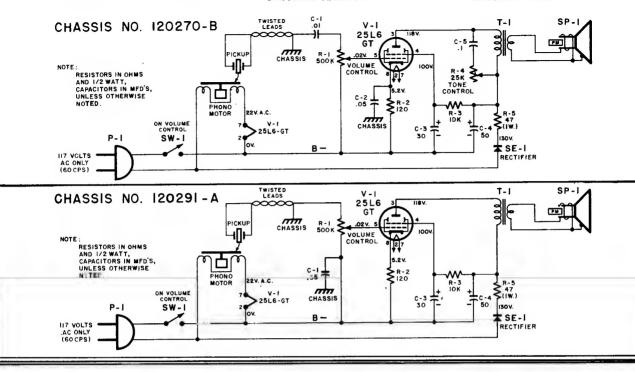
EMERSON RADIO

MODELS 834-B, 839B CHASSIS 120270-B MODEL - 841-A CHASSIS 120291-A



V.T.V.M OHMMETER CHECK OF TRANSISTORS

An approximate check of the transistors may be made with a vacuum tube type of checked. They are checked as two separate crystal diodes might be checked, that is, by measuring the forward and inverse resistance of each section individually. Figures No. 2 and No. 3 shows the method of testing P-N-P and N-P-N types of transistors used in this receiver.

When the negative terminal of the ohmeter (set on $R \times 10$ scale) is connected to the base (B) terminal of a good PNP transistor and the positive terminal of the meter is connected to the collector (C) or emitter (E) terminals, you should measure a low resistance (in the order of 500 ohms or less).

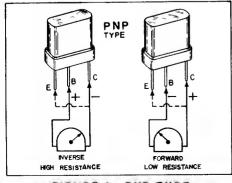
When the positive terminal of the ahmmeter is connected to the base (B) terminal of a good PNP transistor and the negative terminal of the meter is connected to the callector (C) or emitter (E) terminals, you should measure a high inverse resistance in the order of 50K ohms or higher.

In the event your results are opposite from these, it is possible that the plus side of your meter is actually connected to the negative side of its internal battery.

NPN type transistors are checked in a similar manner except the applied polarities from the ohmmeter are reversed (see figure no. 3) to give same inverse and forward resistance results.

CAUTION

Use only a vacuum tube type of ahmmeter. The R \times 10 scale must be used for all forward (low) resistance measurements. Do not use the R \times 1 scale as this might damage the transistor. A shunt type ohmmeter should not be used. If in doubt as to the type of vacuum tube ohmmeter you have, place a 1,000 ohm resistar in series with it and subtract this 1,000 ohms from the reading obtained.



NPN
TYPE

FORWARD
LOW RESISTANCE

FIGURE 2 - PNP TYPE

FIGURE 3 - NPH TYPE