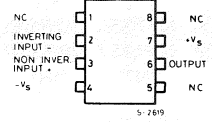
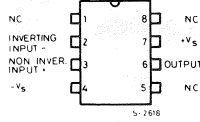
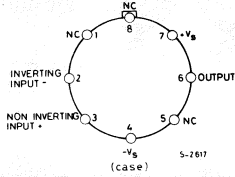




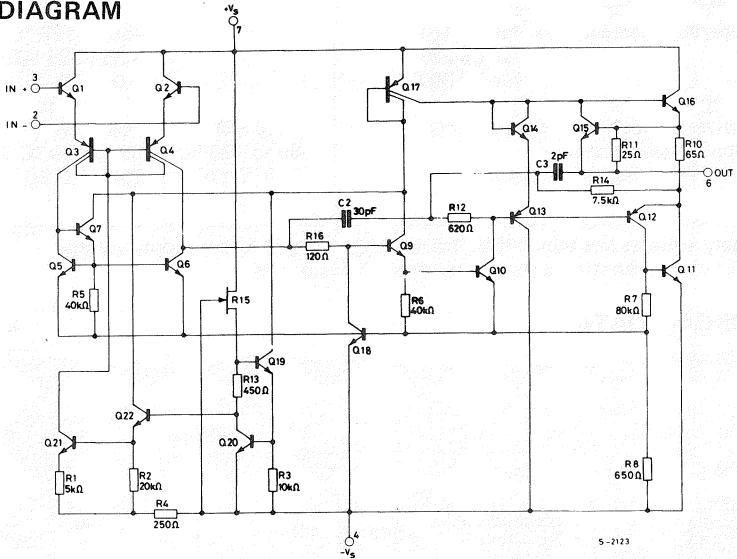
LS107
LS207
LS307

CONNECTION DIAGRAMS AND ORDERING NUMBERS (top views)



Type	TO-99	Minidip	SO-8
LS 107	LS 107 TB	—	—
LS 207	LS 207 TB	—	—
LS 307	LS 307 TB	LS 307B	LS 307M
LS 8107	—	—	LS 8107M
LS 8207	—	—	LS 8207M
LS 8307	—	—	LS 8307M

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



THERMAL DATA

	TO-99	Minidip	SO-8
$R_{th j-amb}$ Thermal resistance junction-ambient max	155 °C/W	120 °C/W	200* °C/W

* Measured with the device mounted on a ceramic substrate (25x16x0.6 mm)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (see note)

Parameter	Test conditions	LS 107/LS 207			LS 307			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{os}	Input offset voltage $R_g \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_g \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.7	3 2		2	10 7.5	mV mV
$\frac{\Delta V_{os}}{\Delta T}$	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		3	15		6	30	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{os}	Input offset current $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.5	20 10		3	70 50	nA nA
$\frac{\Delta I_{os}}{\Delta T}$	Average temperature coefficient of input offset current $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to T_{max} $T_{amb} = T_{min}$ to 25°C		0.01 0.02	0.1 0.2		0.01 0.02	0.3 0.6	nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$ nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
I_b	Input bias current $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		30	100 75		70	300 250	nA nA
R_i	Input resistance $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.5	4		0.5	2		M Ω
G_v	Large signal voltage gain $V_s = \pm 15\text{V}$ $V_o = \pm 10\text{V}$ $R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	88			84			dB
	$V_s = \pm 15\text{V}$ $V_o = \pm 10\text{V}$ $R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	94	104		88	104		dB
V_i	Input voltage range $V_s = \pm 20\text{V}$ $V_s = \pm 15\text{V}$	± 15			± 12			V V
V_o	Output voltage swing $V_s = \pm 15\text{V}$ $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $V_s = \pm 15\text{V}$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	± 12 ± 10	± 14 ± 13		± 12 ± 10	± 14 ± 13		V V
CMR	Common mode rejection $R_g \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	80	96		70	90		dB
SVR	Supply voltage rejection $R_g \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	80	96		70	96		dB
I_s	Supply current $V_s = \pm 20\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{amb} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_s = \pm 15\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.8 1.2	3 2.5		1.8	3	mA mA mA

Note: These specifications, unless otherwise specified, apply for $V_s = \pm 5\text{V}$ to $\pm 20\text{V}$ and $T_{amb} = -55$ to 125°C for LS 107; $V_s = \pm 5\text{V}$ to $\pm 20\text{V}$ and $T_{amb} = -25$ to 85°C for LS 207; $V_s = \pm 5\text{V}$ to $\pm 15\text{V}$ and $T_{amb} = 0$ to 70°C for LS 307.



LS107
LS207
LS307

Fig. 1 - Supply current vs. supply voltage

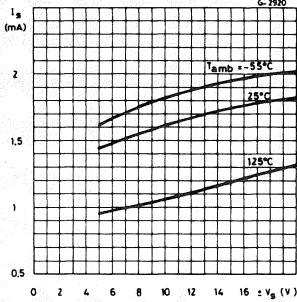


Fig. 2 - Voltage gain vs. supply voltage

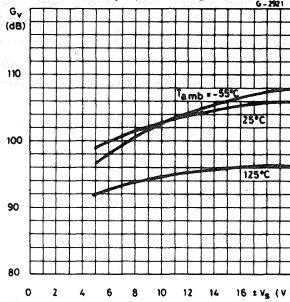


Fig. 3 - Input current vs. ambient temp.

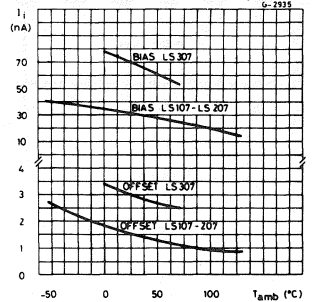


Fig. 4 - Current limiting vs. output current

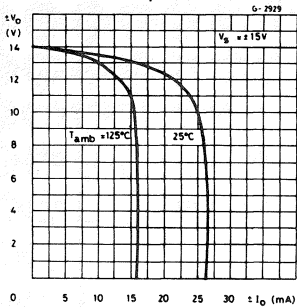


Fig. 5 - Input noise voltage vs. frequency

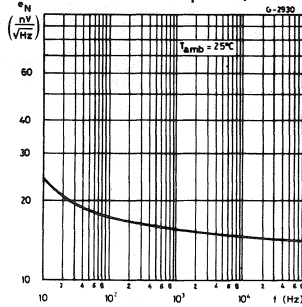


Fig. 6 - Input noise current vs. frequency

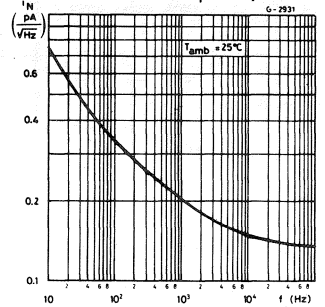


Fig. 7 - Open loop frequency response

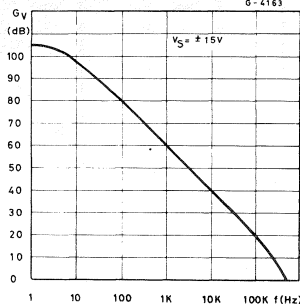


Fig. 8 - Large signal frequency response

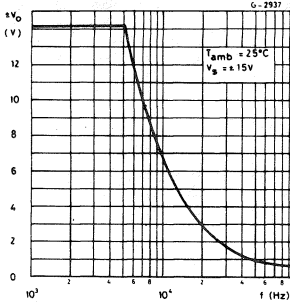
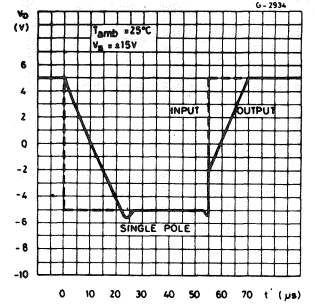


Fig. 9 - Voltage follower pulse response



Guaranteed performance characteristics (LS 107/LS 207)

Fig. 10 - Input voltage range vs. supply voltage

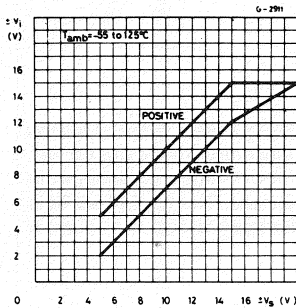


Fig. 11 - Output voltage swing vs. supply voltage

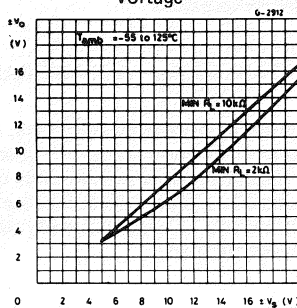
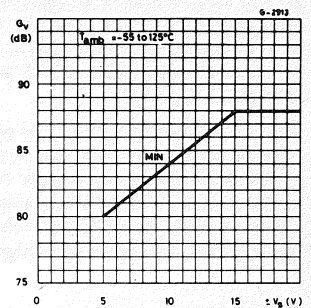


Fig. 12 - Voltage gain vs. supply voltage



Guaranteed performance characteristics (LS 307)

Fig. 13 - Input voltage range vs. supply voltage

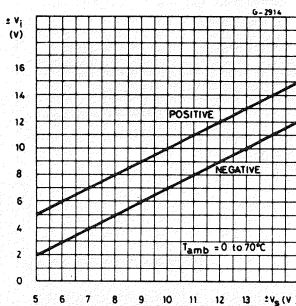


Fig. 14 - Output voltage swing vs. supply voltage

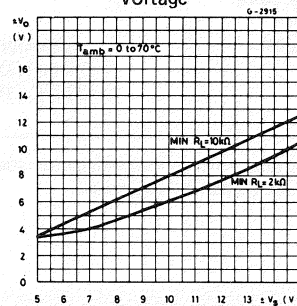
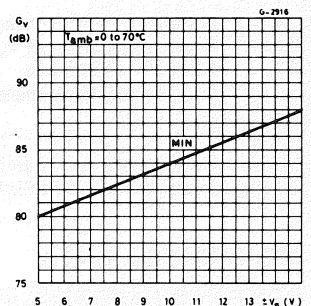


Fig. 15 - Voltage gain vs. supply voltage



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Fig. 16 - Inverting amplifier

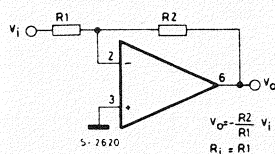


Fig. 17 - Non-inverting AC amplifier

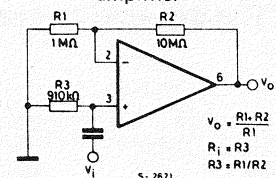


Fig. 18 - Non-inverting amplifier

