

Opera-	Connect	Dummy	Input Signal		Set Dial		_
tion	Oscillator to	Antenna	Frequency	Band	To	Trimmers	Purpose
	Pin 8 on Converter		455 Kc.		1	1-11,12,15,16,	Align I.F. channel for
1	Tube 6SB7 Socket	.05 Mfd.	Modulated	BC	600 Kc.	19 and 20	maximum output
	Pin 1 on R.F. tube		455 Kc.				Adjust wavetrap for minimum
2	6AG5 socket	.05 Mfd.	Modulated	BC	600 Kc.	C9	output
7	2 turns loosely		1600 Kc.				Set oscillator to dial
3	cpld. to wavemagnet		Modulated	BC	1600 Kc.	c18	scale
	2 turns loosely		1400 Kc.				
4	cpld. to wavemagnet	.05 Mfd.	Modulated	BC	1400 Kc.	Cl1 & C2	Align det. and ant. stages.
	Pin 4(grid)on 6SH7		8.3 Mc.	FM		121 coil slug	Align primary of discrimator
5 (a)	limiter socket	.05 Mfd.	Unmodulated	45	900	Primary discr.	for maximum reading
	Pin 4(grid)on 6SH7		8.3 Mc.	FM		122 coil slug	Adjust secondary of discrimin-
6 (b)	limiter socket	.05 Mfd.	Unmodulated	45		sec. of disc.	
- 1-7	Pin 4 (grid) on					L17 & L18	
	6SH7 2nd IF tube	1	8.3 Mc.	FM		Frim.&Sec.of	Align 3rd IF transformer for
7 (c)	socket	.05 Mfd.	Unmodulated	45		3rd IF trans.	maximum reading
1 107	Booker		01200442404			L13 & L14	
	Pin 4 (grid) on					primary and	
	6SG7 1st IF tube		8.3 Mc.	FM		sec. of 2nd IF	Align 2nd IF transformer for
8(c)(d		.05 Mfd.	Unmodulated	45		transformer	maximum reading
OLOMA	800.00	.07 124.	012102422004			19 & L10	
	Pin 8(grid) on			i		Frimary & Sec.	
	6SB7 converter		8.3 Mc.	FM		of 1st IF	Align 1st IF transformer for
9(c)(d)		.05 Mfd.	Unmodulated	45		transformer	maximum reading
2107(0)	Antenna Post (Re-	270	98 Mc.	FM	-	L7 Osc. Coil	TVWWID .
10 (c)		ohma	Unmodulated	100	98 Mc.	slug	Set oscillator to dial scale
10 (6)	move Time and.	Oims	OIIIIOGUTACEG	100	90 140.	13 & L2 Det.	DOU ODDITIONOU NO WIGH BOOKED
	Antenna Post (Re-	270	98 Mc.	FM		and RF coil	Align det. and ant. stages to
11 (0)	move line ant.)	ohma	Unmodulated	100	98 Mc.	slucs	maximum reading
11 (6)	Antenna Post (Re-	270	45 Mc.	FM	90 100	SAME	Set oscillator to dial
10 /1		· ·		45	45Mc.	C14	scale
TS (C)	move line ant.)	ohms	Unmodulated	FM	45MC.	CT-+	Align detector & ant. stages
177 / 1	Antenna Post (Re-	270	45 Mc.		15 Ma	035 0 06	
T2 (c)	move line ant.)	ohms	Unmodulated	45	45 Mc.	C15 & C6	for meximum reading

A vacuum tube voltmeter with an isolation resistor of 200,000 ohms in series with the hot lead will serve for FM adjustments. This lead should be shielded.

An AC output meter connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer will be satisfactory for all AM adjustments.

The signal generator output should be kept just high enough to get an indication on the meter.

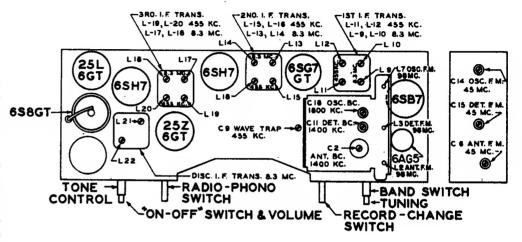
- (a) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter pin 5 on discriminator transformer to chassis (half discriminator load.)
- (b) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter pin 7 on discriminator transformer to chassis (full discriminator load.)
- (c) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter 6SH7 limiter grid (pin 4) to chassis.
- (d) 300 ohm ½ watt carbon resistor soldered across the secondary L14 (pin 2 and 3 of 2nd, IF trans.). The leads to the resistor must be as short as possible and the resistor removed before operation 10 is started.

MODELS 8H023-8H034 CHASSIS No. 8C01

The 8COl chassis incorporates a superheterodyne circuit with two stages of IF, and one stage of RF amplification on all bands.

When adjustments are made on the 8COl or any AC-DC chassis, a line isolation transformer (110 V input to 110 V output) is recommended in order to avoid a "hot" chassis. If an isolation transformer is not available, check the AC voltage between chassis and bench ground, and if there is any indication of voltage, reverse the plug before handling the set.

AM Alignment: The alignment of this chassis on the standard broadcast band is conventional. The alignment slugs in the IF transformers are threaded and screw into the coil forms. The slugs are slotted for a small size fiber screw driver. Do not press hard on the aligning tool(fiber screw driver) or the threads in the coil forms will strip and adjustment will be impossible.



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

FM RF Alignment: The same coil slug arrangement which tunes the 100 MC FM band also tunes the 45 MC band. However, on 45 MC the band switch connects trimmer condensers in parallel and padding wires in series with the 100 MC coils. The tuning slugs are attached to threaded shafts and the slugs are varied in the field of the coils by turning the shafts clockwise or-counter-clockwise. After adjustments the shafts must be secured with a drop of speaker cement.

FM IF Alignment: The same type of tuning slugs for aligning the AM IF Amplifier are used for the FM I.F.'s. Observe the same precautions when making adjustments. The second 8.3 Mc If stage is overcoupled. Overcoupling gives a wide band pass with good sensitivity. When an overcoupled stage is aligned with an unmodulated signal, the stage must be loaded. A 300 ohm carbon resistor soldered across the secondary of the second IF transformer provides a satisfactory load for this circuit. The resistor leads must be kept short to reduce the distributed capacity of the circuit.

When aligning a loaded stage, it will be found that considerable signal from the generator will be required, and that it will tune broadly. THE LOAD RESISTOR MUST BE REMOVED AFTER ALIGNMENT.

If the signal generator used does not have sufficient output to overcome the temporary loss caused by the load resistor, the load resistance may be increased or the signal fed into the preceding stage.

FM Discriminator Alignment: When the secondary of the discriminator is aligned (operation 6) use sufficient signal input to get a good positive and negative indication before setting the slug for zero reading. A center zero indicating meter is recommended for this adjustment, but is not absolutely necessary. Reversing the leads of a non-zero center meter, or observing closely when this meter starts to go to the left (negative) of zero will give the same results.