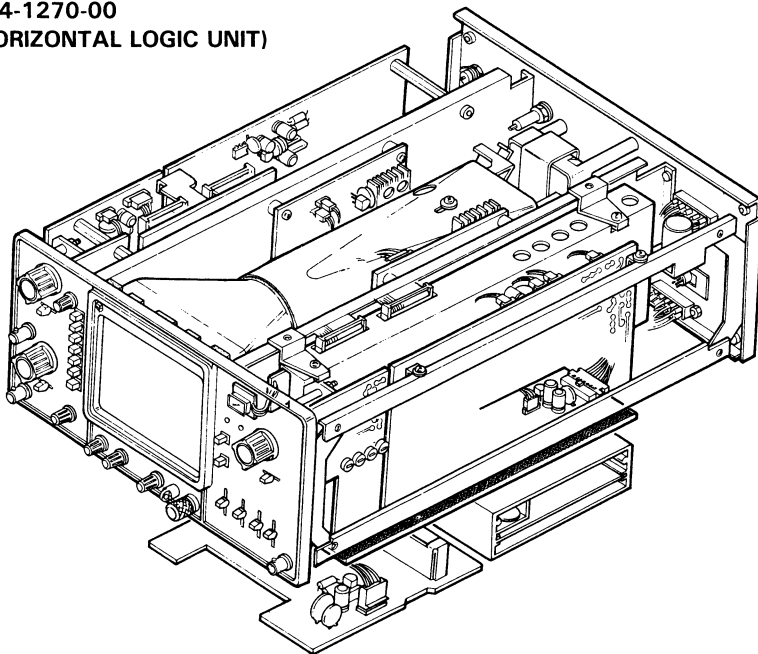
D1~6, 8~12 : DS442X
 D7 : WZ-071

P.C. BOARD

X74-1270-00

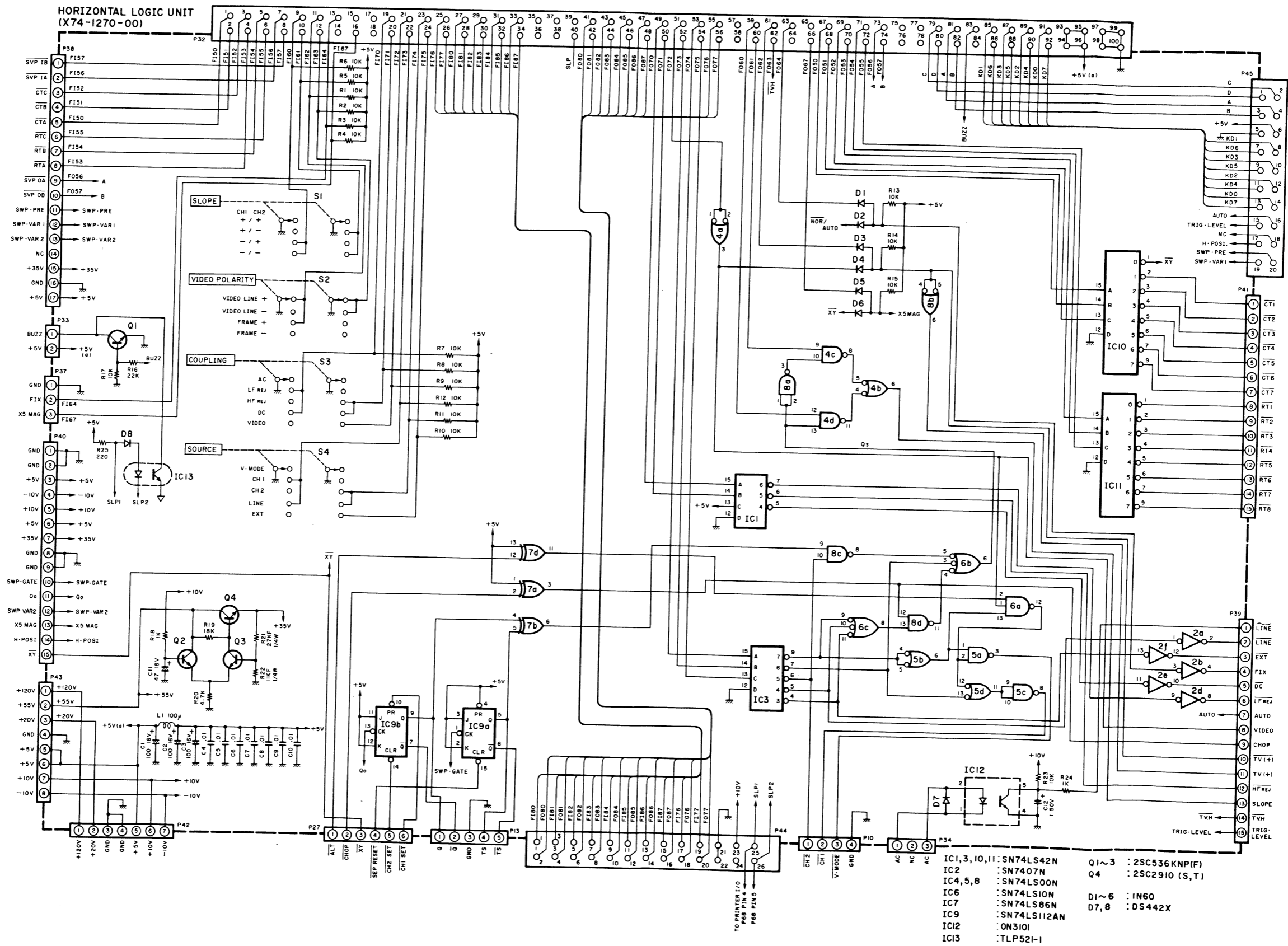


X74-1270-00
(HORIZONTAL LOGIC UNIT)



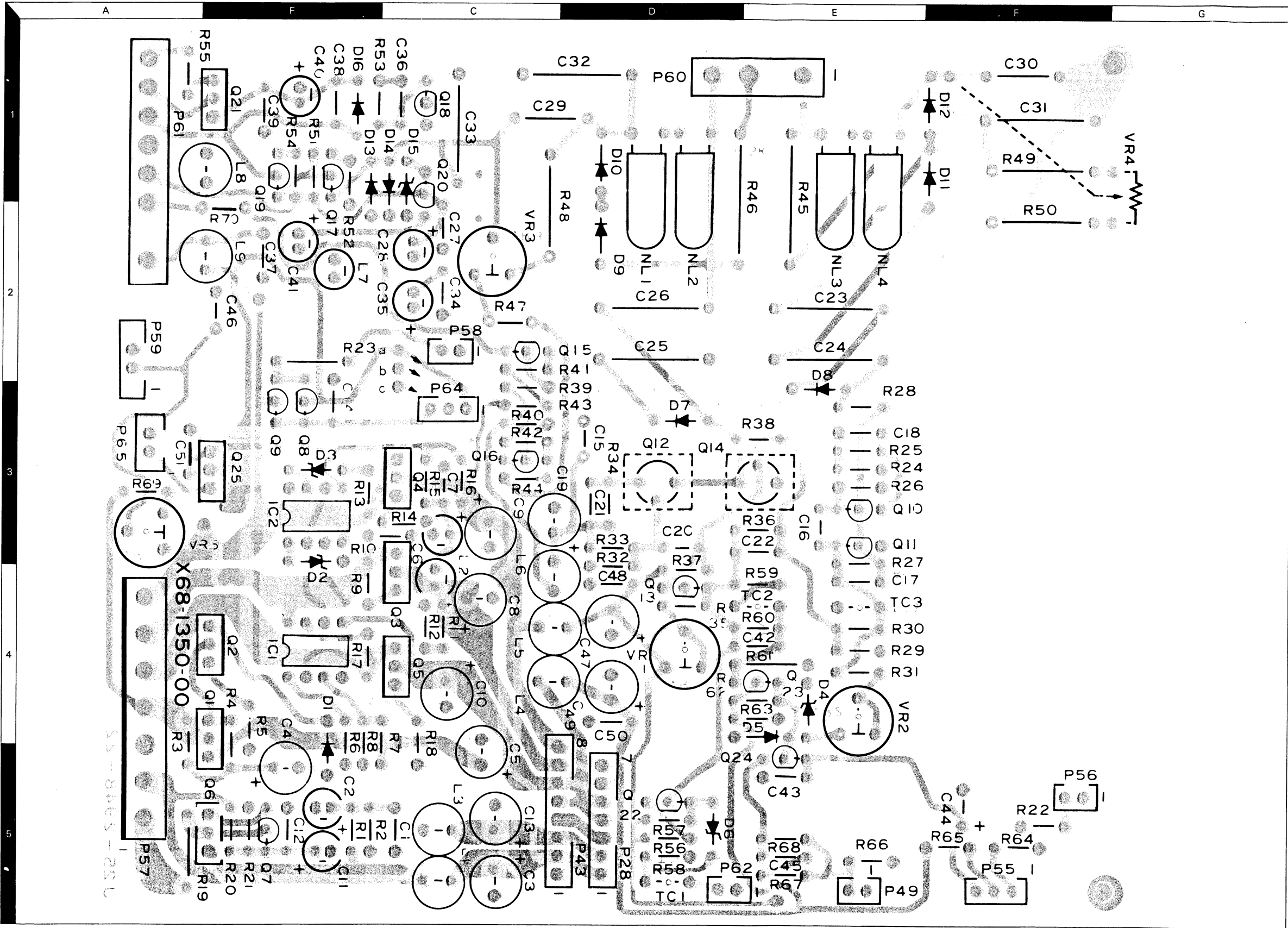
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X74-1270-00

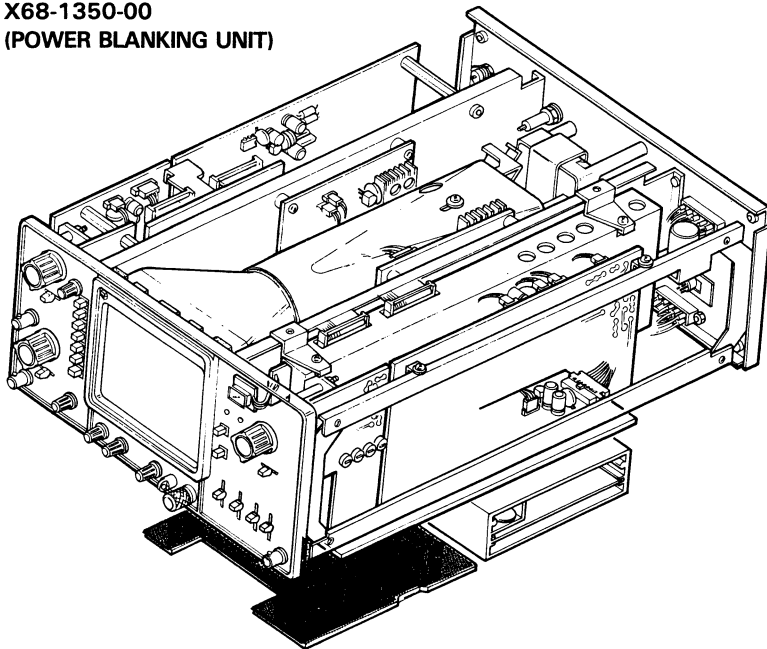


P.C. BOARD

X68-1350-00

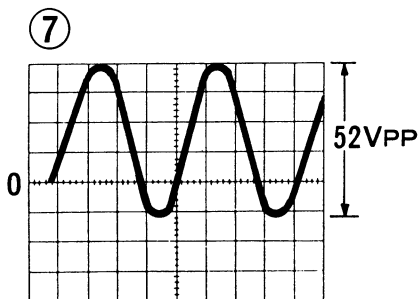
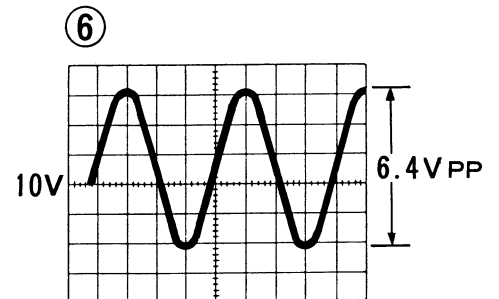
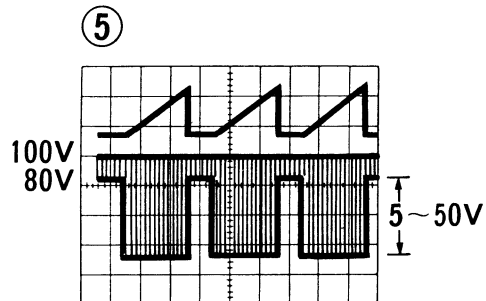
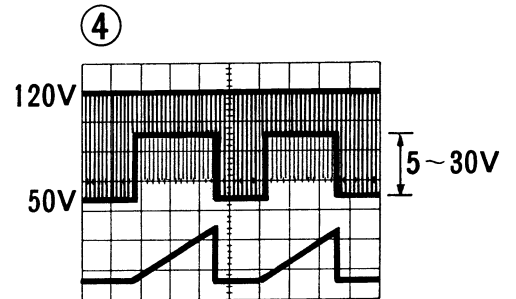
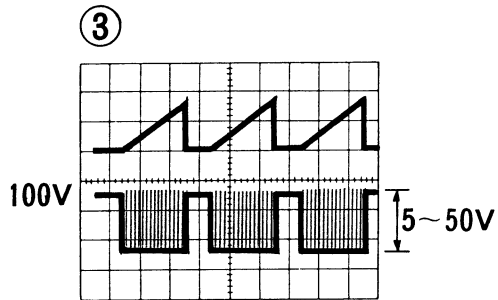
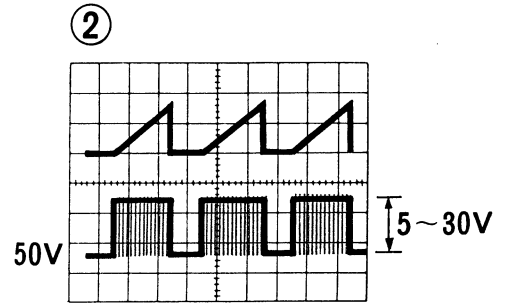
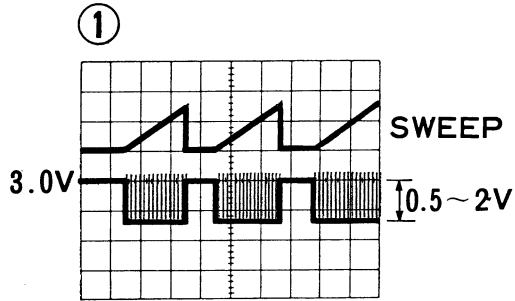


**X68-1350-00
(POWER BLANKING UNIT)**



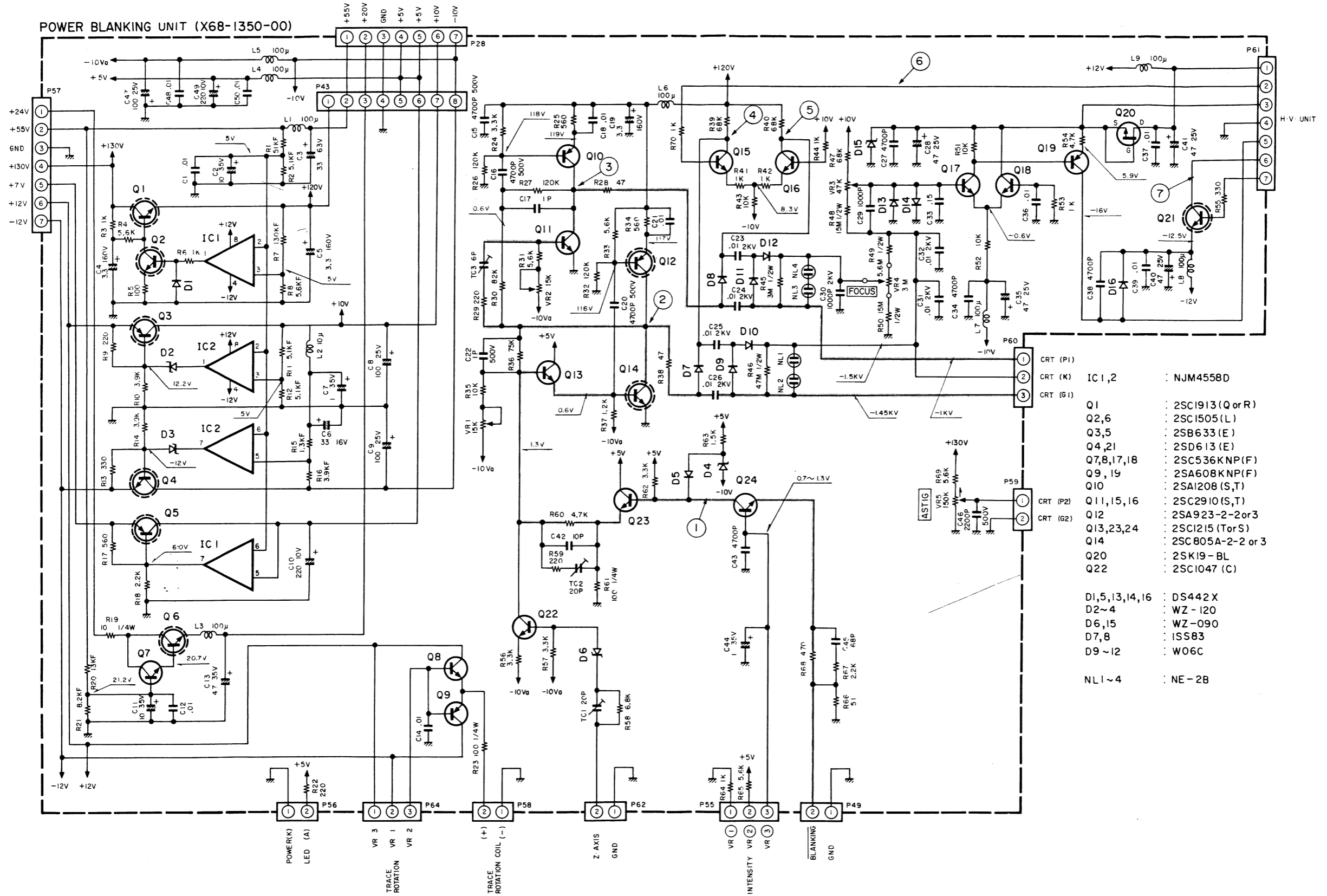
WAVEFORM

NOTE:  CHOP OPERATION



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X68-1350-00



- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| IC 1, 2 | : NJM4558D |
| Q1 | : 2SC1913 (Q or R) |
| Q2, 6 | : 2SC1505 (L) |
| Q3, 5 | : 2SB633 (E) |
| Q4, 21 | : 2SD613 (E) |
| Q7, 8, 17, 18 | : 2SC536K (F) |
| Q9, 19 | : 2SA608K (F) |
| Q10 | : 2SA1208 (S, T) |
| Q11, 15, 16 | : 2SC2910 (S, T) |
| Q12 | : 2SA923-2-2 or 3 |
| Q13, 23, 24 | : 2SC1215 (Tor S) |
| Q14 | : 2SC805A-2-2 or 3 |
| Q20 | : 2SK19-BL |
| Q22 | : 2SC1047 (C) |
| D1, 5, 13, 14, 16 | : DS442X |
| D2-4 | : WZ-120 |
| D6, 15 | : WZ-090 |
| D7, 8 | : ISS83 |
| D9-12 | : W06C |
| NL1-4 | : NE-2B |

P.C. BOARD

X81-1050-00

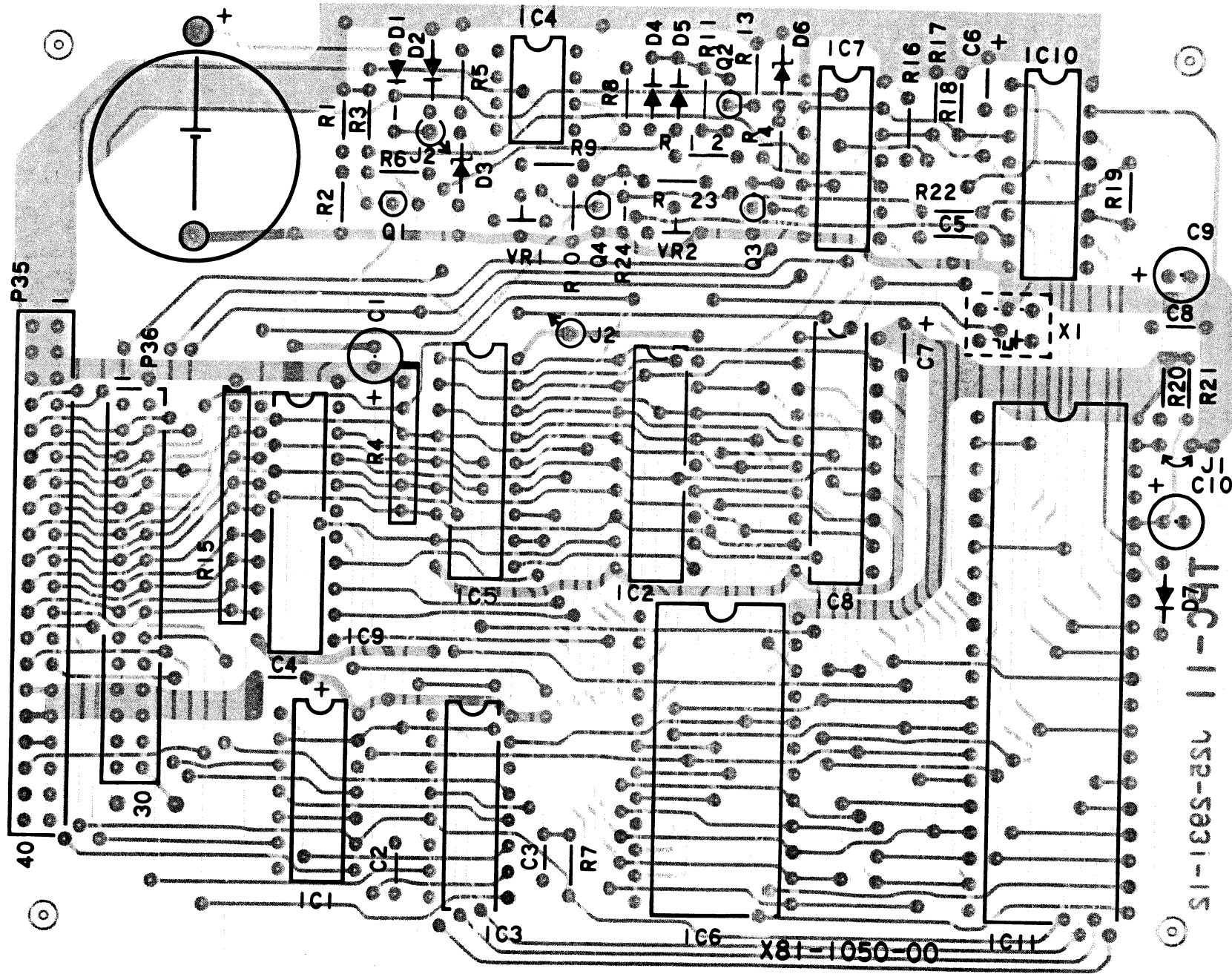
A

B

C

D

TPC-11



2

3

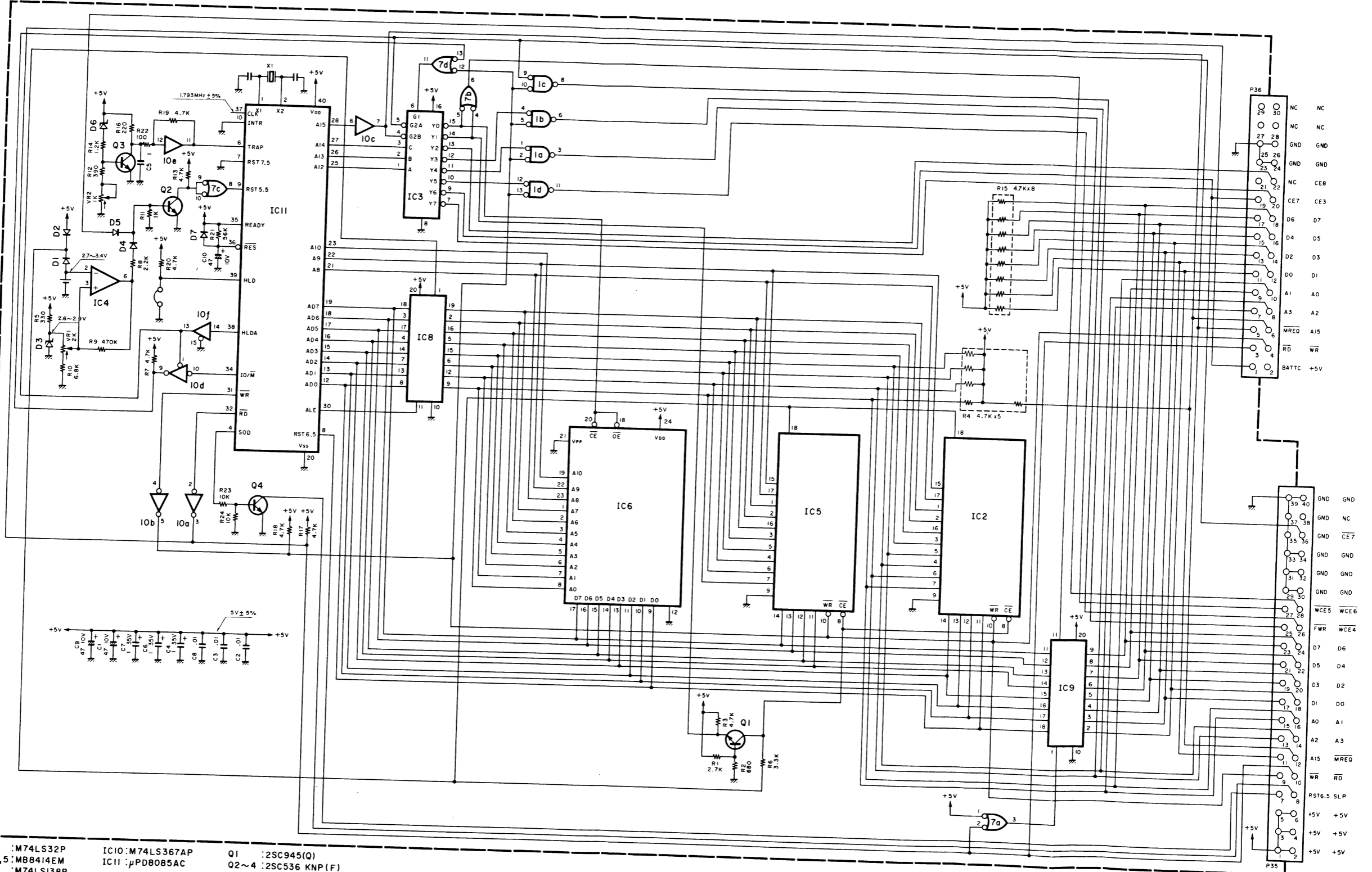
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X81-1050-00

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X81-1050-00

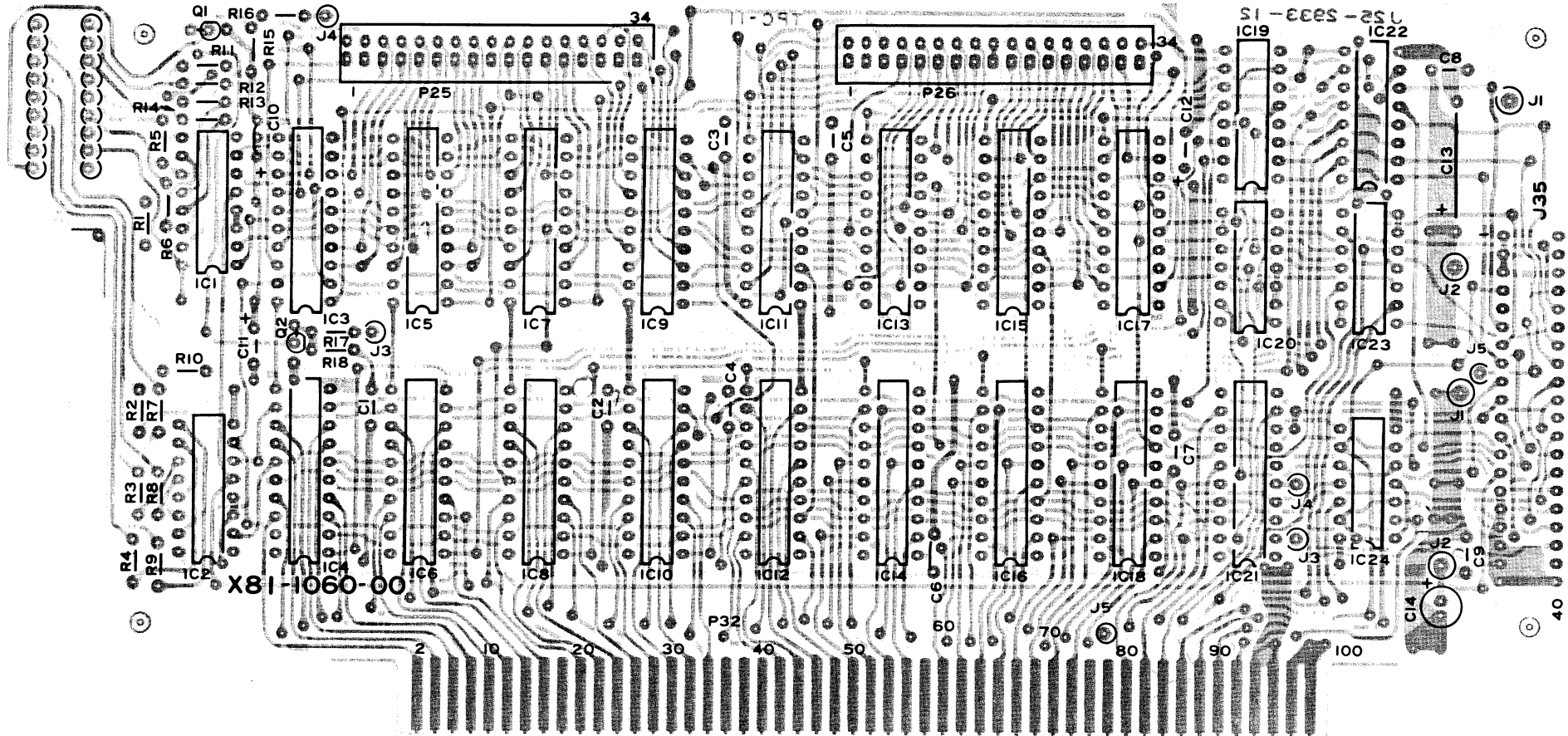
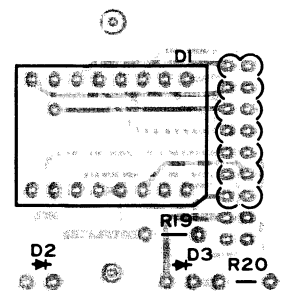
CPU UNIT
(X81-1050-00)



- | | | |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| IC1 : M74LS32P | IC10 : M74LS367AP | Q1 : 2SC945(Q) |
| IC2,5 : MB8414EM | IC11 : μPD8085AC | Q2~4 : 2SC536 KNP(F) |
| IC3 : M74LS138P | | |
| IC4 : TL061C | | |
| IC6 : MB8516EC | | D1,2 : IS1544A |
| IC7 : M74LS00P | | D3,6 : WZ-032 |
| IC8 : M74LS373P | | D4,5,7 : DS442X |
| IC9 : MB74LS245M | | |

P.C. BOARD

X81-1060-00

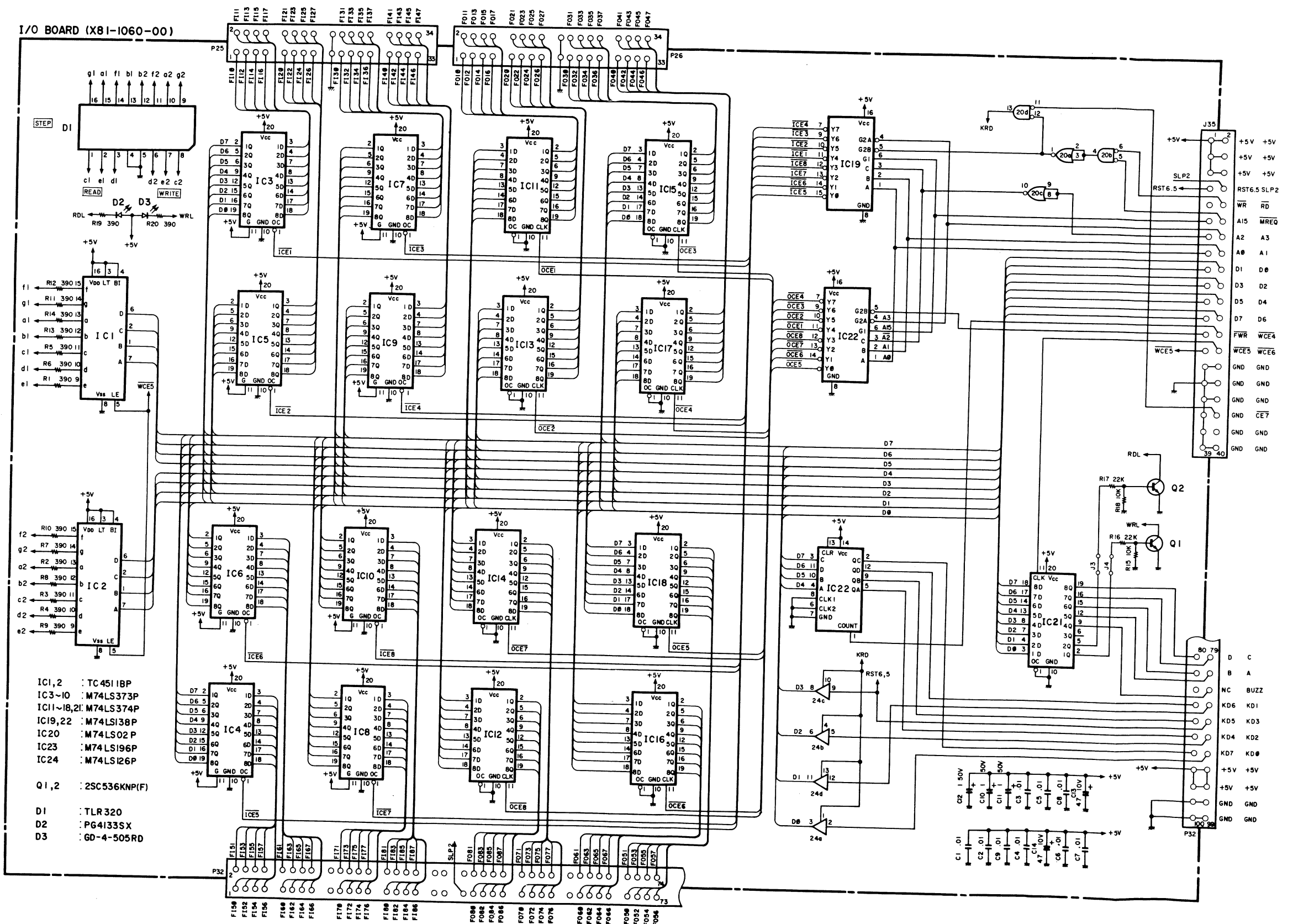


2

3

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

X81-1060-00



P.C. BOARD

RT-1721 X77-1180-00

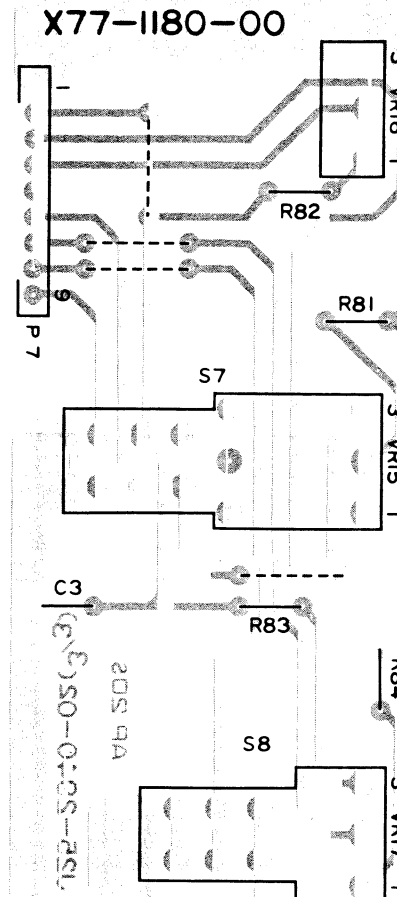
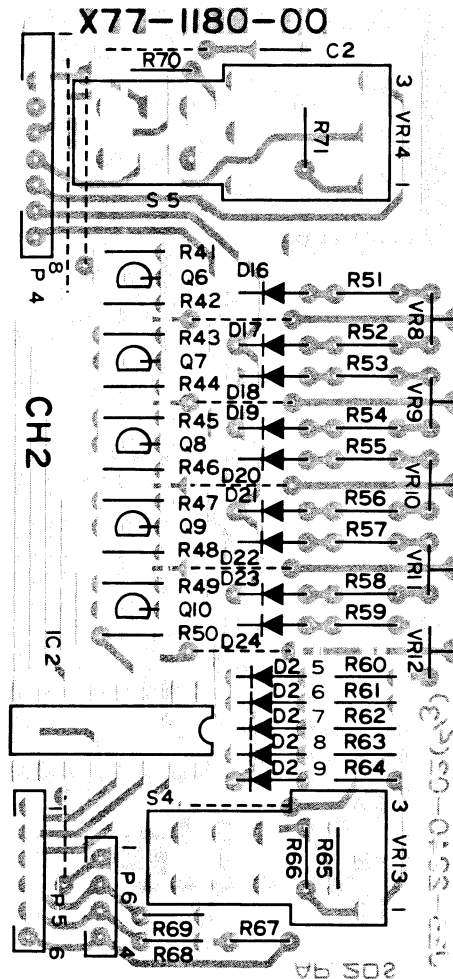
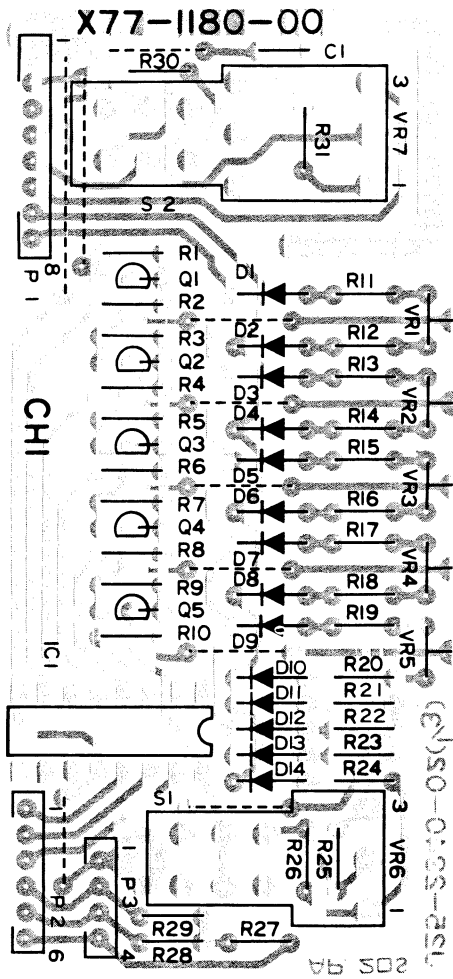
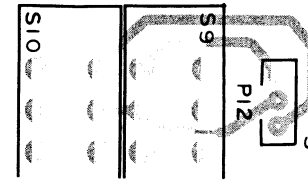
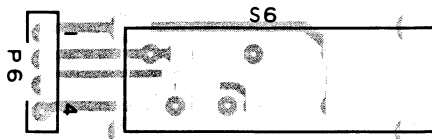
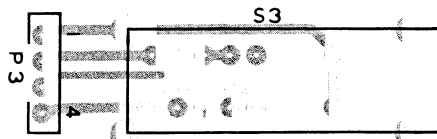
A

B

C

D

E



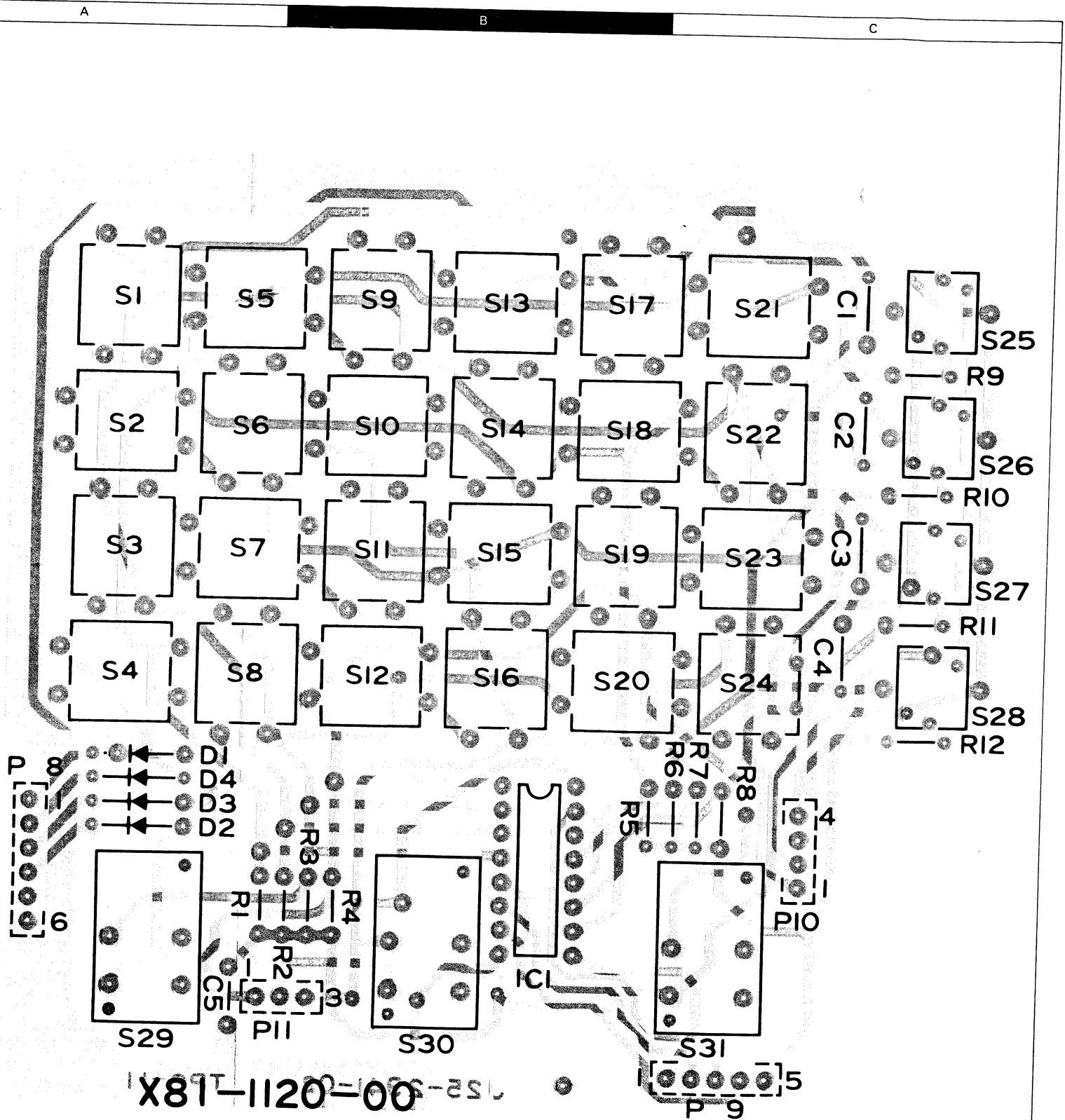
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3

4

P.C. BOARD

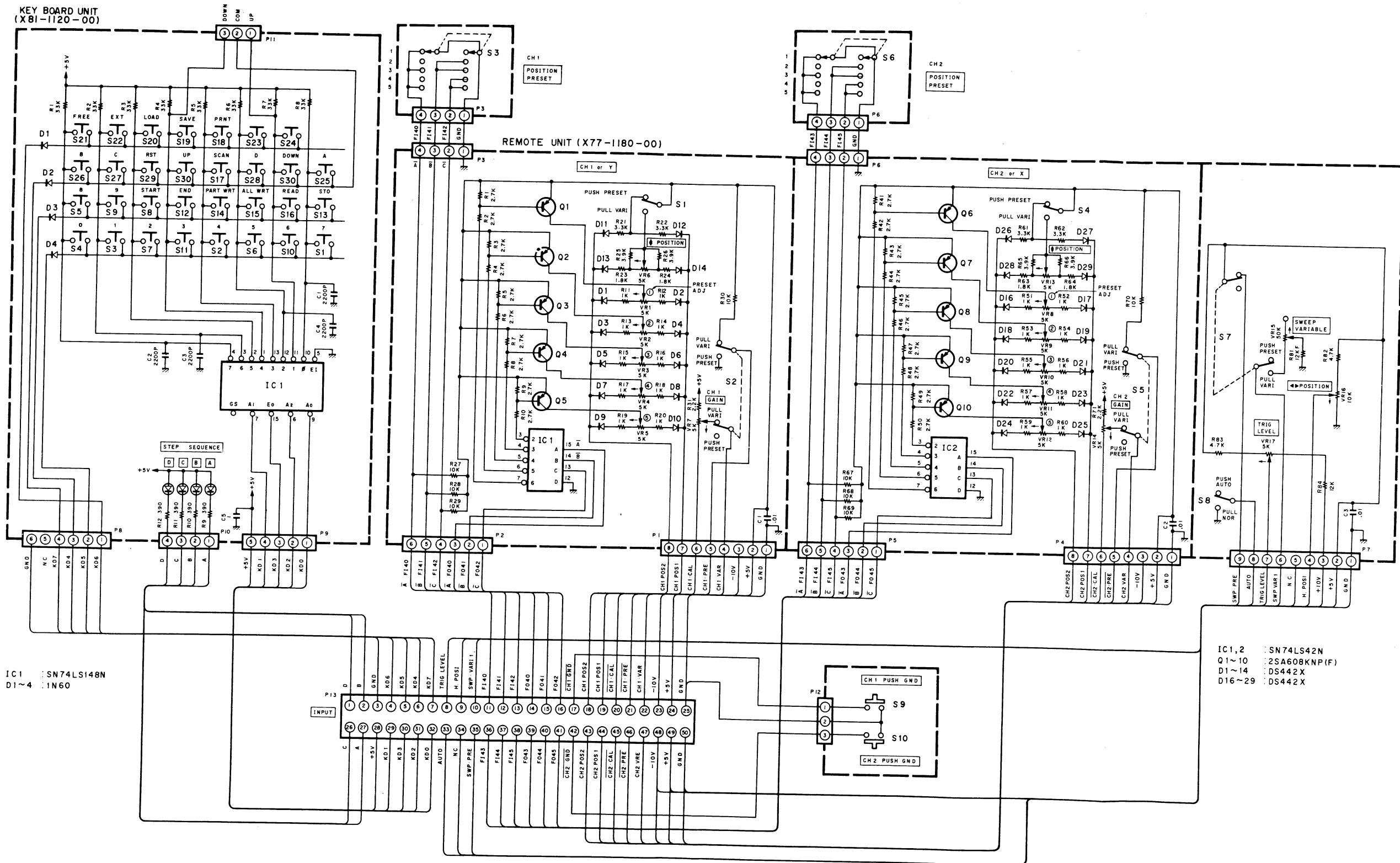
X81-1120-00



X81-1120-00

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

RT-1721

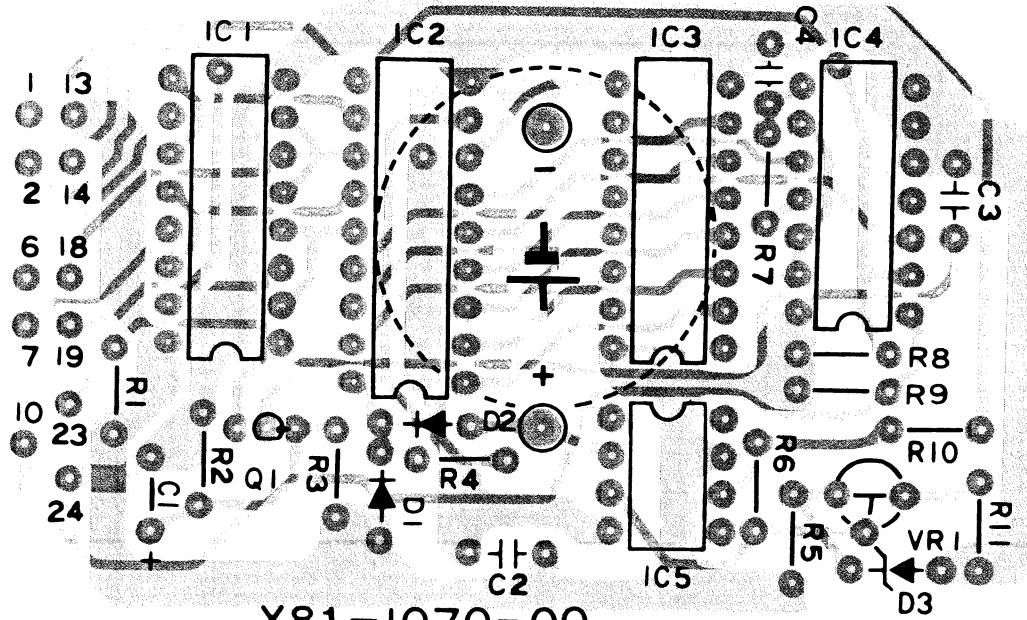


IC1 : SN74LS148N
D1~4 : 1N60

IC1,2 : SN74LS42N
Q1~10 : 2SA608KNP(F)
D1~14 : DS442X
D16~29 : DS442X

P.C. BOARD

X81-1070-00



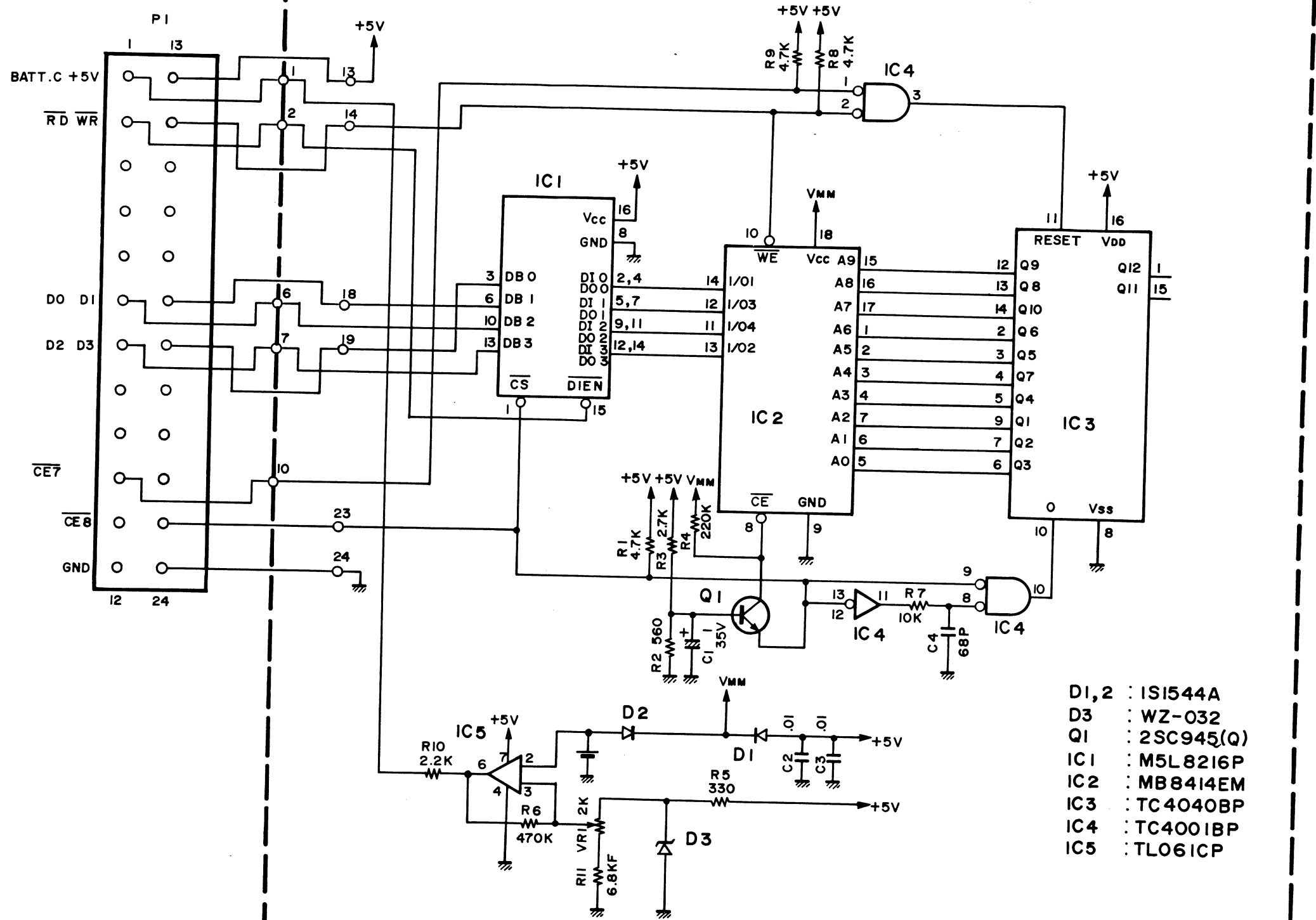
X81-1070-00

11-3PT 40-5230-04 TPC-11

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

MT-1725

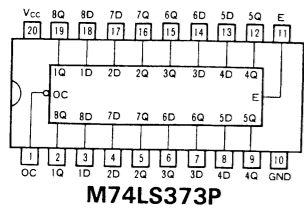
X81-1070-00



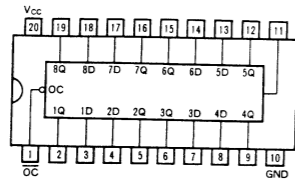
- D1,2 : 1S1544A
- D3 : WZ-032
- Q1 : 2SC945(Q)
- IC1 : M5L8216P
- IC2 : MB8414EM
- IC3 : TC4040BP
- IC4 : TC4001BP
- IC5 : TL061CP

SEMICONDUCTORS

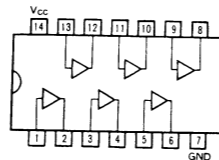
TTL



M74LS373P

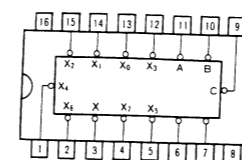


M74LS374P

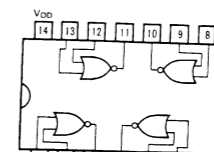


SN7407N

C MOS

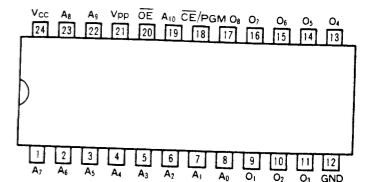


M14051BCP

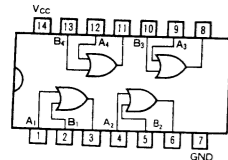


TC4001BP

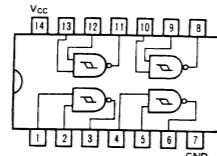
P ROM



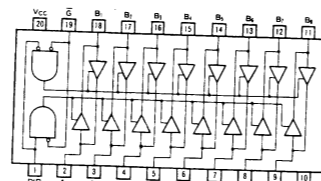
MB85162C



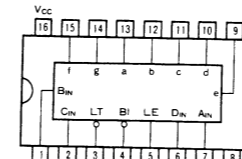
M74LS32P



M74LS00P

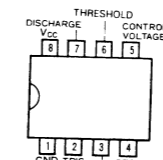


MB74LS245

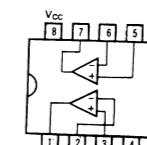


TC4511BP

TIMER

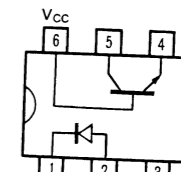


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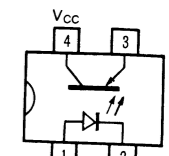


NJM4558D

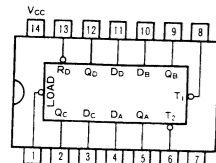
PHOTO COUPLER



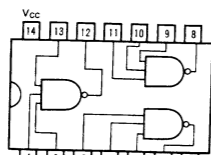
ON3101



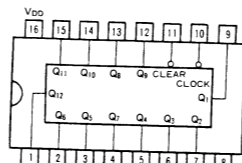
TLP521-1



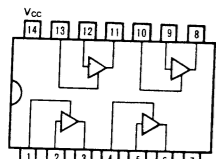
M74LS196P



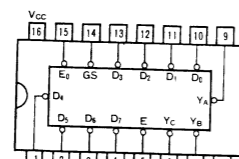
SN74LS10N



TC4040BP

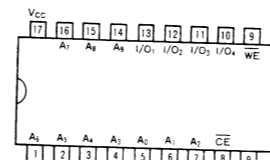


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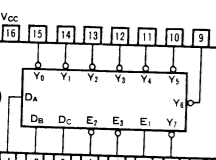


SN74LS148N

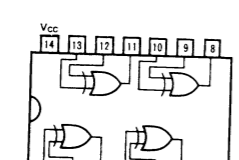
C MOS RAM



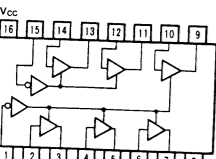
MB8414EM



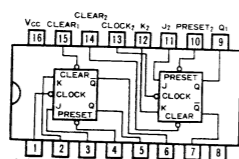
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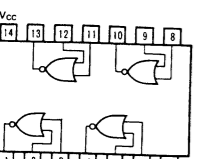
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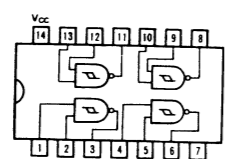
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SN74LS112AN

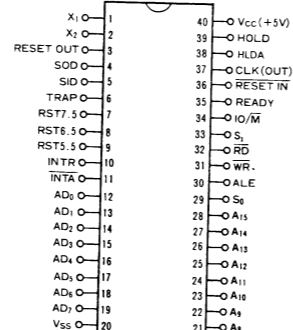


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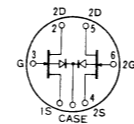


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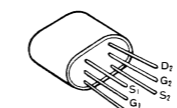
N MOS



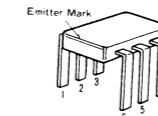
μP-D8085AC



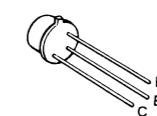
μPA70A (L)



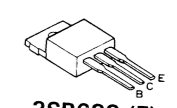
2SK228T (2, 3)



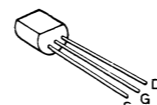
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2SC1963



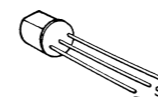
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2SC805A2-2 or 3



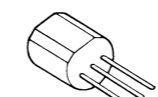
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2SC1505 (L)
2SD613 (E)



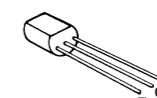
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2SK68A (M)
2SK107 (2, 3)



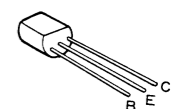
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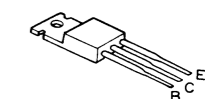
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2SC2910 (S, T)



2SA608KNP (F)
2SA838 (C)
2SA684
2SC2910



2SC945



2SC1047 (C)
2SC1215 (Tors)
2SC1973 (T)

2SC1019 (Q, R)
2SC1913 (Q, R)

TRANSISTOR