

SERVICE MANUAL

CS-1820

DUAL TRACE OSCILLOSCOPE



TRIO

FEATURES

- The vertical axis provides high sensitivity (5 mV/div) and wide bandwidth 20 MHz (-3dB). [2 mV, 15 MHz (-3 dB) with 5 ▶ 2 mV switch]
- The CRT has a rectangular with internal graticule, post deflection accelerator with domed mesh to eliminate parallax errors.
- Delay sweep function that enlarges any given portion of signal for easy observation.
- ALT delay sweep function individually sets for delay and nondelay observations of CH1 and CH2 slopes of internal and external sync signals.
- Distortion-free observation of signals up to 20 MHz.
- Selection of 5 sync signals, ALT, CH1, CH2, LINE and EXT.
- Sync coupling for AC, LFREJ, HFREJ, and DC assures stabilized synchronization of various types of waveforms.
- ALT and CHOP switched are provided for ALT or CHOP observation throughout all ranges.
- Auto free-run system enables the trace to be checked even at no-signal time.
- HOLD OFF function for stabilized synchronization of complex signals such as video signals and logic signals.
- X-Y changeover system allows CH1 amplifier to be used as Y axis amplifier and CH2 amplifier as X axis amplifier.
- The adoption of ICs in the logic changeover circuit provides for improved reliability.

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SPECIFICATIONS

Cathode Ray Tube

Type:

140 CGB 31

Acceleration voltage:

6 kV

Scale:

8 div \times 10 div (1 div \approx 9.5 mm)

Vertical Axis (CH1 and CH2)

Deflection factor:

2 mV/div — 5 V/div \pm 3%

Attenuator:

5 mV/div to 5 V/div in 1-2-5 sequence.

Variable between ranges, \pm 5% on all ranges.

Input impedance:

1 M Ω \pm 2%

Approx. 23 pF

Frequency response:

DC DC — 20 MHz (within -3 dB) at 5 mV/div — 0.2 V/div
 [DC — 15 MHz (within -3 dB) at PULL 2 mV/div]
 AC 5 Hz — 20 MHz (within -3 dB) at 5 mV/div — 0.2 V/div
 [5 Hz — 15 MHz (within -3 dB) at PULL 2 mV/div]

Risetime:

23.3 nsec (15 MHz) or less, 17.5 nsec (20 MHz) or less.

Overshoot:

3% or less (100 kHz square wave)

Crosstalk:

Better than -60 dB (alternate), better than -40 dB (chop).

Operating modes:

CH1 CH1 only

CH2 CH2 only

DUAL Dual trace

ADD Single trace algebraic sum of CH1 and CH2
 (single trace algebraic difference of CH1 and CH2 when CH2 signal is inverted.)

Dual-trace Changeover

TRIG SOURCE in ALT position: Alternate trace

TRIG SOURCE in any position other than ALT: Trace chopped at PULL CHOP.

CHOP frequency:

Approx. 200 kHz

CH2 polarity:

Normal or inverted

Maximum input voltage:

600 Vp-p or 300 V (DC + AC peak)

Maximum undistorted amplitude:

More than 8 div (DC — 20 MHz)

Horizontal Axis (Horizontal input thru CH2 input) [X5 MAG not include]

Deflection factor:

Same as vertical (CH2)

Input impedance:

Same as vertical (CH2)

Frequency response:

DC DC — 2 MHz (within -3 dB)
 AC 5 Hz — 2 MHz (within -3 dB)

X-Y operation:

With SWEEP TIME/DIV switch in X-Y position, the CH1 input becomes the Y-axis input and the CH2 input becomes the X-axis input. The X-Y position control becomes the horizontal position control.

X-Y phase difference:

$\pm 3^\circ$ or less at 100 kHz

Sweep Circuit (Common to CH1 and CH2)

Sweep system:

NORM: Triggered sweep.

AUTO: Automatic sweep. Sweep is obtained without input signal.

Sweep time:

0.2 μ s/div to 0.5s/div in 20 calibrated ranges, in 1-2-5 sequence. Variable between ranges, Sweep time accuracy; $\pm 3\%$.

Sweep magnification:

Obtained by enlarging the above sweep 5 times ($\pm 10\%$) from center.

Linearity:

$\pm 3\%$ ($\pm 10\%$ for 0.5 μ s and 0.2 μ s/div ranges with $\times 5$ MAG)

Triggering

Source:

Internal:

ALT Triggered by CH1 or CH2 vertical input signal.

CH1 Triggered by CH1 input signal.

CH2 Triggered by CH2 input signal.

LINE Triggered by power line frequency.

External:

EXT Triggered by an external signal applied to EXT TRIG jack.

Maximum input voltage:

50 V (DC + AC peak)

Coupling:

AC, LFREJ, HFREJ, and DC

Sensitivity (Based on sine wave):

Coupling	Bandwidth (Hz)	Minimum Sync Voltage	
		INT (div)	EXT (Vp-p)
AC	20 ~ 15M 10 ~ 20M	0.5 1	1 5
DC	DC ~ 15M DC ~ 20M	0.5 1	1 5
LFREJ HFREJ	Attenuate below 10 kHz. Attenuate above 100 kHz.		

SPECIFICATIONS

Video Sync:

FRAME — LINE switch permits triggering from horizontal (LINE) or vertical (FRAME) sync pulses of composite video signal.

HOLDOFF:

Continuously variable from zero (NORM) to more than 10 times (MAX).

Delay Sweep

Delay time:

1 μ s to 100 ms in 5 ranges with vernier adjustment.

ALT:

With ALT triggering source, channel 1 or channel 2 sweep can be independently delayed.

Jitter:

5,000: 1

Intensity modulation:

INTEN switch allows portion of sweep after delay to be intensified.

Calibration voltage:

Square wave, positive polarity
0.5 V \pm 1%, reference level 0 V
1 kHz \pm 3%

Intensity Modulation

Input voltage:

More than +2 V (TTL compatible)

Input impedance:

10 k Ω

Bandwidth:

DC — 5 MHz

Maximum input voltage:

50 V (DC + AC peak)

Trace rotation:

Trace angle adjustable on front panel

Power Requirements

Power supply voltage:

AC 100/120/220/240 V \pm 10%, 50/60 Hz

Power consumption:

Approx. 30 W

Dimensions:

Width: 260 mm (277 mm)
Height: 190 mm (204 mm)
Depth: 375 mm (440 mm)
Figures in () show maximum size.

Weight:

Approx. 8.6 kg

Accessories:

Probe (PC - 22)	.....	2 pieces
Attenuation 1/10	.....
Input impedance 10 M Ω,	.....
less than 18 pF	.....
Replacement fuse	.....
0.7 A	.....	2
0.3 A	.....	2
Instruction manual	.....	1 copy

SPECIFICATIONS

CRT 140CGB31 SPECIFICATION

Screen and Shape

Dimensions:

Overall length: 310 mm or less
Face plate dimension: Max 143.5 ± 1.5 mm

Screen shape:

Rectangular, flat face, internal graticule

Deflection and focusing system:

Electrostatic deflection
Electrostatic focusing
Post-deflection acceleration

Color:

Green

Persistence:

Medium short

Heating

Heater voltage:

6.3 V

Heater current:

0.24A

Mechanical Data

3rd plate voltage (E_{b3}):

Max 6.3 V

2nd plate voltage (E_{b3}):

Max 1800 V

2nd grid voltage (E_{c2}):

Max 1700 V

1st grid voltage (E_{c1}):

Max 200 V

Cathode to heater voltage (Ehk):

Max 125 V

Voltage between 2nd plate and any deflection plate:

Max 500 V

Display area:

95.0 × 76.0 mm²

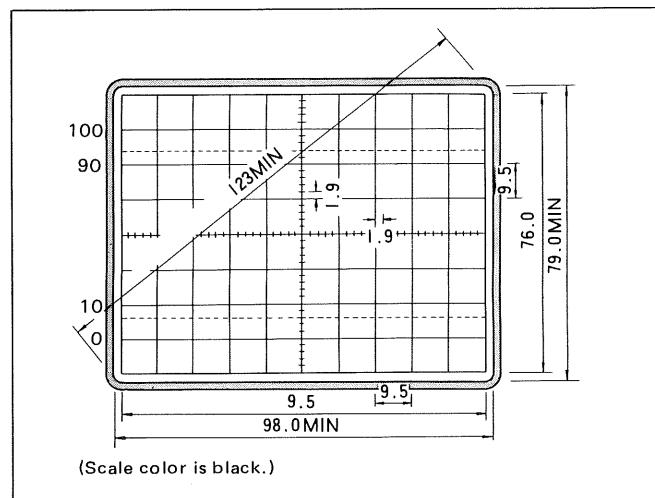


Fig. 1 140CGB31 Graticule

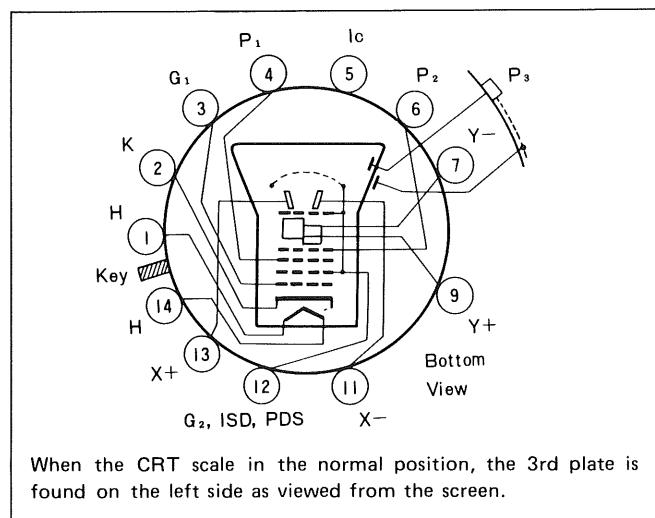


Fig. 2 140CGB31 Basing

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

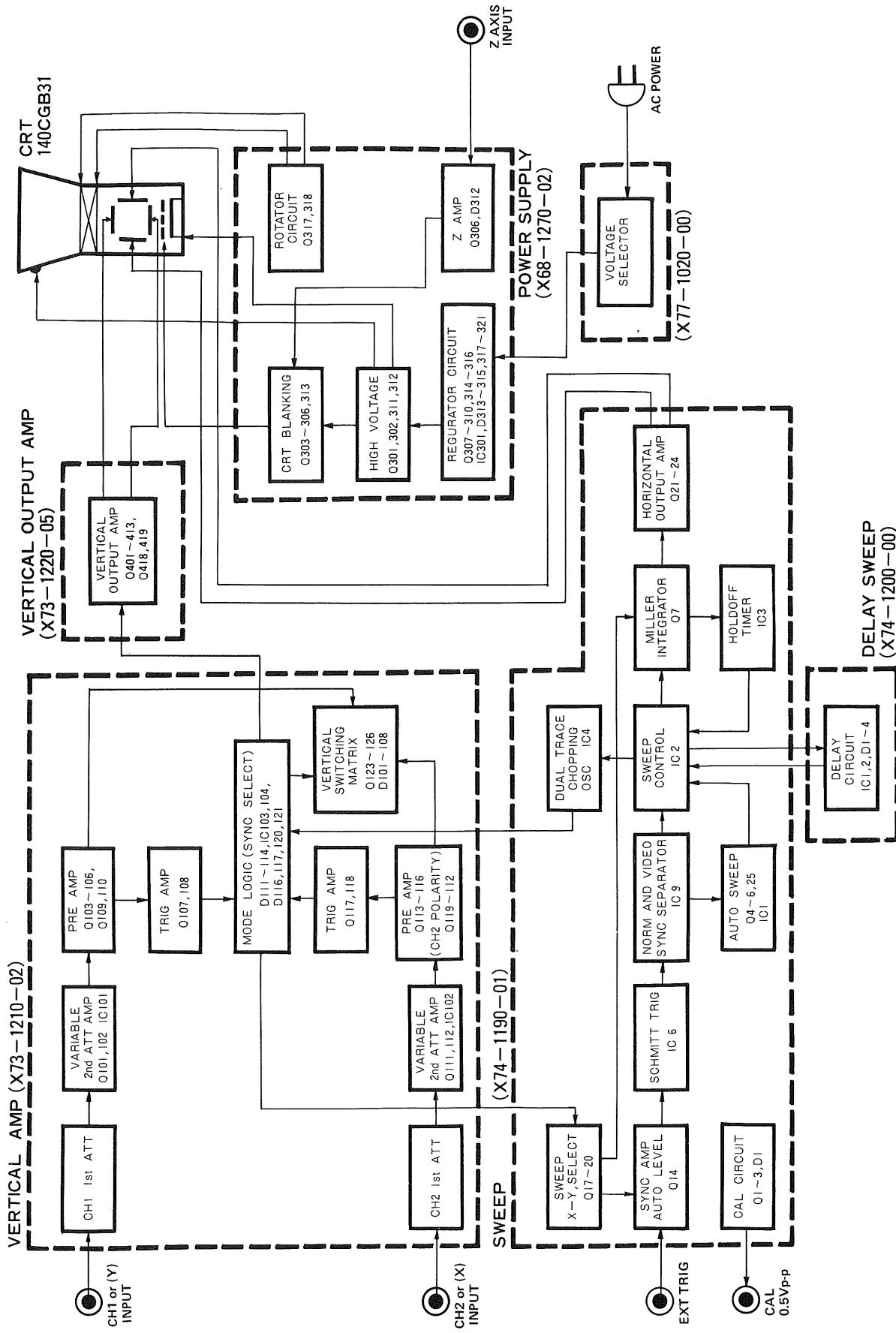


Fig. 3 BLOCK DIAGRAM

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The block diagram, Fig. 3, outlines the circuit breakdown of the oscilloscope. Circuit details are obtained by reference to the schematic diagram.

VERTICAL PREAMPLIFIERS

The vertical section includes identical networks for Channel 1 and Channel 2, each containing an input attenuator network and preamplifier. The outputs of the preamplifiers can be gated to the vertical drive amp. by the vertical switching matrix. The vertical switching matrix through the MODE switch and vertical mode logic, gates only the Channel 1 signal in CH1 mode and X-Y operation, only the Channel 2 signal in CH2 mode, alternately gates each in DUAL mode, or simultaneously gates both in ADD mode. Channel 1 and Chnnel 2 preamplifiers contain identical circuitry and circuit operation is the same for both. Channel 1 is described below.

The vertical input attenuator, S103, has two sections. The first provides ratios of 1:1, 10:1, 100:1 and 1000:1. The second section provides ratios of 1:1, 2:1, and 5:1. Together, the two sections give an attenuation sequence or 1-2-5, with the appropriate exponent.

After first attenuation section, FET's Q102a and Q102b form a high-impedance input stage of the vertical preamp. This balanced configuration provides compensation for thermal drift and power supply voltage fluctuations. Q101 and D122 are use for negative over-voltage protection. Positive over-voltage is clamped by Q102a.

Op-amp IC101 feeds the second attenuation section. Q103 thru Q106, Q109 and Q110 further amplify the vertical signal before it reaches the vertical drive amp, transistors Q123 to Q126. Trigger amplifier Q107 and Q108 amplify the signal from the emitters of Q105 and Q106 to provide a signal to the sweep trigger circuits.

The only difference between the CH1 and CH2 preamplifiers is that the CH2 polarity switch, S105, reverses the polarity of the CH2 signal when in the INV position. This is accomplished by switching on either transistor pair Q119/Q122, or Q120/Q121.

MODE LOGIC

The mode of operation (CH1, CH2, DUAL, ADD), S106, is controlled by IC103, IC104, and diodes D101-D108. When CH1 is selected, the IC104 Q output is high and the Q low, which reverse biases D101 and D104, allowing the CH1 signal into the vertical drive amp. D107 and D108 are forward-biased, preventing the CH2 signal from reaching the vertical drive amp. For CH2 mode, the reverse is true. For DUAL mode, both channels are displayed as follows: Below a sweep speed of 0.5 ms/div, the IC104 output switches at a 200 kHz rate. This chops the viewable trace into 5-microsecond segments which are alternately switched between Channel 1 and Channel 2 provide dual trace. The chopping signal (clock pulse) that switches IC104 comes from an oscillator formed by gates IC4a and IC4b, and coupled through IC4c. For sweep speeds greater than

or equal to 0.5 ms/div, the IC104 output switches state after every sweep, therefore alternating the A and B vertical signals for display. Thus, Channel 1 is viewed during one sweep, and Channel 2 is viewed during the next. The clock pulse to IC104 comes from IC4c.

When ADD mode is selected, the signals from both channels are added algebraically and then applied to the vertical drive amp. In this mode both the Q and Q outputs of IC104 must be high, which is done by setting both the set and reset lines of IC104 low.

VERTICAL OUTPUT AMPLIFIER

The output of vertical amplifier feeds into the vertical output amplifier. Q401 and Q402 form a differential amplifier which goes to another differential stage Q403 and Q404. These connect to emitter followers Q405 and Q406, which drive cascode amplifiers Q408, Q410, and Q409, Q411. Negative feedback from the cascode amplifiers goes via inverters Q412 and Q413. Q412, Q418, and Q413, Q419 comprise current sources for the cascode amplifiers.

TRIGGER CIRCUIT

The channel 1 signal is amplified by trigger amplifier Q107 and Q108 and is available at Q127 as a trigger source. Similarly, the Channel 2 signal is amplified by trigger amplifier Q117 and Q118 and is also available at Q127 as a trigger source. Mode logic IC103 determines which signal shall be selected as the trigger. In the CH1 mode, diodes D117 and D120 are reverse biased which allows the signal from Channel 1 to reach Q127. Diodes D116 and D 121 are forward biased and prevent the Channel 2 signal from reaching Q127. In the CH2 mode, the opposite is true. In the DUAL and ADD modes, an additional input to IC103 from one section of the SOURCE switch selects the Channel 2 signal if the SOURCE switch is set to CH2, but otherwise selects CH1.

The output of Q127 reaches the trigger coupling section via amplifiers Q16 and Q20. The SOURCE switch selects this signal in the CH1 or CH2 positions, an input from the EXT TRIG jack in the EXT position, or a rectified and filtered modulation envelope of the Channel 1 or 2 signal in the DC position. This signal is routed to FET amplifier Q12 through the COUPLING switch. The signal is direct coupled in the DC position, or capacitively coupled in the AC position. The signal is capacitively coupled through a low pass or high pass filter in the HF REJ or LF REJ positions respectively.

The output of Q12 is DC-coupled to emitter follower Q13, which drives one input (pin 2) of op-amp IC5. The triggering LEVEL control sets a DC reference level into the other input of IC5 (pin 1) via Q14a. IC5 acts as a high-gain differential amplifier or Schmitt trigger. When the signal on pin 2 exceeds the DC level on pin 1, the output changes states resulting in a sharp trigger. A trigger of the opposite polarity is developed when the pin 2 level again drops below the pin 1 reference level.

The DC reference from the LEVEL control is disconnected

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

and replaced by a DC voltage at the average of the sync trigger input, which is derived by detecting and filtering the signal in the input of Q14. This establishes the threshold reference for IC5 at the center of the waveform being used for triggering.

Both polarities of the IC5 output are applied to the normal sync gates through Q26 and Q27. SLOPE switch S5a enables normal sync gate IC6b in the + position, allowing the Q26 signal to be gated through IC6c, IC9d, and IC9c. In the - position, IC6d is enabled to allow the Q27 signal to be gated through IC6c, IC9d, and IC9c.

When the FRAME-LINE switch is in the FRAME position, IC inhibits the normal sync signals and allows the video sync circuits (Q15, Q28 and Q29) to supply the sweep trigger. The SLOPE switch selects the + or - polarity output of IC5 as the input to Q15, Q28, and Q29. At sweep times of 0.5 s to .1 ms/div, IC7 and IC12 are turned on, which connects capacitor C65 into the coupling circuit between Q28 and Q29. This capacitor shunts the short-duration horizontal sync pulses and allows the longer-duration vertical sync pulses to reach Q29. These slower sweep times are used for viewing vertical frames or fields of video. At sweep times of 50 μ s to .2 μ s/div, IC7 and IC12 are turned off and C65 is disconnected. This allows the horizontal sync pulses to reach Q29. These faster sweep times are used for viewing horizontal lines of video.

The trigger pulse output of IC9c is coupled through inverters IC1d and IC1c to the clock input of sweep control multivibrator IC2. This signal synchronizes the sweep to the waveform being used as the trigger source. In the absence of triggering, no sweep is normally developed. However, if PULL AUTO switch S1 is closed, Q6 is enabled and IC2 will free run in the absence of trigger signal. Transistors Q4, Q5, and Q25 when a trigger signal is present.

HORIZONTAL SWEEP

Horizontal deflection is provided by the horizontal preamplifier and horizontal output amplifier. In all except X-Y operation, input to the horizontal preamplifier is furnished by calibrated sweep speed circuits consisting of the sweep control circuit, Miller integrator, and hold-off timer. The sweep can be synchronized to the Channel 1 or 2 input signal or an external trigger. The auto sweep circuit can start the sweep in the absence of a synchronizing trigger. When X-Y operation is selected, the Channel 2 signal is coupled to the horizontal preamplifier for horizontal deflection and the sweep circuits are disabled.

When a trigger pulse is received at the clock input or the reset input of IC2, the Q output (pin 8) goes low. This allows the horizontal ramp integrator to begin the sweep. The integrator consists of Q10, Q11 and the precision sweep timing resistors and capacitors. The sweep speed is determined by the RC time constant of the timing resistors and capacitors set by the SWEEP TIME/DIV control, S2. The output of the integrator, a decreasing linear ramp, is fed through transistors Q8 and Q9, and then to the

horizontal amplifier section, Q17-Q24, and Q31 which drives the horizontal deflection plates. Another output of the sweep integrator, giving an increasing linear ramp, is fed to the threshold input of sweep holdoff timer IC3 (pin 6). When the decreasing ramp voltage has swept the scope trace to the right-hand limit of the sweep cycle on the CRT, the corresponding increasing ramp voltage reaches the threshold setting of IC3. This causes the output of IC3 (pin 3) to go low, which sets the Q output of the sweep control flip-flop, IC2, high. A high at the Q output turns on transistor Q7, which discharges the integrating capacitor and resets the sweep back to the left-hand sweep limit.

Simultaneously with the Q output going high, the Q output of IC2 goes low, which sends a high out of the blanking control gate (IC4 pin 11). This turns the trace intensity down, so you cannot see it being reset to the left side of the CRT.

The sweep holdoff time delay capacitor connected to P7 is discharging through VR207, which went low when threshold was reached at IC3 pin 6. When the holdoff time delay cap has discharged to less than 1.6 volts, the timer output, IC3 pin 3, is triggered high. This arms IC2 for the next trigger pulse, coming either from the clock line input (pin 12) or from the reset input when Q25 of the AUTO TRIGGERING circuit is turned on. Along with pin 3, pin 7 of IC3 also goes high and allows the holdoff time delay capacitor to charge up again. The length of the sweep holdoff is determined by the capacitor tied to IC3 pin 2, and the optimum value for each sweep speed is automatically set by the SWEEP TIME/DIV control.

During X-Y operation, set by the SWEEP TIME/DIV switch, the CH2 trigger amplifier output is fed to the horizontal amplifier via Q19 and Q31. In this mode, the CH2 signal controls the horizontal position of the CRT trace.

1. VIDEO Sync

The TV signal (composite video signal) from the vertical amplifier is fed as an internal sync signal to the sync amplifier IC5. The IC5 produces two output signals; one is the same in phase as the input signal and the other is opposite in phase. These signals are positive sync signal (upper side of composite video signal) and negative sync signal (lower side of composite video signal) with respect to the CH1 and CH2 input composite video signals. The output signals are selected by the polarity select switch according to the input signal to obtain a positive sync signal at all times. The signal thus selected is fed to the vertical sync signal detector circuit (Q15, Q28, Q29) where the vertical sync signal is detected by the integration circuit so that the pulses synchronized with the signal is fed to the sweep control gate IC2.

2. DELAY TRIG

When the sweep circuit is in stand-by state, the FF of IC13 is set to ON. With a trigger signal inputted, the FF of IC13 is set to OFF and, at the same time, the trigger signal is fed

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

to the delay circuit. The delay signal from the delay circuit passes through the NORM/DELAY selecting gate IC10 and is fed to the sweep control gate IC2 for sweep operation. The IC8 receives the vertical switching signal (IC104). This signal is fed to the IC7 and, at the same time, the NORM/DELAY selecting gate IC10 is controlled by the S204 so that the CH1 and CH2 can be individually delayed.

DELAY SWEEP CIRCUIT

When a trigger signal is received from IC13, signal delayed by the CR time constant is fed back from the IC1a to the sweep circuit. At this time, the FF of the IC13 is set to OFF by the IC1b until the IC1a is reset. The IC2 gives intensity modulation to the starting point of the delay sweep when the INTEND switch S207 is set in the NORM position. In so doing, the sweep is effected in the NORM mode of the delay select switch. The intensity modulation can be adjusted by the VRI for the desired delay sweep. By setting the delay select switch to the DELAY position, the delay trigger pulse is changed to a sweep trigger pulse so that a delay sweep is effected starting with the intensity modulated portion.

BLANKING AND INTENSITY CONTROL

The DC voltage on the intensity grid (pin 4 of the CRT) sets the intensity of the oscilloscope trace. A square wave signal is pulled off the secondary of the high voltage oscillator transformer T301 and amplified by Q302. The peak-to-peak limits of this square wave are determined by D306, D307, D309, and the intensity and blanking control circuitry Q303, Q304, Q305, and Q313. The square wave is ac-coupled into peak detector diodes D304 and D305. The negative peak of the square wave sets the DC voltage on the intensity grid. The more negative this voltage goes, the less the intensity. Intensity Adj., VR302, sets the maximum intensity of the trace. The front panel INTENSITY control VR201 adjusts the trace intensity during normal operation by controlling Q303.

The blanking pulse, which turns the trace intensity down during its return to the left-hand side of the CRT after each sweep, and which keeps the trace off prior to the beginning of a sweep, is generated by sweep control flip-flop IC2 and routed through blanking gates IC4c and IC4d. Blanking pulses during the chopping mode of dual-trace operation also come from blanking gates IC4c and IC4d, which are driven by dual-trace chopping oscillator IC4a and IC4b.

Intensity modulation, or the Z-axis signal, is provided by Q306, which DC-couples the Z-axis input jack to, the intensity control circuit.

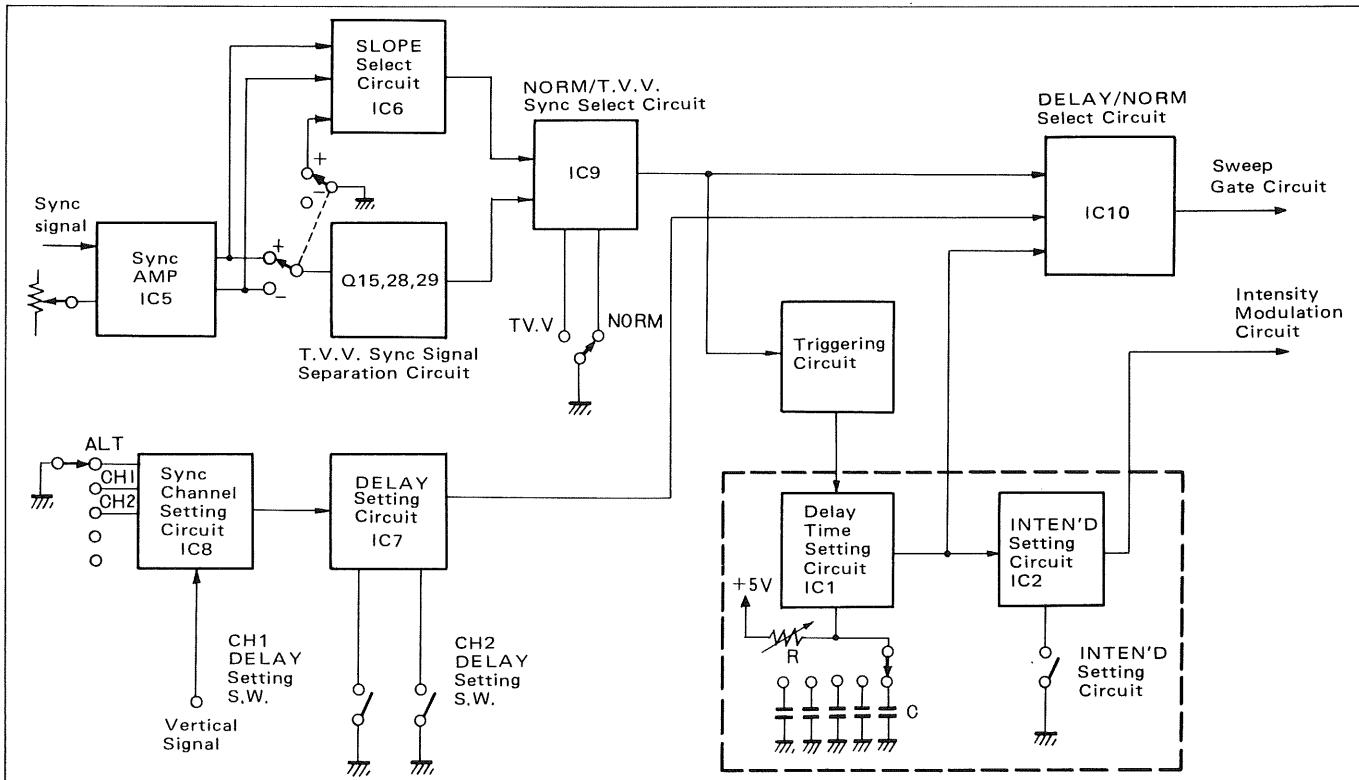


Fig. 4 Delay Sweep Block Diagram

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

POWER SUPPLIES

The power supply voltages are fully regulated, and a DC-to-DC converter provides a regulated 6 kV accelerating potential to the CRT.

+ 15 Volt Supply

One output of the 14-volt secondary of the power transformer is rectified by diode bridge D319 to become unregulated + 15 volts. This is also the source for the + 10 volt, + 5 volt, and high voltage supplies.

+ 10 Volt Supply

The unregulated + 15 volt supply is regulated to + 10 volts by Q308, Q315, and Q316.

+ 5 Volt Supply

The regulated + 10 volt output is regulated to + 5 volts by Q307 and Q314.

- 8 Volt Supply

The other output of the 14-volt secondary of the power transformer is also rectified by diode bridge D319 and regulated to - 8 volts by IC301A and Q309.

+ 120 Volt and + 108 Volt Supplies

The 120-volt secondary of the power transformer is rectified by diode bridge D320 and regulated by IC301B and Q310 to + 120 volts. Zener diode D318 drops part of the power supply output to a regulated + 107 volts.

High Voltage Supply

The + 15 volt supply drives a DC-to-DC converter consisting of Q301, Q311, Q312, and T301. Transformer T301 and driver Q301 form an oscillator. Regulation is achieved by feedback transistors Q302, Q311 and Q312. The secondary voltage of T301 is rectified and filtered as + 4 kV for the anode of the CRT, - 1.3 kV for the cathode, and high voltage for the focus grid. The filaments of the CRT are driven by a secondary of T301, floated at cathode potential.

AUTO FOCUS CIRCUIT

The circuit (Q1, Q2, Q3) is used to invert the intensity modulation signal. The output signal from the circuit varies the amplitude of the oscillator circuit Q4. The voltage set by the FOCUS VR is added to the DC voltage rectified from oscillation waveform and is fed to the FOCUS electrode.

MAINTENANCE

TRACE ROTATION ADJUSTMENT

Strong magnetic fields, present in many locations where an oscilloscope may be used, may cause the trace to be tilted. The degree of tilt may vary as the scope is moved from one location to another. The TRACE ROTATION control provides an electrically adjustable offset to compensate for trace tilt. Perform the adjustment as follows.

1. Set oscilloscope controls to produce a horizontal trace with no input signal (triggering MODE switch in AUTO).
2. Use POSITION controls as required to position the trace along a horizontal line of the graticule scale.
3. Adjust TRACE ROTATION so trace is parallel with the reference line on the graticule scale.

REMOVING THE CASE

Caution:

A high voltage to 6000 VDC is present on the CRT and power supply board when the oscilloscope is operating. Before removing the case be to turn off the power, and do not touch these parts with hand or a screwdriver even after the case has been removed.

The case is removed in two sections, the top section can be lifted off after removing seven Phillipshead screws from the top and sides of the case. The bottom section can be lifted off after removing four Phillipshead screws from the bottom of the case.

AC VOLTAGE CONVERSION

When operating the unit on voltage other than 240 V, set the AC voltage selector switch to 100 V, 120 V or 220 V according to your local AC current. The voltage selector switch is located on the rear panel of the unit as indicated by the arrow mark. When operating on 100 V or 120 V, remove the 0.3A fuse and replace it with one rated at 0.7A.

PROBE COMPENSATION

Probe compensation adjustment matches the probe to the input of the scope. For best results, compensation of both probes should be adjusted initially, then the same probe always used with Channel 1 and Channel 2 respectively. Probe compensation should be readjusted whenever a probe from a different oscilloscope is used, or the Channel 1 and 2 probes are interchanged.

1. Connect probes to both INPUT jacks. Connect ground clip of probes to oscilloscope ground terminal and touch tips of both probes to CAL 1 kHz 0.5 V p-p terminal.
2. Select single trace operation of Channel 1, then Channel 2, for steps 3 and 4.
3. Set oscilloscope controls to display 3 or 4 cycles of CAL square wave at 5 or 6 div amplitude.
4. Adjust compensation trimmer on probe for optimum square wave waveshape (minimum overshoot, rounding off, and tilt).

REMOVING THE CATHODE RAY TUBE (CRT) AND P.C. BOARD

Caution:

This circuit around CRT produce a voltage as high as 6000 VDC. To prevent electric shock, be sure to disconnect the power cord before replacing the CRT. Make certain that the circuits are fully discharged.

REMOVING THE C.R.T.

1. Remove the case (1) and case (2)
2. Remove the CRT bezel.
3. Remove the 2 screws from the CRT band holding the neck of the CRT shield.
4. Remove the 4 screws holding the front panel to the CRT bracket. Then, remove a screw holding a black lead to the leg of the CRT band.
5. Loosen the screw holding the CRT band to the rear panel.
6. Remove the CRT from the CRT socket.
7. Remove the anode cap from the CRT.
8. Lift the CRT shield and slide the CRT forward to remove from the CRT shield and slide the CRT backward to remove from CRT bracket. Remove the tape holding the rotator coil. Slide the rotator coil backward and remove.
9. Remove cable bands using a nipper.
10. The CRT is ready for removal. Replace it with a new one by following the above procedure in reverse order.
11. After replacing, make adjustment of TRACE ROTATION, ASTIG and others referring to the adjustment.

REMOVING THE P.C. BOARD

Removing vertical amplifier board

1. Remove the cases.
2. Remove the decorative panel as follow.
 - 1) Remove the VOLTS/DIV and VARIABLE knobs (both CH1 and CH2)
 - 2) Remove the SWEEP TIME/DIV, DELAY TIME knobs and each VARIABLE knobs.
 - 3) Remove the ▲ POSITION knobs (both CH1 and CH2)
 - 4) Remove the SLOPE, COUPLING and SOURCE lever knobs.
 - 5) Remove the TRIG. LEVEL knob.
 - 6) Remove the ▲ H.POSITION and HOLD OFF knobs.
 - 7) Remove the MODE and AC-GND-DC (both CH1 and CH2) lever knobs.
 - 8) Remove slotted hex. lock nuts from shaft of VOLTS/DIV (CH1 only), ▲ POSITION (both CH1 and CH2), TRIG. LEVEL, DELAY TIME and ▲ H. POSITION controls.
3. Remove 2 screws securing the each lever switch from diecasting panel.
4. Unsolder 2 resistors (R203, R204) from BNC receptacle.

MAINTENANCE

5. Remove 2 screws, holding the vertical amplifier board, from P.C. board mounting hardware.
6. Carefully disconnect and remove the connector rearward connecting vertical output amplifier board.
7. Carefully disconnect and remove the connector sideward connecting horizontal sweep board.

Caution:

When disconnecting the connector, carefully disconnect and remove P.C. board to avoid damage of the P.C. board.

Removing horizontal sweep board

1. Remove the case and decorative panel (this is the same procedure that was removed in step 1 and 2 of "Removing vertical amplifier board".
2. Remove each 2 screws securing SLOPE, COUPLING and SOURCE lever switches from die-casting panel.
3. Remove slotted hex. lock nuts from shaft of SWEEP TIME/DIV and HOLDOFF controls.

4. Disconnect the connectors from the terminals. (1—8, 10—12, and 16)
5. Unsolder resistor (R47) from BNC (EXT. TRIG) receptacle.
6. Removing 2 screws, holding the horizontal sweep board from P.C. board mounting hardware.
7. Carefully disconnect and remove J1 and J2 connectors connecting the vertical amplifier board and power supply board.
8. Unplug P1 thru P8 from horizontal sweep board.

Removing vertical output amplifier board

1. Remove the cases.
2. Unsolder 2 yellow leads from CRT socket.
3. Remove 2 screws, securing CRT band from rear panel.
4. Remove 2 CRT bracket.
5. Carefully disconnect and remove J401 and J402 connectors connecting the vertical amplifier board and power supply board.

ADJUSTMENT

To obtain the best performance, periodically calibrate the unit. Sometimes, only one mode need be calibrated, while at other times, all modes should be calibrated. When one mode is calibrated, it must be noted that the other modes may be affected. When calibrating all modes, perform the calibration in the specified sequence.

The following calibration required an accurate measuring instrument and an insulated adjusting flat blade screwdriver. If they are not available, contact your dealer. For optimum adjustment, turn the power on and warm up the CS-1820 sufficiently (more than 30 minutes) before starting.

Before calibrating the unit, check the power supply voltage.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The following instrument or their equivalent should be used for making adjustment.

Test Equipment	Model	Minimum Specification
Digital Multi-Meter	DL-706 (TRIO)	Impedance: More than 10 MΩ, Measuring range: 0.01 V to 199 V
Sine-Wave Generator	651 B (YHP)	Frequency: 10 Hz to 10 MHz, constant voltage over tuning range
Sine-Wave Generator	SG-503 (Tektronix)	Frequency: 50 kHz to 100 MHz, Output impedance: 50 Ω, constant voltage over tuning range.
Square-Wave Generator	PG-506 (Tektronix)	Output signal: 1 kHz, Amplitude: 10 mVp-p to 10 Vp-p, Accuracy: within ± 1%, Rise time: 35ns or less
Q Meter	4343B (YHP)	—
Color Pattern Generator	CG-911 (TRIO)	—
Oscilloscope	465 (Tektronix)	Sensitivity: more than 5 mV Frequency response: More than 100 MHz
Time-Marker Generator	TG-501 (Tektronix)	Time mark: 0.5 s to 0.1 μs repetitive waveform
High-Voltage Probe	—	Input Impedance: 1000 MΩ
Termination	—	Impedance: 50 Ω Accuracy: within 3%
Termination	—	3 watts type impedance: 50 Ω
Attenuator	—	–20 dB attenuation (50 Ω)

PREPARATION FOR ADJUSTMENT

Control Setting

The control setting listed below must be used for each adjustment procedure.

Exceptions to these settings will be noted as they occur. After completing a adjustment, return the controls to the following settings.

NAME OF KNOBS	POSITION
INTENSITY	3 o'clock
FOCUS	Optimum position
CH1, CH2 POSITION/ PULL 5▷ 2mV	Mechanical position and push
◀ ▶ H. POSITION/PULL × 5MAG	Mechanical position and push
VARIABLE (H, V)	CAL
AC-GND-DC (CH1 and CH2)	DC (GND at no signal)
MODE	CH1
CH2 POLARITY	NORM
SLOPE	+
COUPLING	AC
SOURCE	ALT
TRIG. LEVEL/PULL AUTO	Mechanical center and pull
HOLDOFF/PULL CHOP	NORM and push
FRAME-LINE	LINE
INTEN'D	NORM
CH1 (CHOP)	NORM
CH2	NORM
VOLTS/DIV	5 mV/DIV
SWEEP TIME/DIV	1 ms/DIV

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment control	Adjustment and check	Remark
POWER AND CRT CIRCUIT ADJUSTMENTS (X68-1270-02)			
+ 108.5 V, + 10 V, + 15 V, + 5 V, - 8 V and + 124 V adjustments and check.	VR304	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connect a DC voltmeter to measure the voltage at the pin 8 of P308 with respect to the chassis. Adjust VR304 to obtain + 108.5 V ± 1% Next, measure the voltages at the pin 4, 7 and 8 of P306. The voltage should be + 10 V, + 15 V, + 5 V, - 8 V and + 124 V respectively. 	
- 1.5 kV adjustment	VR303	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connect a DC voltmeter to measure the voltage at the pin 9 of P301 on the high voltage power supply unit with respect to the chassis. Adjust VR303 to obtain - 1.5 kV. 	Caution: Be sure to use the high-voltage probe.
FOCUS and ASTIG adjustments	FOCUS ASTIG	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to the X-Y position and CH1 and CH2 AC-GND-DC switches to the GND position. This will produce a spot on the screen. Adjust the FOCUS and ASTIG on the front panel for the sharpest, roundest spot. 	Do not readjust the ASTIG control after this step.
INTENSITY adjustment	VR302	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the TRIG. MODE switch to the AUTO position to display a trace. Adjust VR302 so that the trace disappears when the INTENSITY control setting is reduced to the 10:30 o'clock position. 	
Blanking adjustment	TC301	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 0.2 μs and the TRIG. MODE switch to the AUTO to display a trace. Adjust TC301 until the start point of the trace is the same in thickness as the other. 	
Check of CRT centering		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Short test terminal P401 to P402 (vertical output amplifier board). Pull the PULL AUTO knob to display a trace. Check the trace to center the trace vertically. 	
VERTICAL AXIS CIRCUIT ADJUSTMENT (X73-1210-02)			
VARI. ATT. BAL. and STEP ATT. BAL. adjustments	VR101 VR103 VR108 VR110	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set scope control for a single horizontal trace on CH1 with the CH1 AC-GND-DC switch set to the GND position and set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 1 ms. Rotate the CH1 variable control from maximum clockwise to maximum counterclockwise, while observing the trace. If the trace moves vertically, adjust VR101 (VARI. ATT. BAL.) for minimum or zero movement when performing step 2. Rotate the CH1 VOLTS/DIV switch through the 5 mV, 10 mV and 20 mV position while observing the trace. If the trace moves vertically, adjust VR103 (STEP ATT. BAL.) for minimum of zero vertical movement when performing step 4. Repeat the entire procedure for CH2, adjusting VR108 for VARIABLE balance and VR110 (VOLTS/DIV) step balance. 	After adjusting VARI., be sure adjust STEP.

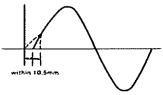
ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment control	Adjustment and check	Remark
2 mV Center adjustment	VR115	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the CH1 AC-GND-DC switch to the GND position and the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to the 1 ms position. Adjust the VR114 so that the trace is stationary when the CH1 VOLTS/DIV control is set to the 2 mV or 5 mV position. Repeat the entire procedure for the CH2, adjusting VR115. 	
CH2 INVERT POLARITY and ▲ POSITION adjustments	VR112 VR105 VR402	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the CH1 AC-GND-DC switch to the GND, the MODE switch to the DUAL position, and the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 1 ms. Also, set the TRIG. AUTO switch to the AUTO position. Next, adjust VR112 to make sure that the trace does not sift when the CH2 POLARITY push button switch is set in the PUSH position (INV) (■). Set the CH2 and CH1 ▲ POSITION controls to these mechanical center. Adjust VR105 and VR402 so that traces are overlapped in the center of the scale. 	
Vertical gain adjustment	VR401 VR110	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the MODE switch to the CH2 position. Apply the CH2 input terminal to 1 kHz square wave signal. Set the CH1 VARIABLE control to the CAL position and the VOLTS/DIV control to 5 mV. Adjust VR401 for exactly 4 divisions vertical amplitude of 1 kHz square wave signal display . Repeat the entire procedure for CH1, adjusting VR110 for vertical gain adjustment. 	
100 kHz square wave compensation	TC401 TC402 TC403 TC405 VR403 VR404 VR405	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the VOLTS/DIV control to 5 mV, the MODE switch to CH2 position and the SOURCE switch to CH2 position. Apply a 100 kHz square wave signal through a 50Ω terminator to the CH2 input terminal and adjust the vertical amplitude to 6 divisions on the CRT screen. Rotate the SWEEP TIME/DIV control from $2 \mu s$ to $0.2 \mu s$. Adjust TC401 thru TC405 and VR403 thru VR405 in the order (a to d), to obtain the optimum waveform at the rising portion of the square wave. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Adjust VR404 to obtain flat mid range. Adjust TC403 to obtain flat mid and high ranges. Adjust TC402 to obtain maximum overshoot. Adjust VR405 and VR403 to obtain minimum overshoot. 	
1 kHz square wave compensation	TC101 TC103 TC105 TC106 TC108 TC110	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the VOLTS/DIV control to 5 mV and apply a 1 kHz square wave signal. Rotate the VOLTS/DIV control to 50 mV (10:1), 0.5 V (100:1) and 5 V (1000:1) positions. Adjust TC101 (10:1), TC103 (100:1) and TC105 (1000:1) to make sure that the vertical amplitude is set to 6 divisions on the CRT screen. 	

ADJUSTMENT

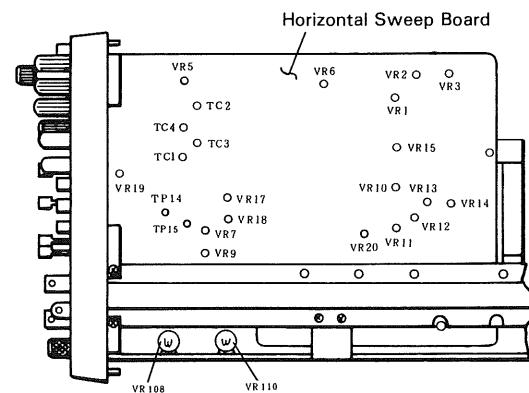
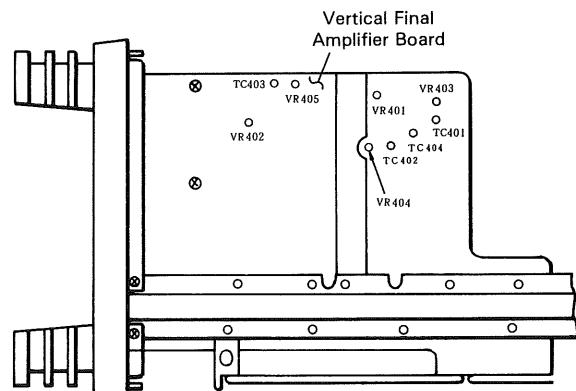
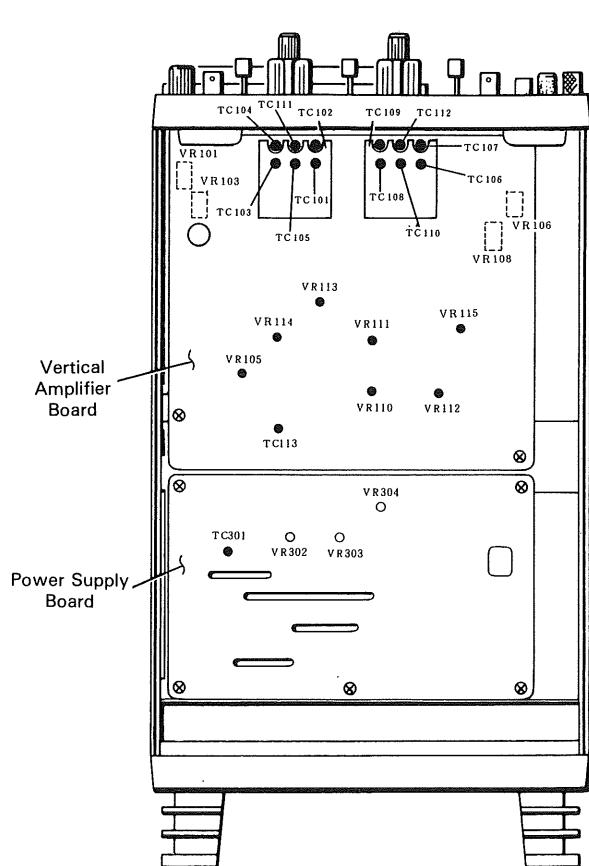
Item	Adjustment control	Adjustment and check	Remark
		4. Repeat the entire procedure for CH2, adjusting TC106 (10:1), TC108 (100:1) and TC110 (1000:1)	
Input capacity adjustment	TC102 TC104 TC111	1. Connect a "Q" meter to measure the input capacity at the CH1 input terminal and make sure that the input capacity is approx. 23 pF. 2. Rotate the VOLTS/DIV control to 50 mV (10:1), 0.5 V (100:1) and 5 V (1000:1), adjusting TC102 , TC104 and TC111 to make sure that the input capacity at each position is the same as that at the 5 mV (1/1) position.	
HORIZONTAL AXIS CIRCUIT ADJUSTMENT (X74-1190-01)			
Waveform spacing adjustment	TC4	1. Set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to the 0.2 μ s position and the PULL \times 5 MAG knob to the PULL position. 2. Apply a 20 MHz sine wave signal to the V. INPUT to display 2 div vertical amplitude waveform on the screen. 3. Adjust the TC4 to set the starting point and spacing of waveforms.	
Sweep time and sweep length adjustments	VR15 VR6	1. Set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 1 ms and apply a 1 ms marker signal to the CH1 input terminal. 2. Adjust VR15 so that a pulse appears on each division on the graticule scale of the CRT screen. 3. Next, adjust VR6 so that the sweep length slightly exceeds 9 divisions (approx. 9.5 divisions, SWEEP TIME/DIV:0.5 μ s --0.1 μ s not included)	
MAG centering and MAG GAIN adjustments	VR13 VR14	1. With the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 1 ms, apply a 5 ms marker signal to the CH1 input terminal to display 5 pulses on the CRT screen. 2. Pull the X5 MAG knob to magnify a trace and adjust so that the center of the wave corresponds to the Y-axis on the graticule scale. 3. Push the X5 MAG knob and adjust VR13 so that the center of the trace corresponds to Y-axis on the graticule scale. 4. Next, set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 1 ms. 5. With a 1 ms marker signal applied to the CH1 input terminal, adjust VR14 until the center of the 3 pulses corresponds to the Y-axis on the graticule scale.	
◀▶ H. POSITION adjustments	VR10	1. With the SWEEP TIME/DIV control set to 1 ms, apply 5 ms marker signal to the CH1 to display 3 pulses on the CRT screen. 2. Next, set the ◀▶ H. POSITION control to its mechanical center, and adjust VR10 until the center of the 3 pulses corresponds to the Y-axis on the graticule scale.	
1 μs, 0.5 μs and 0.2 μs range adjustments	TC1 TC2 VR5	1. Set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to 1 μ s, 0.5 μ s and 0.2 μ s while applying the corresponding marker signal (1 μ s, 0.5 μ s and 0.2 μ s) to display 10 waves on the CRT screen. 2. Adjust TC1 , TC2 and VR5 so that each wave is 9 divisions on the graticule scale respectively.	

ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment control	Adjustment and check	Remark
Starting Point adjustment	TC3 TC4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to the $20\mu s$ position and the $\triangle H.$ POSITION/PULL $\times 5$ MAG knob to the PULL position. Apply to 250 kHz sine wave signal to the V. INPUT to display a 6 div vertical amplitude waveform on the screen. Adjust the TC3 to obtain the waveform starting point as illustrated right. Next, set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to the $0.2\mu s$ position. Apply a 20 MHz sine wave signal to the V. INPUT to display a 2 div vertical waveform. Make even the spacing in the vicinity of the starting point. Adjust the TC4 so that the optimum starting point is obtained when the $\triangle H.$ POSITION/PULL $\times 5$MAG knob is set to PULL and PUSH positions. 	
X POSITION adjustment	VR12	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> With the MODE switch set to the DUAL position, overlap the traces of both channels using the CH1 and CH2 \downarrow POSITION controls. The traces should coincide with the X-axis on the graticule scale. Set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to the X-Y operation and adjust VR12 to bring the spot in the center of the graticule scale. 	
X GAIN adjustment	VR111	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the SWEEP TIME/DIV control to the X-Y operation and the CH2 VOLTS/DIV control to 5 mV. Apply a 1 kHz, 20 mV square wave to the CH2 input terminal and adjust VR111 for exactly 4 divisions horizontal deflection. 	
SYNC ADJUSTMENT			
OFF-SET adjustment	VR7	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the TRIG LEVEL knob to its mechanical center position and short the shorting terminals P14 kand P15. Then, connect a calibrated oscilloscope (sensitivity: 0.2V/div, AC-GND-DC). Adjust the VR7 so that the voltage on the P13 is not varied when the SLOPE knob is set to "+" and "-" positions. 	
TRIG LEVEL Center adjustment	VR19	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the TRIG LEVEL control to its mechanical center position. Adjust the VR19 so that the voltage on the P13 remains unchanged when the shorting pins P14 and P15 are removed. 	
"+" and "-" TRIG adjustment	VR17 VR18	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the TRIG LEVEL control to its mechanical center position. Apply a 1 kHz sine wave signal to the CH2 INPUT to display a 6 div vertical amplitude waveform. Reduce the amplitude gradually and adjust the VR18 so that the signal is triggered below 0.5 div. Repeat the entire procedure for the "-" TRIG., adjusting VR17. 	Check that the starting point remains the same when the SLOPE switch is set to the "+" and "-" positions.

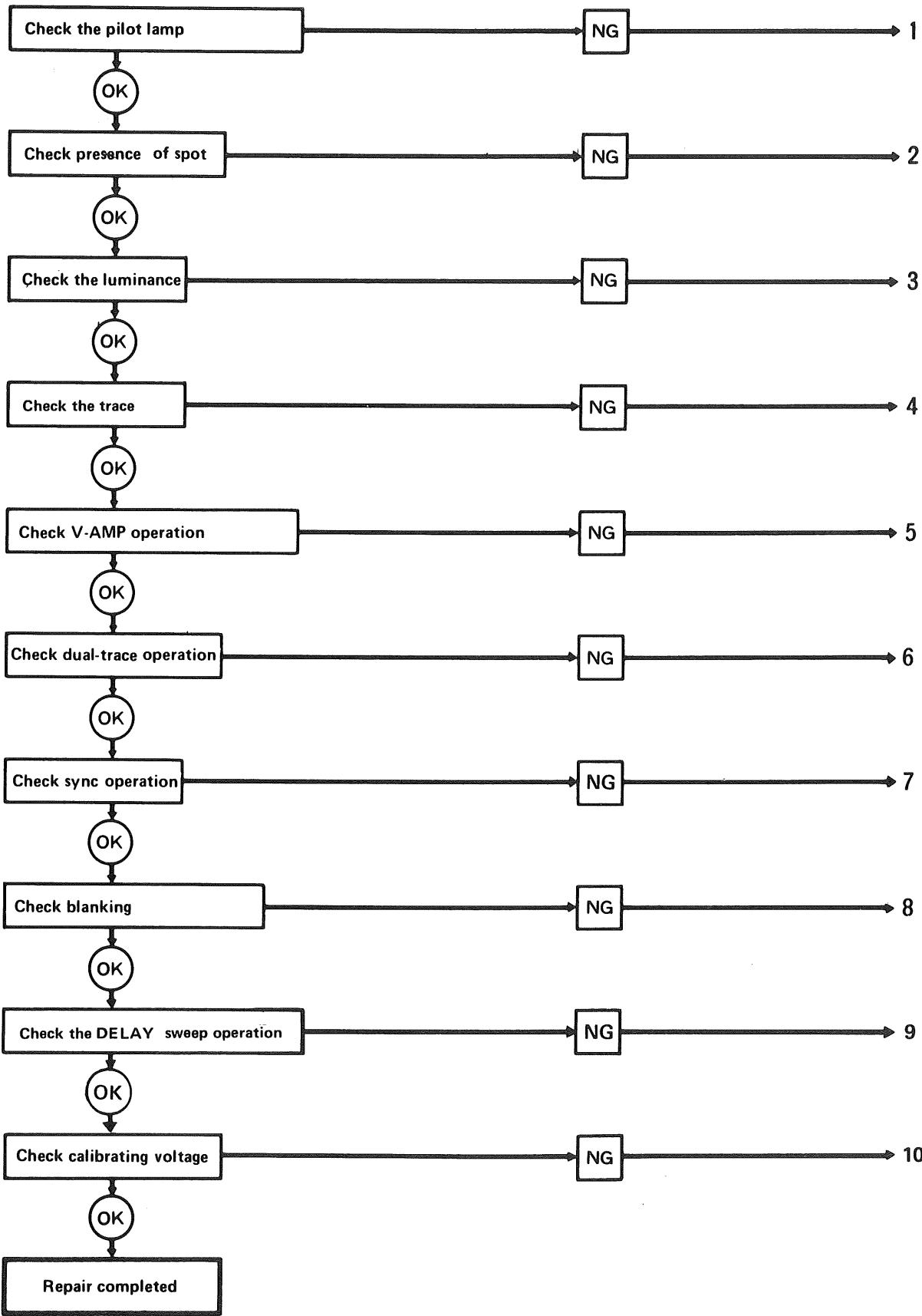
ADJUSTMENT

Item	Adjustment control	Adjustment and check	Remark
CH2 DC COUPLING adjustment	VR11 VR20	1. Set the MODE switch to the CH2 position. 2. Apply a 1 kHz sine wave signal to the CH2 to display a 6 div vertical amplitude waveform on the scope. 3. Set the VR20 to its mechanical center position and adjust the VR11 so that the waveform starting point is not changed.	If this adjustment is not possible with the VR11, use the VR11 and VR20 alternately.
CH1 DC COUPLING adjustment	VR113	1. Set the MODE switch to the DUAL position and the COUPLING switch to the DC position. 2. Apply a 1 kHz sine wave signal to the CH1 and CH2 to display a 6 div vertical amplitude waveform on the scope. 3. Adjust the VR113 so that the waveform starting points of CH1 and CH2 are the same.	
CALIBRATING VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENTS (X74-1190-00)			
	VR1 VR2 VR3	1. With a 1 kHz, 0.1 V square signal applied to well calibrated oscilloscope, set the VOLTS/DIV control to 20 mV to display a waveform on the CRT screen as illustrated below. 2. Next, apply a calibrating voltage (Δ CAL output) of the unit to the oscilloscope and adjust VR1, VR2 and VR3 until the displayed.	



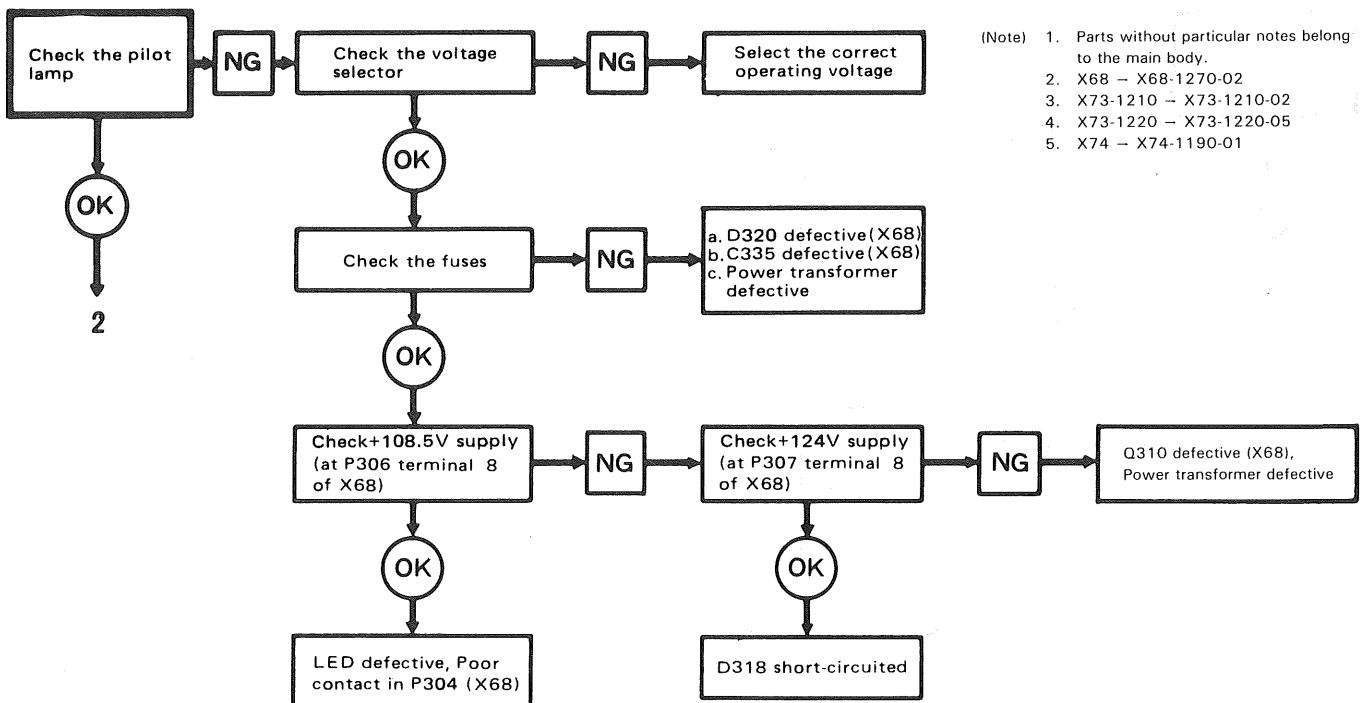
TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLESHOOTING

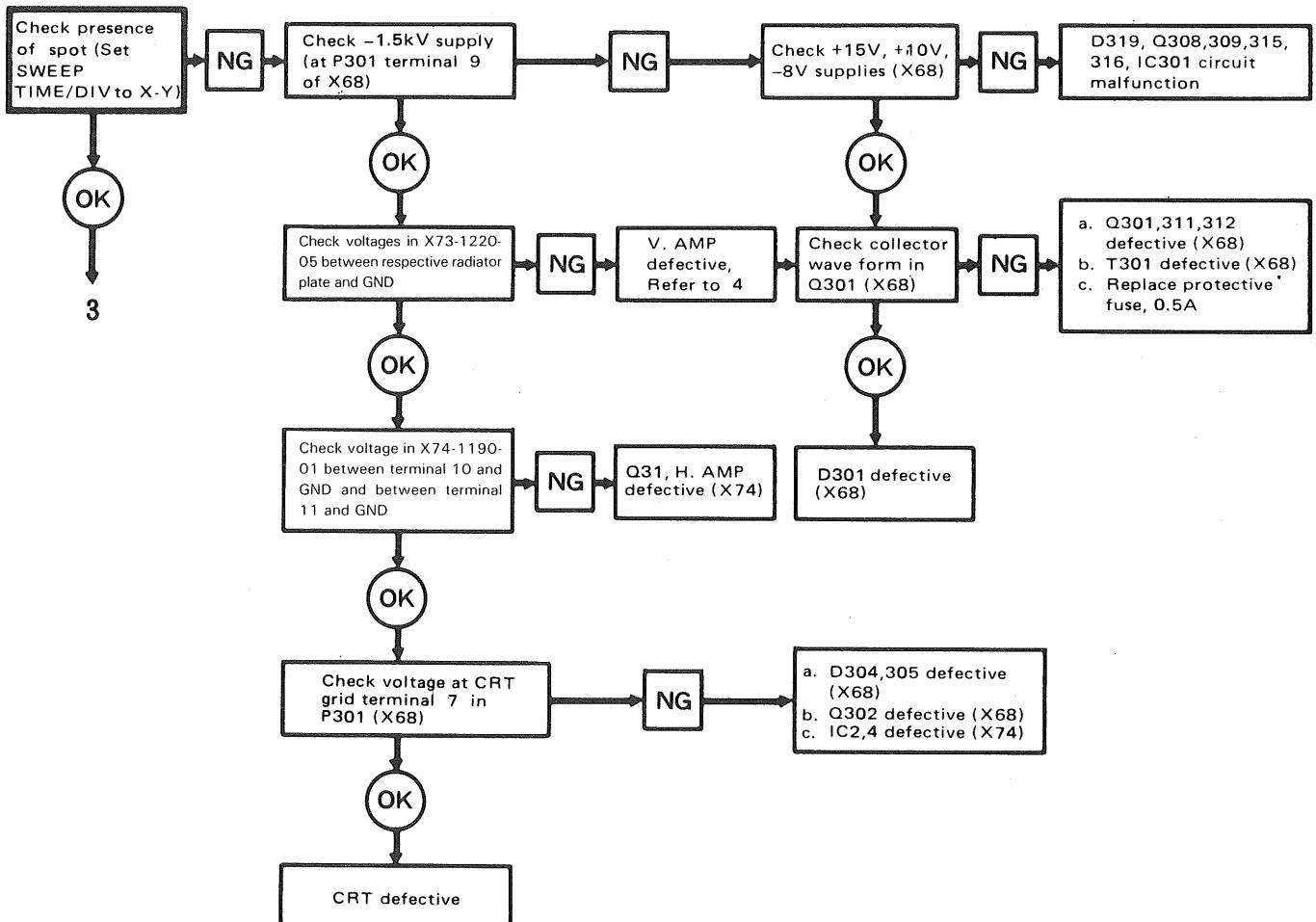


TROUBLESHOOTING

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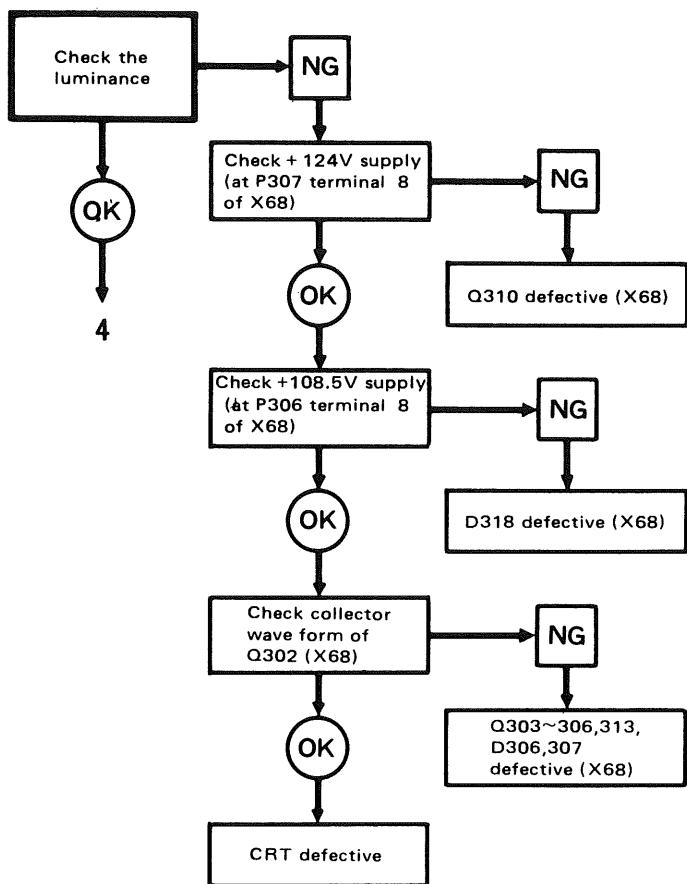


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TROUBLESHOOTING

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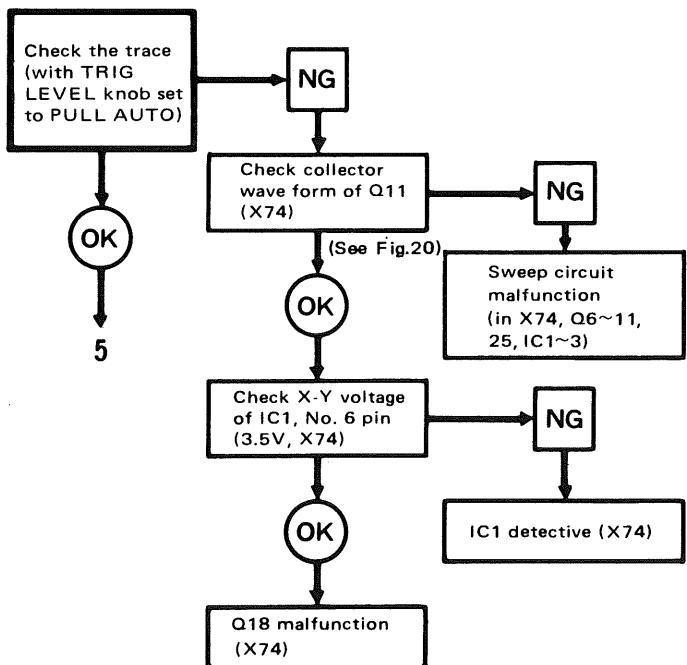
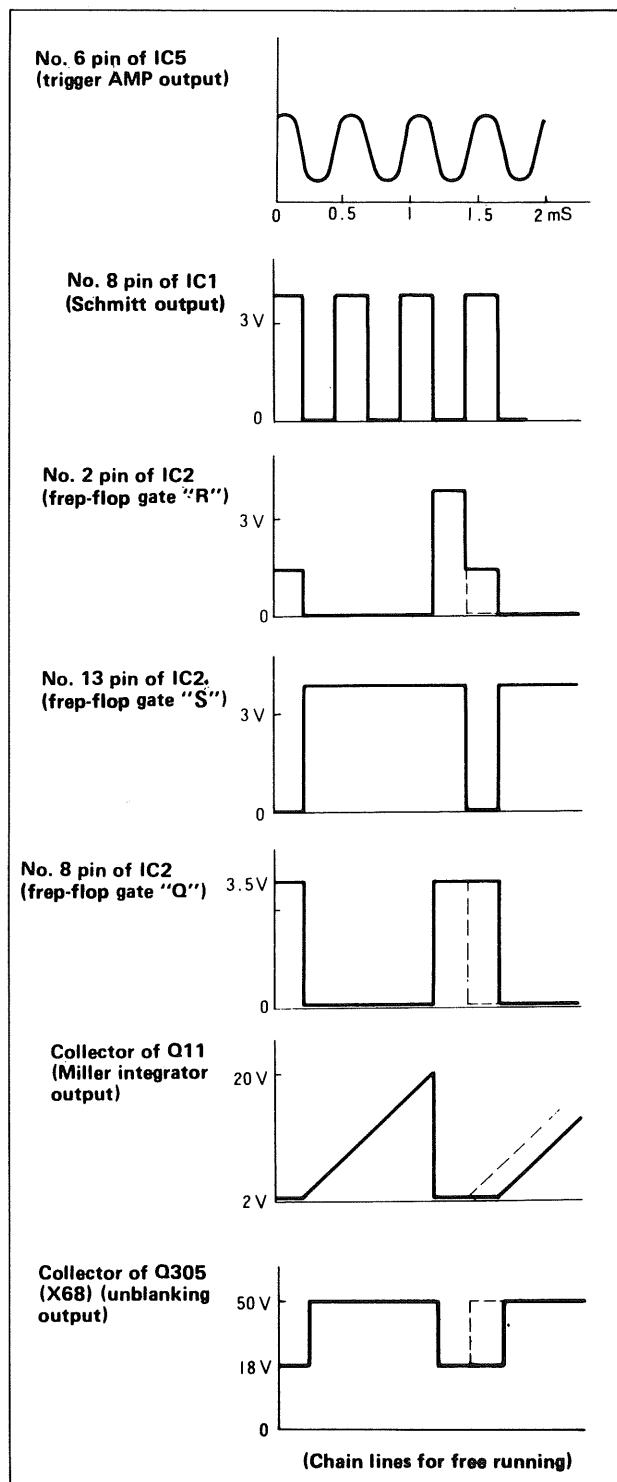
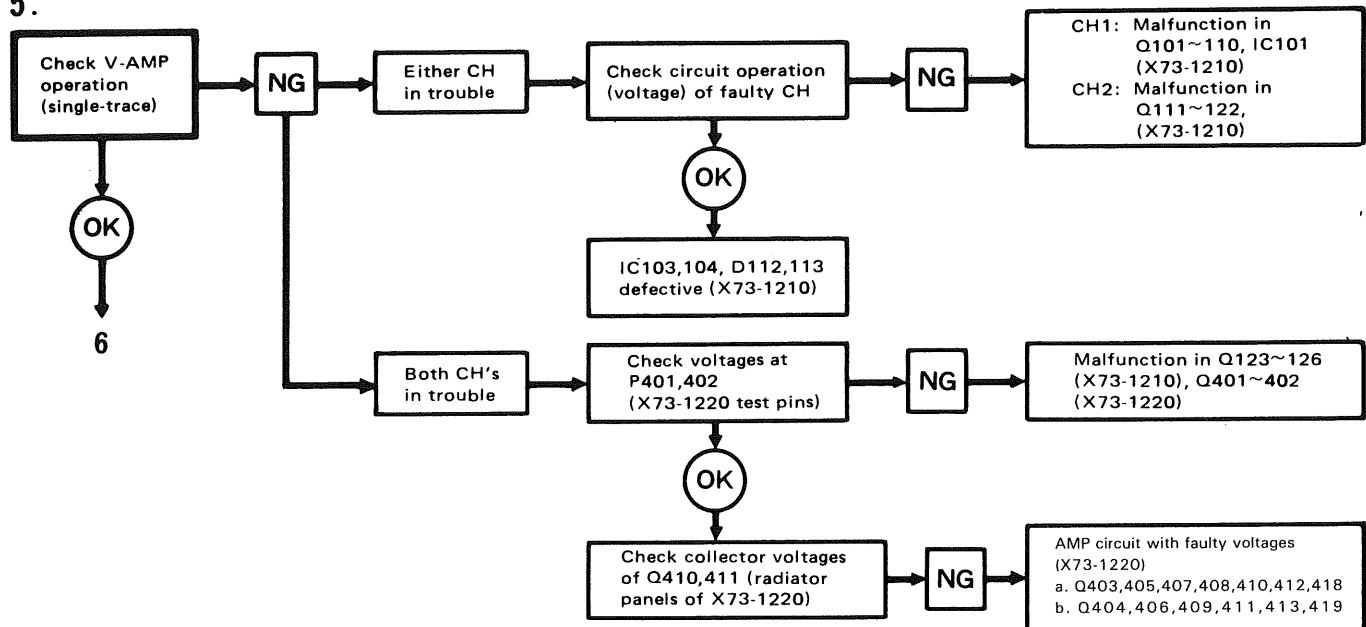


Fig. 20 Wave Form in SWEEP Circuit (X74-1190-01)
(Input Signal 2 kHz Sine Wave, SWEEP TIME
0.1 mS/div)



TROUBLESHOOTING

5.



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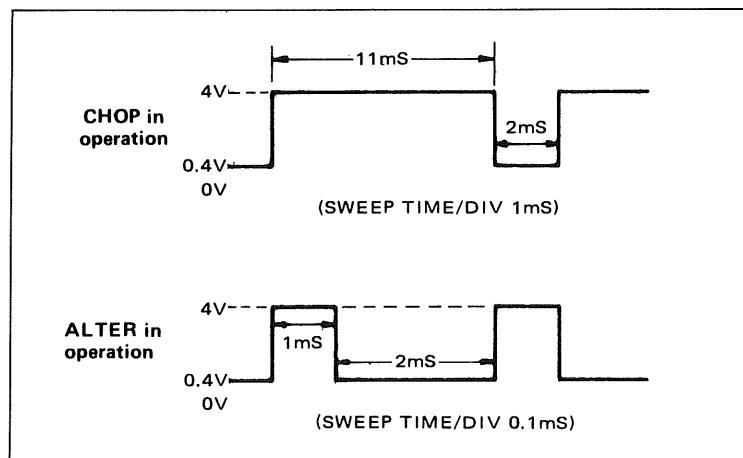
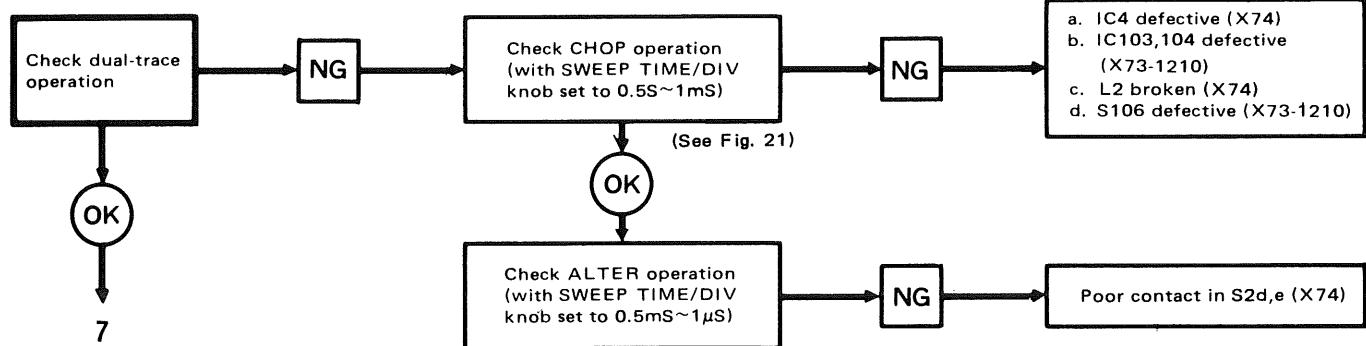
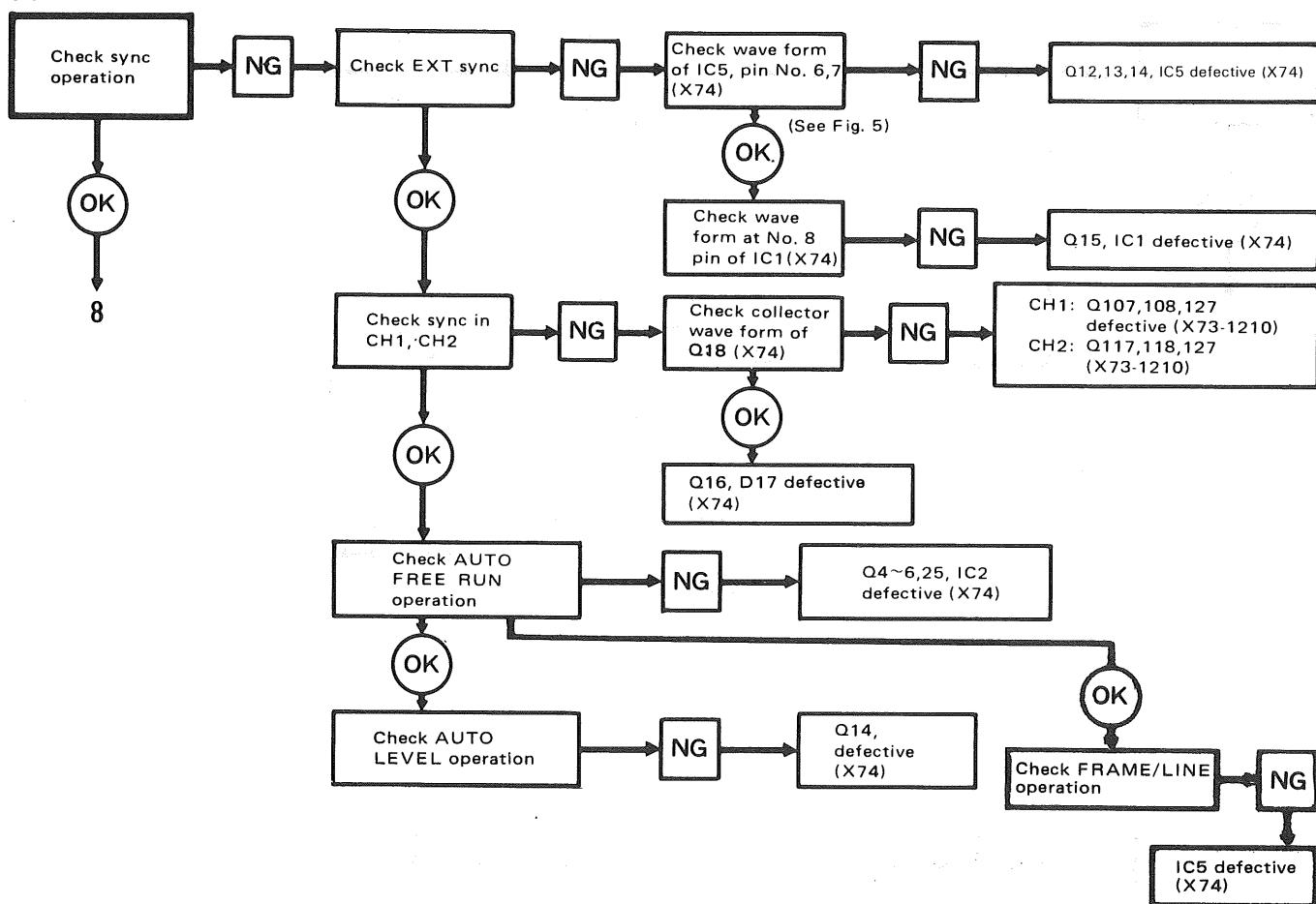


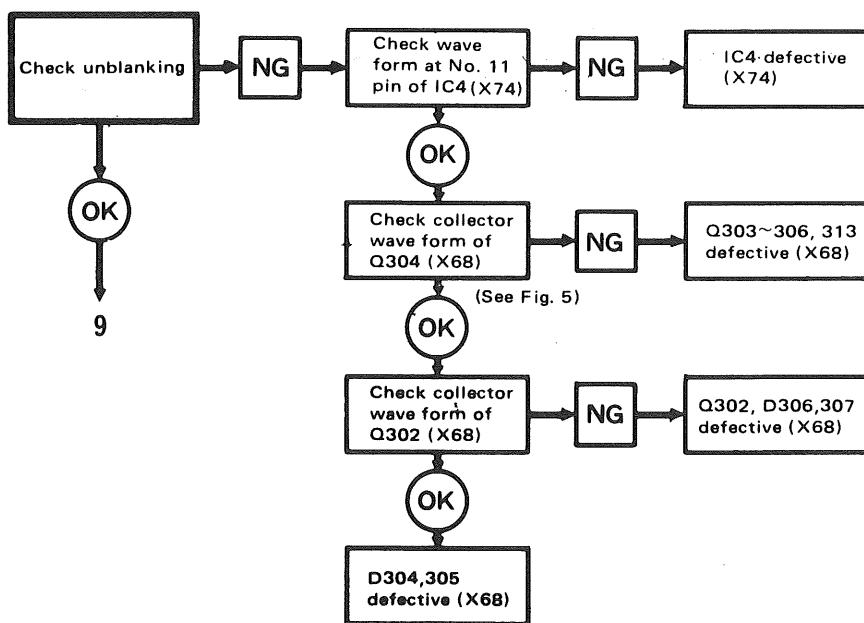
Fig. 21 J1 Clock Pulse Wave Forms at Terminal 5

TROUBLESHOOTING

7.

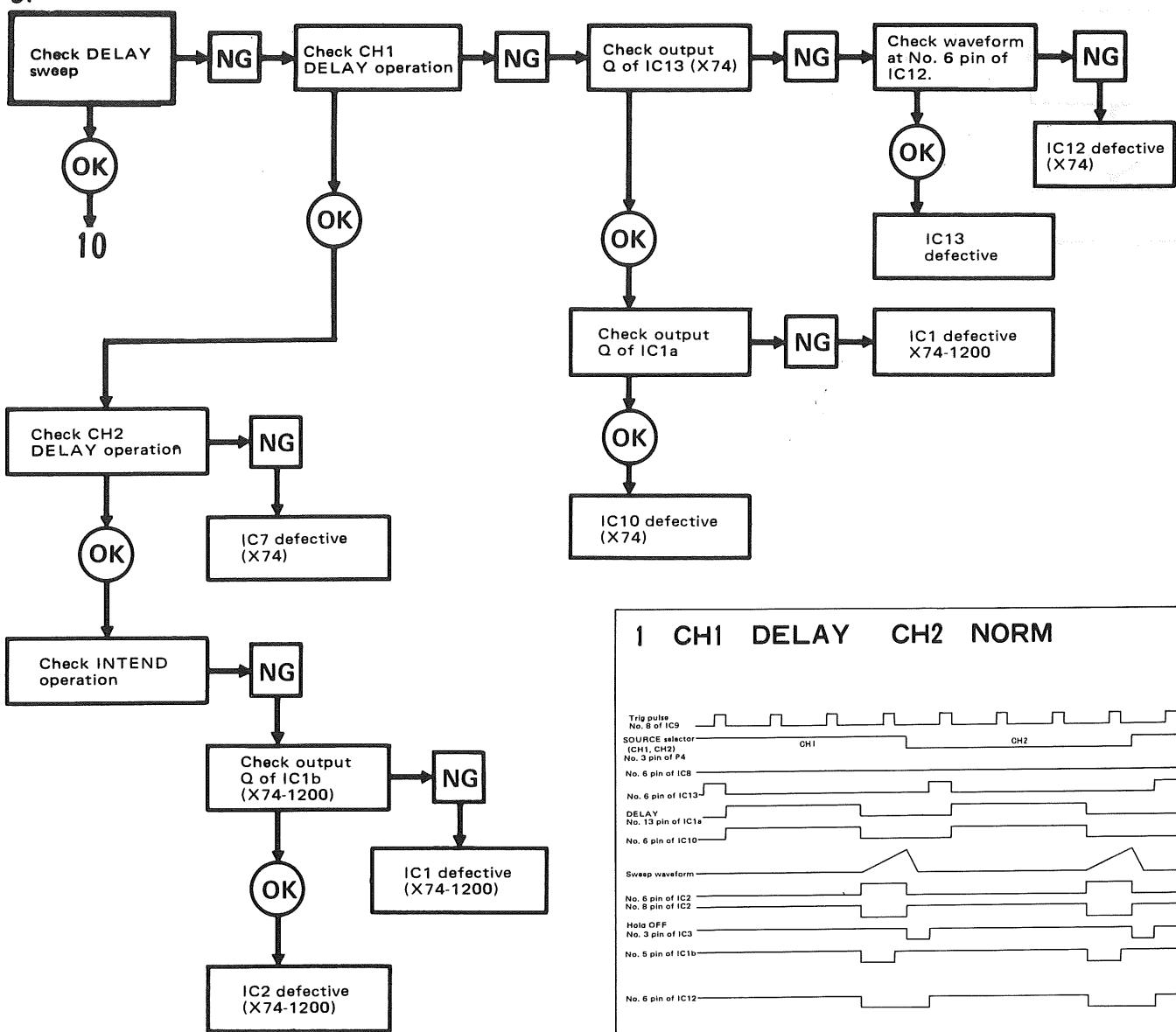


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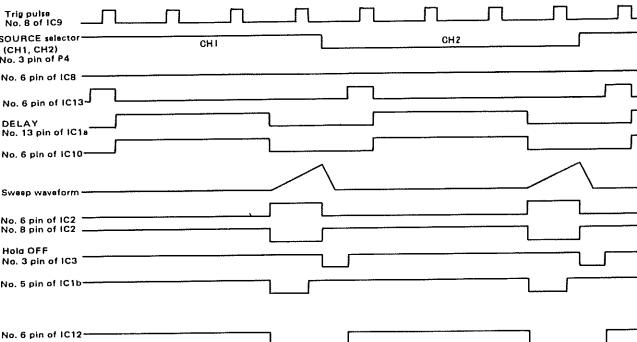


TROUBLESHOOTING

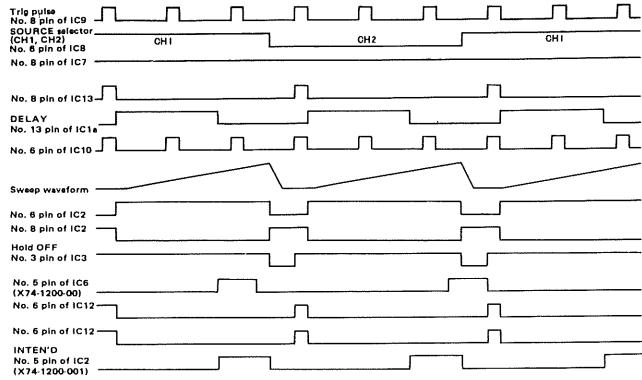
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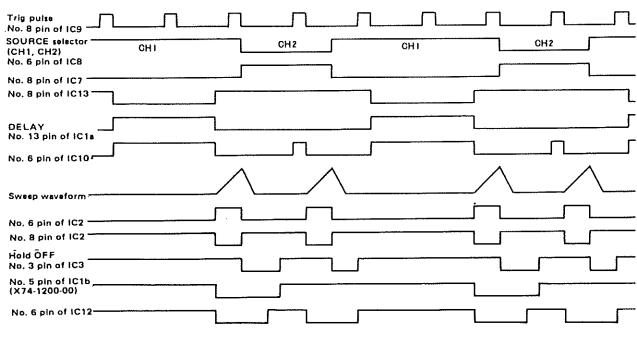
1 CH1 DELAY CH2 NORM



2. CH1 DELAY CH2 DELAY

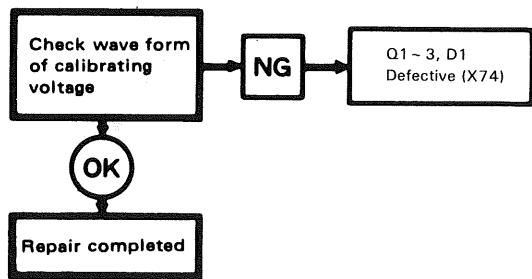


3. CH1 INTEN'D CH2 INTEN'D



TROUBLESHOOTING

10.



PARTS LIST

MAIN CHASSIS

Fig. & index	Parts No.	Description
1	A01-0829-03	Case (Top)
2	A01-0835-13	Case (Bottom)
3	A13-0724-23	Frame
4	A20-2749-32	Die casting panel
5	A21-1001-02	Decorative panel
6	A23-1621-22	Rear panel
7	B07-0703-04	Push escutcheon (round, grey) x 2
8	B07-0708-04	Push escutcheon (rectangular, grey)
9	B07-0706-04	Push escutcheon (rectangular, light grey)
10	B07-0752-12	Rear escutcheon
11	B19-0708-04	Filter
12	B30-0919-15	Lamp ass'y
13	B30-0902-05	LED
14	E01-1403-05	CRT socket
15	E03-0201-05	Power connector
16	E04-0251-05	BNC receptacle
17	E21-0654-04	CAL terminal
18	E21-0657-04	Metal terminal
19	F07-0908-14	Grip cover
20	F10-1545-13	Shield plate
21	F10-1540-04	Shield plate
22	F10-1543-04	Shield plate
23	F11-0942-03	CRT shield
24	F15-0713-14	Felt
25	G02-0603-14	Spring
26	G13-0705-04	CRT mounting rubber
27	J10-0094-03	Bezel ass'y
28	J10-0072-02	Bezel
29	B07-0707-03	Bezel frame
30	J13-0033-15	Fuse holder
31	J19-1618-04	CRT band
32	J19-1619-04	CRT band
33	J21-2812-34	P.C.B. bracket
34	J21-2813-34	P.C.B. bracket
35	J21-2814-53	P.C.B. bracket
36	J21-2815-34	P.C.B. bracket
37	J21-2818-54	P.C.B. bracket
38	J21-2891-14	VR bracket
39	J21-2875-15	Gear
40	J21-2876-05	Ring
41	J21-2899-13	CRT Bracket
42	J32-0822-04	Hex. post
43	K01-0507-05	Handle
44	K21-0819-03	Knob
45	K21-0820-04	Knob
46	K21-0822-14	Knob
47	K27-0525-04	Lever knob (black)
48	K27-0526-04	Lever knob (dark grey)
49	K27-0507-04	Push knob (rectangular, grey)
50	K27-0504-04	Push knob (rectangular, light grey)
51	K27-0505-04	Push knob (rectangular, blue)
52	L01-9186-05	CRT 140CGB31
53	L39-0509-05	Power transformer
54	R01-2012-05	Rotator coil
55	R01-3027-05	Variable res. 5kΩ
56	R01-8502-05	Variable res. 10kΩ
57	R01-6003-05	Variable res. 1MΩ
58	R03-0503-05	Variable res. 250kΩ
59	R05-8502-05	Variable res. 500Ω
60	S42-4507-05	Variable res. 2MΩ
61	N08-0606-05	Push switch
62	W01-0503-04	Hex. socket head screw
63	X73-1210-02	Cord wrap
64	X73-1220-05	Vertical amplifier unit
65	X74-1190-01	Vertical output unit
66	X74-1200-00	Horizontal sweep unit
67	X68-1270-02	Delay sweep unit
68	X77-1020-00	Power supply unit
69	S37-2005-05	Voltage selector unit
70	F11-0910-13	Lever switch
71	S32-4007-05	Shield case
72		Lever switch

Fig. & index	Parts No.	Description				
73	R01-0501-05	Variable res.	300Ω			
74	F11-0147-24	Shield case				
75	S03-3501-05	Rotary switch				
76	R01-1505-05	Variable res.	1kΩ			
77	S40-2502-05	Push switch				
78	R01-4024-05	Variable res.	50kΩ			
79	S29-2504-05	Rotary switch				
80	R01-4024-05	Variable res.	50kΩ			
81	S33-2501-05	Lever switch				
82	S37-2005-05	Lever switch				
83	S32-2013-05	Lever switch				
84	F10-1510-04	Shield plate				
85	F11-0911-33	Shield case				
86	J21-2892-04	P.C.B. bracket				
		Name plate (serial No.)				
		Voltage indication sheet				
		Instruction manual				
		Name plate (CS-1820)				
		Earth plate				
		Earth lug				
		Solder lug				
		Lead wire/connector	2P			
		JIS cord				
(J-2)	E31-2226-05	Lead wire/connector	4P			
(J-1)	E31-0723-05	Lead wire/connector	1P			
(J-4)	E31-0689-05	Lead wire/connector	2P			
(J-7)	E31-0687-05	Lead wire/connector	4P			
(J-8)	E31-0686-05	Lead wire/connector	7P			
(J-10)	E31-0660-05	Lead wire/connector	1P			
(J-11)	E31-0659-05	Lead wire/connector	3P			
(J-13)	E31-0690-05	Lead wire/connector				
(J-14)	E31-0533-05	Lead wire/connector	1P			
(J-15)	E31-0511-05	Lead wire/connector	4P			
(J-16)	E31-0664-05	Lead wire/connector	3P			
(J-18)	E31-0554-25	Lead wire/connector	3P			
	E31-0680-15	Lead wire/connector				
(J-20)	E31-0532-05	Lead wire/connector	1P			
(J-21)	E31-0691-05	Lead wire/connector	1P			
(J-22)	E31-0693-05	Lead wire/connector	2P			
(J-19)	E31-0784-05	Lead wire/connector	4P			
	E31-0717-05	Lead wire/connector				
	F05-7011-05	Fuse	0.7A			
	F05-3011-05	Fuse	0.3A			
	F20-0618-04	Insulation sheet				
	JO2-0089-05	Rubber leg				
(L201, 202)	L40-1091-41	FERRI inductor				
(R206, 207)	RD14BB2E151J	Carbon res.	150Ω	± 5%	1/4W	
(R203, 204)	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon res.	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W	
(R205)	RD14BB2E154J	Carbon res.	150kΩ	± 5%	1/4W	
	H01-2948-04	Carton box				
	H10-2807-02	Pad (foamed styrene)				
	H12-0522-04	Pad (carton)				
	H20-1701-24	Protection cover				
	H25-0029-04	Polyethylene bag				

VERTICAL AMPLIFIER (X73-1210-02)

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description				
RESISTOR						
R101	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W	
R102	RN14BK2H9003F	Metal film	900kΩ	± 1%	1/2W	
R103	RN14BK2E1113F	Metal film	111kΩ	± 1%	1/4W	
R104	RN14BK2H9903F	Metal film	990kΩ	± 1%	1/2W	
R105	RN14BK2E1012F	Metal film	10.1kΩ	± 1%	1/4W	
R106	RN14BK2E4021F	Metal film	4.02kΩ	± 1%	1/4W	

PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description					Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description				
R107	RN14BK2H1004F	Metal film	1MΩ	± 1%	1/2W		R226,227	RN14BK2E91ROF	Metal film	91Ω	± 1%	1/4W	
R108	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R228	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W	
R109~111	RD14CB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R229,230	RN14BK2E2201F	Metal film	2.2kΩ	± 1%	1/4W	
R112	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R232	RD14BB2E680J	Carbon	68Ω	± 5%	1/4W	
R113~116	RD14CB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R233,234	RN14BK2E2001F	Metal film	2kΩ	± 1%	1/4W	
R117,118	RN14BK2E3901F	Metal film	3.9kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		R235	RD14BB2E680J	Carbon	68Ω	± 5%	1/4W	
R119	RD14CB2E681J	Carbon	680Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R239,240	RN14BK2H9963F	Metal film	996kΩ	± 1%	1/2W	
R120	RN14BK2E2701F	Metal film	2.7kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		R241,242	RN14BK2E53R6F	Metal film	53.6Ω	± 1%	1/4W	
R121	RN14BK2E3301F	Metal film	3.3kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		R243	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon	47Ω	± 5%	1/4W	
R122	RN14BK2E2201F	Metal film	2.2kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		R244	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon	22kΩ	± 5%	1/4W	
R123	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R245~248	RN14BK2E10R0F	Metal film	10Ω	± 1%	1/4W	
R124	RN14BK2E1300F	Metal film	130Ω	± 1%	1/4W		R249,250	RD14BB2E5R6J	Carbon	5.6Ω	± 5%	1/4W	
R126	RN14BK2E69R8F	Metal film	69.8Ω	± 1%	1/4W								
R127~129	RN14BK2E1000F	Metal film	100Ω	± 1%	1/4W		VR101	R12-0527-05	Semi-fixed	330ΩB			
R130	RN14BK2E10R0F	Metal film	10Ω	± 1%	1/4W		VR102	R01-0501-05	Variable with "VARI" switch	300ΩB			
R131, R132	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon	47Ω	± 5%	1/4W		VR103	R12-0501-05	Semi-fixed	100ΩB			
R133,134	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		VR104	R01-1505-05	Variable with "POSITION" switch	1kΩB			
R135	RN14BK2E1500F	Metal film	150Ω	± 1%	1/4W		VR105	R12-1003-05	Semi-fixed	2.2kΩB			
R136	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon	470Ω	± 5%	1/4W		VR106	R12-0527-05	Semi-fixed	330ΩB			
R137,138	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon	220Ω	± 5%	1/4W		VR107	R01-0501-05	Variable with "VARI" switch	300ΩB			
R139,140	RN14BK2E3901F	Metal film	3.9kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		VR108	R12-0501-05	Semi-fixed	100ΩB			
R141	RN14BK2E1200F	Metal film	120Ω	± 1%	1/4W		VR109	R01-1505-05	Variable with "POSITION" switch	1kΩB			
R142,143	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		VR110,111	R12-0502-05	Semi-fixed	100ΩB			
R144,145	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon	3.3kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		VR112	R12-1003-05	Semi-fixed	2.2kΩB			
R146~149	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		VR113	R12-2020-05	Semi-fixed	6.8kΩB			
R150	RD14BB2E560J	Carbon	56Ω	± 5%	1/4W		VR117,118	R12-0502-05	Semi fixed	100ΩB			
R151	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W								
R152	RD14BB1E222J	Carbon	2.2kΩ	± 5%	1/4W								
R153,154	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W								
R155,156	RN14BK2E5600F	Metal film	560Ω	± 1%	1/4W								
R157	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C101	C91-0501-05	Metalized film	0.047μF	± 10%	630WV	
R158	RD14BB2E681J	Carbon	680Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C103	CM93BD2A470J	Mica	47pF	± 5%	100WV	
R159	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C104	CC45CH2H020C	Ceramic	2pF	± 0.25pF	500WV	
R160,161	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C105	CM93BD2A151J	Mica	150pF	± 5%	100WV	
R162	RN14BK2H9003F	Metal film	900kΩ	± 1%	1/2W		C106	C91-0502-05	Metalized film	0.01μF	± 10%	630WV	
R163	RN14BK2E1113F	Metal film	111kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		C107,108	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%		
R164	RN14BK2H9903F	Metal film	990kΩ	± 1%	1/2W						- 20%	12WV	
R165	RN14BK2E1012F	Metal film	10.1kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		C110,112	CE04W1A101	Electrolytic	100μF		10WV	
R166	RN14BK2E4021F	Metal film	4.02kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		C114	C91-0501-05	Metalized film	0.047μF	± 10%	630WV	
R167	RN14BK2H1004F	Metal film	1MΩ	± 1%	1/2W		C115	C91-0502-05	Metalized film	0.01μF	± 10%	630WV	
R168	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		C117	CM93BD2A470J	Mica	47pF	± 5%	100WV	
R169~176	RD14CB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C118	CC45CH2H020C	Ceramic	2pF	± 0.25pF	500WV	
R177,178	RN14BK2E3901F	Metal film	3.9Ω	± 1%	1/4W		C119	CM93BD2A151J	Mica	150pF	± 5%	100WV	
R179	RD14CB2E681J	Carbon	680Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C120~122	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%		
R180	RN14BK2E2701F	Metal film	2.7kΩ	± 1%	1/4W						- 20%	12WV	
R181	RN14BK2E3301F	Metal film	3.3kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		C123	CE04W1A101	Electrolytic	100μF		10WV	
R182	RN14BK2E2201F	Metal film	2.2kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		C125,126	CE04W1A101	Electrolytic	100μF		10WV	
R183	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C127	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%		
R184	RN14BK2E1300F	Metal film	130Ω	± 1%	1/4W						- 20%	12WV	
R186	RN14BK2E69R8F	Metal film	69.8Ω	± 1%	1/4W		C128	CE04W1C221	Electrolytic	220μF		16WV	
R187~189	RN14BK2E1000F	Metal film	100Ω	± 1%	1/4W		C129,130	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%		
R190	RN14BK2E10R0F	Metal film	10Ω	± 1%	1/4W						- 20%	12WV	
R191, R192	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon	47Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C131	CE04W1A101	Electrolytic	100μF		10WV	
R193,194	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		C132	CC45CH1H150J	Ceramic	15pF	± 5%	50WV	
R195	RN14BK2E1500F	Metal film	150Ω	± 1%	1/4W		C133	CC45CH1H220J	Ceramic	22pF	± 5%	50WV	
R196	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon	470Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C135	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%		
R197,198	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon	220Ω	± 5%	1/4W						- 20%	12WV	
R199,200	RN14BK2E3901F	Metal film	3.9kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		C136	CC45CH1H121J	Ceramic	120pF	± 5%	50WV	
R201	RD14BB2E820J	Carbon	82Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C137	CC45CH1H150J	Ceramic	15pF	± 5%	50WV	
R202,203	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon	47Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C138	CC45CH1H220J	Ceramic	22pF	± 5%	50WV	
R204,205	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon	3.3kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		C140	CC45CH1H050C	Ceramic	5pF	± 0.25pF	500WV	
R206~209	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C141	CC45CH1H121J	Ceramic	120pF	± 5%	50WV	
R210	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon	47Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C142,143	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	± 20%	50WV	
R211,212	RD14BB2E392J	Carbon	3.9kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		C144	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%		
R213,214	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon	220Ω	± 5%	1/4W						- 20%	12WV	
R215,216	RN14BK2E5600F	Metal film	560Ω	± 1%	1/4W		C146	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	± 20%	50WV	
R217,218	RD14BB2E391J	Carbon	390Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C147	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%		
R219,220	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon	1kΩ	± 5%	1/4W						- 20%	12WV	
R221	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon	220Ω	± 5%	1/4W								
R222	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon	1kΩ	± 5%	1/4W								
R223	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W								
R224,225	RN14BK2E2700F	Metal film	270Ω	± 1%	1/4W								

PARTS LIST

VERTICAL OUTPUT AMPLIFIER (X73-1220-05)

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description
C148	CM93BD2A331J	Mica 330pF $\pm 20\%$ 12WV	R401,402	RN14BK2E91R0F	Metal film $91\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/4W
C149,150	CC45CH2H020C	Ceramic 2pF $\pm 0.25pF$ 500WV	R403,404	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon $22\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
C151	CM93BD2A331J	Mica 330pF $\pm 5\%$ 100WV	R405	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon $220\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
C154	CC45CH1H220J	Ceramic 22pF $\pm 5\%$ 50WV	R406,407	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon $2.2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
C155	CC45CH1H150J	Ceramic 15pF $\pm 5\%$ 50WV	R408	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon $220\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
C156~159	CC45CH1H100D	Ceramic 10pF $\pm 0.5pF$ 50WV	R409,410	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon $22\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
C160,161	CC45CH1H330J	Ceramic 33pF $\pm 5\%$ 50WV	R411	RD14BB2E100J	Carbon $10\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
TC101	C05-0065-05	Ceramic trimmer 6pF	R412,413	RD14BB2E391J	Carbon $390\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
TC102	C05-0066-05	Ceramic trimmer 10pF	R414~417	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon $22\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
TC103	C05-0065-05	Ceramic trimmer 6pF	R418,419	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon $2.2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
TC104	C05-0066-05	Ceramic trimmer 10pF	R420,421	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon $1.5k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
TC105,106	C05-0065-05	Ceramic trimmer 6pF	R422,423	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film $4.7k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/4W
TC107	C05-0066-05	Ceramic trimmer 10pF	R424,425	RD14BB2E1R5J	Carbon $1.5\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
TC108	C05-0065-05	Ceramic trimmer 6pF	R426,427	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon $22\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
TC109	C05-0066-05	Ceramic trimmer 10pF	R428,429	RN14BK2E7502F	Metal film $75k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/4W
TC110	C05-0065-05	Ceramic trimmer 6pF	R430,431	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon $100\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
TC111,112	C05-0066-05	Ceramic trimmer 10pF	R432,433	RD14BB2E100J	Carbon $10\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
TC113	C05-0401-05	Ceramic trimmer 20pF	R444~447	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon $100\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
SEMICONDUCTOR			R448,449	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon $22\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
			R450,451	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon $2.2\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
D101~108		Diode, silicon, small signal 1S1587	R452	RD14BB2E681J	Carbon $680\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
D109,		Diode, silicon, small signal 1S1555	R453	RD14BB2E181J	Carbon $180\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
111~114			R454	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon $100\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
116,117			R456	RD14BB2E681J	Carbon $680\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
119~121			R457	RD14BB2E393J	Carbon $33k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
D122,123		Diode, silicon, small signal 1S1587	R458	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon $1.5k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
D124~127		Diode, germanium 1N60	R459,460	RD14BB2E393J	Carbon $39k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
Q101		FET 2SK30A(O)	R461	RD14BB2E333J	Carbon $33k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
Q102		Dual FET 2SK228T-2 & 3	R463	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon $22\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
Q103~106		Transistor, NPN silicon 2SC535(B)	R466	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon $1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
Q107,108		Transistor, PNP silicon 2SA838(C)	R467	RD14BB2E513J	Carbon $51k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
Q109,110		Transistor, NPN silicon 2SC535(B)	R471,472	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon $47\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
Q111		FET 2SK30A(O)	R476	RD14BB2E112J	Carbon $1.1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
Q112		Dual FET 2SK228T-2 & 3	R477,478	RD14BB2E181J	Carbon $180\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/4W
Q113~116		Transistor, NPN silicon 2SC535(B)	VR401	R12-0511-05	Semi-fixed $220\Omega B$
Q117,118		Transistor, PNP silicon 2SA838(C)	VR402	R12-3004-05	Semi-fixed $47k\Omega B$
Q119~122		Transistor, NPN silicon 2SC535(B)	VR404	R12-5018-05	Semi-fixed $220k\Omega B$
Q123,124		Transistor, PNP silicon 2SA844(D)	VR405	R12-1002-05	Semi-fixed $1k\Omega B$
Q125,126		Transistor, NPN silicon 2SC458(C)	CAPACITOR		
Q127		Transistor, PNP silicon 2SA844(D)	C401,402	C90-0298-05	Ceramic semi-conductor $0.1\mu F$ $\pm 80\%$ -20% 12WV
IC101,102		IC, Linear HA1127	C403	CE04W1A331M	Electrolytic $330\mu F$ 10WV
IC103		IC, Digital SN7400N	C407	CK45D1H222M	Ceramic $2200pF \pm 20\%$ 50WV
IC104		IC, Digital SN7472N	C408	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic $0.01\mu F \pm 20\%$ 50WV
MISCELLANEOUS			C409	CC45CH1H100D	Ceramic $10pF \pm 0.5pF$ 50WV
—	E29-0503-05	Terminal x 2 (Fluorine)	C410	CC45CH1H150J	Ceramic $15pF \pm 5\%$ 50WV
—	E29-0504-05	Terminal x 10 (Fluorine)	C411	CE04W1E221	Electrolytic $220\mu F$ 25WV
J5	E31-0658-05	Lead wire with connector	C412	CE04W1C101	Electrolytic $100\mu F$ 16WV
P101	E40-0802-05	Connector 8P	C413	C90-0298-05	Ceramic semi-conductor $0.1\mu F$ $\pm 80\%$ -20% 12WV
P102	E40-0701-05	Connector 7P	C414	CE04W1C470	Electrolytic $47\mu F$ 16WV
—	F10-1510-04	Shield plate	C415	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic $0.01\mu F \pm 20\%$ 50WV
—	F11-0147-24	Shield case	C416	CK45D2H103M	Ceramic $0.01\mu F \pm 20\%$ 500WV
—	F11-0910-13	Shield case	C417,418	CC45CH2H010C	Ceramic $1pF \pm 0.25pF$ 500WV
—	J25-2886-13	Printed circuit board	C423,424	CC45SL1H121J	Ceramic $120pF \pm 5\%$ 50WV
L101,102	L40-2201-03	Ferri inductor $22\mu H$	C428,429	CK45D2H103M	Ceramic $0.01\mu F \pm 20\%$ 500WV
TH101,102		Thermister SDT-100	C430	C90-0298-05	Ceramic semi-conductor $0.1\mu F$ $\pm 80\%$ -20% 12WV
—	R92-0150-05	Jumper wire, resistor type	C431	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic $0.01\mu F \pm 20\%$ 50WV
S101,102	S32-4007-05	Lever switch	C432	C90-0298-05	Ceramic semi-conductor $0.1\mu F$ $\pm 80\%$ -20% 12WV
S103,104	S03-3501-05	Rotary switch	C433	CE04W1A101	Electrolytic $100\mu F$ 10WV
S105	S40-2502-05	Pushbutton switch	C434	CE04W1E221	Electrolytic $220\mu F$ 25WV
S106	S37-2005-05	Lever switch	C435	C90-0298-05	Ceramic semi-conductor $0.1\mu F$ $\pm 80\%$ -20% 12WV

PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description					Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description					
C437	CC45SL1H820J	Ceramic	82pF	± 5%	50WV		R36	RD14BB2E822J	Carbon	8.2kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
C439	CC45SL1H221J	Ceramic	220pF	± 5%	50WV		R37	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon	6.8kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
C443,444	CK45B2H102K	Ceramic	1000pF	± 10%	500WV		R38	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
TC402,403	C05-0066-05	Ceramic trimmer	10pF				R39	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon	6.8kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
SEMICONDUCTOR														
D401,402		Diode, silicon	1S1587				R40	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
D403		Diode, zener	WZ-130				R41	RD14BB2E153J	Carbon	15kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
D404		Diode, zener	WZ-050				R42	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon	1.5kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
D405,406		Diode, silicon	1S1555				R43	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
D407		Diode, zener	WZ-050				R44	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon	1.5kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
D408,409		Diode, silicon	1S1587				R45	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
Q401 ~ Q404		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC535-(B)				R46	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
Q405 ~ 409		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC458-(C)				R47	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon	1kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
Q410,411		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC1628-(Y)				R48	RD14BB2E185J	Carbon	1.8MΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
Q412,413		Transistor, PNP silicon	2SA818-(Y)				R49	RD14BB2E224J	Carbon	220kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
Q418,419		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC458-(C)				R50 ~ 52	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
MISCELLANEOUS														
J401,402	E23-0047-04	Terminal					R53	RD14BB2E205J	Carbon	2MΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
	E40-0806-05	Connector					R55	RD14BB2E123J	Carbon	12kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
	F01-0821-04	Heat sink x 2					R56	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
	J32-0122-04	Hexagon boss x 2					R57	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
	J21-2892-04	Bracket (P.C. board)					R58	RD14BB2E391J	Carbon	390Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
	J25-2808-34	Printed circuit board					R59	RD14BB2E220J	Carbon	22Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
L401	L40-4701-03	Ferri-inductor	47μH				R60	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
L406	L40-2201-03	Ferri-inductor	22μH				R61	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon	2.2kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
TH401 ~ 403		Thermistor	SDT-100				R63	RD14BB2E153J	Carbon	15kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
SWEEP (X74-1190-01)														
Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description					R66	RD14BB2E563J	Carbon	56kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
		RESISTOR					R67	RD14BB2E683J	Carbon	68kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R1	RD14BB2E562J	Carbon	5.6kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R70	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon	2.2kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R2	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon	1.5kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R71	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
R3	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R72	RD14BB2E123J	Carbon	12kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R4	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R73	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R5	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R74	RD14BB2E122J	Carbon	1.2kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R6,7	RD14BB2E563J	Carbon	56kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R75	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon	2.2kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R8	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R76	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon	1.5kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R9	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon	47Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R77	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R11	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon	470Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R78	RD14BB2E822J	Carbon	8.2kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R12	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon	22kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R79	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
R13	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R80	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon	6.8kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R14	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon	470Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R81	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R15	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon	22kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R82	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon	6.8kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R16,17	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R83 ~ 85	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
R18	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon	560Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R86	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon	560Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
R19	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon	1kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R87	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon	22kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R20	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon	3.3kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R88	RD14BB2E681J	Carbon	680Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
R21	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon	1.5kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R89,90	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
R22	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon	3.3kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R91	RS14GB3D472G	Metal oxide film	4.7kΩ	± 2%	2W		
R23	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon	1kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R92	RS14GB3D512G	Metal oxide film	5.1kΩ	± 2%	2W		
R25	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon	1.5kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R93	RS14GB3A393J	Metal oxide film	39kΩ	± 5%	1W		
R26	RN14BK2E1003F	Metal film	100kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		R94,95	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
R27	R92-0709-05	Metal film	3MΩ	± 1%	1/4W		R96	RD14BB2E821J	Carbon	820Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
R28	RN14BK2E1003F	Metal film	100kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		R97	RD14BB2E183J	Carbon	18kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R29	RN14BK2E3003F	Metal film	300kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		R98	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R30	RN14BK2H5003F	Metal film	500kΩ	± 1%	1/2W		R99	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon	22kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R31	RN14BK2H1004F	Metal film	100kΩ	± 1%	1/2W		R100	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
R32	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R101	RD14BB2E272J	Carbon	2.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R33	RD14BB2E473J	Carbon	47kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R102	RD14BB2E182J	Carbon	1.8kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R34	RD14BB2E683J	Carbon	68kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		R103	RD14BB2E393J	Carbon	39kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
R35	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		R104	RD14BB2E562J	Carbon	5.6kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R105	RD14BB2E183J	Carbon	18kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R111	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
							R112	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon	1.5kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R113	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
							R114	RD14BB2E152J	Carbon	1.5kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R115,116	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
							R117,118	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R119	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
							R120	RD14BB2E473J	Carbon	47kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R121	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R122	RD14BB2E183J	Carbon	18kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R123	RD14BB2E822J	Carbon	8.2kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R124	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		
							R131	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon	220Ω	± 5%	1/4W		
							R138	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon	220Ω	± 5%	1/4W		

PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description					Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description														
R139,140	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film	4.7kΩ	± 1%	1/4W		C58	CC45SL1H050C	Ceramic	5pF	± 0.5pF	50WV											
R149	RD14BB2E822J	Carbon	8.2kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		C59	CC45SL1H221J	Ceramic	220pF	± 5%	50WV											
R150	RD14BB2E392J	Carbon	3.9kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		C60	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%												
R152	RD14BB2E393J	Carbon	39kΩ	± 5%	1/4W						- 20%	12WV											
R153	RD14BB2E183J	Carbon	18kΩ	± 5%	1/4W		C61,62	CC45SL1H020C	Ceramic	2pF	± 0.25pF	50WV											
R154	RD14BB2E561J	Carbon	560Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C63	CE04BW1H010M	Electrolytic	1μF	± 20%	50WV											
R157	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon	47Ω	± 5%	1/4W		C64	CE04W1A101	Electrolytic	100μF		10WV											
VR1	R12-3041-05	Semi-fixed	10kΩB				C65	CQ93M1H222K	Mylar	2200pF	± 10%	50WV											
VR2,3	R12-5025-05	Semi-fixed	100kΩB				C78 ~ 80	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	± 20%	50WV											
VR4	R01-2501-05	Semi-fixed with switch (S2)	5kΩB				C81 ~ 84	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%												
VR5	R12-5025-05	Semi-fixed	100kΩB							- 20%	12WV												
VR6	R12-1028-05	Semi-fixed	4.7kΩB				C87	CE04W1A470	Electrolytic	47μF		10WV											
VR7	R12-3042-05	Semi-fixed	47kΩB				C88	CE04W1A221	Electrolytic	220μF		10WV											
VR8	R01-4024-15	Variable with switch (S1)	50kΩB				C89	CC45SL1H151J	Ceramic	150pF	± 5%	50WV											
VR9	R12-8501-05	Semi-fixed	2.2MΩB				C90	CK45D1H152M	Ceramic	1500pF	± 20%	50WV											
VR10	R12-3041-05	Semi-fixed	0kΩB				C91	CC45SL1H471J	Ceramic	470pF	± 5%	50WV											
VR11	R12S-1029-05	Semi-fixed	1kΩB				C92	CE04BW1H010M	Electrolytic	1μF	± 20%	50WV											
VR12	R12-2020-05	Semi-fixed	6.8kΩB				C93	CK45B1H471K	Ceramic	470pF	± 10%	50WV											
VR13,14	R12-0502-05	Semi-fixed	100ΩB				C94 ~ 96	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	± 20%	50WV											
VR15	R12-3040-05	Semi-fixed	22kΩB				TC1	C05-0405-05	Ceramic trimmer		20pF												
VR17,18	R12S-1029-05	Semi-fixed	1kΩB				TC2	C05-0404-05	Ceramic trimmer		10pF												
VR19	R12-3507-05	Semi-fixed	15kΩB				TC3,4	C05-0403-05	Ceramic trimmer		6pF												
CAPACITOR																							
C1,2	CQ93M1H682K	Mylar	6800pF	± 10%	50WV		SEMICONDUCTOR																
C3	CE04W1A101	Electrolytic	100μF		10WV		Q1 ~ 6		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945(P)													
C4 ~ 6	CE04W1H010	Electrolytic	1μF		50WV		Q7,8		Transistor, PNP silicon	2SA733(Q)													
C7,8	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	± 20%	50WV		Q9		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945(P)													
C9	CC45CH1H330J	Ceramic	33pF	± 5%	50WV		Q10		FET	2SK30A(O)													
C10	C90-0320-05	Metalized film	0.47μF	± 1%			Q11		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945(P)													
C11	C90-0321-05	Metalized film	0.0047μF	± 1%			Q12		FET	2SK30A(O)													
C12	CC45CH1H330J	Ceramic	33pF	± 5%	50WV		Q13		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945(P)													
C13	CC45CH1H100D	Ceramic	10pF	± 0.5pF	50WV		Q14		FET	2SK185-2-M													
C14	CS15E1VR33M	Tantaleum	0.33μF	± 20%	35WV		Q15		FET	2SK30A(O)													
C15	CQ93M1H333K	Mylar	0.033μF	± 10%	50WV		Q16 ~ 19		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945(P)													
C16	CK45D1H102M	Ceramic	1000pF	± 20%	50WV		Q20		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC535(C)													
C17	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%			Q21,22		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945(P)													
				- 20%	12WV		Q23,24		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC1507													
C18	CC45CH1H180J	Ceramic	18pF	± 5%	50WV		Q25 ~ 29		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945(P)													
C19,20	CQ93M1H152K	Mylar	1500pF	± 10%	50WV		Q31		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945(P)													
C21	CK45B1H681K	Ceramic	680pF	± 10%	50WV		IC1		IC, Digital	SN74H00N													
C22	CC45SL1H151J	Ceramic	150pF	± 5%	50WV		IC2		IC, Digital	SN74H72N													
C23	CC45SL2H100D	Ceramic	10pF	± 0.5pF	500WV		IC3		IC, Digital	NJM555D													
C24	CQ93M1H153K	Mylar	0.015μF	± 10%	50WV		IC4		IC, Digital	SN7400N													
C25	CC45SL2H101J	Ceramic	100pF	± 5%	500WV		IC5		IC, Digital	RC733T													
C26	CC45SL1H150J	Ceramic	15pF	± 5%	50WV		IC6 ~ 10		IC, Digital	SN74LS00N													
C27	CK45D2H332M	Ceramic	3300pF	± 20%	50WV		IC12		IC, Digital	SN74LS00N													
C28,29	CE04BW1H010M	Electrolytic	1μF	± 20%	50WV		IC13		IC, Digital	SN74H72N													
C30	CC45SL1H150J	Ceramic	15pF	± 5%	50WV		D1		Diode, germanium	1N60													
C31 ~ 34	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	± 20%	50WV		D2 ~ 4		Diode, silicon	1S1555													
C35	CC45SL1H150J	Ceramic	15pF	± 5%	50WV		D5		Diode, germanium	1N60													
C37	CC45CH1H050C	Ceramic	5pF	± 0.25pF	50WV		D6		Diode, silicon	1S1587													
C38	CK45D2H102M	Ceramic	1000pF	± 20%	50WV		D7 ~ 10		Diode, silicon	1S1555													
C39	CE04W1A101	Electrolytic	100μF		10WV		D11		Diode, germanium	1N60													
C40,41	CE04W1C471M	Electrolytic	470μF		16WV		D15		Diode, silicon	1S1555													
C42	CK45D1H222M	Ceramic	2200pF	± 20%	50WV		D16		Diode, zener	YZ-030													
C43	CE04W1A470	Electrolytic	47μF		10WV		D17 ~ 20		Diode, silicon	1S1555													
C44	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%			D22,23		Diode, silicon	1S1555													
				- 20%	12WV		D26		Diode, silicon	1S1555													
C45	CC45SL1H470J	Ceramic	47pF	± 5%	50WV		D28,29		Diode, silicon	1S1555													
C46	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	± 20%	50WV		D30		Diode, germanium	1N60													
C48	CC45SL1H100D	Ceramic	10pF	± 0.5pF			D32 ~ 40		Diode, silicon	1S1555													
C49	CC45SL1H221J	Ceramic	220pF	± 5%	50WV																		
C51	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	± 20%	50WV																		
C52 ~ 56	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+ 80%																			
				- 20%	12WV																		
C57	CC45SL1H221J	Ceramic	220pF	± 5%	50WV		J1,2	E23-0046-04	Terminal x 10														
								E40-0808-05	Connector														

PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description				
P2	E40-0367-05	Connector 3P				
P3	E40-0767-05	Connector 7P				
P4	E40-0367-05	Connector 3P				
P5	E40-0467-05	Connector 4P				
P7	E40-0467-05	Connector 4P				
P8	E40-0267-05	Connector 2P				
L2	L40-4701-03	Ferri-inductor	47 μ H			
L3	L40-3991-02	Ferri-inductor	3.9 μ H			
L4,5	L40-1511-03	Ferri-inductor	150 μ H			
L6~8	L40-4701-03	Ferri-inductor	47 μ H			
L9	L40-1011-03	Ferri-inductor	100 μ H			
L10	L40-3311-03	Ferri-inductor	330 μ H			
L11	L40-1511-03	Ferri-inductor	150 μ H			
—	J25-2866-23	Printed circuit board				
S2	S29-2504-05	Rotary switch				
S3	S33-2501-05	Lever switch				
S4	S37-2005-05	Lever switch				
S5	S32-2013-05	Lever switch				

DELAY SWEEP (X74-1200-00)

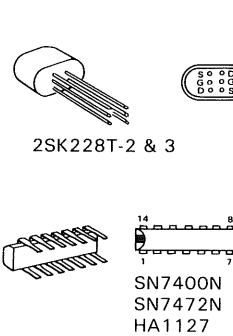
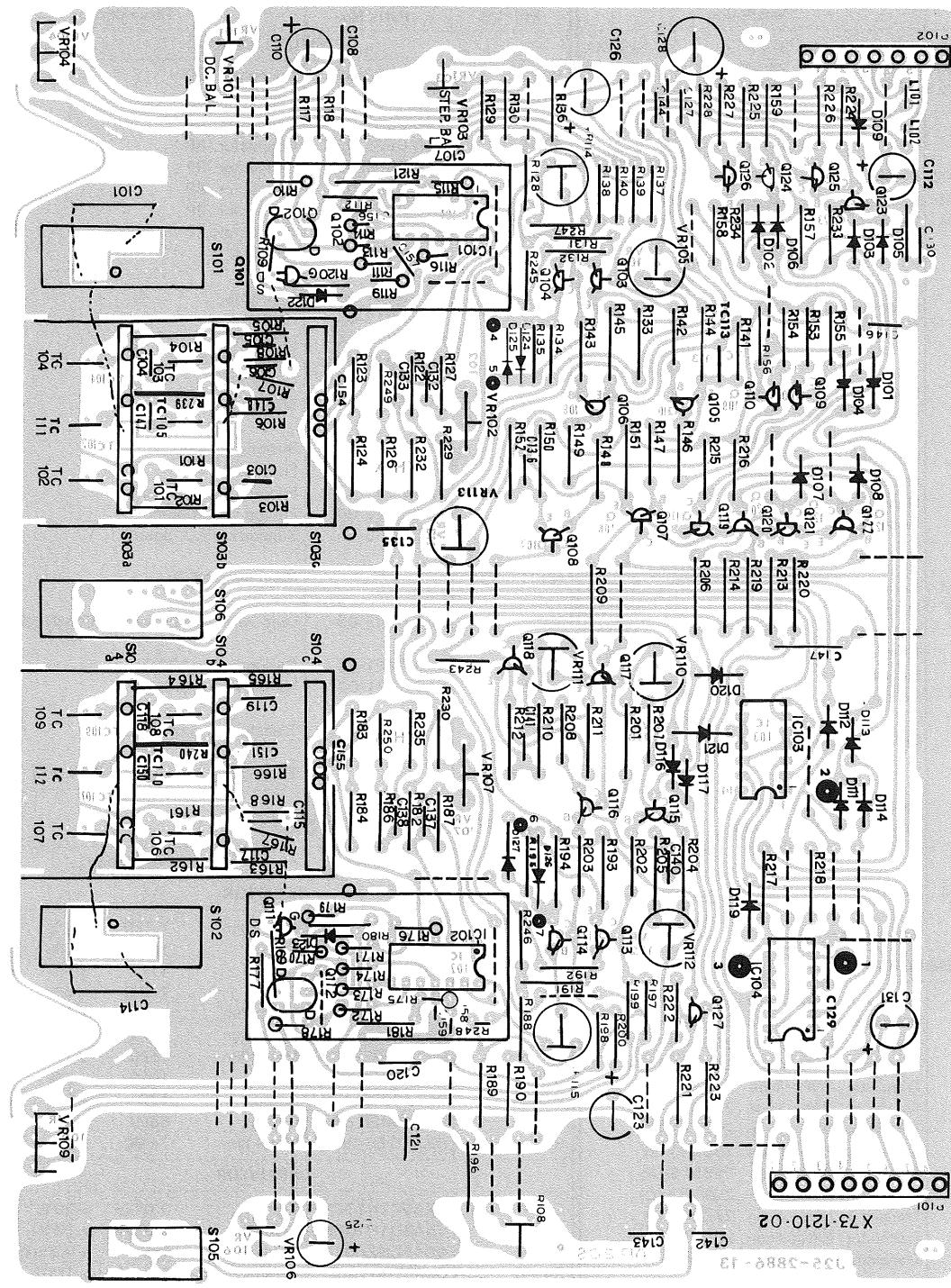
Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description				
RESISTOR						
R1	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W	
R2	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W	
R3	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W	
R5	RD14BB2E224J	Carbon	220k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W	
R6	RN14BK2E4701F	Metal film	4.7k Ω	$\pm 1\%$	1/4W	
R7	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W	
VR1	RO6-9501-05	Variable with switch (S01-1510-15) 100k Ω				
CAPACITORS						
C1	CE04W1A3R3	Electrolytic	3.3 μ F		10WV	
C2	C91-0542-05	Filmed	0.33 μ F			
C3	CQ93M1H333K	Mylar	0.033 μ F	$\pm 10\%$	50WV	
C4	CQ93M1H332K	Mylar	3300pF	$\pm 10\%$	50WV	
C5	CC45SL1H221J	Ceramic	220pF	$\pm 5\%$	50WV	
C6	CC45SL1H101J	Ceramic	100pF	$\pm 5\%$	50WV	
C7	CE04W1A470	Electrolytic	47 μ F		10WV	
C8	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01 μ F	$\pm 20\%$	50WV	
C9	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01 μ F	$\pm 20\%$	50WV	
SEMICONDUCTORS						
IC1		IC, Digital	SN74LS123N			
IC2		IC, Digital	SN74H72N			
D1~4		Diode, silicon	1S1555			
MISCELLANEOUS						
—	E23-0047-04	Terminal				
—	F11-0943-04	Shield case				
—	J61-0053-05	Supporter, (PC board)				
—	J25-2867-14	Printed circuit board				
L1	L40-4701-03	Ferri-inductor	47 μ H			
P1	E40-0269-05	Connector, 2P				
P2	E40-0769-05	Connector, 7P				
S1	S01-1510-15	Rotary switch				

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description									
POWER SUPPLY (X68-1270-02)											
RESISTOR											
R302	R92-0746-05	Metal film	1.2M Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1W						
R303	RC05GF2H335J	Solid	3.3M Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/2W						
R304, 305	RC05GF2H226K	Solid	2.2M Ω	$\pm 10\%$	1/2W						
R306	RC05GF2H473J	Solid	4.7k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/2W						
R307	RD14BB2E683J	Carbon	68k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R308	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R309	RD14BB2E331J	Carbon	330 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R310	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon	1k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R311	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R312	RD14BB2E473J	Carbon	47k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R313	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R314	RD14BB2E151J	Carbon	150 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R315	RN14BK2E1303F	Metal film	130k Ω	$\pm 1\%$	1/4W						
R317	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R318	RD14BB2E470J	Carbon	47 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R319~321	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R322	RD14BB2E472J	Carbon	4.7k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R323	RD14BB2E331J	Carbon	330 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R324	RD14BB2E333J	Carbon	33k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R325	RD14BB2E473J	Carbon	4.7k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R326	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon	6.8k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R327	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon	22k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R328	RD14BB2E332J	Carbon	3.3k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R329	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon	22k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R330	RD14BB2E103J	Carbon	10k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R331~333	RD14BB2E101J	Carbon	100 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R334	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon	2.2k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R335	RD14BB2E122J	Carbon	1.2k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R336, 337	RD14BB2E2R2J	Carbon	2.2 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R338	RN14BK2E4301F	Metal film	4.3k Ω	$\pm 1\%$	1/4W						
R339	RN14BK2E8201F	Metal film	8.2k Ω	$\pm 1\%$	1/4W						
R340	RD14BB2E471J	Carbon	470 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R341	RN14BK2E1502F	Metal film	15k Ω	$\pm 1\%$	1/4W						
R342	RN14BK2E1202F	Metal film	12k Ω	$\pm 1\%$	1/4W						
R343	RD14BB2E2R2J	Carbon	2.2 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R344	RN14BK2E6801F	Metal film	6.8k Ω	$\pm 1\%$	1/4W						
R345	RD14BB2E682J	Carbon	6.8k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R346	RD14BB2E221J	Carbon	220 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R347	RD14BB2E222J	Carbon	2.2k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R348	RN14BK2E9102F	Metal film	91k Ω	$\pm 1\%$	1/4W						
R349, 350	RD14BB2E4R7J	Carbon	4.7 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R351	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon	1k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R352	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R353	RS14GB3D511J	Metal oxide	510 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	2W						
R354	RD14BB2E151J	Carbon	150 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R355	RD14BB2E223J	Carbon	22k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R356	RD14BB2E473J	Carbon	47k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R357~359	RD14BB2E102J	Carbon	1k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R361	RD14BB2E104J	Carbon	100k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R362, 363	RD14BB2E473J	Carbon	47k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R364	RD14BB2E105J	Carbon	1M Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1/4W						
R365	R92-0778-05	Metal film	7.5M Ω	$\pm 5\%$	1W						
VR302	R12-3004-05	Semi-fixed	47k Ω B								
VR303	R12-3042-05	Semi-fixed	47k Ω B								
VR304	R12-1002-05	Semi-fixed	1k Ω B								
CAPACITORS											
C304	CK45E3D102P	Ceramic	1000pF	$+ 100\%$							
C305~308	CK45E3D103P	Ceramic	0.01 μ F	$+ 100\%$							
C309	CK45F1H103Z	Ceramic	0.01 μ F	$+ 80\%$							
C310	CE04W1H471	Electrolytic	470 μ F		50WV						
C311	CQ93M1H153K	Mylar	0.015 μ F	$\pm 10\%$	50WV						
C312	C91-0472-05	Film	0.1 μ F								

PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description			Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description			
C313	CE04W2E3R3	Electrolytic	3.3μF	250WV	P301	E40-0903-05	Connector, 9P	MISCELLANEOUS		
C314	CC45SL1H221J	Ceramic	220μF	50WV	P302	E40-0403-05	Connector, 4P			
C315	CC45CH2H020C	Ceramic	2pF	±0.25pF500WV	P304	E40-0432-05	Connector, 4P			
C316	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+80%	P305	E40-0532-05	Connector, 5P			
				-20%	P306	E40-0801-05	Connector, 8P			
C317	CC45CH1H100D	Ceramic	10pF	±0.5pF	P307	E40-0802-05	Connector, 8P			
C318	CK45D2H332M	Ceramic	3300pF	±20%	P308	E40-0367-05	Connector, 3P			
C319 ~ 321	CK45D2H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	±20%	P309	E40-0267-05	Connector, 2P			
C322	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+80%		E23-0047-05	Terminal			
				-20%						
C323	CE04W1A331	Electrolytic	330μF			F01-0801-04	Heat sink			
C324	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+80%		F01-0813-05	Heat sink			
				-20%		F01-0825-04	Heat sink			
C325	CE04W1C221	Electrolytic	220μF	16WV		F05-5016-05	Fuse 0.5A T			
C326	C90-0218-05	Electrolytic	3300μF	25WV		F11-0911-33	Shield case			
C327	CE04W1E222	Electrolytic	2200μF	25WV		F11-0912-04	Shield case			
C328	CE04W1E101	Electrolytic	100μF	25WV		J42-0017-05	Bushing (rubber)			
C329	CE04W1H101	Electrolytic	100μF	50WV		J13-0039-05	Fuse holder			
C330	CE04W1A331	Electrolytic	330μF	10WV		J25-2861-33	Printed circuit board			
C331	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+80%		J25-2890-04	Printed circuit board			
				-20%		J61-0053-05	Supporter (P.C. Board)			
C332,333	CK45D2H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	±20%	N301 ~ 303		Neon lamp NE-2			
C334	CE04W2C100	Electrolytic	10μF	160WV		E31-0665-05	Lead wire with connector IP (INTEND)			
C335	CE04W2C101	Electrolytic	100μF	160WV	L301	L40-4711-03	Ferri-inductor 470μH			
C336	CE04W1E330	Electrolytic	33μF	25WV	L302	L40-3391-03	Ferri-inductor 3.3μH			
C337	CE04W2C100	Electrolytic	10μF	160WV	T301	L19-0408-05	Transformer (converter)			
C338	CK45E3D103P	Ceramic	0.01μF	+100%	TH301		Thermistor	SDT-1000		
C339,340	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+80%						
				-20%						
C341,342	CE04W1E100	Electrolytic	10μF	25WV						
C343	C90-0298-05	Ceramic, semi-conductor	0.1μF	+80%						
				-20%						
C344	CK45D2H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	±20%						
TC301	C05-0401-05	Ceramic trimmer		20pF						
SEMICONDUCTORS										
Q301		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SD401A-(K)		R1	RN14BK2E1101F	Metal film	1.1kΩ	±1%	1/4W
Q302		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC983-(Y)		R2 ~ 4	RD14BB2E 101J	Carbon	100Ω	±5%	1/4W
Q303		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945-(P)		R5	RD14BY2H 473J	Carbon	47kΩ	±5%	1/2W
Q304		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC1628-(Y)		R6	RD14BB2E 222J	Carbon	2.2kΩ	±5%	1/4W
Q305		Transistor, PNP silicon	2SA818-(Y)		R7	RN14BK2E9101F	Metal film	9.1kΩ	±1%	1/4W
Q306		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC535-(B)		R8	RN14BK2E5102F	Metal film	51kΩ	±1%	1/4W
Q307,308		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC1419-(C)		R9	RN14BK2E7502F	Metal film	75kΩ	±1%	1/4W
Q309		Transistor, PNP silicon	2SB633-(E)		R10	RD14BB2E 103J	Carbon	10kΩ	±5%	1/4W
Q310		Transistor, PNP silicon	2SB546-(A)		R11	RD14BB2E 470J	Carbon	47Ω	±5%	1/4W
Q311		Transistor, PNP silicon	2SA733-(Q)		R12	RD14BB2E 683J	Carbon	68kΩ	±5%	1/4W
Q312 ~ 316		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC945-(P)		R13	R92-0756-05	Metal film	74MΩ	±5%	1/2W
Q317		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SC1384							
Q318		Transistor, NPN silicon	2SA684							
D301		Diode, silicon, high voltage	Y16JA		CAPACITOR					
D302	W02-0401-05	High voltage rectifier block			C1	CK45D2H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	±20%	500WV
D304 ~ 306		Diode, silicon	1S2463		C2	CK45D1H103M	Ceramic	0.01μF	±20%	50WV
D307		Diode, silicon	1SS83		C3	CC45CH2H010C	Ceramic	1pF	±0.25pF	500WV
D308 ~ 315		Diode, silicon	1S1555		C4 ~ 6	CK45E3D103P	Ceramic	0.01μF	±100%	
D316		Diode, zener	WZ-050						-0%	2kWV
D317		Diode, zener	WZ-075		SEMICONDUCTOR					
D318		Diode, zener	WZ-150		Q1		Transistor 2SA1208-(S)			
D319		Diode, rectifier, bridge	SIRBA40		Q2		Transistor 2SC2910-(S)			
D320		Diode, rectifier, bridge	SIQB60		Q3		Transistor 2SC1360			
D321,322		Diode, silicon	1S1555		Q4		Transistor 2SC983(Y)			
IC301		IC, Linear	RC4558T		D1		Zener Diode			
					D3		WZ-050			
					D4,5		1S1555			
					D6		W06C			
							1SS83			

P.C. BOARD

2SK228T-2 & 3
2SC458 (C)
2SA844 (D)
2SC535 (B)

2SA838 (C)

2SK30A (O)

2SK228T-2 & 3

2SC458 (C)

2SA844 (D)

2SC535 (B)

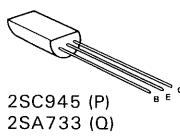
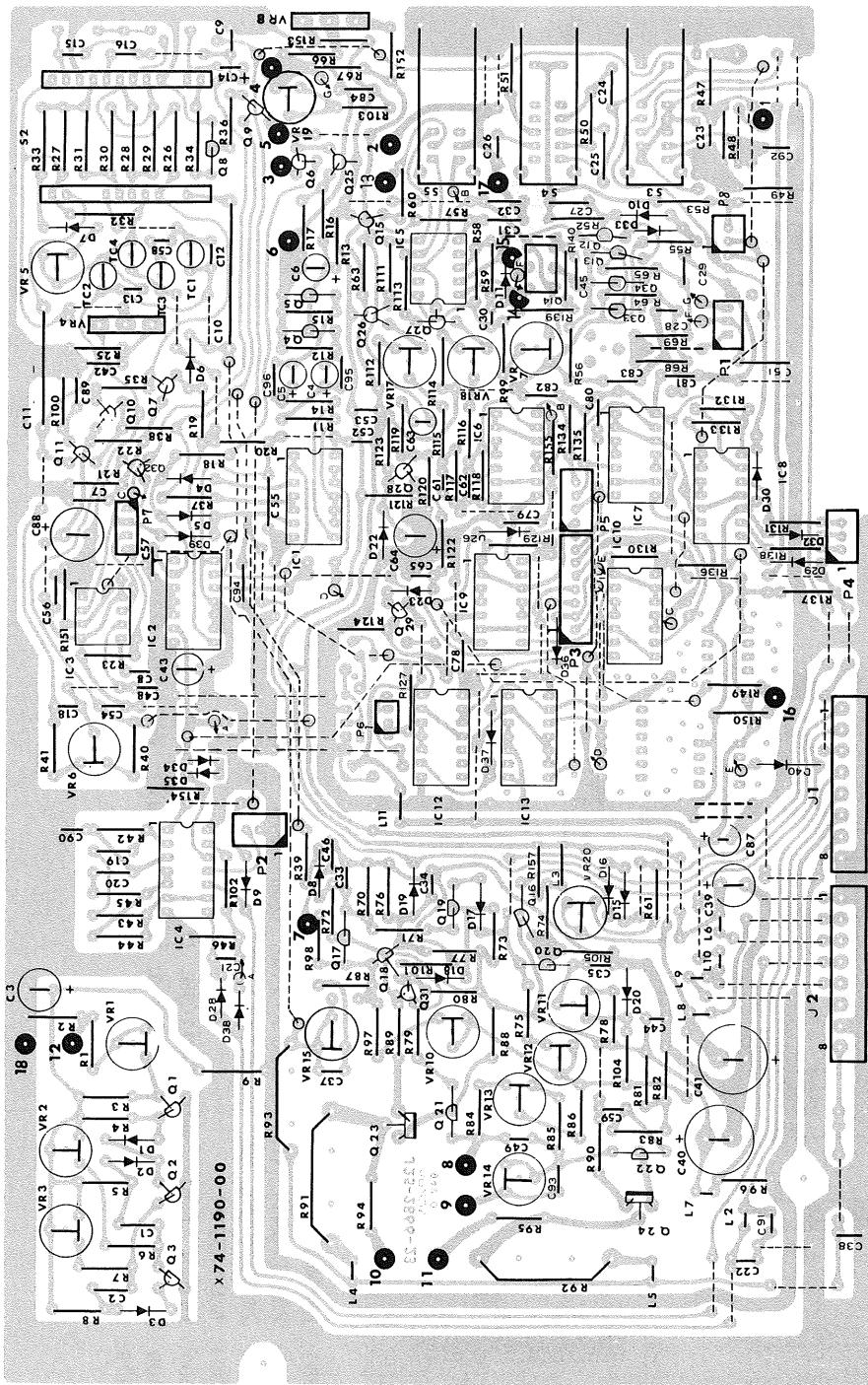
SN7400N

SN7472N

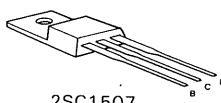
HA1127

Q102, 112: 2SK228T-2 & 3, Q125, 126: 2SC458 (C), Q107, 108, 117, 118: 2SA838 (C)
 Q101, 111: 2SK30A (O), Q123, 124, 127: 2SA844 (D), Q103~106, 109, 110, 113~116, 119~122: 2SC535 (B)
 IC101, 102: HA1127, IC103: SN7400N, IC104: SN7472N
 D101~108, 122, 123: 1S1587, D109, 111~114, 116, 117, 119~121: 1S1555
 D124~127: 1N60

X74-1190-01



2SC945 (P)
2SA733 (Q)



2SC1507



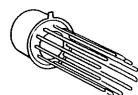
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SN74H72N
SN74LS00N



NJM555D



NJM555D



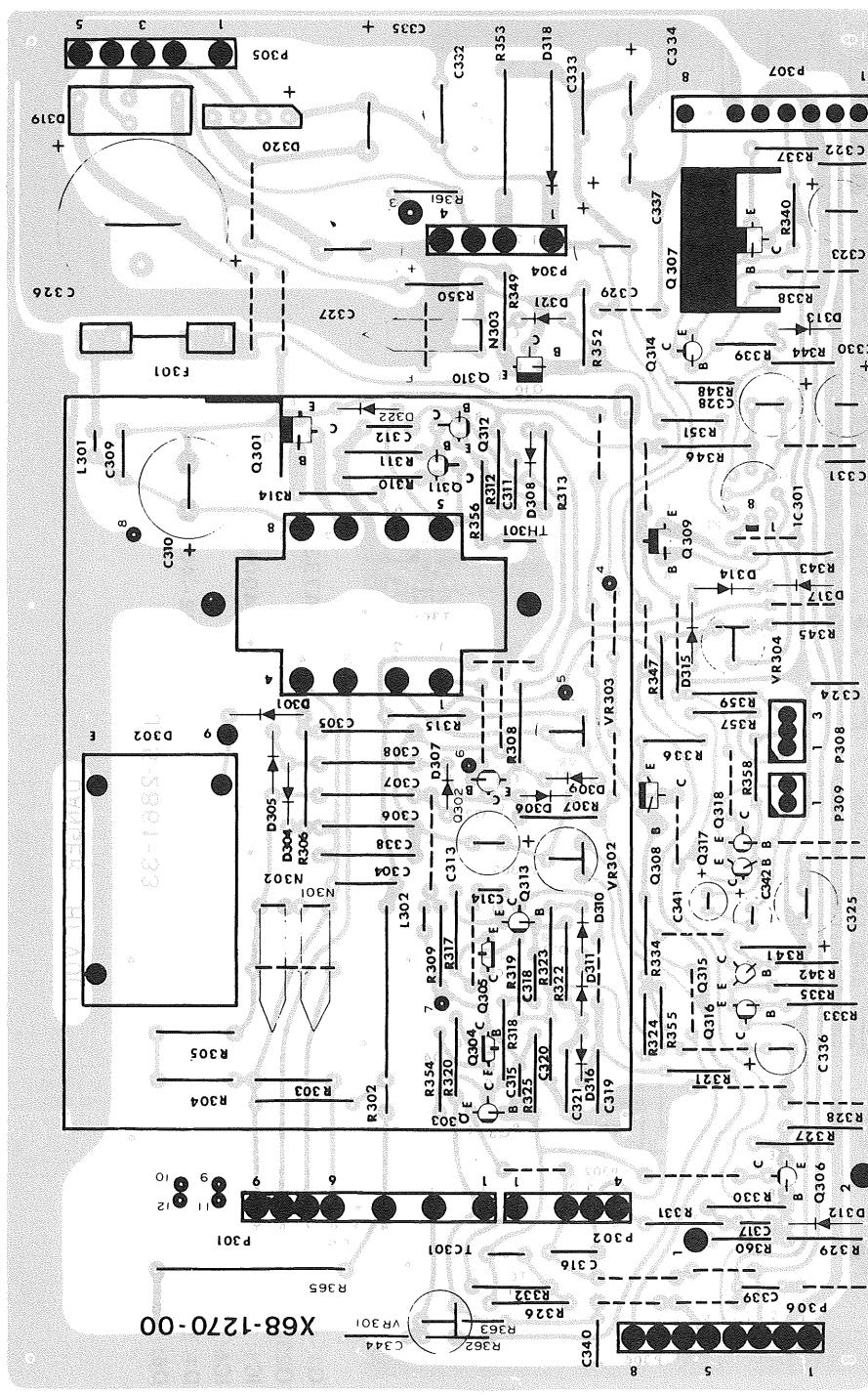
RC733T

Bottom view

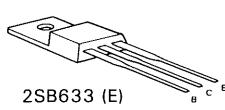
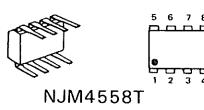
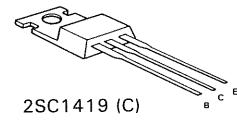
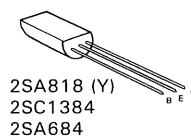
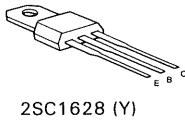
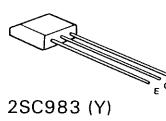
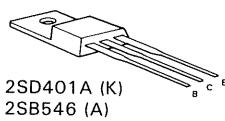
- Q1 ~ 6, 9, 11, 13, 16 ~ 19, 21, 22, 25 ~ 29, 31: 2SC945 (P), Q7, 8: 2SA733 (Q)
 Q23, 24: 2SC1507, Q10, 12, 15: 2SK30A (O)
 IC1: SN74H00N, IC2, 13: SN74H72N, IC3: NJM555D, IC4: SN7400N
 IC5: RC733T, IC6 ~ 10, 12: SN74LS00N
 D1, 5, 11, 30: 1N60, D2 ~ 4, 7 ~ 10, 15, 17 ~ 20, 22, 23, 26, 28, 29, 32 ~ 40: 1S1555
 D6: 1S1587

P.C. BOARD

P.C. BOARD

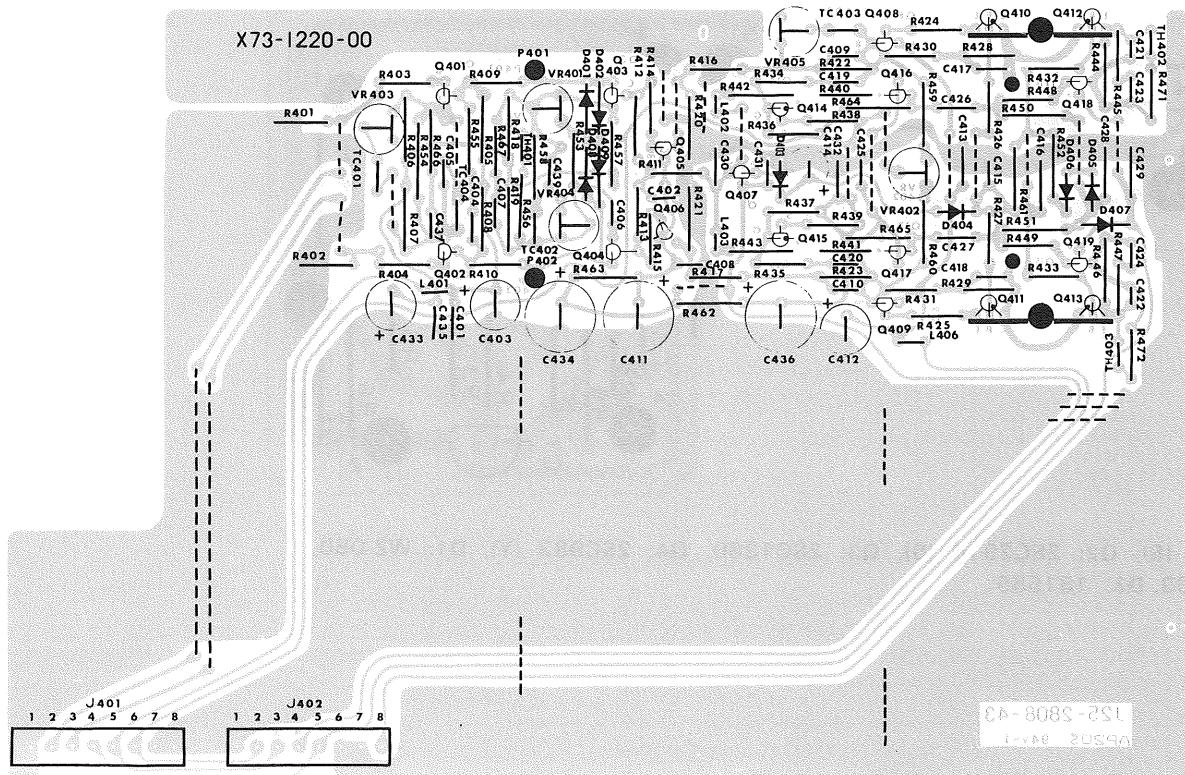


- Q301: 2SD401A (K), Q302: 2SC983 (Y), Q303, 312~316: 2SC945 (P), Q304: 2SC1628 (Y)
- Q305: 2SA818 (Y), Q306: 2SC535 (B), Q307, 308: 2SC1419 (C), Q309: 2SB633 (E)
- Q310: 2SB546 (A), Q311: 2SA733 (Q), Q317: 2SC1384, Q318: 2SA684
- IC301: NJM4558T
- D301: Y16JA, D302: W02-0401-05, D304~306: 1S2463, D307: 1SS83
- D308~315, 321, 322: 1S1555, D316: WZ-050, D317: WZ-075, D318: WZ-150
- Q319: S1RBA40, D320: S1QB60



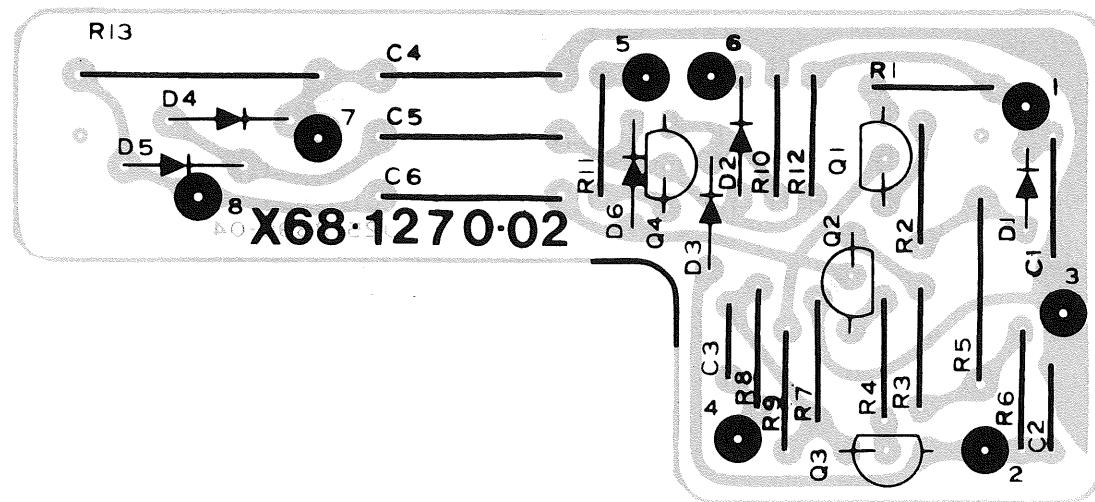
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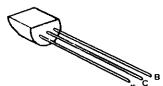


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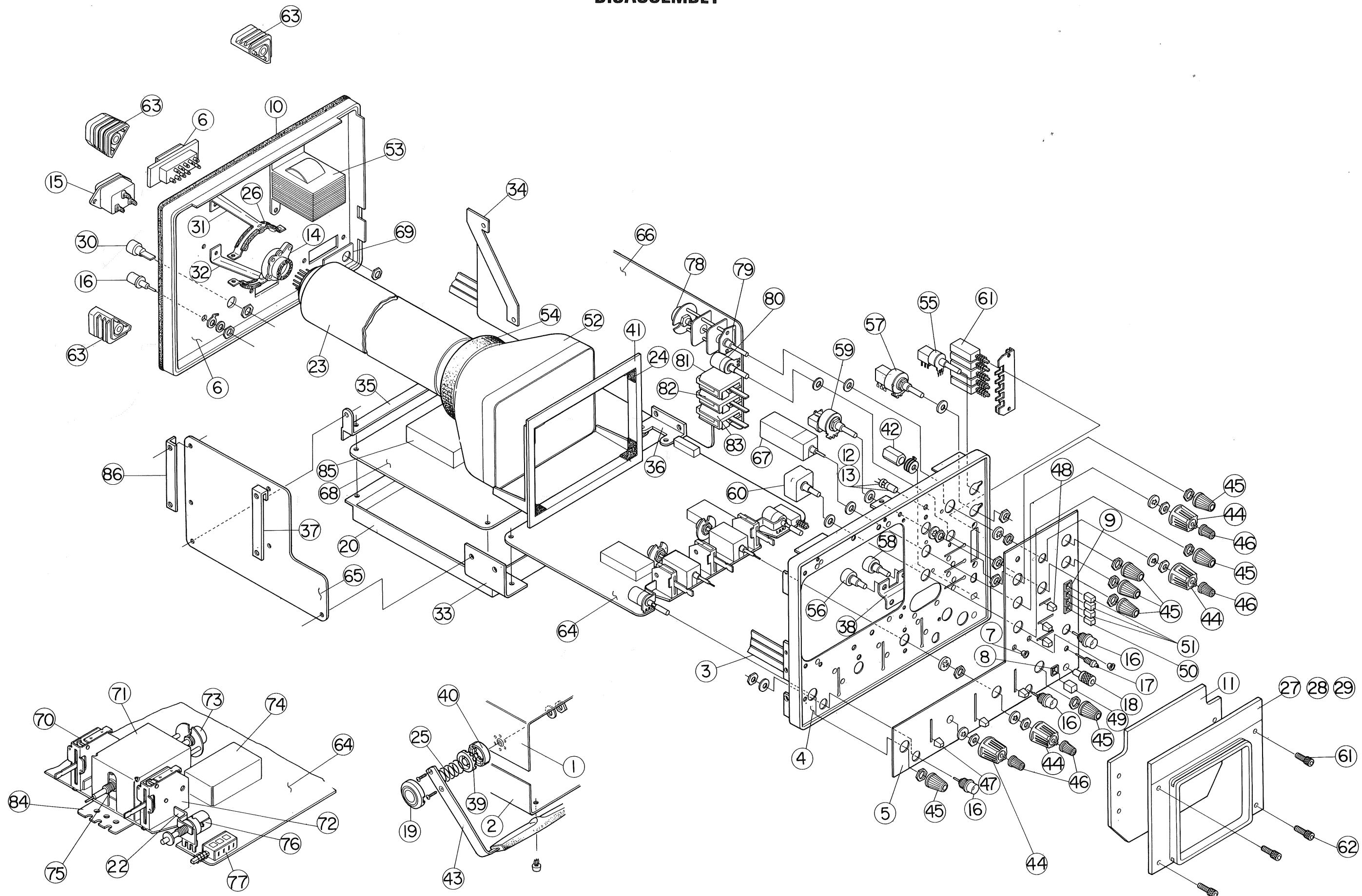


Q1: 2SA1208 (S), Q2: 2SC2910 (S), Q3: 2SC1360, Q4: 2SC983 (Y), D1: WZ-050,
D2, 4~6: 1SS83, D3: 1S1555

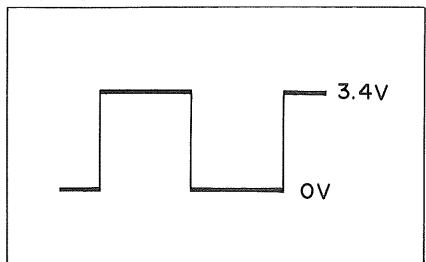


2SA1208 (S)
2SC2910 (S)
2SC1360

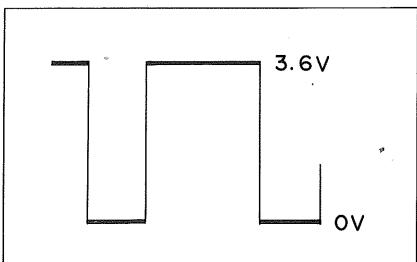
DISASSEMBLY



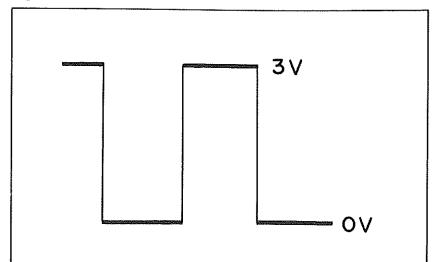
QUESTION



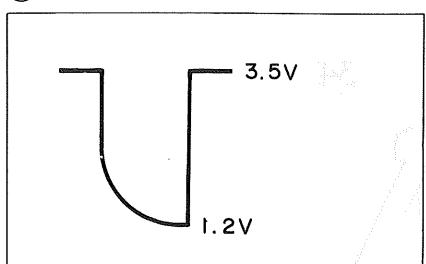
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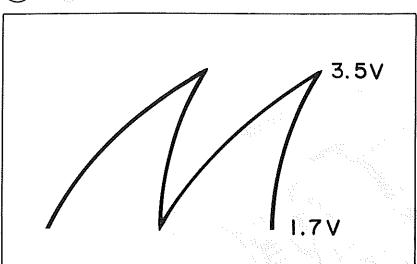
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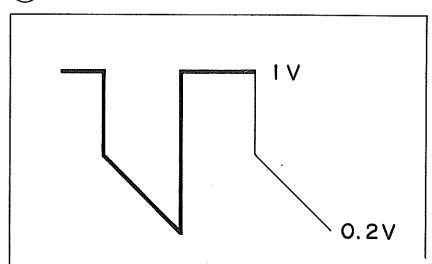
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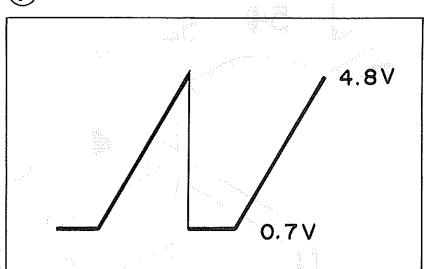
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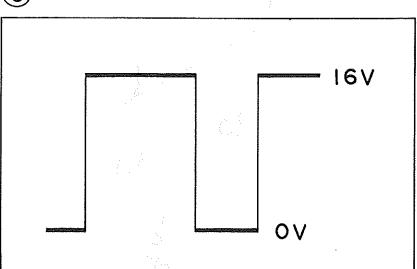
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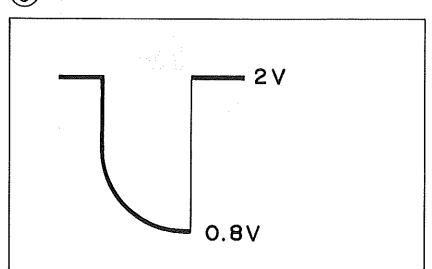
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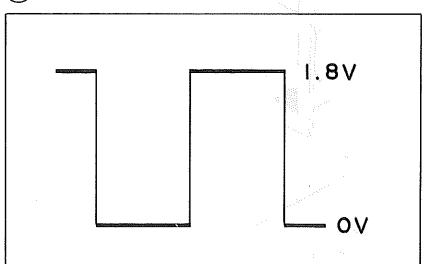
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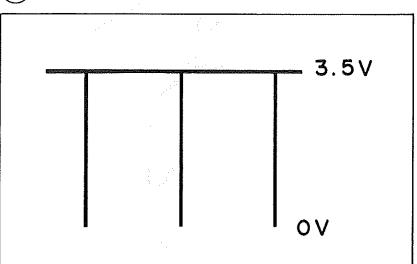
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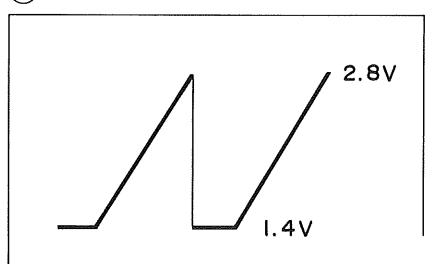
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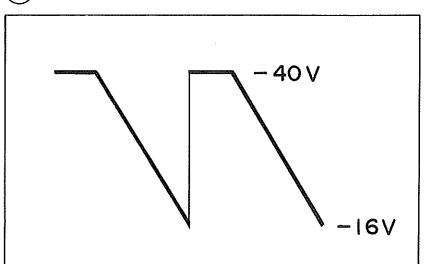
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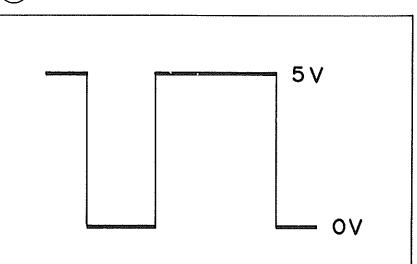
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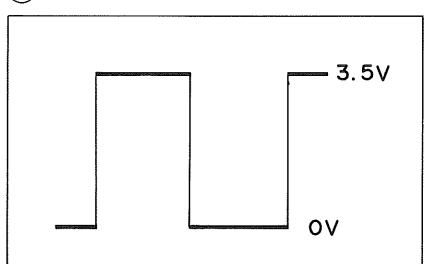
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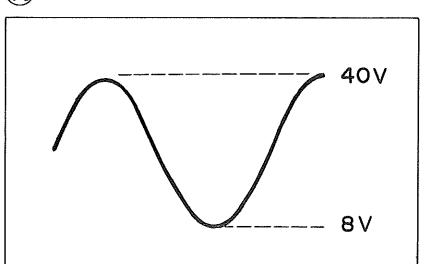
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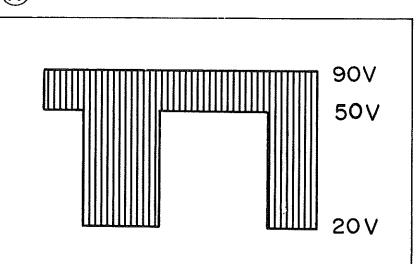
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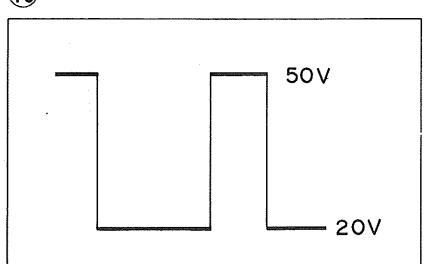
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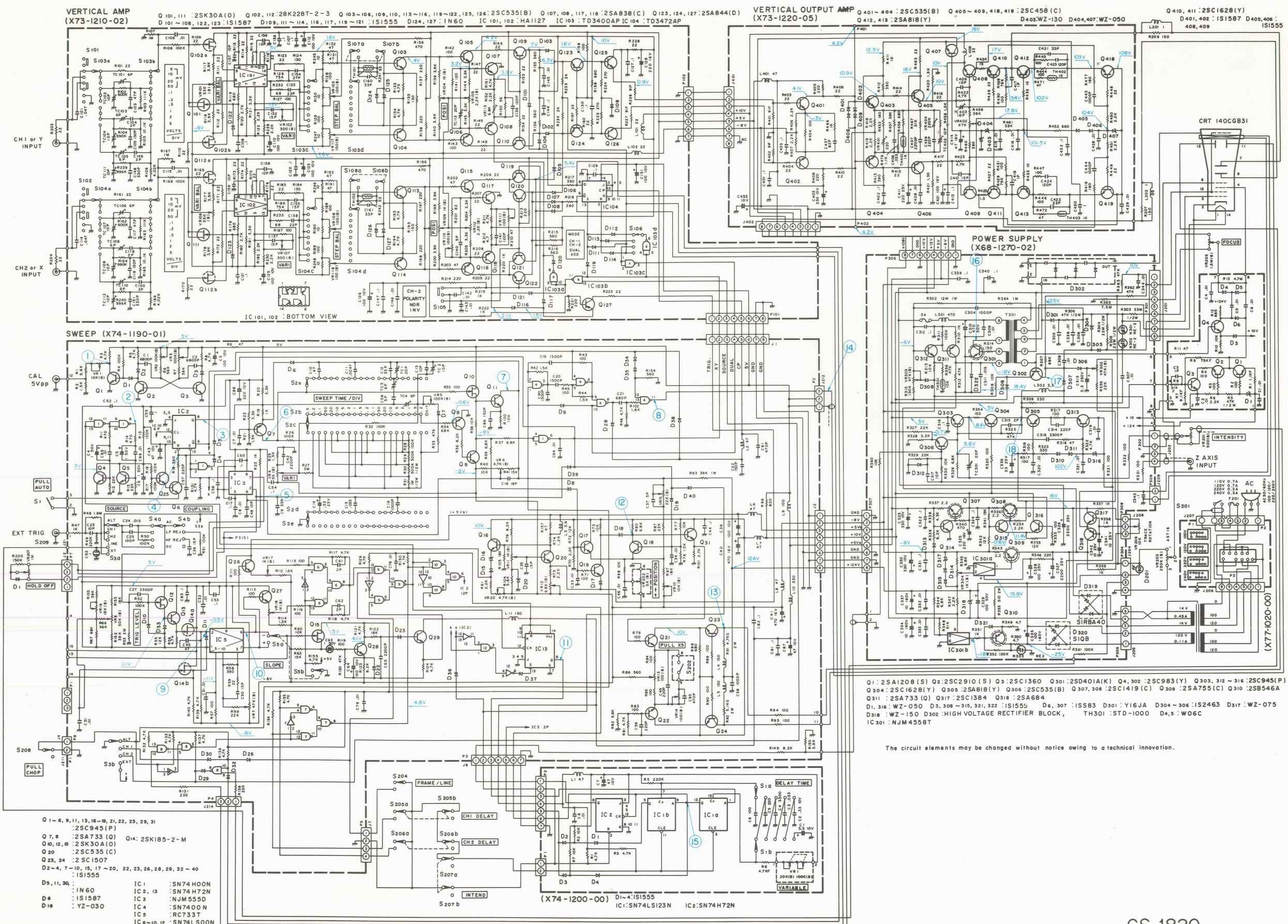
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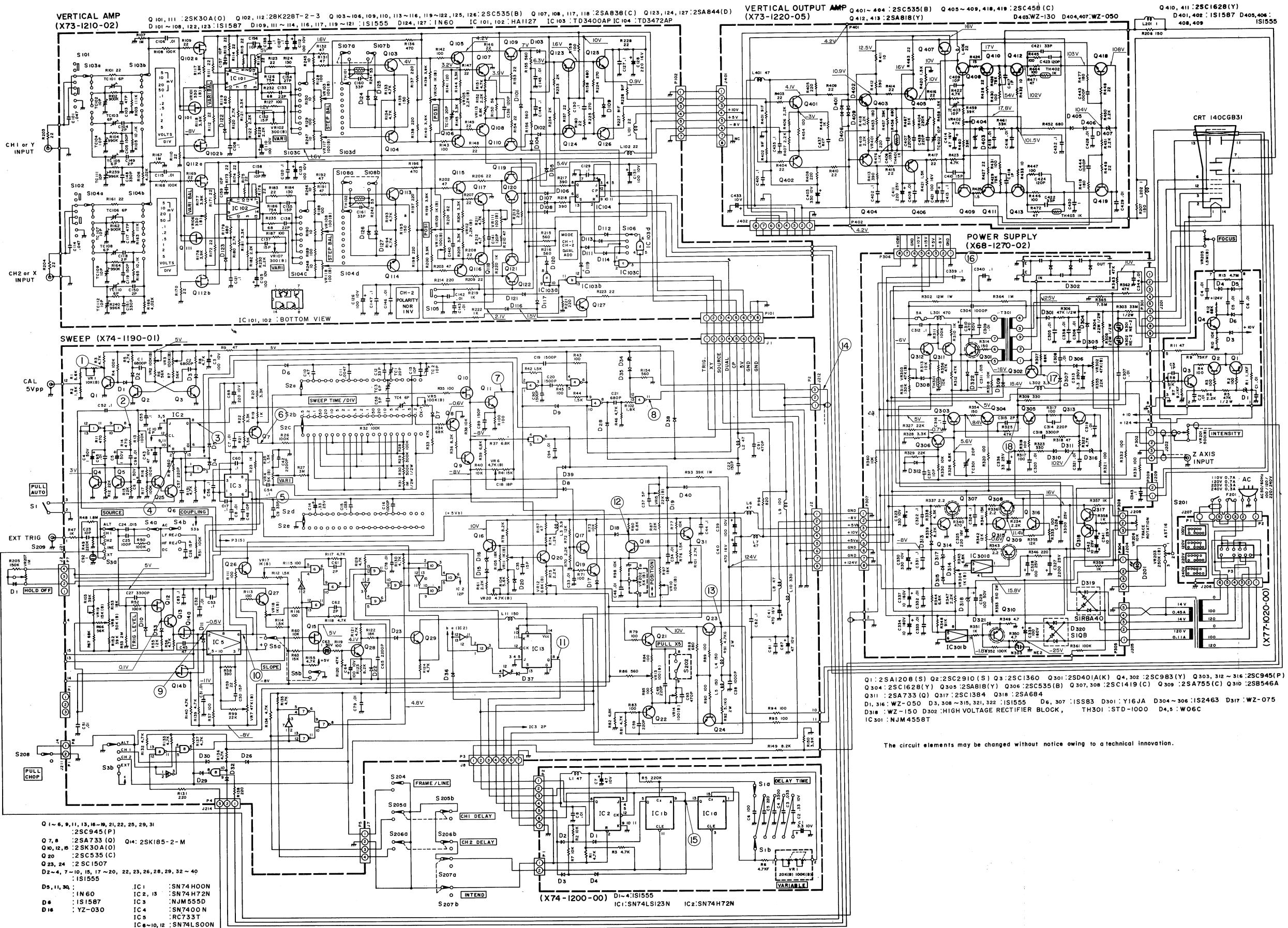
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



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