

side of the test-oscillator	alignment operations, connect the low through a .01 mfd. capacitor to the re-
ceiver chassis, and keep to avoid a-v-c action.	the osciliator output as low as possible

Steps	Connect high side of test osc.	Tune test	Turn radio dial to	Adjust fol- lowing for max. output—	
1	125K7 I-F grid through 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	B. C.; 1800 kc quiet point	L11-L10 (2nd I-F Trans.)	
2	Stator of gang cond. C2 (rear) through 0.1 mid.			L9-L8* (1st I-F Trons.)	
3	Antenna lead through 300 ohm resistor	18.2 mc	S. W.; gang condenser open	C8 (osc.)**	
4		15.2 mc	S. W.; maxi- mum signal rock gang	C3 (ant.)***	
5	Antenna lead through 200 mmf. capacitor	600 kc	B. C.; 800 kc	L7 (osc.)	
6		13 00 k c	B. C.; rock gang at 1300 kc	C37 (ant.) C7 (osc.)	
7		600 kc	B. C.; rock gang at 800 kc	L7 (osc.)	
•	Repeat steps 6 and 7				

^{*} Do not readjust L10 or L11 when test oscillator is connected to C2.

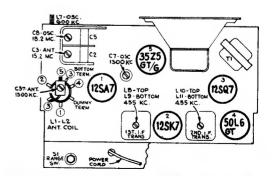
NOTE.—Oscillator tracks above signals on both bands.

Radiola 61-6 and 61-7 Chassis No. RC-594D

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscilloscope are shown in the schematic drawing.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.



Tube and Trimmer Locations

^{**} Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.

^{***} Image signal of lesser amplitude should occur at 14.3 mc.